TWO SENATORS ELECTED.

Clark and Maginnis Formally Elected at an Assembly of Senators and Representatives.

Each Senator Makes a Ringing Speech in Acceptance of the Office.

The Full Ballot of Thirty-Seven Votes Cast for Each Senator Amid Harmony.

Hon. W. A. Clark, of Butte, and Major Martin Maginnis were yesterday formally elected United States senators of the state of Montana in a joint convention of the house of representatives and democratic senators. This result was reached after proceedings marked by harmony and good feeling. The difficulties between factions that delayed final action were removed by the unanimous opinion that it was most desirable to carry forward a speedy election so that the state might receive its full representation in congress at the earliest possible moment. In the long caucus held in the hall of the house on Monday evening several matters were discussed in a new light. At an adjourned caucus held on yesterday morning the consideration was continued and the final election was determined upon. The action of the joint convention was therefore not unexpected. The house which had previously met at 11 o'clock took a recess until noon, when the joint convention was assembled with President Blakely in the chair and Charles E. Pond acting as chief clerk. All of the representatives were in their seats, and in the rear of the room were all democratic senators except Senator Becker, who came in a few minutes later. Governor Toole, the republican senators and many of the rumps, and Lieutenant Governor Rickards and his wife were also among the spectators. In the galleries and in the lobby were many onlookers waiting for the opening proceedings. Everyone seemed to know that the monotony of the previous sessions was not to be repeated. Promptly at 12 o'clock President Blakely announced that the business before the convention was the election of two United States senators. He instructed the clerk to call the roll while the members of the convention should give their choice for first senator viva voce. The first name called answered "W. A. Clark," and so it continued through the entire roll of the thirty-seven senators and representatives, Senator Becker, who came in late, giving his vote for the unanimous choice. Mr. Clark's election being secured, the roll was called for second choice for senator. In the same manner Martin Maginnis received the full vote. The president then announced that W. A. Clark and Martin Maginnis were elected United States senators for the state of Montana. When the wild applause that followed had partially subsided Mr. Penrose moved that a committee of three be appointed to notify Senators Clark and Maginnis of their election. The motion having been carried the president appointed Messrs. Penrose and Toole and Senator Becker as a committee to inform the senators of their election and to bring them to the house. In thirty minutes the committee, accompanied by the new senators-elect returned. Walking to the bar of the house, Mr. Penrose, of the committee, said: Mr. President:—Allow me to present Hon. W. A. Clark and Major Martin Maginnis, the first senators of the state of Montana. The house fairly echoed with the applause that followed.

President Blakely then called on Senator Clark, who said:

Mr. President and gentlemen of the joint convention: I do not hesitate to say that this is the supremely proud day of my life. I confess my inability to adequately express the depth and fullness of my gratitude for the distinguished honor of being your first choice for the exalted position of senator of the United States from the great state of Montana. It is an honor doubly gratifying to me because of my identity with the state from a time antedating her territorial organization and from having watched with interest and pride the development of all her varied industries from their early inception to the present marvelous expansion which have secured to us the eminent privilege of state government. Unlike her fair sisters, whose triumphal entry was marked by harmonious proceedings and demonstrations of joy, Montana, the fairest, richest and greatest of them all, by reason of the unfortunate circumstance named, has not availed herself of all the wealth and honors to which she is entitled. The events which have grown out of the transition from territorial government to statehood, and those which have transpired subsequently, are without parallel in the annals of American history, and their wide publication has given to the people of the state an ineffable notoriety, deplored by everyone irrespective of party except the unscrupulous and those blinded by partisan zeal. The enlightened citizen is not slow to place the responsibility where it rightfully belongs, and I believe that the judgment of the people, when all the facts are understood, will vindicate the course which the democratic party has so resolutely pursued.

Gentlemen, your action has elicited the admiration and approval of every democrat as well as hosts of republicans in the land. Standing as you do, firm as a wall to resist the inroads which the unholy greed for power and place has prompted our opponents to plan and attempt to execute, merits the universal admiration of democrats throughout the nation. This you do in defence of honor and justice; in defence of the great principles which underlie our free institutions; in defence of a free exercise of the right of suffrage, which is one of the highest and most sacred rights guaranteed to an American citizen.

It is now apparent that so much of this contest as is involved in the claims of the respective parties to representation in the United States senate will be transferred to Washington to be there determined. I am persuaded to believe that in that eminent and dignified body, composed in the main of men who have the highest conception of the principles of equity and justice, and a due regard for the rights of the people of every party, there will be a fair and impartial hearing of all the facts in the case, and that it will result in a due recognition of the representatives whom you have chosen to represent the state. I am constrained to believe that the mental and moral calibre of the men comprising the senate is of a higher order than that enjoyed by the county and state canvassing boards of Montana.

I accept this great honor at your hands deeply mindful of the grave responsibilities I thereby assume and the sacred duties I undertake to perform. A position of such distinction, almost the highest that can dignify an American citizen, imposes obligations commensurate with its eminent character. Subordination of personal interests, unceasing vigilance, familiarity with every occupation and profession of the people, and every resource of the state; a constant study of every conceivable method for the promotion of the public good, are among the duties incumbent on him who is elected to the congress of the United States.

All questions affecting the welfare of that predominant class of our people who toil for a livelihood, or that concerns the amelioration of their condition, and their moral, physical and mental advancement and the education of their children, shall at my hands receive the most careful attention. We have a large number of people engaged in sheep husbandry whose interests require the careful study and effort to procure for them the best possible returns for the products of the flocks; and in this I shall consider everything from a Montana standpoint with little reference to political relations. There are other branches of stock growing of paramount importance demanding careful study, and whatsoever concerns that class of our people engaged in the cultivation of the soil and in making our beautiful valleys fruitful must not be overlooked.

A subject which is of vital importance to the state, and to which the government has recently given much attention, is the reclamation of the arid lands of the west by means of irrigation. The privilege of cutting timber from the public domain for the improvement of our farms and development of our mines and other purposes, which has heretofore involved our people in trouble; and the unlawful importation of lead ores from Mexico which has depreciated the product of our mines, demand immediate attention. The maximum coinage of silver under the Bland act should be immediately secured, which would absorb our silver product. The project outlined by Secretary Windom, and recently endorsed by the president, is in my opinion inimical to our interests. Immediate and organized effort should be made for the restoration of this metal to the standard which it formerly occupied. And so long as it shall be my duty to represent the state I shall be content with nothing short of its free and unlimited coinage.

In conclusion, I beg to say that, inspired with boundless pride in the state with whose history has been linked so much of my life, and with which almost all my material interests and dearest associations lie, I come here to-day through your generous suffrages to pledge the devotion of every effort of which I am capable, and all the energy of my nature to the advancement of Montana, and to add to the lustre of her fair fame.

Senator Clark's speech was received with enthusiastic applause. When he had finished Senator Maginnis, who was called upon, spoke as follows:

Mr. President and gentlemen of the joint convention:

It is with great emotion that I arise to respond to your call. I shall not make a speech, but give imperfect utterance to a few of the thoughts that arise in my mind. I can not adequately express my gratitude. I fully appreciate the honor you have conferred on me. I am thankful for the votes of the senators, and glad to be the choice of the majority of those representatives who were elected by the people, and who are not the mere creations of law-breaking returning board. [Applause.]

It was a proper ambition for the people of the territory of Montana to see the commonwealth raised to the dignity of a state in the union, and a laudable desire on the part of any citizen to represent the new sovereignty in the senate of the United States.

I frankly confess that during the many years that I labored in congress for the territory, in the anomalous position of delegate, I was wont to hope for the day of her admission to the charmed circle of the union, and to wish that I might be the choice of her people, and especially of the party to which I belonged, to represent the new state in that body where I had so often solicited favors for this people. I would not be frank were I to express myself otherwise than happy in this step towards the gratification of that ambition. Desire for political honors is, however, apt to be crossed by the worthy aspirations of others. In these circumstances one's rivals sues old friends, old party associates, zealous co-workers in the same cause, and one thought that these often more worthy may be disappointed or alienated, takes the edge off enjoyment in success, and tempers satisfaction with the tinge of regret. Such measure of party faith and loyalty as I have given to others in the past is all that I have now asked for myself. [Applause.]

Any exultation under these circumstances must be dampened by the consideration of the unfortunate condition of the state of which we have been so proud. An election held under laws of especial strictness and rigor unfortunately turned out to be so close as to tempt those who were defeated and disappointed to overturn the result as determined by the ballots that were placed in the boxes, by the jugglers of a false count. If their allegations of unfairness in the election had any foundation, it was a bad way to correct it by the commission of crime. Their best position is that the proper correction of one offense against the laws must be only in the perpetration of others. In this course of policy such acts of outrage, and of fantastic jugglery with all laws and customs, have been committed by well known officials, as to impair the usefulness and forever sully their names. Their acts have cast a shadow on our state. Distracted our courts, divided our legislature, brought confusion into all departments of government, and turned of what should be a time of general rejoicing, into a time of anxiety, disturbance and gloom. On those who planned and those who carried out these infractions of law and custom, rest the responsibility.

All this was done in order that there might be a double claim made upon our seats in the United states senate. In the hope that a political majority in that body might bestow upon its partisans, those offices and honors which had been denied them by the people at home. I believe that they have counted without cause. At least we will submit to that body the rights and privileges of the people. Though we face judges of an opposing party, we have an abiding faith that among them are men, so well versed in the law, so devoted to the constitution and to those fundamental principles of liberty on which their own states, their own offices and their own hopes rest that they will not deny us justice. [Applause.]

We stand upon the principle that the poor man, the man who toils for bread, whether he works in a shop, in a mine or in a railroad tunnel, has the same right to cast a legal vote and have it honestly counted as has the merchant, the lawyer or the millionaire. [Applause.] On that we stand and this principle we could not compromise. If we honestly cast a majority of the ballots, notwithstanding the tricks and devices of all false counters, then we are entitled to the control of the legislature and of the two seats in the United States senate. [Applause.] If we did not, then we do not want them. [Applause.] The robe of a senator would be but a disgrace to the wearer, if it be spotted with the leprosy of fraud. [Applause.]

That I shall be a true supporter, not only of the special interests spoken of by my colleague, but of all the interests of Montana, the record of my past must be a better guarantee than any words that I could utter. Since that record has secured your approbation and support I am content. My aim shall be to so improve upon it as to never disappoint your reasonable expectation. If I know my own heart I shall be loyal to the interests and to the people of Montana. While zealous in supporting these I shall endeavor to be just to those special interests which sometimes come in conflict with the wishes of the public. As to railroads I have to say that I was a friend, an advocate and a champion of the first great road that entered our borders, while others were cold to it. My desire for its construction was disinterested though earnest. When a new road decided to come I favored that also. Now that these are built, I would welcome and aid the advent of another, of twenty others, even although those now constructed should combine to shut out the new comers. I propose to be the friend of all public improvements, but the servant of none. [Applause.]

I thank you again for the confidence you have reposed in me and the honor you have bestowed upon me. I think I can appeal to you all that this has not been won by any undue influence or any solicitation on my part. There is not one among you to whom I have spoken in this matter, unless he has just spoken to me. I accept your cause. With my colleague we will carry it to the bar of the senate and ask that justice may be done to the people of Montana. We will tell your story as best we can. We will ask that honest ballots and not false counters shall decide elections in this new state, and choose her representatives in the federal senate. I believe that your course, your right and your authority will be vindicated, and the men that you have chosen shall represent the state in the senate of the United States. After the senator had concluded, amid applause, the business of the convention being concluded, on motion of Mr. Frank it was adjourned sine die. The senators-elect were immediately surrounded by their friends and overwhelmed with congratulations on their election. Steps were then taken to procure certificates of election, the president and chief clerk of the convention having been instructed to transmit to the secretary of the senate a certified copy of the proceedings of the joint assembly. After Gov. Toole's signature had been attached to the certificates they were given to the secretary of state to receive the official seal. Secretary Rotwitt did not comply with the request, but promised to take the matter under advisement.

The house which had taken a recess until 3 met at that hour, and after listening to a reading of the minutes of the joint convention adjourned until 4 p. m. to-day.

From Fort Benton.

"Hon. W. A. Clark—Please accept the heartfelt congratulations of your legion of friends in Northern Montana, upon your election to the United States senate. Convey the same to your colleague, Major Maginnis. Yours is a clear case of the survival of the fittest, as foremost champions of the democracy of Montana. We feel assured you will ever be found battling for the best interests of the whole people of the new state. (Signed.)

DAVID SEARLES,
DAVID G. BROWN,
CHAS. E. DUER,
ALFRED G. ROGERS."

"Hon. W. A. Clark.—Congratulations. The democracy of Montana demanded the result and may well rejoice. Victory is ours. WM. H. TODD.

From Butte.

Hon. W. A. Clark: "The whole earth rejoiceth." E. D. AIKEN.

Hon. W. A. Clark: "Accept congratulations on the great battle you have won to-day." M. G. COHN.

Hon. W. A. Clark: "The democrats of Walkerville send congratulations to the democratic members of both houses for having ratified the will of the Walkerville democrats in their wise selection of two true and tried men to represent them in the United States senate. It is a triumph over corporate greed which all good citizens will hail with delight."

EDWARD P. ROONEY,
Democratic Central Committee.

RUMPS ARE BUSY.

They go Through a Certain Amount of Useless Legislation.

Not enough members of the rump house were about the Granite block yesterday morning to make a quorum. There was nothing to do but take a recess, which they did until 2:30. When that time came it was necessary to send out the sergeant-at-arms after the absent members. They were brought in in a short time.

Whether Sanders and Power ever get into the senate or the bills go no further than their own house, the rumps evidently mean to pass the remainder of the session in going through the forms of legislation by introducing and discussing measures.

Holter, of the ways and means committee, introduced a bill to appropoiate money for the pay of the governor and other state officers as follows: Governor's salary, $5,000; secretary of state, $3,000; auditor, $3,000; state treasury, $3,000; attorney general, $3,000; superintendent of public instruction, $2,500; governor's private secretary, $1,200; clerks in the office of secretary of state, $1,200; clerks in offices of auditor and treasurer, $2,000; expenses and mileage of superintendent of public instruction, $1,000; for printing for auditor and treasurer, $1,000; governor's office expenses, $500; secretary of state's office expenses, $500; incidental expenses of auditor and treasurer, $1,000; attorney general's office expenses, $250; requisitions and rewards, $1,000; per diem for lieutenant governor and senators, $3,720; pay of officers and clerks of the senate, $3,750; rent and incidentals of senate, $1,000; per diem of members of house of representatives, $32,000; pay of clerks and officers of the house of representatives, $7,000; rent and incidentals of the house of representatives, $2,000; mileage of members of the legislative assembly, $3,500; salaries of judges of supreme court, $12,000; salaries of judges of district courts, $28,000; one-half of salaries of county attorneys, $6,300; salaries of members of the code commission, $2,500; public printing and advertising, $4,000; interest and outstanding warrants, $500; salary of state janitor $900.

Goodman introduced a bill fixing the compensation of the attaches of the house as follows: Chief clerk and sergeant-at-arms, $8 per day each; engrossing and enrolling clerk, $6 per dap; committee clerks, $4 per day each; chaplain, $2 per day; page, $3 per day.

A bill to provide for official ballot boxes at all elections was then introduced by Harlan. Roberts introduced a bill to amend sections 1478-87 of the fifth division of the compiled statutes regarding the location and recording of mining claims.

The journal, on motion of Greenough, was corrected as to the proceedings of the joint assembly in electing senators. The omission amounted to this: The journal of the senate and the rump house were read in the joint assembly on January 1st of the proceedings had in each house on December 31st, but the fact of their having been read did not appear in the house journal of the proceedings of January 1st in joint assembly. The corrections desired were made. This may not help any one to get a seat in the senate but it shows that there is an intention to keep the journal corrected up to date, even if it becomes necessary to go back a week to do it.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in committee of the whole, discussing a substitute for a joint memorial in regard to mineral lands. The only amendment offered that called for any discussion was offered by Boardman, of Cascade. The object of his amendment was to limit the scope of the memorial to the mountainous portions of Montana and exempt agricultural lands lying within such portions. The amendment was lost, although Boardman supported it with some vigor. After doing this the committee arose and the house soon adjourned without doing any more business except to give the committee of the whole further time in which to report.

John Power, of Benton, a brother of T. C. Power, and J. H. McKnight, of Fort Shaw, were among the visitors to the hall yesterday as well as several ladies.

Mr. Bray Again Heard From.

To the Editor of the INDEPENDENT: In reply to the editorial in Mr. Mantle's organ of the 6th inst., I would say that every representative and senator from the west side was present; that the caucus was regular, and its action should have been final; that the gentlemen referred to as being Mr. Mantle's friends in said editorial were all present, but for the good of the party refused to perpetrate such a disastrous calamity as the election of Mr. Mantle would have proved to be. Respectfully,

A. F. BRAY.

Montana Weather.

At Billings—Clear, calm, 10 degrees above.

At Bozeman—Cloudy, calm, 20 degrees above.

At Livingston—Cloudy, 15 degrees above, with a regular hurricane.

At Miles City—Clear and calm, 10 degrees above.

At Bismarck—Clear, 10 degrees above, calm.

At Butte—Calm, cloudy, 20 degrees above.

At Missoula—Calm, cloudy, 20 degrees above.

Suicided Because of Short Accounts.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 7.—John Mylnarck, treasurer of the school district of Richlake township, committed suicide. His accounts were short.

Try It.

Try our best patent flour, the best in the market, and Whittaker Star hams, at
JOHN T. MURPHY & Co.'s.

Chicago Markets

Posted every minute on Gooding's blackboards. Gold block, ground floor.

Wanted:

More men to buy wheat, oats, corn and pork at Gooding's. Gold block, ground floor.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following are the real estate transfers filed yesterday with the clerk and recorder:

Henry Reilly to Henry Tisky, lot 2, block 22, East Helena	$ 200
C. H. Wood to Sarah A. Wood, lots 11, 21 and 22, block 542, Helena townsite	1
George H. Platt et ux., trustee, to Brandegee Bros., lots 17 and 18, block 2, Flower Garden addition	750

A GROWING INSTITUTION.

How the Rocky Mountain Telegraph Company is Progressing.

The Rocky Mountain Telegraph company, which has been in existence about four years now, has grown from a small "one horse" institution to a concern of much importance, and to-day handles an equal share of the telegraph business of Montana with the Western Union. It was fostered by Hons. W. A. Clark and Marcus Daly, and from a local enterprise has grown to large proportions until now it has connection with the entire world and is daily improving. Being a home enterprise, it at once became popular and was liberally patronized and its field of labor has been gradually lengthened. It has connection with the Mackay-Bennett line east and west and with the Pacific Coast Postal Telegraph. From Anaconda its wires are being stretched westward to Missoula and Spokane Falls, and it is now twenty-five miles west of Anaconda. A wire is being extended to the offices of the Boston & Montana company from Butte to Great Falls and it will be used by this company for all their local business. The Anaconda company also uses the Rocky Mountain wire from its mines in Butte to the smelter instead of the telephone. The Rocky Mountain is giving a service now equal to the best companies in the country and it is very popular with Montanans who believe in patronizing home industry. Before another year rolls by it will have thorough connection to Portland and from an infant institution it will soon take rank with the big telegraph companies of the country. To Mr. L. O. Leonard, the general manager, is due the credit of the excellent service which the Rocky Mountain is now giving its patrons.

PNEUMONIA AND LA GRIPPE.

Some Prominent People Down With the Former Disease Following the Latter.

Thus far "la grippe" as it prevails in Helena has been very mild in form, but hardly a resident in the place has escaped its effects in some form or other, whether it be a bad cold and cough, or both coupled with side aches and frontal headache. Following this mild attack, however, several persons have fallen victims of pneumonia and the cases are more or less critical. V. T. Priest is down with pneumonia following la grippe and is reported to be very low. He resides at Ten Mile. Mr. Priest was a candidate at the last election for representative in the legislature.

Mr. J. C. Curtin is also very ill with pneumonia, from the same origin. While attending the Sisters' Fair last week he acted as cashier and sat in a part of Assembly hall where the draft from the constantly opening door struck him. He remained up nightly until a late hour and as a final act filled up on oysters and other edibles just before retiring. Not being over strong in constitution he soon became broken down and suffered with a bad cold, and now he is suffering with pneumonia. Monday night he was reported very sick, but yesterday showed signs of improvement and his many friends will anxiously await his absolute recovery.

Capt. Jack Smith is also quite ill with pneumonia and Thos. Mackanness is another of its victims. Both these cases followed la grippe.

AT BOULDER.

Judge Galbraith Disposes of a Large Number of Cases in District Court.

BOULDER, Jan. 7.—[Special.]—Judge Galbraith to-day decided it would be necessary to assemble a grand jury at this term of court and accordingly a panel of seventeen grand-jurymen was drawn in open court to-day, to meet on the 9th instant. The following is to-day's court record:

The bonds of County Commissioners John J. McCay, John Murray and W. V. Myers were approved.

The petition of Frank Wells to be appointed administrator of the estate of A. E. Wells was granted.

881.—George Dunn vs. M. W Webber et al.; W. L. Hay was appointed counsel for defendant by the court.

900.—M. H. Keefe vs. the Elkhorn Mining company; case stricken from the docket.

971.—Charles K. Cole, trustee, vs. Roger McCaffrey; Messrs. Cowan and Parker entered as attorneys for defendant. Motion to dismiss argued and taken under advisement.

1,026—Kate E. Barger vs. Dodley Halford; motion to quash service of summons overruled; defendant to answer on the 8th inst.

3—Boulder Valley Ditch, Mining and Mill company vs. Frank Farnham; demurrer to answer argued and taken under advisement.

1—State of Montana vs. Leopold Monheim; W. L. Hay appointed by the court to prosecute.

685—George A. Bruffey vs. Frank Bogue et al.; Toole & Wallace withdrew as counsel.

15—Boulder Valley Ditch and Mining company vs. J. B. Maxfield et al.; demurrer overruled.

1,027—Barney Burns vs. Twohy Bros; motion for judgment on pleadings overruled and defendant given four days to answer.

7—Cowan, Talbot & Co. vs. Batteson; George D. Greene entered as counsel for defense; plaintiff granted permission to file amended complaint; motion to dismiss denied.

984—John M. Richardson vs. Bridget Flynn. Defendant to answer on the 14th.

917—Ann Sherlock et al vs. Edward I. Kempton et al. Demurrer argued and taken under advisement.

863—Edward Maguire vs. W. D. McIntyre. Continued for the term.

1,015—Julia M. Boyd vs. Samuel Boyd. Defendant's default entered.

912—E. P. Briscoe et al vs. Freyler et al. Motion to set aside default sustained.

Motion entered by Wade, Toole & Wallace to transfer to the United States court cases 322, 824, 880, 993 and 1,002.

949—Ryland R. Crumb vs. the Bigfoot Mining and Milling Co., and the A. M. Holter Hardware Co. Continued on application of Bigfoot Mining Co.

860—John Hildebrand vs. A. J. Brady. Defendant given ten days to file answer to referee's report.

1,020—Ben Degenhart vs. E. W. Crosby. Thomas Joyes entered as counsel for defense. Defendant given three weeks to file answer.

993—Helena Lumber company vs. the board of county commissioners of Jefferson county and J. S. McKenzie. Commissioners given twenty-four hours to file amended answer.

1,006—Helena Lumber company vs. Thena A. Bailey; default of defendant entered.

996—William Graham vs. Robert O. Clare; appeal of defendant dismissed and judgment for plaintiff with costs.

Frank Ratelle vs. Angeliqui Barriere; the court ordered that J. W. Murphy, police commissioner of Silver Bow county be substituted for the defendant, deceased.

1,021—Ben Degenhart vs. E. W. Crosby; motion to set aside default and quash summons sustained.

The court overruled demurrer to answer in Boulder Valley Ditch and Mining company vs. Farnham.

BRANDEGEE BROS.,

Room 5, Gandon Block,
Cor. Sixth Ave. and Warren St.,

REAL ESTATE & FINANCIAL AGENTS.

Loan money on Real Estate security at current rates, and buy mortgages.
No delay in closing loans—money on hand.
No charge for examining titles.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE—THE FIRM OF Spencer & Nye is this day dissolved by mutual consent. F. J. Nye assumes all liabilities and continues the business. Those indebted to the old firm are requested to call and make an early settlement. F. J. NYE.
Dated Helena, Mont., Jan. 1, 1890.

FOR SALE.

CHOICE INVESTMENT—A GOOD RESTAURant man can find just what he wants; a first-class restaurant with good business and in good running order, in fine location, for a low figure. Will pay from the start. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Call on W. F. Cummins.

LEASE AND FURNITURE OF LENOIR house; $1,500 cash, or Pacific hotel, $2,000 cash, balance to suit.

OLD ESTABLISHED BARBER SHOP CHEAP. Enquire of Matheson & Steele.

FOUR HORSE UPRIGHT ENGINE AND five horse power boiler, with injector, for sale. Good as new. Apply to A. K. Yerkes, Bozeman.

A FIRST-CLASS 12-HORSE POWER AUTOmatic engine; will be sold at a bargain. Enquire at this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head three times FREE.

TO DO DRESSMAKING OR ANY KIND OF sewing. Address J, this office.

BY A COLORED YOUNG MAN AS JANITOR, porter, offices to take charge of, or in a private family; will give first-class recommendation. Address A. M., 216 E. Bridge street.

AS BARTENDER; ALSO A GOOD WAITER; not afraid of work. Address H. G., at this office.

BY A RELIABLE WOMAN AS HOUSEkeeper, nurse or care for children. Inquire at Woman's Exchange.

BY A YOUNG COLORED MAN AS JANITOR, porter or offices to take care of; will give first-class recommendations. Address A. M., 216 E. Bridge street.

BY A YOUNG MAN, A PLACE WHERE HE can work for his board and attend school. Address T. P., this office.

AS TEAMSTER; WILL MAKE HIMSELF generally useful; best of city references. Address T. M. C., this office.

BY YOUNG MAN OF EXPERIENCE IN groceries and general merchandise; good business ability and first-class references; am familiar with lumber business. Address A. B., this office.

A CLEAN, SOBER YOUNG MAN, PAINTER, repairer of all kinds of carpenter work, house cleaning or hotel; works for his board till February. M. R., 404 Clore street, city.

BY FIRST-CLASS MALE COOK WITH FIFteen years' experience. Address Lock Box 65, Miles City, Montana.

BY A YOUNG MAN TO WORK FOR HIS board. M. W. D., this office.

BY A GIRL OF 16 TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork. Call at 114 Howie street.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

3 GIRLS WANTING GENERAL HOUSEwork at Helena Employment Office.

GIRLS FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. APply Capital Employment Office, 212 Lawrence.

A SWEDE GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be a fair cook. Inquire Mrs. Massena Bullard, 528 Madison avenue.

GIRLS AT THE WOMAN'S EXCHANGE. Wages $20, $25, $30 and $40 per month.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

75 MEN FOR R. R. WORK WANTED AT Montana Employment Agency, Main street, foot of Broadway.

CHANDLER WANTS TWO CAMP COOKS, one engineer at Helena Employment Office.

A BOY WITH HORSE TO CARRY PAPER route. Apply at Independent office between 7 and 8 in the evening.

CHANDLER SHIPS MEN ON RAILROAD; free fare; at Helena Employment Office.

IMMEDIATELY—GOOD COOK FOR FIRSTclass boarders, in the city; man preferred. Apply at the Capital Employment Office, 212 Lawrence street.

MAN OF ABILITY; MUST DEPOSIT $50 and give security for collections; good salary to right man. Call at H. F. Entermarks, room 51, Pacific hotel, after 10 a. m.

GENERAL AGENT, BY FIRST-CLASS HOUSE. No canvassing; must be a rustler. Fine opening for energetic man. Must give security and good reference. The Blake-Heywood Co., 62 Flood Building, San Francisco, Cal.

CHANDLER SHIPS MEN ON RAILROAD; free fare; at Helena Employment Office.

WE WANT THREE ACTIVE YOUNG MEN to act as solicitors. To all such we will pay $3 per day. Address, with references, stamp enclosed, The Blake-Heywood Co., 62 Flood Building, San Francisco, Cal.

FOR RENT—ROOMS FURNISHED.

THE PACIFIC OR LENOIR HOUSE. Steam heat. Elegant rooms, 50c., 75c., $1; suites, $1.50 per day. Special weekly and monthly rates.

AT 505 EWING STREET.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT PORTER FLATS, Ewing street; entirely renovated and under new management. Call in basement or at Porter, Muth & Cox, Gold block.

HARVEY HOUSE, GRAND STREET, NEW and elegantly furnished rooms, single or in suites.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS for rent at No. 12 Howie street.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE AT MODERATE RENT, two doors from Ewing street. Inquire Room 7, Holter Block.

6-ROOM HOUSE, NEW, FOR $25 PER month. Apply 327 Pine street.

HOUSES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS IN ALL parts of the city. Matheson & Steele, 129½ Main street.

2-ROOM HOUSE, 5-ROOM HOUSE 31 S. BENton avenue.

SIX AND SEVEN ROOM HOUSES, ALL MODern improvements. Inquire of J. S. Featherly.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS HOUSES.

IMMEDIATELY—BUILDING ON MAIN ST.; occupied as saloon for past five years; open and doing business; building with or without bar fixtures. Call on A. B., International hotel.

ROOMS WANTED.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN DESIRING board and an unfurnished front room on ground floor, in a private family where no other boarders are received, and where the comforts of a home are assured. May address B., Independent Office.

LOST.

BUNCH OF FIVE KEYS; THREE SMALL and two long ones. Return to this office.

A LADY'S SILVER PURSE; A SUITABLE reward will be given to anyone returning it to 717 Fifth avenue.

A BLACK ENGLISH RETRIEVER, SHORT curls; answers to name of "Bill." Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at 413 Eighth avenue.

MONEY TO LOAN.

TO LOAN BY H. B. PALMER. SEE ADVERtisement on the fourth page.

LARGE AMOUNTS OF MONEY TO LOAN on improved and unimproved city real estate and on ranches at low rates. C. F. Ellis & Co., insurance agents, real estate agents, mortgages loans.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED HELENA property. Time and terms to suit. Jno. S. M. Neill, Rooms 6 and 7, Ashby building.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO BUY SECOND HAND READING MATter, novels, etc. Frank Wengler, 453 N. Main street.

1 BEDROOM SET, UPRIGHT FOLDING bed preferred; also 1 small center table and rocker. Address X, this office.

DESK ROOM IN COMFORTABLE CENTRALly located office; state terms and location. F. L. Morgan, P. O. Box 963.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—TO MY PATRONS and to the public generally: After January 3d, 1890, I will remove from my present stand, No. 114 South Main street, to the more commodious quarters just vacated by G. J. Ringwald, No. 56 South Main street, where I will be glad to meet all my old patrons and many new. A square deal every time. Jacob A. Yand, proprietor Jake's loan office.

FROM NOW TILL NEW YEAR'S WE WILL sell ladies' gold watches, genuine diamonds and solid gold rings at cost at the New York Loan Office, International Hotel Building.

NOTICE—WUN SING, PROPRIETOR OF THE laundry at 71 Rodney street, will sell on Jan. 18, 1890, his entire business and all furniture to Quong Sing Tong. Up to Jan. 18, 1890, Wun Sing will collect and pay all accounts, after which date Quong Sing Tong takes the business, but will not be responsible for any bill against Wun Sing.
(Signed) QUONG SING TONG.

—AN—

ELEGANT : DISPLAY

—OF—

-HOLIDAY GOODS-

—AT—

F. J. EDWARDS'.

(Successor to Moses Morris.)

Chandeliers and Hanging Lamps,
and Fancy Decorated China.

Hand Painted Glassware in Assorted Colors.
Rogers Bros'. A1 1847 Silverware.
Plush Goods in Endless Variety.

Your Call Respectfully Solicited.

F. J. EDWARDS. - 19 MAIN STREET.

On Broadway

14 Fine Lots,
3 Choice Corners,
Residence Lots,
Business Sites,
Acre Property.

We can sell you grounds in any part of the City Adapted to your wants and means, for Reasonable Prices and Easy Terms.
Large List of Houses for Sale and Rent.

LOANS ON HELENA REAL ESTATE.

E. S. French & Co

ROOMS 11 and 11½
Pittsburg Block.

White, Johnstone & Co.,

REAL ESTATE,

HAVE REMOVED TO

ROOM 5,

Merchants' Nat'l Bank

BUILDING.

WENDEL & STEIN'S

San Francisco Bakery.

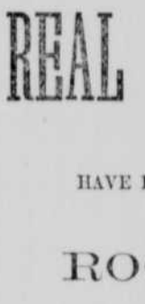
Formerly M. Reinig's.

First-Class Quality of

Bread, Pies and Cakes

Promptly Delivered

To any part of the city on short notice. No. 105 Bridge street, one door above M. Reinig's. Branch Store at Cor. Sixth Avenue and Park.



PAUL S. A. BICKEL
UNITED STATES
DEPUTY
Mineral
Surveyor,
1191-2 N. MAIN.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.—The annual election of directors of the First National Bank of Helena, Montana, will take place at said bank the second Tuesday in January, 1890.
E. W. KNIGHT, Cashier.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—BIDS ARE INvited until January 15th, 1890, for the furnishing of all cut stone and ashlar for the new Presbyterian church, according to plans and specifications to be seen at Shaffer & Reed's office. The committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
D. H. CUTHBERT, Secretary.