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HELENA, MONTANA, FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1891.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THE J. STEINMETZ JEWELRY CO. JANUARY TRADE.

The January trade in Helena ought to be pretty brisk at our establishment, because we have a large line of goods that are sure to please the buyer of useful articles in our line.

VACHERON & CONSTANTIN Movements fill the bill perfectly, and we want to start off the first month of 1891 with a good sale of them.

The Hampden Watch. The Hampden watch is the regular large size American movement. They are excellent runners.

Headquarters for Watches. Our store is preeminently the headquarters for watches in the state. We have a larger variety of makes and more of them in our cases and safes than any other house.

Waltham, Rockford, Elgin, Howard. We have them. More Solid Silver than any three concerns in the state.

Wedding Presents. We have them. More Solid Silver than any three concerns in the state. January weddings must be remembered.

THE J. STEINMETZ JEWELRY CO. Leading Jewelers, HELENA, MONTANA

N. B.—Finest watch repairing in the Northwest. Jewelry made to order and repaired.

A REPUBLICAN JURPER.

Gov. Thayer, of Nebraska, Refuses to Turn Over the Office to Boyd.

The Latter is Declared Elected by the Legislature and Sworn In.

Thayer Arrogates the Right to Declare Mr. Boyd Ineligible—Stormy Legislative Proceedings.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 8.—The alliance members took possession of the house at five o'clock this morning. They placed their speaker in the chair and put a cordon of assistant sergeants-at-arms around him.

At 12:15 p. m., the supreme court issued a writ of mandamus directing the speaker of the house to convene the returns. The sheriff of Lancaster county with his deputies and the bailiff of the supreme court burst in the doors of the house and fought their way through the crowd of alliance men guarding the entrance.

Proceedings at the afternoon session of the legislature were less stormy. The alliance men had cooled down considerably. Thayer and the latter informed him that he (Thayer) would not give up the office, on the ground that Boyd was not a citizen of the United States.

Matters were further complicated this evening. Gov. Thayer called on Gov. Thayer, and the latter informed him that he (Thayer) would not give up the office, on the ground that Boyd was not a citizen of the United States.

"PRINCE OF FOOLS."

Congressman Turner, of the Sixth Kansas District.

TOPERA, Kan., Jan. 8.—Steps have been taken looking to the impeachment of Frank McGrath, president of the Kansas Farmers' alliance, accused of being a party to an alleged scheme to elect E. J. Turner, republican congressman from the sixth district, to the United States senate.

Republicans Illegally Combine.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, Jan. 8.—There are rumors afloat of a startling move to be made in connection with the recent senatorial election. Section 6143 of the Idaho revised statutes declares it a felony for any member of the legislature to vote or promise to support upon any question or matter in return for the support of another member on any question or matter upon which they may be called to pass official action.

Will Investigate the Allegations.

HAILEY, Conn., Jan. 8.—In the house the joint resolutions passed yesterday afternoon by the senate were received. They declared each democratic state officer elected. A resolution creating a special committee of the house on the canvass of state officers, referring the returns to them and directing them to investigate the allegations of inaccuracies in the count was adopted.

Elected Over a Republican.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 8.—The house met again this morning and cast three ballots for speaker without result. A recess was then taken. Both sides held caucuses. At the afternoon session Stivers, democratic candidate for speaker, withdrew in favor of Champlin, alliance candidate, and the latter was elected over Searle, republican.

Insists on Stringency.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 8.—Gov. Markham was installed in office to-day. In his inaugural address the governor said regarding the matter of making an appropriation for a display at the World's fair, the only question was as to the constitutionality of such an act.

Urges Loyalty to Prohibition.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 8.—Both branches of the state legislature met to-day. The oath of office was administered to Gov. Burleigh, and he proceeded to read his inaugural. He says the time has come for Maine to adopt the Australian system of voting and urge the citizens to renew their efforts to keep Maine in the van of temperance states.

Bought Them, They are His.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 8.—The republican members of both branches of the legislature held a caucus last night and unanimously nominated Leland Stanford for United States senator. The democrats decided to give a complimentary vote to Stephen M. White.

Much Virtue in Them.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 8.—The legislature organized to-day and the house elected Richard H. Doughton speaker. The legislature is largely composed of members of the Farmers' alliance, but they are conservative democrats as well.

The State of Harrison.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 8.—The legislature met this morning and the officers chosen by the democratic caucus last night were sworn in in each house. The governor's message will be delivered to-morrow morning.

Not the People's Choice.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 8.—Hiram H. Tuttle was sworn in as governor this morning. He then delivered his message. Both branches of the legislature adjourned as soon as the governor finished.

Glorious Old Day State.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Gov. Russell took the oath of office to-day. He then proceeded to read his inaugural address.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—During the morning hour in the senate a number of public building bills were passed. After that Stewart called up his motion to vote upon the financial bill to-morrow, and after tedious discussion on Stewart's proposition consent was given to the proposition made by Ingalls to the effect that the general debate on the finance bill should close at adjournment on Tuesday next; that then ten minutes discussion shall be in order and final vote on the bill and amendments be taken before adjournment on Wednesday next.

The house passed a bill authorizing the issue of certificates of service to telegraph operators who were with the union army during the war. Farquhar moved to vote on committee of the whole on the shipping bill, and suggested that general debate close at five o'clock to-day. Blount and Wheeler both made motions extending the time. After several votes and considerable discussion all motions were rejected, so no limit was placed on the discussion.

A VALOROUS DIPLOMAT.

WANTS DAMAGES FOR HIDING BEHIND A ROCK FIVE TWO DAYS.

HURON, Jan. 8.—One year ago Col. Ray Meyers, of Huron, S. D., was through the influence of the South Dakota delegation, appointed consul to San Salvador. The consul had for years been in the consular service, but upon the election of Grover Cleveland, he was retired to private life and immediately went to Huron, where he became a strong division advocate. Upon the election of President Harrison he checked his trunk for Washington and remained there until he succeeded in securing another consulate. This time he was ordered to San Salvador. When the consul arrived at headquarters a rebellion was in progress and he was shot and held, found his hotel. His trouble had only commenced. The siege continued day after day, and the only protection he had was to take refuge behind a huge rock bush tub. Here he remained two days and when firing had ceased he made for the docks and returned to Washington. The consul has now instituted a suit for \$20,000 damages against the government, and will press his claim through the state department. He says he would sooner take chances in South Dakota with the "reds" than return to that barbaric country.

NOTED FREQUENTERS

OF THE INFAMOUS CLEVELAND STREET HOUSE, LONDON.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 8.—Herbert John Ames, aged 17, who was an inmate of Charles H. Hammond's notorious Cleveland street house in London, and who escaped with Hammond to this country, to-day made a statement concerning the place. Hammond is under sentence of two years in the penitentiary for grand larceny, and the boy has heretofore been afraid to tell the story because of Hammond's threats of personal violence. Now he tells it voluntarily. Ames was secretary for Hammond and says he wrote many letters last year to many noblemen, demanding hush money. He says that about twenty men visited the Cleveland street house regularly. Many of them were introduced under false names and the names of some were never known. Among the frequenters he knew the earl of Easton, Lord Arthur Somerset, Robert Gervoise, queen's officer at Winchester barracks; Dr. Maitland, of Harvard; Perry Stafford, London capitalist; Hugh Wagler, a banker, and Capt. Barber, of the army.

Accidentally Shot Himself.

HANNSDAL, Mo., Jan. 8.—Thos. McFarland, a farmer living on Congressman Hatch's farm, near this city, accidentally shot himself at 7 o'clock this morning. He had been out hunting rabbits, and on returning to the house slipped and fell at the door. A rifle that he carried was discharged, the bullet entering his head immediately above the right ear, ranging upward, coming out on the opposite side of the head. He lived only about thirty minutes, dying before surgical attendance could arrive from the city. The deceased was about 60 years of age, and leaves a widow and five children. He was a prominent member of the G. A. R.

Seeking Walnut Logs.

DECATUR, Ill., Jan. 8.—Illinois timber sections are being visited by representatives from Europe, who are seeking walnut logs for Germany. Farmers can command almost any reasonable price for walnut trees. They are scarce and valuable. The publishers ship the logs to Hamburg, Germany. It is said that walnut sawdust is now mixed with glue and pressed into beautiful ornamental forms and moldings.

HIGH RANK AWAITED HIM

Lieutenant Casey Cut Down as His Original Work Was Being Tested.

The First Officer to Drill and Discipline Savages as Regular Troops.

Gentleman and Soldier, Loved and Honored—Mourning at Fort Keogh—Manner of Death.

MILES CITY, Jan. 8.—[Special.]—The flag at Fort Keogh is at half mast to-day in honor of Lieut. E. W. Casey, Twenty-second infantry, who left that post on Dec. 7 with the Cheyenne scouts who were ordered to the front and had joined Gen. Cady's company near the Pine Ridge agency. The first information received was a telegram dated Jan. 7, from Lieut. R. N. Getty, Casey's subordinate, to the adjutant, stating that Lieut. Casey was instantly killed by a Sioux while scouting on White river and that the body was recovered. Later in the day information came that there had been fighting and skirmishing for several days. Lieut. Casey was out with his scouts watching the hostile camp with one Cheyenne. He met two Indians, an Ogalalla and a Bruie. The Ogalalla warned Lieut. Casey that the Bruies were bad and would shoot. As Lieut. Casey turned to go away the Bruie fired, striking him in the back of the head, killing him instantly.

Much regret is expressed, as Lieut. Casey was popular with civilians and soldiery alike. He was 40 years of age. He was a son of Gen. Silas Casey. His brothers are Gen. Casey, chief of engineers, U. S. A., and Commander Silas Casey, U. S. N. He graduated from the military academy in '78 and joined the Twenty-second infantry in that year. He was in the Sioux campaigns of 1876-77 and was Gen. Miles' chief of scouts composed of civilians and soldiers, and with them made a desperate charge through the hostiles of Lame Deer in '77. He was also in the Wolf mountain fight. He was instructor in tactics at West Point for four years and was adjutant of his regiment for a time. In the winter of 1888 he read a paper on the enlistment of Indians as soldiers before the officers' school at Fort Keogh and was so complimented and encouraged that he went to Washington and secured permission to enlist 100 Cheyennes, which he did. During the past summer he drilled them and had them haul logs and build a post near Fort Keogh. He got up a uniform for them which was adopted, and his body of Cheyennes were undoubtedly as soldierly and the looking men as could be selected from any class of troops. In cavalry drill they excelled civilized cavalry. In an original work which was having its severest test at the beginning, he was cut off when reputation and rank awaited him.

SITUATION AT PINE RIDGE.

Thought to be Improving—Red Cloud Comes In—Buffalo Bill.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, Jan. 8.—Gen. Miles' view of the situation at present is about as follows: There are three or four hundred Indians in the hostile camp who are trying in every way to influence the remainder not only to remain out, but to fight the matter to the end. He hopes the better element will prevail and destroy the influence of these wicked Bruies. On this account he is exercising patience. Gen. Brooke, from his camp on White Clay creek, advises Gen. Miles that many of the principal men and chiefs will visit Miles to-morrow.

The position of the various forces in the field was changed somewhat to-day, the effect being to narrow the circle in which the hostiles are now gathered. It was reported that Gen. Miles would hold a conference to-day with Red Cloud, but he has decided to hold no more talks with the aged chief, having given him his ultimatum several days ago, to abandon hostilities or suffer the consequences. The arrival of the old man is considered evidence of his good faith, as is also the effort he made yesterday to save Lieut. Casey's life by warning him of danger.

Red Cloud tells of a fight between the Ogalallas and Bruies shortly after the killing of Casey. The former made an attempt to return to the agency. The Bruies objected, firing a number of shots at the Ogalallas. Nobody, however, was injured. This morning about 20 of the Ogalallas succeeded in getting away and came into the agency.

Young Man Afraid of his Horses, with several members of his band, returned to-day from their friendly visit to the Crows and were granted audience by Gen. Miles. Buffalo Bill arrived from Rushville at noon and had a talk with Gen. Miles. He was warmly greeted by several hundred Indians. He informed Gen. Miles that the Nebraska militia have extended their lines toward Pine Ridge several miles, and mounted men patrol between the lines. Gen. Miles approved the arrangement.

Old Red Cloud determined to leave the hostile camp last night and with his wife walked sixteen miles to the agency, getting here this morning. He used every endeavor to prevent the murder of Casey yesterday, and even sent a scout to warn him of danger.

ALARM IN IDAHO.

Pocatello and Blackfoot Said to Be in Great Danger. POCATELLO, Jan. 8.—This town is in a state of great excitement over the actions of the Shoshone Indians on the reservation. Last night they indulged in a war dance and otherwise evinced a desire for bloodshed. The chief, Mayor Jim, declared that the Indians would fight, giving as a reason that "had Indian get heap grub and blankets; good Indian get nothing." The Indians are in war paint and cannot be restrained. The governor's guards and United States cavalry at Boise City are now enroute to Pocatello. Ranchmen and cowboys from the surrounding country are assembling for the rescue. Requests from Blackfoot, Idaho, for transportation of arms, have been sent to the Union Pacific authorities here. It is reported that a band of 200 bucks is

pillaging ranches outside the town of Blackfoot. It is expected that by tomorrow a sufficient force will be mustered to cope with savages in case of attack.

Trouble Only at Pine Ridge.

PIRENE S. D., Jan. 8.—John Holland, chief of the Indian scouts of the Cheyenne country, arrived to-day and reports everything quiet on the Cheyenne. All Cheyenne Indians are now at the agency with the exception of those from Big Foot's and Jump's bands, who went on the warpath, and they were nearly all killed in the late battle. Inspector Cisney arrived late this evening from Montana. He has inspected all the agencies of the Sioux, except the Cheyenne. He says that at Standing Rock the Indians are fed in splendid shape and certainly have nothing to complain of. Indeed, nowhere has he found rations short, except at Standing Rock. This action, so far as the removal of Royer is concerned, was determined upon some time ago when the officials of the Indian office learned that Royer was not proving equal to the emergency.

Unequal to the Emergency.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Secretary Noble this morning sent a dispatch to Agent Royer at Pine Ridge, dismissing him from service. The secretary directs him to turn over the property to Capt. Pierce, of the First infantry, who will temporarily act as agent at that post. This action, so far as the removal of Royer is concerned, was determined upon some time ago when the officials of the Indian office learned that Royer was not proving equal to the emergency.

Runners from Montana.

PENDLETON, Ore., Jan. 8.—Two strange Indians arrived here this morning from Montana. It is thought they are runners from disaffected tribes sent here to lead away the young hot-headed bucks on the Umatilla reservation.

Let Them Dance.

WELLS, Nev., Jan. 8.—About 200 Snake and Shoshone Indians left this vicinity to-day to attend a ghost dance in the Star valley, at the head of Humboldt river. Chief Soldier Charlie claims there is no danger of an outbreak unless the government attempts to stop the dance.

Seems to be Catching.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Jan. 8.—It is reported that the Musquakie Indians have an attack of the measles craze, in the southern part of Tama county, and have begun a ghost dance. Some apprehension is felt.

AFTER TWENTY YEARS.

O'Donovan Rossa Will Return to His Native Heath.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—O'Donovan Rossa, who contemplates making a trip to Ireland yesterday wrote to Secretary Blaine for a passport. Rossa's twenty years' banishment expired yesterday. He says that he is sick of the Irish parliamentary agitation and wants to go back to Ireland to stir the people up to a proper realization of their rights. No event in recent Irish history would be so picturesque as the return of O'Donovan Rossa to Ireland after his many years of the advocacy of the use of dynamite "to bring England to her knees."

Rossa said yesterday that while he could not preach dynamite doctrine in Ireland he could and would talk boldly upon the Irish question, taking much more advanced ground than is taken by the Irish parliamentary party. He would in fact, he said, reassert the very same opinions that sent him to prison in 1857 and 1865. In the latter year he received a life sentence which was subsequently commuted.

The Strike Not Broken.

GLASGOW, Jan. 8.—The railroad strike shows no signs of definite improvement. The railroad directors have repeatedly announced that the strike is practically over and the strikers are beaten and that the usual traffic upon all lines will be resumed. In spite of these statements the traffic has not improved and the strikers are continuing to receive financial aid and moral support from the various trades unions throughout Great Britain.

They Cry for Bread.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The severe weather throughout England for some time past is causing the deepest distress among the poorer classes of this city, especially the inhabitants East End. All out-of-door trades have been suspended the past few weeks. Large numbers of persons who have been thrown out of employment parade the streets and solicit aid from the charitable to obtain the necessaries of life for themselves and starving families.

Furious Weather in Europe.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Reports of severe weather on the continent continue. In Austria many railroads are blocked and there is much suffering. A dispatch from Mantua says snow has been falling continuously for fifty hours. All railroad trains are delayed and several persons have lost their lives in the snow.

Islands of the Pacific.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The Post announces that the German government has decided to establish a port of entry at Jaluit Island, one of the Marshall group, in the Pacific ocean. The Post denies reports coming from San Francisco in regard to the annexation of Gilbert Island by Germany.

Foreign Flashes.

The Bank of England reduced the rate of discount from five to four per cent. The wholesale clothing firm of W. M. Egan & Son, of Montreal, has failed. The direct liabilities are \$80,000, and the indirect \$15,000. The assets are \$65,000. The body of a man frozen to death was found in the streets of Preston, England. There is much suffering from cold throughout the country. Gladstone has written a letter for publication in regard to the Parnell statements, "ascribed, I hope, untruly." He says to Capt. Price: "They are both false. I have made no offer of office to Parnell, and his retirement, of which he spoke to Morley, was not retirement for the present, but retirement now for good."

MULTITUDES OF CHINESE.

May Invade the West if Republicans Subordinate the Southern Whites.

They Would be Unable to Over-ride Harrison, Friend of the Heathen.

The Votes of Democrats Needed to Housw the Exclusion Act—The West Concerned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Pacific coast senators are becoming scared and are very angry with the radical course of Dulph, of Oregon. The Chinese exclusion law expires next year and bills are already pending for its re-enactment. It is well known that the New England senators are as much opposed to white supremacy on the Pacific coast as they are in the southern states and that every senator from New England opposed the anti-Chinese bill when it was enacted ten years ago. It is believed that they are opposed to it still and will fight the Pacific coast senators when they seek to have the law renewed in the next congress.

What will the Pacific coast senators then do about it? Will they expect southern senators to relieve the Pacific coast of the Chinese, while they themselves vote steadily to place the southern states under the control of the negroes? This is the dilemma that confronts them and the Nevada, Washington, California and Colorado senators, together with Mitchell, of Oregon, are very nervous about the situation. They know they will have to depend upon the democratic party to renew the Chinese exclusion law, and that if they offend the democrats by voting with Hear, Chandler & Co. to put the south under the heels of the negroes and carpet-baggers the democrats will not be apt to be cordial in assisting them in the next congress to keep out the Chinese.

Several democrats have already declared that if the Pacific coast senators support the force bill they, "the southern senators," would see them in a place hotter than Arizona in summer before they would consent to the re-enactment of the anti-Chinese law. The present president of the United States, it will be remembered, as a member of the senate was a great friend of the Chinese and steadily opposed the exclusion bill. This has not been forgotten by the Pacific coast senators, and the wise ones among them believe that it would be the proper thing for them now to get their house in order so as to be able to pass a renewal of the anti-Chinese law over a presidential veto, if necessary, in the next congress.

SUBJECTS TO BE CONSIDERED.

By the Railroad Presidents Now in Session in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The meeting of the railroad presidents assembled here at 10:30 o'clock this morning. President Miller, of the St. Paul road, presided. The following took part in the conference: Jay Gould and S. H. H. Clark, of the Missouri Pacific; Allen Marvel, of the Santa Fe; C. P. Huntington and J. C. Stubbs, of the Southern Pacific; Henry Villard, of the Northern Pacific; Sidney Dillon, of the Union Pacific; Marvin Hughitt, of the Chicago & North-western; R. R. Cable and Benjamin Hook-with, of the Rock Island; David H. Moffat, of the Denver & Rio Grande; Roswell Miller, of the St. Paul; D. A. Ashley, of the Wabash; Russell Sage, of the Iowa Central; Sturtevant Fish, of the Illinois Central; and Charles E. Perkins, of the Burlington.

The subjects to be considered by the meeting are those of rates and the appointment of traffic among constituent roads—matters of supreme importance. The third subject is joint agencies, which, from all indications, is more likely to produce discussions than any other matter. Gould, Dillon, Marvel and Macdon are heartily in favor of the total abolition of individual agencies and the consolidation of all agencies at various points into one joint agency in each place. This proposition, however, is opposed by the representatives of some other roads. The fourth topic regards appeals from decisions of the executive body of the organization. This, of course, is of the highest importance. The fifth is the subject of prohibitions. What the roads shall not do is held to be of importance second only to that which they may do. The sixth and final topic is that of committee. Last of all, all preceding subjects having been considered and an agreement in regard to them reached, the conclusions arrived at will be summed up and embodied in a constitution.

The Scalpers Scalped.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The Western Passenger association to-day authorized Chairman Finley to take immediate steps looking to the prosecution of Chicago ticket brokers under the Illinois state law. This action is in line with the general tendency of late to bring about reforms in the conduct of railroad competition in the west. It is understood the prosecution will be commenced in a week or two and as Chairman Finley is a fighter, good results are expected. Apparently the ticket broker is in more danger of being exterminated than ever before. Besides the proposed prosecution in this state, there is a movement on the part of the associated roads, east and west, to drive him out of business. If the scheme to abolish unlimited tickets is carried out it will do more to cripple the scalper's trade than anything yet accomplished. Another scheme calculated to hurt the scalper is a proposition to discontinue the payment of commissions on the sale of tickets, which is now being considered with likelihood of adoption.

Houtchens Will Recover.

MISSOURI, Jan. 8.—[Special.]—The doctors report to-day that Officer Houtchens, who was shot by Simons, is considerably better, and that the chances are good for his recovery. He was able to lie down this morning without pain for the first time since receiving the wound. All the people of Missouri are glad to hear this, and hope the brave young officer will pull through.

Two Horns to the Dilemma.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—A number of barbed wire manufacturers began a conference with closed doors today. As near as could be ascertained their purpose was to either organize a general revolt of manufacturers from the contract of the Washburn-Moen patent monopoly or to organize a trust including all wire factories in the west. The idea of the latter plan is to continue tribute to the monopoly and get even by raising the price of the product.