

The Helena Journal

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HELENA, MONTANA, SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1893.

PRICE FIVE CENTS



A SHIP AT SEA ON FIRE.
Nearly 200 Lives Lost in the Flames or to Drovcs of Voracious Sharks.

Surrounding the Ship in Hundreds They Leap Into the Air for Victims.
Running a Gauntlet of Sea Monsters—Tariff Struggle in Europe—Quiet Reign at Hawaii.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—Further particulars of the burning of the steamer Don Juan off the Chinese coast were received here today. The Spanish steamer Don Juan left Hong Kong for Manila with a full crew and all the Chinese that could be stowed away. Thirty miles off Darigaya point fire was discovered in between decks. It soon spread to 1,000 cases of petroleum and then all hope of saving the vessel was abandoned. Two life boats were destroyed by the flames and the others were captured by the Chinese. Sharks made short work of those and in this manner the second engineer, quartermaster, steward and second officer lost their lives.

On fire being discovered almost all the Chinese ran up the rigging and other high places. As the fire increased in intensity the poor wretches dropped to the deck and into the fire. Others jumped overboard and were destroyed by sharks. Those who reached one of the boats fled to it in terror. Sharks leaped into the air to snatch their prey. The panic was fearful. The Chinese bunched together and filled the air with their screams. The fore and after parts of the burning vessel were full of people imploring assistance, and the central portion of the vessel was like the crater of a volcano.

Sharks came in droves and hundreds of them could be seen around the blazing steamer. The firemen succeeded in raising one of the overturned boats and righting her. He then went to the others and managed to get two more of them on an even keel. They were all kept at a distance and everybody who wanted to get into them had to wait until the sharks had devoured the bodies. In this way ninety-eight persons escaped and reached shore after sixteen hours of hard rowing. They at once telegraphed for assistance and the steamer San Antonio was sent out. When she reached the derelict three Chinese more dead than alive were found in the rigging. This made the total saved 233. Including officers and crew there were 283 people on board, so the sharks and flames must have devoured 182. The Don Juan was towed into Manila safe on fire.

FROM BERLIN.
The Questions of Tariff and Revenue Causing Trouble.
BERLIN, Aug. 12.—The finance committee, composed of delegates from the federated states, will meet in Berlin in September. The semi-official announcement from Frankfurt that the conference which was recently in session there had agreed to the general principles of a new taxation plan is not credited here. In the best informed quarters on the question the contrary is believed.

Count von Scherzloff, Russian Ambassador to Germany, has gone to St. Petersburg to try to convince the German minister of Dr. Witte, Russian finance minister. Count von Scherzloff is reported to be in St. Petersburg, and he is expected to be in Berlin, and he is expected to be in Berlin, and he is expected to be in Berlin.

Proceedings of the American congress are watched with keen interest here. The proposed visit in September of Cardinal Ledochowski, prefect of the congregation of propaganda, to Berlin and Rome the first time he will have visited those cities since he was exiled in 1876, is exciting the Catholic community. The cardinal was the quietest kind of reception, but the President and Catholics are determined to give him a public ovation.

HONOLULU ADVICES.
Everything remains quiet on the islands—Hawaii still there.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—Contrary to expectation Minister Blount did not arrive from Honolulu today.

Honolulu advices to Aug. 3, per steamer New York, arrived today, are to the effect that everything remains quiet, though there have been a few alarm rumors of royalist plots to which the government paid no attention. Contrary to rumor that the people would refuse to pay taxes they are coming in freely. Spreckels & Co. have paid their taxes and are already returning to Honolulu. Americans here are much pleased at the change in Hawaii, who since sending his report forward has dropped his exclusive habits and mingles freely with the Americans. The impression now is that he is favorable personally to annexation.

A military bill providing for a national guard of 100,000 men, instead of regular army, has been partially passed by the council and referred back to the committee for amendments.

Mail advices from Yokohama state that the authorities are said to have under consideration the sending of a minister to Hawaii, instead of a consul general. The great uneasiness of Japanese consuls and the political condition of the islands warrant the step.

Riots in Bombay Serious.
BOMBAY, Aug. 12.—The riots between Mahomedans and Hindus resident in this city have had no serious results than at first apprehended. Six persons injured in the rioting have died in the hospital, and many others are still under the doctors' care. Bad feeling between the two religious sects is becoming bitter. There is a feeling of uneasiness everywhere in the city and merchants and shopkeepers have closed their places of business, fearing another outbreak may occur.

No Work on May Day.
ZURICH, Aug. 12.—At the international socialist congress today the sectional committee reported in favor of universal cessation of work on May day, and demonstra-

Cleveland Congratulates Leo.
ROME, Aug. 12.—The pope has received a letter from President Cleveland congratulating him on the occasion of his golden jubilee. He sent the pope a book containing the official papers and documents written by him during his first term in office.

TWIN PLAGUES.
Yellow Fever and Cholera Have Reached Our Shores.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Startling news comes by telegraph from Brunswick, Ga., to Surgeon General Wyman. Yellow fever has appeared in that city and that its first victim is a man who was sent here to guard against the spread of the disease. Information concerning the matter known to Wyman is the following: Telegrams received by him tonight from Brunswick: "Surgeon General, detailed to enforce quarantine regulations at this port in very ill in this city at private residence. Local physicians say he has yellow fever. People are greatly alarmed."

Assistant Surgeon I. Brantman has yellow fever. Physicians are being taken. Can you send me a copy?

Another, dated Savannah, Ga., reads: "Dunwoody writes that Brantman has yellow fever. Physicians being taken; has been private telegrams, stating that people are leaving the city."

Dr. Wyman took immediate steps to prevent the disease spreading. Surgeon Carter, who arrived in Panama, to-night to take charge of the quarantine, was ordered to proceed immediately to Brunswick, to see that the United States sanitary regulations are enforced. Surgeon Hutton, who had large experience in the detection of yellow fever epidemic of 1888, arrived in Washington today from Detroit, and he was ordered to Brunswick.

Officers of the marine hospital service are not supposed to learn that yellow fever has appeared in Brunswick. Some time ago the captain died of yellow fever, and the vessel was permitted to pass quarantine and the crew landed in Brunswick. Surgeon Carter, who investigated, said Brunswick quarantine regulations are being enforced. In fact, only local quarantine officers are supposed to be in charge of the vessel, the state of Georgia having no board of health. The vessel is now in charge of the United States marine hospital service.

THE CHOLERA.
A Number of Cases at New York—Epidemic Abroad.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The health officer's bulletin says at midnight Francisco Mola, one of the passengers of the steamer Karmania, died of cholera at Swinburne island. His remains were cremated this morning. This evening Dr. Jenkins issued the following bulletin: "As one of look-to-day, Giuseppe Adams, aged 40 years, was transferred to Swinburne island, he was taken to the hospital to-night shows: Cholera patients fourteen, convalescing one, suspects three, total eighteen. All the patients in the hospital are improving, and I think all will recover with the exception of the two cases, Francisco Mola, Paolo Mariano and George Corio. Bacteriological examinations have in all cases confirmed the diagnosis of cholera."

The following cable, mailed to Paris and sent from there, was received to-night from my representative in Naples: "New York, Aug. 12.—Cholera cases for New York frequently conducted by the Italian government. There are eighteen cases and seven deaths to-day."

ROME, Aug. 12.—The official cholera report for Naples, says, "In cases and eight deaths have been recorded in the twenty-four hours ending noon to-day. An outbreak of cholera is reported in the province of Capri."

BRESCIA, Aug. 12.—Forty-two new cases of cholera and six deaths are reported in Brescia to-day. In Sciolina twenty-four new cases and eleven deaths are reported.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Another death from cholera was certified to at Grimsby on Friday.

MONEY FOR THE SOUTH.
Not Enough According to Bradstreet's, Plenty According to Bankers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Bradstreet's says: "Owing to the inability of banking institutions in the south to advance money, the cotton crop is in a crisis in which the region is imminent. It would require \$30,000,000 to move the estimated crop of 6,000,000 bales. A large part of the crop is raised by negro tenant farmers, who rely on the owners to advance the money for plowing, ginning, baling and hauling. As they are now in a view of this emergency the secretary of the treasury has just made an arrangement by which the deposit of currency with the sub-treasury at New York will be abundantly able to furnish money to move the cotton crop. One quarter of the fifty millions needed is already in the hands of farmers and as soon as it begins to move more such will be forthcoming to complete harvesting."

Recognized It as Old.
While the declaration of independence was being read at Mount Vernon, Ore., on the Fourth, a stout, chubby fellow, with laces in his hair, arose hastily, and in a stage whisper to his companion declared: "Let's go, Jennie. That's old as the hills. I heard that some piece spoke in Spanish last year, and the year afore that I heard it spoke at the Fourth of July doings in Seattle."—To land Oregonian.

Took the sack With Him.
ALBANY, Ill., Aug. 12.—Leo Baker, cashier of Wright & Co.'s bank, has absconded with all the available funds, amounting to about \$45,000, including the money of several business men, school, city and township funds; and those of the Modern Woodmen and building and loan associations.

Cleveland at Hazard's Bay.
REZZARDI BAY, Aug. 12.—President Cleveland arrived this morning at 2:30, accompanied by Dr. Bryant. He went at once to Gray Gables. He appeared somewhat tired. He will remain here until Sept. 1, or until Mrs. Cleveland is ready to return to Washington.

Talked to Empty Seats.
Congressmen Not Actively Engaged Making Speeches Off for the Session.

Will Stay Away Until Their Turn to Swell the Congressional Record.

The Speakers Saturday Were Wheeler, Morse, Harter, Hendrix, Howers and Ravinia.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The silver debate in the house today did not attract much public interest. Knowledge that no vote can possibly be reached until Aug. 29 causes the members to take little interest in the proceedings and it is doubtful whether there was a quorum present in the house today. Many members left for the senate last night, ready to remain until it should be time for them to return to deliver the speech which nearly every man is preparing on the financial situation. It seems likely that the daily spectacle in the house for the next two weeks will be that of an impassioned individual delivering a fiery speech to a score or two of his personal friends and an array of two or three hundred empty benches. When the house adjourned today there were not more than fifty representatives in the hall.

After the opening Wheeler, of Alabama, continued his speech.

Morse, republican, of Massachusetts, followed Wheeler. He heartily approved of the president's views in regard to the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, though he believed the present depression was not entirely due to that act. It came from the threats of the democrats to pass tariff legislation.

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