A Bright Lad,

Ten years of age, but who declines to give his name to the public, makes this authorized, confidential statement to us:

"When I was one year old, my mamma died of consumption. The doctor said that I, too, would soon die, and all our neighbors thought that even if I did not die, I would never be able to walk, because I was so weak and puny. A gathering formed and broke under my arm. I hurt my finger and it gathered and threw out pieces of bone. If I hurt myself so as to break the skin, it was sure to become a running sore. I had to take lots of medicine, but nothing has done me so much good as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It has made me well and strong."—T. D. M., Norcatur, Kans.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

DR. GUNN'S ONION SYRUP FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND CROUP.

GRANDMOTHER'S ADVICE.

In raising a family of nine children, my only remedy for Coughs, Colds and Croup was onion syrup. It is just as effective to-day as it was forty years ago. Now my grandchildren take Dr. Gunn's Onion Syrup which is already prepared and more pleasant to the taste. Sold everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents. Take no substitute for it. There's nothing so good.

For sale by the Parchen-D'Acheul Drug Co., Helena.

every man wearing an **O-P-C** Old Point Comfort **SUSPENSORY** experiences a wonderful sense of Strength, Comfort and Security. The only perfect and self-adjusting Suspensory. Druggists guarantee them. Accept no substitutes. O-P-C book tells why every man should wear one. Mailed free.

T. W. Heinemann Company, Patentees, Chicago

H. M. Parchen & Co.
Pope & O'Conner — Eugene Meyer
Paynter Drug Co. — R. S. Hale & Co.

Bald Heads!

What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms be warned in time or you will become bald.

Skookum Root Hair Grower

is what you need. Its production is not an accident, but the result of scientific research. Knowledge of the diseases of the hair and scalp led to the discovery of how to treat them. "Skookum" contains neither mineral nor oils. It is not a Dye, but a delightfully cooling and refreshing Tonic. By stimulating the follicles, it stops falling hair, cures dandruff and grows hair on bald heads.

☞ Keep the scalp clean, healthy, and free from irritating eruptions, by the use of Skookum Skin Soap. It destroys parasitic insects, which feed on and destroy the hair.

If your druggist cannot supply you send direct to us, and we will forward, prepaid, on receipt of price. Grower, $1.00 per bottle; 6 for $5.00. Soap, 50c. per jar; 6 for $2.50.

TRADE MARK Registered

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER CO., 57 South Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

The Celebrated French Cure.

Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded.

Is Sold on a POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over indulgence, &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for every $5.00 order received, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of Aphroditine. Circulars free. Mention paper. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO., Western Branch [illegible] P. O. Box 27.

Sold by the Parchen-D'Acheul Drug Co., Helena, Mont.

Pennyroyal Pills.

Dr. Perry's Reliable are the safest and best regulator for ladies; nothing unpleasant, and always effectual. Advice free. Packages $1 and $2, direct. THE CATON CO., Druggists, Boston, Mass.

THEY NEVER COMPROMISE

A Merciless Warfare Is That Waged by the Jewelers' Protective Union.

How It Came to Be Organized and How It Effects Its Work.

Thieves Fear and Respect It—Some Notable Robberies of Jewelry Salesmen—Some Notable Thieves.

"No quarter; no compromise with thieves," is the motto of the Jewelers' Protective union, an organization formed, as declared in its constitution, "for the mutual protection of its members in case of the robbery of any merchandise while in the custody of any of its members or their salesmen away from their respective places of business, and for the purpose of employ-

JOHNNY MEANEY.

ing the Pinkerton National Detective agency, or any other parties or means that may be deemed advisable, under the direction of the executive committee, for that purpose, to prosecute the thieves and endeavor to restore the property."

This organization is as bitter a foe as a thief ever had. Once having offended against a member of the union, he will be followed, if need be, to the ends of the earth until ultimately he is lodged in prison. The union is relentless. Its foundation principle is that there can be no compromise with thieves. If a member of the union has been robbed, a proposition for the return of the booty on condition that the robber be not prosecuted will not be entertained under any circumstances, be the stolen property ever so valuable. The thieves are followed unflinchingly to a conviction, and, according to the New York York Herald, in no case since the formation of the union has a member been robbed without at least one and usually more of the criminals concerned being captured and brought to justice. In nearly every instance also has most of the property been recovered.

Thus it has come to pass that professional thieves fully understand that if they rob a jewelry salesman who has the protection of the union they are certain to be arrested and punished for it. They have come to comprehend that a large capital is available and will be used in persistently following them up to a conviction, and now when a suggestion is made to a thief to rob a jewelry salesman the first question he will ask is whether the man carries a certificate of the Protective union.

The respect which thieves have for those who are under the protection of the union was shown after the robbery of a salesman of Carter, Sloan & Co. of New York at Covington, Ky., in 1885. The salesman had laid down his valise in a customer's store while he was showing some samples to another customer. Although he did not know it, he was being followed everywhere at the time by three well known crooks, Johnny Meaney, Paddy Gurney and Edward Carroll. It was at noontime that he was in the store, and all but two of the clerks were out at lunch.

The gang entered, and while two of them engaged the attention of the two clerks the "sneak," Meaney, went behind the counter unobserved and took the salesman's bag with its valuable contents. The union immediately notified the Chicago office of the Pinkertons, and the investigation that followed disclosed the identity of the thieves. Meantime it had come to their knowledge that the man they had robbed carried one of the Protective union's certificates, and through a lawyer in Cincinnati they restored the stolen goods, first, however, trying to make terms that they would not be followed up and prosecuted. They pleaded that they did not know he was under the protection of the union, but their terms were declined, and they became fugitives, their intention being to get abroad.

Gurney and Meaney were en route for Europe, and having already bought their steamship tickets for London were on their way to the steamer when they were accidentally met by Robert A. Pinkerton. He seized them both, but Gurney pulled away.

FRED W. DHEIN.

Meaney was jailed and sent back to Kentucky to answer the charge. He was released in $2,000 bail, which he jumped, and again started for Europe. He was out of the country for nearly two years, and during that time served a year in London. Then he came back and was again arrested for the Covington robbery. Ultimately he was sentenced to two years for the offense.

One of the most recent robberies under the union regime was that in which a salesman was relieved of $15,000 worth of jewelry and watches at Dayton, O., in 1891. This was a sample of how careless a salesman may be. He was in a customer's store at noon and intended to take a train for Cincinnati at half past 12 o'clock. While in the store a neighboring saloon keeper, named Fritz Dhein, entered and made a trade with the salesman for a diamond ring, giving another ring in return, with something "to boot."

Leaving the store, the salesman found that he had only a few minutes to catch the train, and taking his grip, which contained the valuables, he hastened to the depot and boarded one of the cars. Placing the bag under a seat he went to get a sandwich at a restaurant in the depot. He was not aware that Dhein had dogged his footsteps, and when he stepped out of the car Dhein went in, took the valise and walked out on the other side of the train.

Detectives were promptly sent to Dayton with instructions to have an eye out for Dhein, who a year before had been a very smart professional thief. This was not known in Dayton, where Dhein had settled, unsuspected by his neighbors. But he had gambled a little, had borrowed some money, and when he found that a mortgage on his saloon was about to be foreclosed he went back to his career as a "crook." Through an accomplice he had the jewelry buried on a farm, but the accomplice was arrested and his confession led to the arrest of "Little Fritzy," as Dhein was better known. He was brought to trial, but while the jury was out he escaped and is now a fugitive with a reward over his head. He went to Europe, but it is only a question of time when he will return, and when he does he will almost certainly be captured, for the union is still on his track.

Before the Jewelers' Protective union was founded in 1876 there was an average of from six to ten robberies of traveling salesmen each year. Since its formation, or rather during the 15 years from 1878 to 1893, there have been only 20 robberies in all.

The formation of the union was largely due to the robbery of a salesman of William R. Alling & Co. of New York. This salesman had been selling in Boston, where his movements had been watched by a gang of professional thieves, among whom were Landon W. Moore, alias Charley Adams, Gussie Raymond, and George Briggs, better known as "the Kid." The salesmen had his diamonds and jewelry in a trunk, and when he left Boston for Springfield this trunk was checked as ordinary baggage.

When he arrived at Springfield, however, he found that his check called only for a valise, which he found to be filled with fruit and waste paper. The thieves had changed the checks on the trunk and valise in Boston, and the trunk went with them to Hartford and thence to New York, where they emptied it of its valuable contents. Instead, however, of destroying it they reshipped it to Baltimore, where it was found. The thieves were caught in New York, and Briggs and Raymond were convicted. Part of the plunder was recovered.

Mr. Allen became so interested in this case that he got a number of wholesale jewelers together, and they formed the union for mutual protection. He is now its president and has always been its prime mover. Its success from the start was unquestioned, although even with the pro-

GEORGE WILLIAMS, ALIAS WOODFORD.

tection it affords there have been some important robberies, most of which, however, have been the fault of careless salesmen.

A salesman for the New York house of Max Freund & Co., while stopping at the Palmer House in Chicago in 1878, went to dinner one day leaving his trunk unguarded in his room. It was filled with jewelry, watches and diamonds, valued at $25,000, but when the salesman's dinner was over it was empty. This robbery, which was committed by George Williams, Paddy Gurney, Johnny Meaney and Edward Quinn, was the first after the formation of the union, and it served to bring the organization so prominently before the trade that nearly all the wholesalers in the country became members. Williams was arrested, and all the stolen property was recovered. The other thieves left the country until after Williams' conviction.

Another notable robbery was that of a Maiden lane salesman in Baltimore in 1881. Those who committed it were Walter Sheridan, alias Stewart, alias C. Ralston; Dave Cummins, alias "Little Dave," and Tom Biglin, all noted professional thieves. There was nothing to show positively that they had done the deed, but the Pinkertons got private information that they were concerned in it. Still it was impossible to get evidence, and President Alling instructed the detectives to keep track of the thieves until they could be caught in some other crimes and thus be ultimately punished.

This policy finally led to the arrest of Sheridan within a year in Philadelphia for "pennyweighting" diamonds—that is, exchanging paste gems for the real jewels in a tray in a store. He was convicted and sentenced to five years in the eastern penitentiary. Dave Cummins was followed clear to Wisconsin, where he was caught robbing a hotel in Geneva Lake, and he also got five years. Biglin fled to Europe, and before the union had an opportunity to catch him in a crime he died. Sheridan, or Ralston, as he was perhaps better known, was finally arrested in Canada for trying to "sneak" a bank vault and died in jail while awaiting trial.

Hunting on a Bicycle.

An Oregon man claims to be the first person to go deer hunting on a bicycle. The inflated tire on his wheel allowed of his traveling swiftly and noiselessly over the ground strewn with pine needles, and before he pedaled many miles he came upon an unsuspecting deer quietly browsing just ahead of him. He killed the animal and returned to the hotel with it slung over his shoulders.

This Bullet Was Slow but Sure.

Albert Jones, a farmer living near Grandview, Tex., was wounded in the leg at the battle of Chickamauga nearly 30 years ago. The wound has given him no inconvenience until within the last 12 months, and a few days ago it was found necessary to amputate the limb. The bullet was found imbedded in the bone.

To Stamp Collectors.

Cancelled Postage Stamps For Sale or Exchange.

I have a very large stock of cancelled stamps of India, China, England, Hong Kong, Japan, Philippine Islands, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Turkey and Siam, as well as duplicates of those of various parts of Europe. Address,

R. W. LORA,
No. 53 West 132d St., New York, S. S. A.

TANSY PILLS!

Dr. Caton's Reliable Compound for Ladies are Safe, Prompt, Effectual. The original and only genuine Woman's Salvation. Sent direct, $1 sealed. Advice free. CATON SPEC. CO., Boston, Mass.

WE LOWER THE RECORD.

OUR buyer is back from the East. A second princely stock is here. Push, pull, power, and knowing how to buy goods and how to sell them, gives us the lion's share of the Dry Goods business of Montana.

Read the Great Offerings This Week.

ILLUMINATED OFFERINGS

Illuminated Diagonal Serge, 38 inches wide. Sold everywhere for 60c. Our price..... **34c**

A splendid line Princess Cloth, plaids and plain, Sold everywhere for 75c. Our price..... **37½c**

Iridescent Sail Cloth, 38 inches wide. Sold everywhere for 85c. Our price..... **56¼c**

IRIDESCENT OFFERINGS

DRESS PATTERNS

A Startling Sale.

You have but to make selections. Rich patterns made free of charge. Trimmings, Fan and Gloves included. No disappointment, as a guarantee fit goes with all. 'Tis a remarkable offer, but then we are doing the Dry Goods business of Helena. Remember all for the price of the pattern.

Grand Bargain Week.

JACKETS AND CAPES.

SPECIAL PRICES.

Orders Promptly Filled. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

New York Dry Goods Store

48, 50 and 52 South Main St., Helena, Montana.

ALIAS SUMMONS—IN THE DISTRICT court of the First Judicial district of the state of Montana, in and for the county of Lewis and Clarke.

Henry Wesler, plaintiff, vs Henry M. Granger, defendant.

The state of Montana sends greeting to the above named defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the district court of the First judicial district of the state of Montana, in and for the county of Lewis and Clarke, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but within this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a judgment and decree foreclosing a certain mechanic's lien for labor performed by plaintiff and one John East in moving a building on the premises of defendant, at the request of said, on a contract with his agent, Herbert B. Reed. Said lien having been duly filed in the office of the county clerk and recorder of Lewis and Clarke county, the property being described as follows: East seventeen feet of lot 2 and the west seventeen feet of lot 3, in block 42, in Broadwater addition to the city of Helena. The complaint alleges an assignment of the interest of John East to plaintiff, and asks for judgment for the sale of the property to pay the amount of said lien, sixty dollars and interest; three dollars paid for verifying and filing said lien, and fifty dollars attorneys fees and costs of suit.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the district court of the First judicial district of the state of Montana, in and for the county of Lewis and Clarke, this 9th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Seal First Jud. Dist. Court.

JOHN BEAN, Clerk.

By G. O. FREEMAN, Deputy Clerk.
Frank D. Miracle, attorney for plaintiff.

SUMMONS—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the First Judicial district of the state of Montana, in and for the county of Lewis and Clarke.

Matilda Fumage, plaintiff, vs John A. Brundage, defendant.

The state of Montana sends greeting to the above named defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the district court of the First judicial district of the state of Montana, in and for the county of Lewis and Clarke, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but within this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of said court dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant on the grounds, first, that on or about the 10th day of May, A. D. 1892, the said defendant disregarding the solemnity of his marriage vows, wilfully and without cause deserted and abandoned plaintiff, and ever since has, and still continues so to wilfully and without cause desert and abandon said plaintiff, and to live separate and apart from her without any sufficient cause or any reason, and against her will and without her consent; second, that the defendant disregarding his duties as a husband was guilty of habitual drunkenness for more than two years immediately preceding the said 10th day of May, A. D. 1892; also to obtain the custody of Pearl E. Brundage, a girl aged twenty months, the issue of said marriage, all of which appears more fully in the complaint on file herein to which special reference is hereby made.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the district court of the First judicial district of the state of Montana, in and for the county of Lewis and Clarke, this 9th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Seal First Jud. Dist. Court.

JOHN BEAN, Clerk.

By JESSE HICKER, Deputy Clerk.
Ella L. Knowles, attorney for plaintiff.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS — ESTATE OF Wm. J. Woods, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Wm. J. Woods, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within six months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administratrix at Augusta, Montana, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of the said estate in the county of Lewis and Clarke.

Rena M. Woods, administratrix of the estate of Wm. J. Woods.

Dated Oct. 14, 1893.

1864. 1893

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HARDWARE,

IRON AND NAILS.

House Furnishing Goods,
Coal and Wood Heating Stoves,
Cast and Wrought Steel Ranges.

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M. UNZICKER, Western Representative.

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Mining and Milling Machinery.

Gold Mills, Wet and Dry Crushing Silver Mills, Smelting, Concentrating, Leaching, Chlorinating, Hoisting and Pumping Plants of any capacity. Tramways, Corliss Engines, Compound Engines, Boilers, Cars, Cages, Skips, Ore and Water Buckets, Wheels and Axles, and all kinds of Mine Supplies. Exclusive eastern manufacturers and agents for J. M. Bryan's Roller quartz Mill and Hendy's Improved Triumph Concentrator.

WESTERN OFFICE—No. 4 Lower Main Street, Helena, Montana
GENERAL OFFICE AND WORKS—Clybourn Avenue and Willow Street, Chicago, Illinois.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—ESTATE OF Edward T. Dunphy, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Edward T. Dunphy, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator at my office, room 3, Union Block, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the county of Lewis and Clarke.

C. W. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Edward T. Dunphy.

Dated Helena, Oct. 17, 1893.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Yellowstone National Park Transportation company.—Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Yellowstone National Park Transportation company will be held in the office of the Merchants National bank, in the city of Helena, Lewis and Clarke county, Montana, on Monday, November 13th, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which meeting an election of the trustees of the company for the following year will be held, and such other business of the company as may be presented will be acted upon.

H. W. CHILD, President.
E. W. BACH, Secretary.