

October and November Quotations.

Standard Whiskies.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES:

Table with 2 columns: Wholesale Per Proof Gal. and Retail Per Gal. Lists various whiskies like M. V. Monarch, Nelson, Old Crow, etc.

We also have in Louisville, Ky., free bonded warehouse 50 bbls Old Taylor, spring 1891, which we will sell in 5 bbl. lots, certificates all free from any storage and taxes, at \$2.00 per proof gallon.

WINES.

The following wines, in bulk, at quotations as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Wholesale Per Gal. and Retail Per Gal. Lists various wines like Port, Sherry, Angelica, Muscat, etc.

I. L. Israel & Co.

TELEPHONE 122.

HELENA. - - MONTANA.

- RUBBERS, OVERSHOES, FELT BOOTS, FELT SHOES, FELT SLIPPERS, GERMAN SOCKS.

While the tendency of the times may be towards lower prices, we believe the

Best is the Cheapest

Under any and all circumstances. We have adhered to a

Higher Standard

Than many dealers do, and we frankly say we do not attempt to follow competition to the point where

Quality is Sacrificed

to price. Poor Shoes are dear at any price.

We will quote as low prices as possible, consistent with goods that will please you.

W. E. THISTLEWATE

THE CASH SHOE MAN.

123 N. Main Street.

WAS A BIG SUCCESS

The Services at the Opera House Sunday Afternoon Seemed to Meet With Popular Approval.

"THE LIVING CHRIST, AND TO-DAY."

That Was the Subject of an Eloquent and Able Address by the Rev. Dr. Thomas Cooper.

Dr. Thomas Cooper's "pleasant Sunday afternoon for the people" brought a very large congregation to the opera house yesterday afternoon. The house was crowded from the gallery to the orchestra row. Members of all congregations were there; people of all sects, and people of no religious views whatever; poor folks and rich sat side by side and enjoyed the exercises. The service was one that will be long remembered. It seemed to strike a responsive chord in the great audience, for the singing was spontaneous, and the interest was at all times intense. When the great audience was pleased at some particularly good thing, it showed its appreciation by the usual method—that is, by applause. Dr. Cooper's two addresses met with especial favor; each time the doctor concluded the audience demonstrated its appreciation by tremendous applause. It was a most novel and successful meeting, the only one of the kind ever held in Helena. To many it demonstrated beyond all question that a people's church would meet with popular favor in this city.

Dr. Cooper was assisted in the services by Rev. John H. Shelton and Rev. W. W. Love. Judge Armitage led the congregational singing. The meeting opened promptly at 3:30 by the singing of the hymn "From All That Dwells Below the Skies." This was followed by Scripture reading and prayer by Rev. Mr. Shelton. Next came the prelude. This was an eloquent address by Dr. Cooper upon the relation of the living Christ to the social life of to-day. Among many things of interest, Dr. Cooper said:

"Buda, Confucius and Zoroaster are dead; only the influence of their writings remain. But Christianity is a living religion. It is the living Christ in us, and the living Christ in us is less interested in the life of to-day than he was in the life of the world 2,000 years ago. "Transition of religious belief so characteristic of this age, the problems associated with capital and labor, the best social aspect of city life, not less than the developments of science and the glories of art, ought not to be, are not, divorced from the reign of the Nazarene. Referring in glowing language to the delight of Montana over Helena's recent victory, the doctor said: "There was one bright face looking down from the glorious heavens of truth upon the thrilling scenes. On the demonstration of the gratitude, by which our people recognized the sacrifices which so many of their leaders had so joyfully made in the cause of truth and righteousness, fell the benedictions of Jesus. Then, the moral sense of the people of Montana indignantly repelled corruption, and the moral conscience of the commonwealth rose to scourge the offender. Christianity scored another triumph."

"To make men good," concluded the doctor, "to make men true, to inspire them with the impulses of love, to impel them to deeds of chivalry, was the motive of Christ in touching the springs of human life to-day. Therefore we who surround him today surround our wealth, talents, culture, taste, yes, our very lives, to his service, and crown him Lord of all." Dr. Cooper's address was followed by a duet by Madam Medini and Mrs. Henry Foots. Next came the reading by Miss Florence Flisk, and "Throw Out the Life Line," a solo by Mrs. D. B. Carpenter, with the chorus by the people. This was followed by an address by Dr. Cooper on "Luke's Cartoon of the Prodigal." Dr. Cooper's address was characteristically original. He took a view of the story of the prodigal that was most interesting and logical; his exposition was a picture of the department of life. Instead of denouncing the youthful wanderer in terms of severity, as is so often done, he found characteristics that merited a qualified approval; for instance, the prodigal son coveted only what was admittedly his own, he resented upon a reckless career, he refused to shock the moral sense of his father, or the fine feelings of his sister, by flinging around the homestead the shadow of a guilty life, and he went into a far country. Moreover, when poverty took him, this child of indulgence was not unwilling to earn his bread by menial toil. All that followed was praise-worthy. In his dazed soul a picture of conscience and home loomed up. Back to that home he traced his lonely and weary steps.

At this point the doctor dealt scathing blows at that spirit still rampant in religious circles which makes it hard for a man to reform, and in brilliant language he demanded help for the weak, and sympathy for the man who, with strong crying and tears, was struggling to free himself from temptation and sin. The great audience was visibly moved by his closing appeal to young men present to avoid the mistakes of the prodigal and shelter themselves from coming retribution in the mercy of God.

Gen. Miles Off For New York.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Gen. Miles left the city to-day for New York, where he will assume command of the department of the east. Four officers who had been attached to the headquarters of the department of Missouri, during the last four years, will be members of Gen. Miles' official family at Governor's island. They are Capt. E. L. Huggins, Marlon P. Maus and Francis Michler, his aide de camps, and Capt. James Allen, chief signal officer of this department.

Officially Announced.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 18.—Following the custom that has prevailed ever since the death of Peter the Great, imperial heralds paraded throughout the city to-day and announced that the funeral of Czar Alexander would take place to-morrow in the cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul. Immense crowds are still waiting to gain admission to the cathedral to view the czar's body for the last time.

Gov. Waite to Lecture.

Denver, Nov. 18.—Gov. Waite has decided to go upon the lecture platform. He will make a short tour in the west before his term expires, delivering his first lecture at St. Louis, Nov. 19 or 20, and going from there to Chicago. After his term expires he will lecture to the east.

Will Not Talk of Plans.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Democratic senators who are at present in the city decline almost without exception to discuss the probable plans of the democratic leaders in the senate with reference to supplemental tariff bills at the forthcoming session of congress.

DOGS OF WAR.

Those of Mexico May Soon Be Let Slip on Guatemala.

Committee Mex., Nov. 17.—New troops have arrived and taken station covering the line. There is the strongest possible feeling here in favor of war with Guatemala. The Chapans are all willing to shoulder muskets, and many of them have made offers to the government for arms for war purposes. The people of the Guatemalan frontier are most bitter in their complaints against the Guatemalan government, which has lately relieved all authorities who were from this section, and have appointed people from the interior to fill their positions, and an uprising is imminent. An agent of the Guatemalan government is here trying to purchase horses for the cavalry. The Tenth Mexican infantry covers the frontiers and, besides, the new national guard has its headquarters here.

Veracruz, Mex., Nov. 17.—The Nineteenth infantry has embarked on gunboats to go to Tobacco. Two hundred and fifty thousand cartridges have been shipped south within the last few weeks. The fourth infantry is expected here in a few days to go to Tobacco also.

City of Mexico, Nov. 17.—The national arms factory here is turning out cartridges as fast as possible. The greatest battle is noticeable in the late department. This is giving rise to many rumors. It is rumored that Assistant Secretary of War Escudero is going to Veracruz within a few days to see about better transportation for troops to the Guatemalan frontier.

Mazatlan, Nov. 17.—The steamship Jandrow is now ready to take on her new armament, and it is reported that she will immediately get ready to take from Mazatlan to the Guatemalan frontier from Acapulco.

San Cristobal de las Caras, Mex., Nov. 17.—The greatest enthusiasm exists in this state in favor of war. The government has been asked to accept volunteers. Societies have been organized who will tender their services to the state and federal government, and expect to be sent to the front. A number of Guatemalan spies are known to be on the frontier and near the military camps, but so far no attention has been paid to them except to order them away.

A BOGUS BODY.

Palmed Off on an Insurance Company for One of Its Risks.

Philadelphia, Nov. 17.—By the arrest of R. H. Holmes, alias Howard, in Boston, a gigantic swindling scheme has been unearthed by the detectives of the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance association of this city. On Sept. 3, last, the corpse of a man was found at 1,316 Calowhill street this city, and was buried by the coroner under the name of B. J. Pitzel. Now it appears that the corpse was that of the insurance company's agent, while in St. Louis, became cognizant of some of the facts and formulated a story of conspiracy. He discovered that Holmes and Howe had been related in the character of the client in a case where Holmes had been arrested under the name of H. M. Howard for obtaining goods under false pretenses. Then it was found that Holmes and Pitzel had been in business together in Chicago during the World's fair, where they conducted a hotel with secret rooms in which they hid goods, obtained by swindling merchants. The place was called the "World's Fair Hotel." While here Pitzel took a policy with the Fidelity company which followed his example a month later, both giving notes for the first payment. Holmes was chased all over the country. It was learned that Pitzel and Holmes obtained by some means the corpse of a man who was buried in a hospital here, surrounded it by evidence of violent death in the Calowhill street house and obtained the \$10,000. Holmes was arrested in Boston by detectives, who are now after other conspirators.

ELEVEN TOOK SHOTS.

Two Corpses and a Few Perforated Are Among the Debris.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 18.—A bloody battle was fought to-day in which John Ashby, an ex-politician, and Jack Nevelin, a grocer and saloonist, were mortally wounded, and a policeman wounded. Nevelin had told Ashby and his gang to stop dancing in his place on Sunday. They left and frightened some women in a house of ill-fame by a sham fight. One of them was cut to pieces. Just then Ashby stepped from behind a tree and attacked Nevelin with a club. Nevelin ran into the house and he and his brother appealed to two policemen who appeared for protection. Ashby drew a revolver and fired at Jack Nevelin. Immediately seven pistols were drawn and a perfect fusillade followed. Ashby fell with a ball in his right breast and lung and now dying. Jack Nevelin fell with a bullet in his left breast, one in the arm, and one finger shot off. He is now unconscious and cannot live. Officer Stuart received a ball in his leg. All parties implicated, of whom there are about eleven, are of prominent families.

NOT THE STRANGLER.

Though He Tried to Strangle a Woman of Bad Name.

Denver, Nov. 18.—H. Moller, an Italian, entered the house of Marie Ventres at 1329 Twentieth street, near Market, about midnight last night, and soon became engaged in a quarrel with the woman, and without the least warning, caught her by the throat. He pressed his thumbs tightly upon her windpipe and squeezed so hard the woman was not able to utter a sound. She imagined the man engaged in checking her with the one who had strangled Lena Tapper, Marie Contassolt and Kiku Oyama. She is a woman of physical strength and managed to release herself. She screamed for help, and when she was alone Moller was trying to cut her throat with a razor.

Chief of Police Armstrong and the police generally think Moller is nothing more than an ill-tempered Italian. Detectives are not enthusiastic in the idea that his prisoner is the man who strangled three women recently.

Property Man Killed.

Chester, Pa., Nov. 18.—Charles Smith, of Kentucky, property man for the "South" here last night, met with a horrible death this morning. The company was quartered in a car on the track of the B. & O. railroad. Smith was smoking on the rear platform when the train backed on a siding with a bump, knocking Smith over the rear of the car. Before reaching ground he was caught between the two cars and crushed to death.

FAIR AWAY ALASKA

The Governor of the Territory Says They Had a Successful and Prosperous Year.

FISHING AND MINING PROSPERED.

Inhabitants Are Forsaking the Tents of Their Fathers and Building for Themselves Houses.

Washington, Nov. 17.—James Sheakley, governor of Alaska, has submitted his annual report to the secretary of the interior of the general conditions of the territory. He says: "Notwithstanding unfavorable climatic conditions of the spring and early summer months, many new enterprises were entered upon and old ones completed. The fisheries have been useful, and the mines have yielded profitable returns; population has been largely augmented by immigration, and the people have enjoyed a season of progress and prosperity. The civil officers have been vigilant and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and in view of the extent of the territory over which they exercise authority, and the absence of transportation and other facilities indispensable for the execution of law, crime is less frequent, and law and order quite as well enforced as in some of the more densely populated and highly civilized communities. The building of saw mills and manufacturing of lumber in the territory have revolutionized and improved the manner of constructing habitations in all of the villages. "The leading trait in the character of Alaska nature is imitiveness. Being possessed of considerable mechanical skill, and willing to work, they purchased and erected modern houses. Some of them are built in an original style of architecture and painted in colors of barbaric state, but are comfortable and indicate the progress they have made toward civilization. The immigration of the past year has included all parts of southeastern Alaska, and they deserve the commendation of all for the good they have accomplished. "He estimates the population at about 22,000. The Siberian reindeer experiment he thinks will prove successful. Good progress is made in education. Considerable trouble has been experienced in preventing the sale of intoxicating liquors. He says Alaska has 4,900 miles of sea coast, and revenue officers have serious difficulty in preventing smuggling. The patrol of Bering sea has not prevented poaching. The governor says: "Lieutenant Commander Drake, of the United States navy, in command of the United States steamer Albatross, who came into the port of Sitka Sept. 27, ten days from the seal islands, reports that forty vessels were in the Bering sea hunting fur seals during the months of August and September, and the harbor of the Bering sea is now afloat with an average of 1,800 skins each, 72 per cent of which were females." He also stated that but 12 per cent of the vessels were Americans, the others being mostly British.

"It is obvious that if this destructive marauding is allowed to continue it will be but a few years until the seal rookeries of Alaska will be entirely deserted, and the business of fur sealing will have passed into history. "Alaska," Gov. Sheakley says, "is a great fishing country. Food fishes are inexhaustible, cod fish, salmon and halibut being most important, but there are nearly 100 other kinds. More government buildings are necessary for the accommodation of public business. Mining is elevating in Alaska, and promises to be a permanent industry. Some veins of rich gold bearing quartz have been discovered during the two years past. The Alaska Treadwell Gold Mining company in one year made a profit of \$444,000. This is the biggest quartz mill in America, it having 340 stamps."

ALREADY IMPATIENT.

Republican Congressmen Figuring on Committee Positions.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The house committees, which are expected to be of greatest importance in the next congress, are the ways and means, appropriations, rules, banking and currency, coinage, weights and measures, rivers and harbors, and public buildings and grounds. The first three named always head the list in the order of importance. Others are expected to assume importance in the next congress, because of the special conditions which will prevail during that congress. The banking and currency committee will certainly be one of the most important committees on the list, if there should be an effort, as is hinted there may be, to revise the currency laws and change the present system. The probability that the republican party, when it comes into power in the house, will want to formulate a policy on this question, will have the effect also of advancing the coinage committee to a position of first rank. The rivers and harbors and the public buildings committees will have the delicate task of providing for public improvements. With so many new members on the republican side of the chamber, and all feeling that it would be necessary to make a showing to their constituents, there will naturally be a pretty general clamor of applications for postoffice buildings, custom houses and river and harbor improvements. Hermann, of Oregon, takes first place in the republican members of the river and harbor committee. Milliken, of Maine, leads in the committee on public buildings. Mr. Walker, of Massachusetts, is senior member, and his chances for the chairmanship of the banking and currency committee are the best. Mr. Stone, of Pennsylvania, would naturally become chairman of the committee on weights, measures and coinage, if he desired the place. In the case of the order of events, however, C. Burrows, of Michigan, will become chairman of the ways and means committee, with Mr. Reed in the speaker's chair, but there is little doubt he will be given this important post, which will carry with it the republican leadership on the floor of the house. If he falls in his ambition to succeed Senator Patten in the senate, and Burrows in the senate, there would be only three republican members of the present committee left to choose from, these being Payne, of New York; Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, and Hopkins, of Illinois.

D. E. Henderson, of Iowa, is ranking republican member of the appropriations committee, with Cannon, of Illinois, also a possibility. It is possible that neither Cannon nor Henderson will get the place, for in the event of Burrows becoming chairman of the ways and means committee, the probabilities are strong that the east would demand the chairmanship of the next most important committee, which would be the appropriations. In that contingency,

Gen. Cogswell's chances for being promoted to the head of the committee would be excellent. If Reed becomes speaker of the house, the republican membership of the committee on rules will probably be composed of himself, Burrows, of Michigan, the appropriations and the ways and means committees. He pursued this plan in the Fifty-first congress, and there is reason to believe that he would revive it rather than institute Crisp in the policy of distributing honors.

Must Suffer the Penalty.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Secretary Herbert has approved the sentence of the court martial in the case of David B. Sayre, clerk to Paymaster J. E. McCann, who was convicted at Norfolk of embezzling \$1,901 from the government. Sayre will be confined for two years in the Boston naval prison at a loss of all pay save \$10 per month, and a fine of \$125 upon the termination of the sentence, and then to be dishonorably discharged from service.

Status of Appraisers.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The attorney general has rendered an opinion defining the status of the board of general customs appraisers at New York, in which he holds that they are subordinate officers of the treasury department.

RENT IN THE EARTH.

More Than a Hundred Deaths From the Recent Earthquakes.

Rome, Nov. 18.—Details of the earthquake are coming in slowly. The centers of disturbance were in the vicinity of Palmi, twenty-one miles northwest of Reggio, and Bagnara, on the gulf of Gioia, almost directly opposite Punta del Faro, Sicily. The village of Sao Procopio, near Palmi, was almost entirely destroyed. Near sixty persons were killed. Forty seven of these met their death in a church to which they had fled for refuge. Their bodies are still in the ruins. At Bagnara seven persons were killed. Eight lost their lives at Mamerino and San Eufemia, being crushed to death, while many others were injured. Inhabitants of these places are obliged to camp in the open air. Prime Minister Crispini has sent a large sum of money for the relief of the sufferers and has placed two vessels at the disposal of the prefect of Bagnara.

In the Calabrian towns of Triparni and Mileto many houses were destroyed and a number of persons injured. Much damage was also done in the adjacent province of Catanzaro. The residents of Messina were in a condition of panic last night. They were in great fear of a renewal of the shocks, and passed the night camped out in the squares of the city, in railway carriages, and on board vessels lying in the harbor. The panic has lessened to-night and in some instances the work of repairing damaged buildings has already commenced.

Large electric lights have been erected to illuminate the channel until the light house destroyed by earthquake shall have been rebuilt.

GREAT REJOICING.

Over the Escape of One Democrat From the Turcon.

Special to The Independent.

Forsyth, Nov. 17.—Forsyth had a glorious family gathering of all her people last night to celebrate after the election. All, without respect to politics, turned out to a grand feast at the town hall and did honor to their popular and highly esteemed fellow citizen, Mr. James S. Hopkins, who is elected as a democrat to the legislature. There was a great feast for those who wished to eat of the barbecued steer. The music was furnished by the excellent Miles City brass band. The Yagoo called upon Rev. Mr. Reed and Judge Milburn, who congratulated the people upon the harmony of their gathering, and while not indulging in politics congratulated them upon their having so good a man to represent them in the legislature. The town was alive, and bonfires illuminated the streets. Had our republican friends heard the singing, the deafening cheers, seen the jubilant faces of the whole gathering, they would not think with Fuch the democratic party was drowned in the deluge.

GREEN BANDITS.

Bungling Job of an Attempt to Rob a Passenger Train.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 18.—Shortly after midnight this morning an attempt to hold up passenger train No. 5, on the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley road, at Panther Run, Miss., was balked by coolness of Engineer Koner. Panther Run is a small way station. After night-fall, half a dozen strange men entered the hamlet and hung around for an hour or two. Then they disappeared and were not seen again until the train had stopped and was starting out, when one of them appeared on the track ahead, signaling the engineer to stop. Koner pulled up the throttle and the signal light half a dozen masked men stood there, revolvers in hand, and all took shots at the locomotive cab. Fireman Cole received a bullet through the arm and is seriously wounded. The arm and leg were evidently new at the business. Railway officials are exerting themselves to apprehend the would-be robbers.

Riordan Buried.

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 18.—The funeral of Col. Riordan was held to-day. It was attended by the members of Fitzsimmons' variety company and a large number of sporting men. The services were conducted by Rev. A. S. Durston, secretary of the local Y. M. C. A. The pall bearers were Fitzsimmons, Joe Dunfee, Yank Sullivan, Dick Whittle, Edward Forrest, and Capt. Glori, manager of the Fitzsimmons company. At the conclusion of the services the body was taken to the vault at Oakwood.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Corbett telegraphed Bob Fitzsimmons to-night, offering financial aid if needed in his present trouble, and giving the Australian permission to draw down half of his forfeit money, the amount to be refunded when Fitzsimmons is free from legal complications.

Come With Their Guns.

Canon City, Col., Nov. 18.—Two prisoners, Hutchins and Furman, escaped from the county jail early to-day. They cut their way through the ceiling and broke the thick iron doors. They entered the jailer's office and stole four revolvers and a certificate of deposit for \$200. They left a note saying that whoever followed them had better come prepared to shoot.

Fourteen Days More of Life.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 18.—Gov. Osborne has granted a fourteen days' stay of execution to Frank Howard, under sentence to be hanged at Rawlins, Nov. 23, for the murder of Deputy Sheriff Horn at Dixon, last January. The stay was granted to enable Howard's attorney to present reasons why sentence should be commuted to life imprisonment.

"THY KINGDOM COME"

"Thy Will Be Done on Earth as It is in Heaven," Was the Preacher's Text.

ANNUAL SERMON TO THE W. C. T. U.

Problem to Be Solved in Bringing in the Kingdom, and the Solution of Present Problems.

Cleveland, Nov. 18.—Business was laid aside to-day by the delegates and officers of the national W. C. T. U. convention. The hours were devoted to worship and rest. Many of the visitors spoke in pulpits thrown open to them by city pastors. Communion was held at music hall at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Dr. James W. Bashford, of Wesleyan university, was accorded the honor of delivering the annual sermon. The preacher took for his text, Matthew vi, 1—"Thy kingdom come, thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven." He said the aim of the W. C. T. U. was to bring in the kingdom of Heaven on earth. He thought the subject for consideration should be, "The problem to be solved in bringing in the kingdom." "The best solution of the problems which confront our civilization." One of the problems he regarded to be the growth of cities. With increase of population, has also come an increase in the tax rate.

In the early part of his address, Dr. Bashford turned to a discussion of Tammany. "We have all just witnessed," said he, "the humiliating revelation of municipal corruption in the chief city of the land. It is now established that Tammany has been stealing fifteen millions a year. The question of municipal government is a national problem. If the corruption of our cities grows with the cities' growth during the next half century, the republic is doomed. Do we not need to pray earnestly to-day, 'thy kingdom come, thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven'?"

World-wide relations were next discussed. "We are spiritually asleep," said the preacher; "dreaming the selfsame dreams of race supremacy that have wrecked the greatest nations of the world. Meanwhile, Jehovah is saying to us as he said to the Jews of old, 'Either serve the word or perish.'"

The latter part of the sermon was an account of the temperance movement in Washington's time. Washington, a hundred years ago, was characterized as a temperance reformer. Washington owned a distillery and sold whisky. His expense account, in his own hand-writing, shows that he spent money freely for liquor when he was a candidate for the house of burgesses, and yet one of the first temperance organizations a hundred years ago took refuge under his name and called itself the Washington society. At the rate at which temperance reform had progressed since that time the ultimate triumph of its progress would be seen in the Twentieth century.

After the sermon a rousing suffragette meeting was held, presided over by Susan B. Anthony.

THE DIAMOND MONOPOLY.

The Czar of the Sparklers Wants Free Trade in His Goods.

London, Nov. 18.—Regarding the diamond trade, Premier Cecil Rhodes, of Cape Colony, who amassed such a large fortune as director of various diamond mines at Kimberley that he obtained the designation of "The Diamond King," said in an interview: "We went to Chicago and spent \$10,000 at the world's fair. The only thing we got in return was a prohibitive duty. America has usually taken about one-third of the export of cut diamonds, but during the last few years of the depression in the United States the sale has been much reduced. We find that where one part of the world is depressed trade with others is improved. "The output of diamonds is regulated. We could mine three times the quantity of diamonds produced, but we could not use them, and there is no advantage in producing beyond a certain amount. I am a free trader, but if a country persistently shuts out the products of another country, I believe the country discriminated against is perfectly justified in shutting out the products of the country which first imposed discriminating duties."

Died Joking With His Children.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Thomas Bayley Entwisle, the inspector of buildings for the District of Columbia, died of heart failure at his residence, in Georgetown, in his fifth year. He was in perfect health during the day, and up to within a minute before his death was joking with his children and grandchildren, who were in the room with him. One of Mr. Entwisle's daughters is the wife of Col. A. A. Wilson, United States marshal for the District.

The Mayor Chips in.

Washington Court House, O., Nov. 18.—The mayor, in answer to a coroner's verdict, has sent a second letter to Gov. McKinley, inviting and urging him to come to Washington Court House to investigate personally the charges of murder against Col. Colt and Sheriff Cook. The mayor insists that there was no mob and that the people of Fayette county have done nothing to justify such stories as have been started by Col. Coit and his friends.

The Landing of Chinese.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 18.—United States District Judge Bellinger has rendered a decision refusing to land all Chinese except native born. If Chinese born in this country are refused landing by collectors of customs, they appeal to the court in accordance with the decision of Judge Myers. In the case of aliens, Judge Bellinger holds that only the secretary of the treasury can reverse a collector of customs.

Fancy Flyers at Fleetwood.

New York, Nov. 18.—There will be some very fancy trotting and pacing at Fleetwood Park Tuesday next. The following record makers will contest: Flyin' Jim will go to beat the track record of 2:56 1/2, made by Nancy Hanks; John R. Gentry will start to beat Directum's record over the Fleetwood course; Flying Jim and running mate, record 1:58 1/2, will go to beat two minutes.

Silently Stole Away.

Laramie, Wyo., Nov. 18.—John Tregahing, a convict, serving a life sentence in the penitentiary for the murder of George B. Henderson, in Fremont county, in 1881, escaped in some manner unknown yesterday, during the snow storm. Warden Adams has offered \$500 reward for the apprehension of the prisoner. Tregahing in the past two months, Kinch McKinney, a cattle thief, being the other.