

# JUDITH GAP JOURNAL

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## LAVINA SUIT IS DISMISSED

That there will be no transfer connection between the Great Northern and Milwaukee roads west of Lavina seems pretty well assured by the outcome of the suit which was filed in Musselshell county about a year ago by the railway commission in an effort to force the connection. The case was later transferred to the district court of Cascade county, and the Great Falls Tribune of last Thursday tells of its final dismissal.

By an order which was yesterday signed and filed in the district court, says the Tribune, the case brought in that court by former Attorney General Albert Galen for the state of Montana against the Great Northern Railway company and the Chicago Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway company to compel them to obey an order of the state railroad commission, has been dismissed.

This suit was brought to enforce the order of the commission for the establishment of transfer facilities, both freight and passenger, where the Billings branch of the Great Northern crosses overhead the main line of the Milwaukee near the station of Lavina on the Musselshell. Two companies filed demurrers to the action and these demurrers were sustained by the court and the plaintiff was given the right to file an amended complaint.

However, the order filed yesterday shows that the plaintiff elected to stand on the complaint and not to further plead in the case wherefore it is dismissed by the court.

## JURY LIST IS NOW COMPILED

County Commissioner Starrett, County Treasurer Anderson, Assessor Stewart and County Clerk Fowle, met Friday, for the purpose of gathering the names of all men in this county who are subject to jury call. This list is used in drawing the names from during the coming year.

The names are all taken from the assessment list of last year, and gone



There is great rejoicing throughout Montana. Even the Indians are dancing with glee and the bronchos are whinnying their happiness.

All this because the Secretary of the Interior Department at Washington has appointed James L. Galen of Helena, an erstwhile cowboy and son of a stage driver, as Superintendent of Glacier National Park.

Galen is a native son of Montana, having been born in Helena, March 28, 1871. The territory, which Congress in 1910 set aside as Glacier National Park, the Blackfoot Indians used to share with him as a hunting ground. Galen knew these Indians from boyhood and they were very friendly to him. In the days of the old, when white men feared to invade this hunting ground of the Blackfoot,

Galen was always a welcomed hunter among the red men.

Galen received his early education in the parochial schools at Helena, and attended St. John's College in Minnesota, Santa Clara College in California, and the University of Notre Dame, Indiana.

In 1897 Galen was appointed a clerk in the Interior Department in Washington, D. C. The gold excitement of 1899 lured the young westerner to Alaska. He was United States Commissioner two years in the Teller District, north of Nome.

In the winter of 1906-07, Galen caused his friends at Nome and in the States untold anxiety on account of a trip he attempted to make by dog sled from Nome to Valdez, Alaska, a distance of over 1,500 miles. He under-

took this trip in order to discover an all-American mail route for the carrying of mail from the frozen north to the outside.

After many harrowing experiences, he reached Tanana River, about 20 miles from Valdez in twenty-six days, but his further progress was discontinued owing to the fact that the ice was breaking up in the Tanana River. For 60 days thereafter his friends believed him to be lost, when in truth he was enjoying the usual comforts of a "musher" camped out figuring some way to reach his objective point. While thus waiting on the Pacific Coast at the mouth of the Tanana River, he was picked up by a United States revenue cutter and brought to Valdez, from which point his safety was announced to his anxious friends.

## C. R. STONE AND PARCELS POST

C. R. Stone, the Judith Gap hardware and implement man, is going to give the mail order houses a run for their money and is taking advantage of the parcels post with the end in view of getting a share of the cash which has hitherto been going to the big business centers says, the Ryegate Reporter.

Mr. Stone is starting his advertising on a small scale but it's a start and there is no doubt but that if he continues and spends a quarter of the amount which the mail order houses spend in his locality, for publicity, he will be a big winner.

Merchants in other towns will undoubtedly establish mail order departments and if they do not be too afraid that the local newspaper men will make a few dollars, it can be a safe bet that at the end of 1913 their business will figure up differently than it did at the close of last year.

It may be possible that the country merchant will not get all of the business which now goes to the mail order houses, but he can get it to an extent to make it unprofitable for the big fellow and as they work along the lines of the least resistance, they will eventually bid adieu to the field where the home merchant is on the job and confine their exploitations to the districts where the country merchant has not become alive to his opportunities.

It's up to the country merchant himself, whether or not he will capture the cash which is now being drained out of the country or let it go to the big trading centers for if he just does nothing, under the parcels post the big mail order house has it on him to a greater extent than it did under the old system. It don't take much effort to be a failure, but it does take effort, progressiveness, alertness and the appliance of all man's talent to be successful.

For cleaning floors a New York inventor has patented an electric machine which applies water to a floor and scrubs it as it is pushed forward and picks up the soiled water as it is drawn back.

A cement that will bind rubber to metal is made of one part powdered shellac to ten parts of strong ammonia, the mixture being allowed to stand several days before it is used.

Women outnumber men in both New York and Philadelphia.

The man who believes that a bad start necessarily means a bad finish has never been to the races.

## HOBSON MAY HAVE A BIG CREAMERY

(Special to the Journal from Hobson)

At a meeting of the Hobson Commercial Club held January 20th, the subject of a co-operative creamery was discussed at length. Many points of interest to both farmers and business men were offered.

D. E. Brown offered a number of suggestions that were excellent. He has had many years experience in grain growing countries and finds the most progressive farmer is the one who goes in for diversified farming. There is no more profitable animal on the farm than the dairy cow.

A number of letters from parties unable to be present were read. F. A. Bennett of Benchland and Tom Nicholson of Hobson, both breeders of high-class shorthorn cattle offered a number of very good suggestions. These men are interested in breeding high-grade stock, which will be a great advantage to this country in breeding up the dairy herds.

We know of no region that has better facilities, for dairying, anywhere than the territory adjacent to Hobson. We do not make any exception for the reason that we have a great variety of succulent foods that can be grown. These feeds include clovers, alfalfa, vetches, kale and corn fodder. Another reason is the excellent quality of native grasses and a soil that will readily produce all grain food required.

With the above advantages at hand, there seems to be no reason why a co-operative creamery should not be a success from the start.

It is estimated that about \$5,000,000 is annually expended for imported dairy products in this state. Dairy cows of average grades can be had at prices ranging from \$65 to \$85 each, and when you consider that the annual net returns from cows of this grade is from \$55 to \$65 each, it is not hard to figure out the profits in the dairy business when handled in connection with the co-operative creamery.

A number of farmers adjacent to Hobson have agreed to milk from ten to thirty cows each, and with this encouragement it was decided to go ahead and complete the organization of the creamery.

It has also been suggested that a laundry be started in connection with this creamery. There is no doubt but this would be very convenient. There are now a number of creameries operating laundries in Minnesota and Wisconsin and they are all proving a success.

## COURT DOCKET WILL BE LARGE

If many more cases are filed in the court docket in the next two months, the March term of court will be a record breaker. More than fifty cases have been filed already, with the term almost two months away. The new officers of the court are confronted with quite a job for their initial appearance, and there is no danger but what they they will earn their salary. The new officials are Roy E. Ayers, judge; Robert Menzies, sheriff; C. A. Linn, county attorney; F. H. Mayn, the clerk of the court, is the only old hand on the job.

There are four criminal actions on the list, one of which is for horse-stealing. The civil actions already number thirty, and among them are three suits for divorce.

There are seventeen applications for final naturalization papers.

The new court will hold its first session in Meagher county on the 4th of March, the same day that the new administration goes into office.—White Sulphur Springs Republican.

## RANGERS TO AID GAME WARDENS

Missoula.—An agreement has been reached between District Forester Wileox and State Game Warden Avare concerning violations of the state game laws within the limits of the forest reserve. The forces of Uncle Sam and those of the state of Montana will combine against the violators of game laws and greater efficiency should be the result.

The forest officers, because of their familiarity with the areas which the larger portion of the game in the state occupies, can give valuable assistance to the state game authorities in securing proper respect and enforcement of the state game laws.

Under the terms of the agreement just executed all forest rangers, assistant forest rangers and other forest officers who can, because of the character of their field work, be of assistance in the enforcement of the state game laws, will be appointed deputy state game wardens, without salary or fees, and authorized to enforce the game laws.

The forest officers, who are appointed deputy game wardens, will report all violations of the game laws to the deputy state game warden in whose district the offense occurs and will furnish all information available which will aid the state officers in apprehending or prosecuting violators of the game laws. They will make arrests only in flagrant cases when it is impossible to notify the state game warden's department and the offender would otherwise escape.

The forest service deputies will also as far as practicable, keep a record by classes of the total number of game animals killed and in addition secure as far as possible a census of the total number of deer, elk, mountain goat and sheep in their respective districts.

The state game warden agrees to reimburse forest officers for expense incident to transportation and subsistence of themselves and persons under arrest, attendance as witnesses loss of time, etc., which cannot be covered under their expenses as forest officers. The officers of the game warden's department also agrees to notify forest officers of any fires which they may discover on or adjacent to the national forest.

A curious thing about the trusts is that every man is trying to get in, and, failing in this, is willing to denounce them.

The things we do and the words we say are the seeds that are sprouting every day.

## JOHN RINGLING WINS HIS SUIT

Helena, Jan. 20.—Findings in favor of John Ringling were entered in the district court today by Judge J. Miller Smith in the suit brought by the circus magnate against the Smith River Improvement company to foreclose on collateral security, being contracts to purchase Meagher county land worth \$500,000. The contracts were put up as security on a \$30,000 promissory note and on loans made by Ringling to the Development company aggregating \$200,000.

The defense of the company was that Ringling refused to release his claim to certain tracts for which the company had purchasers, thus defeating the sales, which had the effect of preventing the company from obtaining the funds with which it otherwise would have met its obligations.

It is expected the company will be reorganized.

What has become of the old-fashioned man who said to every boy he met: "Well, have you been a good boy today?"

Good lung action seems to be one of the requisites of a successful politician.

## The Quality Store

### This Cold Snap

puts you in mind of warm clothing. We have a few sheep-lined coats, leather vests, sweaters left; also a complete line of men's lined mittens from 35c to \$2 per pair.

### For Ladies

we have th knit skirts, sweaters, aviation caps and hoods, wool underwear, and hosiery.

It would pay you to get acquainted with our "M a i s h" comforters--warmth without weight.

## Beers & Haynes

The Pioneer Merchants

## Gap Grill

Open Day and Night

BEST FOODS

BEST SERVICE

H. M. HANSON, PROPRIETOR



When you are buying

## Enameled Cooking Utensils

The following questions are ever prevalent:  
Is it pure and sanitary?  
Will it wear?  
Does it contain acids?

And in a great many cases these questions are unplesantly answered in the course of a few months by the chipping and cracking of inferior ware that is sold with the assurance that it is just as good as

## Reed Matchless Ware

That is guaranteed durable, sanitary and free from acids.

## C.R. STONE

Hardware and Implement Co.

Judith Gap, - - - Montana