

# Here's Another Real Estate Opportunity **EXAMINE IT TODAY**

We have control of the new townsite of Turah, which lies about a thousand feet from the ground upon which the Northern Pacific has surveyed for its new roundhouse, shops and coal docks, which will be the equipment of the new freight terminal. These lots lie on high ground, which slopes from the foot of the hills down to the tracks; the lots are admirably adapted for sites for hotels, business houses and residences. There will be a lively town at this place; you should look into our proposition; it will interest you. The plat of our townsite was approved yesterday by the county commissioners and we are now ready to transfer to our customers as many of these lots as they desire. The title is clear; the lots are excellently situated; the prices are reasonable; the terms are easy. Let us show you.

## Location

Turah townsite is about 10 miles east of Missoula; the lots are situated on the north side of the tracks of the Northern Pacific; they are high and dry above the river; they have a southward slope that gives them a fine exposure. The section that has been reserved for residences is close to the hills, absolutely sheltered and with a commanding view. The business lots are near to the railway yards and shops and the opportunity for securing a good location for a hotel is right here for you now. You can also get a good site for a store; there will be stores needed and you might as well be there when the town starts. The situation is perfect for the purposes for which the townsite was laid out. There are not many of these lots and we have to sell them quickly. For a man who is seeking a business opening, here is a good chance; for the man who wants to make a good investment, these lots present an inviting opportunity. You can't miss it, either way, if you take advantage of this offer.

**\$75 and \$100**

# TURAH

## Terms

These lots are all 40-foot frontage; the depth of the business lots is 100 feet and of the residence lots, 150 feet. The latter are close up against the hills, with a fine southern exposure, affording a splendid opportunity to make gardens in the yards. The arrangement of the business lots is such that they are compactly grouped near the railway center, where the business of the town will be needed. All of these lots, 40 by 100 and 40 by 150, we will sell at a low price and on easy terms. The corners are listed at \$100 and the inside lots are \$75. The terms require a cash payment of 25 per cent; the balance of the cost will be distributed in payments to suit the purchaser, interest at 8 per cent. At these figures there should be no delay in disposing of the entire townsite in a few days; in fact, this offer will not remain open for many days; we want to sell these lots quickly and we have made the prices so low and the terms so easy that we have not a doubt that they will go as we expect them to.

**\$75 and \$100**

We extended—Sunday morning—an invitation to all interested to call on us Monday and learn something about this Turah proposition. There were many who accepted the invitation and we explained it to many visitors yesterday. The situation is, briefly, this: The Northern Pacific is going to establish a new freight terminal at Turah; there will be shops, a roundhouse and coal docks; there will be a good many men employed there and the lots that we are putting on the market afford an opportunity for employes to have their own houses and for business men and hotel keepers to secure good sites at reasonable figures. We own the land and we're going to sell it at fair figures; we must move the lots quickly and we have made prices that are attractive. Come around and see us about it.

108-110 East Main Street

**STODDARD & PRICE**

108-110 East Main Street

## MAINTAINS THE PACE THAT IS SET

**ELECTRICITY KEEPS ABREAST WITH THE ADVANCE OF THIS RUSHING AGE.**

It is an impatient, speed-mad age, and electricity, quicker than light, is the one agent to faithfully keep the pace a hustling people has set. This insatiable demand for speed has done more to further the wonderful development of electricity in the past few years than any one thing. In this "press-the-button" age, both necessities and luxuries are demanded at the touch of a finger. The mails are too slow, and electricity must carry the messages through the air over the seven seas! Steam power is too cumbersome, and electricity must bear the burdens!

Oil and gas are too inconvenient, and electricity must give light! Last of all, coal has been pronounced archaic and electricity must give heat! There is no time to waste over slow fires. The demand for instantaneous heat and plenty of it. Electricity, which has answered all the problems of speed, has been called upon and the result is a long list of electric radiators and electric heating and cooking devices.

No more mysterious source of heat can be imagined than that afforded by electricity. Without flame, smoke, or gases it is ready in an instant and can be regulated at will from a slight warmth to the carbon-melting temperatures of the electric arc furnace. The convenience, speed, and cleanliness of electric heat has led to many new developments in electric household devices.

**Heating Devices.** Among the latest heating devices which have been perfected for the home are the instantaneous water heater; the electric curling iron heater; the electric hair dryer; the new electric oven; the electric corn popper; shaving mug; luminous radiators and electric tea kettles. These added to the number of frying pans, broilers, cookers, cereal cookers, toasters, etc., already in use make the electric kitchen practically complete. There is no longer any need of a fire in the house or a chimney on the house. The building can be easily heated by electricity. Water is heated to a boiling point as fast as it can be drawn. A turn of the switch and the irons are hot. A press of a button and the dinner is cooking. At the weight of a finger the house is warmed, ventilated or lighted. With the same ease and speed the small electric motors will do the washing, wringing, grinding, chopping, ventilating, refrigerating, freeze the ice cream, sweep the floors, clean the house, carry the coal or sift the ashes.

The instantaneous water heater can be attached to any wash stand or water pipe. The flowing water passes over the heated surfaces and is quite hot by the time it reaches the out-

let. There could be nothing quicker or more simple than this electric convenience. Another new device is the electric hair dryer. After miladi has washed her hair a press of a button starts the hair dryer and a fine breeze of hot air quickly dries the damp tresses. This device contains a small fan and two electric heaters. The cold air passes over these heaters before it is projected from the machine by this fan. Then the curling iron heater is ready to keep the little iron at just the right temperature for dressing the hair.

**A Novel Cup.** The shaving mug is especially designed for the traveling man who wants a quick shave in the morning. The water is heated in short order and the cup is built in sections so the soap dish can be removed making the same vessel answer for a pint water heater.

The electric corn popper makes it possible to pop corn on the parlor table and never mar the varnish. This handy device is equipped with small rubber wheels and a short wood handle so it can be easily oscillated. A wire screen keeps the popping kernels from flying about the room.

The electric oven, which has lately been improved, is now very quick and economical. There is no waste of heat and the foodstuffs are always baked evenly. The new tea kettles are handy and easily keep a supply of hot water always on hand, as, after the water is heated, it takes but a little current to keep it hot.

The electric sterilizer and bandage heaters are the latest acquisitions to the sick room and are of fully as good service as the electric heating pad and milk warmer. The luminous electric radiator, introduced in this country by the General Electric company, is the most perfect source of heat known. At the snap of the switch the radiator gives a flood of radiating heat and a cheerful glow without gases, odors and fire dangers. The heat radiates through the air warming the room many times quicker than other heaters or stoves of the non-luminous sort which depends upon setting up warm currents of air.

**Important Place.** Evidence that electricity as a source of heat is taking a very important place in this impatient world is that the Eagle hotel, in Grand Rapids, Mich., has been equipped with luminous electric radiators. It is the first hotel in the world to be heated by electricity. Nearly five hundred homes in the same city are using electric cooking devices and other electric heating apparatus. In nearly every city or village boasting of an electric light plant the electric heating and cooking devices are being utilized. The Hillman house in Schenectady, N. Y., and the home of J. E. Davidson, in Montpelier, Vt., and M. Georgia Knap, of Troyes, France—the Sinsabaugh house at Carrollton, Ill., are entirely equipped with electricity and the results have been even more satisfactory and economical than when under the old system. A number of the large restaurants in this country and abroad have installed electric kitchens. The bachelor-girl, and the plain, old-fashioned housewife, have adopted the cooking devices and now they cook their own breakfasts and luncheons in

the time it formerly took them to walk to the restaurant. The tailors and laundries use the electric irons; the doctors use the electric heating devices. Soldering irons; branding irons, glue pots, and a thousand other things are heated by electricity.

As electricity dominates the world of light and power today, tomorrow it will be the principal factor in the world of heat.

**BRAKEMAN IS KILLED.** Grand Junction, Colo., Feb. 8.—A westbound extra freight train, which left here at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, ran into a rock slide between Ruby and Westwater, Utah, 30 miles west of here. Brakeman Oren Spencer was instantly killed and Fireman McGillicuddy seriously scalded and bruised. The others of the train crew escaped uninjured. Thirteen freight cars were demolished. Traffic was blocked for 10 hours.

**A HEAVY SNOWFALL THROUGHOUT NEVADA**

Reno, Nev., Feb. 8.—About eight inches of snow has fallen in Reno in the last day and a half, making a record for all the winter. More snow is predicted. Eighteen feet of snow is reported at Summit, the highest railroad station in the Sierras, five of which has fallen in the last three days. Seven feet of snow is reported from Truckee, three of which is the result of the latest storm. The storm is general all over the state and Utah. Trains are arriving far behind schedule time.

**BOY AND GIRL ARRESTED.** Dayton, Ohio, Feb. 8.—A boy and girl were arrested today in connection with the murder of Miss Lizzie Fulhart, the girl whose body was found in a cistern last Friday afternoon. The police refuse to give out the evidence on which they were apprehended. The stomach and vital organs of Miss Fulhart are in the hands of physicians for chemical analysis, the theory of poison having been advanced.

## MACHINES REPLACE THE HANDS

**MODERN BREAD IS MADE BY MACHINERY INSTEAD OF PERSONS' HANDS.**

Bread making is the oldest industry in the world. Way back in the remote past, as far as the faintest record goes, mankind was making bread and ever since it has been known as the staff of life.

The first bread of which we have any knowledge was simply grain, soaked in water, and pressed into huge cakes. These were dried in the sun or over a fire. This was the bread of the cave man.

Eventually, with the slow progress of civilization, the grain began to be mashed or ground between two stones. The resulting cakes were easier to digest than the cakes made from the water-soaked grain, and were more nourishing. This form of bread still survives, and may be found in many parts of the world. It is the daily food of thousands of people in Mexico, and in Scotland is known as "oat cakes" and "scones."

Leavened bread, or bread "raised" by the fermentation of yeast is attributed by history to the Egyptians. They probably learned the process from some preceding civilization, all record of which is now lost. The Egyptians taught the Greeks and the Jews; the Greeks in turn taught the Romans, and the process has descended without any material change to the present day. It is the oldest industry in the world, yet it has been the last to feel the influence of modern progress. Until some thirty years ago bakers made their bread as it has been made for centuries, by punching or kneading the dough by hand. Other industries had been searchingly investigated by science, new methods had been introduced, and machinery had been invented to take the place of hand labor. In bread making, how-

ever, nothing of the kind had been done.

The first mechanical dough mixer, a very crude machine was exhibited for the first time in this country at the Centennial in 1876. This machine aroused the attention of several progressive men until the modern dough mixing machine was perfected much against the will of the majority of bakers. It must be confessed, other machines quickly followed until bread is now produced almost entirely by machinery. The dough is mixed by machinery, then divided into pieces the right size for a loaf by another machine; a third machine is used for kneading or rolling of the dough for particular kinds of bread.

Keeping pace with the bread-making machinery are the machines for making cakes. All our cakes, by the way, had their origin in sweetened bread, and bread and cake machinery may be considered as very closely associated. There are now, in everyday use, machines for beating eggs, pie doughs, cake machines for placing the dough on the pans in various sizes and shapes, pie-rolling and pie-filling machines for the making of pies, and various other machines for special purposes.

Each of these machines, whether for the making of bread or the making of cakes, requires power of some kind to drive it. A steam engine or a gas or gasoline engine may be used, but nothing is so well adapted to the baker's needs as electricity. The electric motor is the ideal power for the bakery.

## POPE PIUS RECEIVES AMERICAN SAILORS

Rome, Feb. 8.—The pope today gave a private audience to four under officers and a number of sailors from the American supply ship *Celtic*. They were presented by Mr. Kennedy. The pope said he was greatly pleased to receive the American sailors and to be able to express his gratitude for all that America had done in aiding Italy. The sailors were headed by Joseph Tall, master at arms on board the *Celtic*. The pope said he desired his thanks to be conveyed to President Roosevelt and the commander of the *Celtic* for the splendid work done by this vessel in Calabria and Sicily. The pontiff then extended his hand to each and gave a silver medal.

**WANT DIAZ TO REMAIN.**

Mexico City, Feb. 8.—An organization has been started in this city for the purpose of enlisting delegates from every state of the republic to call on General Porfirio Diaz, April 2, and ask him to remain at the head of the nation for another term.

Foley's Honey and Tar clears the air passages, stops the irritation in the throat, soothes the inflamed membranes, and the most obstinate cough disappears. Sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and the cold is expelled from the system. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. Garden City Drug Co.

## SOCIETY TURNS OUT.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 8.—The divorce suits which Lillian Handlan Lemp and her husband, William K. Lemp, Jr., son of the millionaire brewer, filed against each other, came to trial in the St. Louis circuit court today before Judge Hitchcock. The case has attracted wide attention and when the proceedings began a large audience of fashionably attired men and women was present.

## SPORTSMAN IS ROBBED.

Reno, Feb. 8.—G. O. Shields, president of the League of American Sportsmen, editor of Shields' Maga-

zine, formerly Recreation, a contributor to national magazines, was robbed in the Reno station last night of his suit case, containing all his valuable lantern slides of wild animals, photographed in their wild haunts. He left the suit case in the waiting room while he went to purchase a ticket and when he returned it was gone.

## Arrested

A cough that has been hanging on for over two months by taking Ballard's Horehound Syrup. If you have a cough, don't wait—stop it at once with this wonderful remedy. Splendid for coughs, cold on chest, influenza, bronchitis and pulmonary troubles. Price 25, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Geo. Freishelmer.

# CYPHERS MODEL INCUBATORS

In these machines you get the results of twenty years' experience of the most successful Incubator designer and builder ever known—Charles A. Cyphers. The "MODEL" is presented as the most perfect machine ever offered for hatching purposes, a machine carrying the personal guarantee of Mr. Cyphers as follows:

**MY GUARANTEE**  
I guarantee the Model Incubator to be as represented in every particular.  
I guarantee that the Model Incubator will hold a more even temperature, with less attention, than any other make of Incubator.  
I guarantee that the Model Incubator, when run in competition with another make, shall, in three or more hatches, bring out a larger percentage of the fertile eggs in strong, healthy chicks or ducklings than does its competitor.  
I guarantee the Model Incubator to satisfy each and every customer.

In Construction, Insulation, Heater, Heat Regulation and Circulation, the MODEL has no equal on the market. It has patented features that put it head and shoulders above all others as regards

**SIMPLICITY OF OPERATION SAFETY IN OPERATION HATCHING RESULTS**

No. 0 Incubator, capacity 80 hen eggs	\$19.00
No. 1 Incubator, capacity 150 hen eggs	\$25.50
No. 2 Incubator, capacity 250 hen eggs	\$32.75
Model Indoor Brooder, single capacity 80 chicks	\$12.50
Model Indoor Brooder, double capacity 160 chicks	\$18.00
Model Colony Brooder, capacity 100 chicks	\$18.00

**Missoula Mercantile Co.**  
Agents for Western Montana  
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# S.S.S. NATURE'S CURE FOR BLOOD POISON

S. S. S. is known as Nature's Cure for Contagious Blood Poison because it is prepared entirely from the blood purifying and healing extracts of roots, herbs and barks taken directly from the mineral forests of the land. It does not contain the least particle of strong mineral ingredients, and is so prepared as to aid in the rebuilding of every portion of the system, while driving Contagious Blood Poison from the blood. No unpleasant effects ever follow the use of S. S. S., such as stomach troubles, dyspepsia, mercurial rheumatism, etc., as is so often the case where other medicines are used. S. S. S. goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and gently but surely, drives out every trace of the disease, cleanses and purifies the circulation, and by its fine vegetable tonic effects, assists the system to rapidly overcome the ravages of the disease, and regain its natural healthful condition. S. S. S. does not cover up or hide the symptoms for awhile, to break out later, but so thoroughly does it remove the cause that no signs of the trouble ever return. S. S. S., Nature's cure, is the surest and safest remedy for Contagious Blood Poison. Home Treatment Book with valuable suggestions and information, and any medical advice free to all who write.  
**THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.**