

THE DAILY MISSOULIAN

Published Every Day in the Year. MISSOULIAN PUBLISHING CO. 129 and 131 West Main Street, Missoula, Montana.

Entered at the postoffice at Missoula, Montana, as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES (In Advance) Daily, one month \$0.75 Daily, three months \$2.25 Daily, six months \$4.00 Daily, one year \$8.00 Weekly, one year \$1.50 Postage added for foreign countries.

TELEPHONE NUMBER Business Office 110 Editorial Rooms

SUBSCRIBERS' PAPERS The Missoulian is anxious to give the best carrier service; therefore subscribers are requested to report faulty delivery at once. In ordering paper changed to new address please give old address also. Money orders and checks should be made payable to The Missoulian Publishing Company.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1909.

MORE LIKE BUSINESS.

The present gait of the legislature in the poolroom matter indicates that perhaps Montana is not to be left with the stigma upon her name of being the only state in the west that countenances the poolroom evil. There has been a seemingly needless amount of sparring over this question in the assembly, but at last there are signs that the legislators have awakened to the fact that something is demanded of them. The developments of the past two days have been encouraging to those who want to see Montana lined up on the right side of this question. The state demands the enactment of a law that will absolutely prohibit the poolroom; any temporizing measure will not be accepted as satisfactory and the law must be one that will hold.

A NOTABLE DAY.

The dispatches this morning tell a story of splendid performance upon the part of an entire nation in the expression of deserved tribute to a man to whom this country owes the entity of its existence. Not within the memory of this generation has there been in this country any such demonstration; it was wonderful and was the more noteworthy from the fact that every word that was spoken in appreciation of Lincoln was so thoroughly deserved and from the further fact that such deserts are frequently forgotten. Specially significant is the fact that the observance of the day was not confined to the states north of the line. Time has completed the work in the performance of which the great president was stricken down.

MORE RAILWAYS.

Early in the week, The Missoulian published an announcement that the Canadian Pacific railway is preparing, evidently, to invade Montana by way of Flathead county to Missoula. The information which The Missoulian received was from a source that is thoroughly reliable; it is confirmed by the fact that this week there have been two or three men in Missoula who are prominently connected with the engineering department of the Canadian road, and they have made exploring trips into the country here, sometimes going as far as twenty miles. Naturally, they have made no statement as to the nature of their business here, but their presence, following so closely upon the announcement that their associates are at work in the Flathead country indicates that there is a prospect of more railway construction here in the near future.

Positive information comes from KallsPELL that the Great Northern has surveyed parties at work upon the line between Somers, at the head of Flathead lake, and Dixon, on the Northern Pacific. This route has been surveyed in a preliminary way several times by the Great Northern; the parties which are now in commission are working on both sides of the lake, and they are outfitted for a long stay in the field. This indicates that the Hill road intends to have a hand in any railway building that is done across the reservation.

UTILIZING OPPORTUNITY.

This morning The Missoulian prints an Associated Press dispatch from Chicago which confirms a statement published in this newspaper a few days ago, in effect that the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound railway is preparing to utilize immediately the splendid water power of this region. The company, through a subsidiary organization, has acquired one of the finest sites in western Montana for a power plant, and it is stated that the work of developing this power will be undertaken at once. The cost of the plant on the Missoula river, near Fish creek, will be about a million dollars. This development in connection with the work which is to be done by Mr. Clark at the mouth of the Big Blackfoot will furnish an impressive demonstration of the great possibilities which exist here; there are scores of damsites as good as that which has been improved by the Clark people, and there is a steady flow of water down these mountain valleys that insures a permanent power supply if it is once harnessed. Of more than the mere significance which lies in its construction, is the plant

of the great railway company. It is the beginning of operations on a yet larger scale, which will result in the application of thousands of horsepower and will redound to the prosperity of Missoula.

IT WOULD HELP.

Yesterday morning The Missoulian referred to the suggestion which came from the state horticultural society, upon motion of C. M. Allen to the effect that steps be taken to organize a Montana apple show to be held at Missoula. During the day, yesterday, there were many expressions heard in Missoula in cordial indorsement of the proposition, and there will undoubtedly be immediate steps taken to perfect plans which will enable Missoula to carry out her part of the proposed exposition. Nothing could be done that would be of greater benefit to the orchard interests of this state than to hold such a show as is proposed by Mr. Allen, and it follows that it would be of inestimable advantage to the city. A show held along the lines suggested would demonstrate effectively the excellence of our fruit and the proportions to which the orchard industry has grown.

If the legislature's anti-poolroom bill holds good, the eleventh assembly will have made good. To complete its record it should enact a primary nomination law—then adjournment will be in order.

The legislators who are alarmed at our short-weight butter bricks should not lose sight of the fact that we are also getting some short-weight laws.

"With malice toward none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right."—Abraham Lincoln.

"Let us have faith that right makes right; and in that faith let us dare to do our duty as we understand it."—Abraham Lincoln.

With J. O. Read as president and with the McIntosh Red as its symbol, the horticultural society has a brilliant future before it.

The development of coal mines and the construction of dams signify an abundance of power for Missoula's territory.

"The government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth."—Abraham Lincoln.

The Montana fruitgrowers believe in inspection, but they insist that it shall be an inspection that inspects.

Engineer Hammond has demonstrated that the Bitter Root can produce something besides Red Apples.

The honest fruitgrower fears no inspection; the crooked fruitgrower needs the most thorough inspection.

The fruitgrowers' meeting brought out a lot of good advice; the thing now is to put it into practice.

The returning crowds from Apple town bore every appearance of having had a good time.

With the C. M. & P. S. construction finished, we'll have to find some other roads to build.

The horticulturalists put it up to Missoula to build up the proposed apple show.

Now we will all plan for the big time next year, when the fruitmen go to Plains.

The lesson of Lincoln day should be remembered on every other day of the year.

Missoula's observance of Lincoln day was characteristically sincere.

"Marse Linkum" is understood at last in south and north.

Likewise, Bill Taft went some in New Orleans yesterday.

There are no mourners over the demise of the poolroom.

Now for a railway to KallsPELL.

UNIVERSITY ATHLETES SHOW SPORTING BLOOD

Although most of the school's star athletes are barred from participation in events of the winter and spring season, still the University of Montana does not propose to allow its sporting blood to grow sluggish and will make the best of the circumstances. A new basketball team will be organized from the material still eligible and new stuff to be developed. The new team and a five made up of the disqualified will meet Tuesday afternoon in the university gymnasium. The two teams have been named "The Downs and Outs" and the "Ups and Ins." The advance sale of tickets has been large.

FINAL STAGE.

Edinburgh, Feb. 12.—The Stirling cross suits for divorce entered upon their final stage today, counsel addressing the court in behalf of their respective clients. Solicitor-General Ure opened the case by at once associating Mrs. Atherton's name with that of Mr. Stirling and recalling the alleged intimacy for the two while Mrs. Stirling was in America.

CONDITION UNCHANGED.

Kansas City, Feb. 12.—The condition of Blanche Walsh, the actress, who is seriously ill at the University hospital in this city, was unchanged today.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? Garden City Drug Co.

DISPATCHERS' SHIFTS BULLETINED

REDISTRICTING OF WEST END CAUSES CHANGES AMONG THE TRICK MEN.

Chief Dispatcher Showalter yesterday announced that, beginning at noon on Sunday, the west end dispatching districts would be consolidated and that trains would be operated by one set of three dispatchers from Missoula through to Trout Creek. An assignment of dispatchers will work from Missoula to St. Regis and Paradise and will have jurisdiction over the Wallace branch. On the east end the present system of dispatching trains will be continued, one set of men operating from Missoula to Garrison and another set working the Helena end and taking charge of the Butte branch.

The arrangement, as planned, will take two dispatchers out of the regular service. These men will be retained on the extra list, and will divide the extra work.

In connection with the changing of the districts, Chief Showalter has bulletined every trick to be worked, each dispatcher, now eligible for regular service, being requested to bid for the shift desired. Assignments of these tricks will be made so that the new mode of operation can be inaugurated on Sunday.

Following is a list of the dispatchers now working, detailed according to the seniority rights of each:

Elliott, Walker, Fox, Lytic, Wilkins, Pring, Thompson, Snyder, Johnson, Adams, Maloy, Eddins and Workman. The last named two will be held for extra duty.

JAPANESE PLEASSED WITH OUTCOME

NEWSPAPERS OF ISLAND EMPIRE HAPPY OVER KILLING OF ANTI-JAP BILLS.

Tokio, Feb. 12.—Lengthy cables from correspondents in America of the news of the rejection of the anti-Japanese legislation by the California legislature have been received here with intense satisfaction in both official and business circles, and publication of this information, together with expressions of favorable opinion by President Roosevelt and the governors of several states, has greatly improved the situation. Resolutions adopted in New York and other parts of the United States were received with appreciation.

The leading Japanese papers today print editorial congratulations at the outcome of the affair and all Americans residing in the empire are much relieved.

POOL SELLING LIMITED IN MONTANA

(Continued from Page One.)

ferred amendments to the house rules today relating to committee of the whole and to reconsiderations. They were referred to the committee on rules.

On an adverse committee report the house killed the Brewster bill, No. 216, prohibiting railroads from mining or selling coal for commercial purposes.

Bills Presented.

The following bills were introduced: No. 293, by Gray—To amend certain sections and repeal others relating to the compulsory education of children.

No. 304, by Woody—Relating to the compensation of county officers.

No. 305, by Wilhelm—To prevent fraud by mining companies and others engaged in mining.

No. 306, by Ward—Empowering city councils to pay in installments for any improvements being paid for by special assessments and extending payment to a period of eight years.

No. 307, by Smith—Relating to the report of births.

No. 308, by Smith—Relating to the definition of the term "communicable disease."

No. 309, by Owenhouse—Providing for the permanent improvement of highways by the extension of county aid for such improvements.

No. 310, by Shoemaker—Relating to trusts and monopolies in restraint of trade and unlawful contracts.

No. 311, by Berlin—Relating to the compensation of deputy sheriffs in counties of the first class.

No. 312, by Pomeroy—To create the county of Lincoln from the northwest portion of Flathead.

No. 313, by Hunter—Appropriating money for the bounty fund.

No. 314, by Kilgallon—General appropriation bill for the maintenance of the executive and judicial departments of the government for the next two years.

No. 315, by MacGinniss—Relating to the method of changing the place of business of Montana corporations.

No. 16, by ways and means committee, to provide for the support of the state government for the coming two years.

Notices Given.

The following notices were given: Norton, serving Japanese, Chinese and Indian children from white children in public schools.

Christler, relating to a threshers' lien law.

Christler, relating to the examination of applicants for certificates entitling them to practice medicine.

The house adjourned over until Monday afternoon at 2:30.

The senate held another routine session. The selection committee on committees reported recommending that Senators Edwards, Albright, Tooley, Muffley and McCarthy be appointed a steering committee to act with a like committee from the house on future business. The recommendation was adopted.

Senate bill No. 198 was introduced by Sykes, and requires sheriffs and



A Hundred Years Ago

In a lonely Kentucky cabin, one cold and wintry night, unto an humble pair, there came a child, to greatness born.

Amidst surroundings profound and solitary he grew up to man's estate, and, in power of mind and strength of body, developed the full flower of his individuality.

In due time the world acclaimed him the greatest American since Washington, and the greatest and most heroic exponent of Human Liberty that has trod the earth for two thousand years.

In the days of his young manhood there was alarm and terror in the land, and frightful domination.

At twenty, on the Mississippi's lordly bosom, he toiled at the oar for bread. At twenty-four he was a pioneer chief and a captain in the Black Hawk war. At twenty-five he was a rising young legislator—at twenty-six he was an eloquent lawyer defending the cause of the weak and the oppressed. At thirty-seven he became a Congressman.

Then fame threw her mantle upon him—and step by step he rose to place and power, until at last in the government of a vast republic and in the affections of all mankind he stood alone and absolute.

If ever there lived beneath the skies a Christian hero of sincere and profound piety, a true champion of the Lord of Hosts, it was ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

He spoke softly, he thought fearlessly, but like fire flamed his heart.

To the cause of the great Common People he gave limitless allegiance, and nothing made him more indignant than legislative tyranny or usurpation of any kind. "He disliked sumptuary laws and would not prescribe by statute what other men should eat and drink."

Upon a famous occasion he declared: "When the white man governs himself, that is self government, but when he governs himself and also another man, that is more than self government—that is DESPOTISM."

Again, when fellow legislators attempted to impose Absolute Prohibition upon the young State of Illinois, he arose (Dec. 19th, 1840) "like Saul among the prophets" and tabled a motion which led to its defeat and final extinction by a sweeping vote of 75 to 8.

*Life of A. Lincoln—from his birth to his inauguration as President of the United States. By Col. Ward Hill Lamon, Colonel U. S. A. Page 88. **Journal of Senate and House of Representatives, State of Illinois, 1840.

constables to notify treasurers of sales under execution. House joint memorial No. 4, praying for the opening of the Crow reservation, was read and referred, as was house bill No. 191, Christler's publicity measure.

Favorably Considered.

In committee of the whole the following measures were favorably considered:

Senate bill 61—Sale of liquors to Indians, drunkards and minors.

Senate bill 75—Appropriation for agricultural college lands.

Senate bill 79—Appropriation to continue spotted fever investigation.

Senate bill 88—Relating to the slaughter of cattle.

Senate bill 96—To reimburse Powell county for criminal prosecution.

S. C. R. No. 1—Relative to improving the Missouri river.

S. C. R. No. 2—Relative to Glacier park.

H. B. No. 58—Relative to the soldiers' home.

The Missouri river and Glacier park resolutions were also passed, after which the senate recessed until 2 o'clock to participate in the joint assembly, which was followed by adjournment until Monday morning.

With the convening of the joint session shortly after 2 o'clock, the Rev. Dr. James A. McNamee read Lincoln's Gettysburg address, being followed by President C. A. Dunaway of the University of Montana at Missoula. He spoke at some length, dealing with the life and character of the great emancipator.

C. R. Klueger, the jeweler, 1660 Virginia ave., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I was so weak from kidney trouble that I could hardly walk a hundred feet. Four bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy cleared my complexion, cured my backache and the irregularities of my system, and I can now attend to business every day, and recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy to all sufferers, as it cured me after the doctors and other remedies had failed. Garden City Drug Co."

On third reading, substitute for house bills Nos. 2 and 102 was passed with one dissenting vote.

This is the anti-poolroom measure.

LAND BILL ATTACKED.

Dublin, Feb. 12.—The Irish Land Owners' convention in session today attacked virulently Chief Secretary for Ireland Birrell's proposed land bill, and adopted a resolution demanding its rejection by parliament.

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, and it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs and expels the cold from the system. Garden City Drug Co.

NO "C. O. D." SERVICE.

Washington, Feb. 12.—That express companies cannot be compelled to perform "C. O. D." service for the liquor traffic was held by the interstate commerce commission yesterday in the case of the Royal Brewing company against the Adams Express company.

The express company had established a rule against collecting for shippers the purchase price of intoxicating liquors.

Arrested a cough that has been hanging on for over two months by taking Ballard's Horehound Syrup. If you have a cough, don't wait—stop it at once with this wonderful remedy. Splendid for coughs, cold on chest, influenza, bronchitis and pulmonary troubles. Price 25, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Geo. Freishelmer.

Foley's Honey and Tar clears the air passages, stops the irritation in the throat, soothes the inflamed membranes, and the most obstinate cough disappears. Sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and the cold is expelled from the system. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. Garden City Drug Co.



TRY MISSOULIAN WANT ADS.