

Abstracts and Deeds Now Ready—ABSOLUTE TITLE

During the past week we have received hundreds of inquiries regarding Turah townsite, which we started to advertise the first of the month; we have been compelled to wait until now for the marketing of these lots on account of a delay in the preparation of the abstract of title. Now we are ready; the abstract is filed and is absolutely all right; there is not a flaw in the title to these lots and you can get one or more of them if you will hasten; there are not many of the lots and they will go quickly; the Northern Pacific will before long begin the construction of its freight terminal plant at this place; these lots are within 100 yards of the roundhouse. There will be a lively little town at Turah; get in on the ground floor and own a lot. There will be openings for hotels, restaurants, stores and other lines of business. If you are to enter any of these lines, you will need a lot. We have the lots. They are ours. We are not agents for anybody. You pay us for the lot and we give you a deed, then and there.

Location

Turah townsite is about 10 miles east of Missoula; the lots are situated on the north side of the tracks of the Northern Pacific; they are high and dry above the river; they have a southward slope that gives them a fine exposure. The section that has been reserved for residences is close to the hills, absolutely sheltered and with a commanding view. The business lots are near to the railway yards and shops and the opportunity for securing a good location for a hotel is right here for you now. You can also get a good site for a store; there will be stores needed and you might as well be there when the town starts. The situation is perfect for the purposes for which the townsite was laid out. There are not many of these lots and we have to sell them quickly. For a man who is seeking a business opening, here is a good chance; for the man who wants to make a good investment, these lots present an inviting opportunity. You can't miss it, either way, if you take advantage of this offer.

\$75 and \$100

TURAH

Terms

These lots are all 40-foot frontage; the depth of the business lots is 100 feet and of the residence lots, 150 feet. The latter are close up against the hills, with a fine southern exposure, affording a splendid opportunity to make gardens in the yards. The arrangement of the business lots is such that they are compactly grouped near the railway center, where the business of the town will be needed. All of these lots, 40 by 100 and 40 by 150, we will sell at a low price and on easy terms. The corners are listed at \$100 and the inside lots are \$75. The terms require a cash payment of 25 per cent.; the balance of the cost will be distributed in payments to suit the purchaser, interest at 8 per cent. At these figures there should be no delay in disposing of the entire townsite in a few days; in fact, this offer will not remain open for many days; we want to sell these lots quickly and we have made the prices so low and the terms so easy that we have not a doubt that they will go as we expect them to.

\$75 and \$100

Yesterday brought a lively renewal of interest in this investment proposition. There were inquiries from men who expect to live at the new town, by reason of their employment; they were well pleased with the arrangement and the location of the residence lots. There were other inquiries from men who expect to engage in business in Turah; these were pleased with the conditions which they found; the business lots are close to the railway plant and are convenient for hotels, restaurants, stores and other enterprises which will follow the establishment of the new town as a necessity. And those who investigated found that we have not misrepresented matters in any particular. We are very careful not to do that; we depend upon our reputation for correctness as our principal capital; we do not ask a customer to take our word for conditions at Turah; we want him to investigate for himself. We are sure that if you will inquire into the details of this proposition you will find that it possesses special attractiveness. Let us show you and start your inquiry. Then you'll buy; you can't resist; the opportunity is too good.

108-110 East Main Street

STODDARD & PRICE

108-110 East Main Street

SNOW PRICE RECORD IS HIGH

NEW YORK HAS SOME BIG EXPENSE BILLS TO WRESTLE WITH—OTHER TROUBLES.

New York, Feb. 24.—Recent exposures in regard to snow removal have revealed the fact that this article is more expensive here than anywhere else in the world; that it is indeed one of the city's most expensive luxuries. Of late years the cost to the city of this commodity, which officially is regarded as anything but beautiful, has been going up by leaps and bounds. Last year the cost of removing one inch, that is half an hour's fall, was \$17,000, a figure which caused all sorts of unpleasant comment and criticism. This year, however, the cost increased more than three hundred percent, as a result of which the cost of removal up to date has been \$55,700 an inch, and this in view of the fact that the city has at no time as yet had any large snowfall. Figured at this rate one day's fall in a good sized storm might cost the city nearly a million dollars for its removal, to say nothing of the additional loss in other fields which might well double that sum. Figured on a snowfall equal to that of last winter, that is, thirty-two inches, the cost of removing it under present conditions would amount to \$1,858,400 compared to \$551,304 twelve months ago. Much of this surprising cost, it is asserted, is due to graft and improper methods, under which contractors are paid so much for each cubic yard of snow delivered at the dumps on the river fronts. Under this system each cart is supposed to bear a letter showing its capacity. It is asserted, however, that contractors whose carts have been in use and the checkers at the dumps by whom checks on the city are issued for the yardage delivered have been in collusion, with the result that the driver of a cart containing two cubic yards of snow received a check calling for payments of three yards and so on. The additional amounts thus fraudulently charged to the city, it is asserted, have resulted in one of the easiest forms of graft since the Tweed days. Altogether the city does not relish the arrival of snow any more than it does the distinction of paying more for that article, commonly looked upon as free, than any other city in the world.

With the Fourth of July still more than four months away, young America, so far as this city is concerned, is filled with gloom, for according to the edict which has gone forth Independence day—the glorious Fourth—will not be glorious at all this year. Instead the city will have what may be termed a denatured celebration in which only the youthful capitalists of the city will be able to participate. Practically New York will have no Fourth this year, and as a result the man who is responsible for the innovation—that is, Fire Commissioner

Hayes—could not be elected to the office of dog catcher so far as the juvenile vote is concerned. The whole sad situation is due to the ruling that no fireworks shall be sold in this city between June 10 and July 10. In other words, only those select few who are able to import explosives in the shape of firecrackers, bombs and the like, or to tie up the capital invested in them for nearly a month, will be able to celebrate. Nine boys out of every ten in this city who celebrate the Fourth in the old-fashioned way obtain the materials for so doing only a day or two in advance by means of money earned in any possible way during the few preceding days. To require them to lay in their supply of firecrackers a month ahead, and thus tie up their capital, is to bar them from celebrating the Fourth. This, however, nefarious as it may seem, is just what Commissioner Hayes has in mind, for strangely enough he has figured out that it will be easier and cheaper to prevent the usual hoop of Fourth of July fires than to fight them. So unless the cruel edict is revoked the Fourth this year will resound not with the racket of firecrackers and cannon, but with the heart broken howls of the children participating in the city's first noiseless Fourth.

That tuberculosis should be fought by the same rigorous municipal action that would be taken to combat an outbreak of smallpox is the startling New York and which is now being seriously discussed. Such attention and the continuance of experiments upon animals to learn additional facts regarding the disease which causes approximately one death in every ten is declared to be the only hope of successfully coping with it. This phase of the subject has been called to public attention by Dr. Herman M. Biggs, general medical officer of the city's health department, who is responsible for the elaborate measures already adopted here to combat the spread of the great white plague. "I regard it as the duty of every municipality," he says, "to look upon tuberculosis officially as an infectious and communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, which must be stamped out. Tuberculosis, long recognized as one of the most fatal diseases to which the human race is subject, was formerly considered as inherited and unpreventable. Animal experimentation, however, showed that it is not inherited but that it is communicable and therefore preventable. I believe that further research in the field of animal experimentation should earnestly be encouraged and not hampered, if we hope eventually to conquer the disease. It is only by this means that a scientific treatment may ultimately be discovered as has been the case in diphtheria."

Anyone who can satisfactorily answer the question as to when a camel is not a camel will be conferring a boon on the scientists of this city who delight in the study of evolution. The question is not a riddle, but a matter of violent debate, in no way related to the conundrum which inquires as to when a door is not a door. The answer is not nearly so simple—in fact as yet no answer at all has been found, and its final achievement is likely to result in all

sorts of scientific recriminations. The whole matter takes its origin from a statement recently made by Professor Loomis before a scientific meeting at the Hotel Astor that the camel as we know it today is of American and not Asiatic origin. He explained, as a result of his investigations in the southwest, that the animal in question began its existence in this country some three million years ago, as shown by fossil remains. In support of his argument he exhibited specimens of the alleged camel varying from the size of a jack rabbit, and having four toes and no sign of a hump up to larger specimens of a later period with horns resembling small antelopes more than anything else. Unfortunately for America's claim to the first camel as advanced by Professor Loomis various scientists have risen up and asserted that the specimens which he held to be prehistoric camels were nothing more than prehistoric rabbits and antelopes. Back of them is the support of the laymen who argue that an animal that resembles a rabbit more than anything else was just as much a rabbit three million years ago as now, and that the antelope sized specimens were antelopes, especially in view of the fact that camels never had any horns. So the question, which promises to divide scientists into two camps still remains. When is a camel not a camel? The answer given by those who disagree with Professor Loomis is—when it is a rabbit or an antelope.

MYSTIC ASTROLOGER ADMITS HE IS A FRAUD

Spokane, Feb. 24.—"King Solomon," self-declared son of an East Indian prince and known all over the continent as "a student of the mystic, seer and palmist," at the practice of which he has amassed a fortune, confessed at a revival meeting in Calvary Baptist church in Spokane that he is a fraud and an impostor. He admitted being a negro, saying that by posing as a scion of the nobility he had taken thousands of dollars from the unsophisticated in his career as a fortune teller, and that he has been in 27 jails in the United States and Canada for various offenses. Following the confession, which was given in a dramatic manner, Solomon reached the climax in his profession of Christianity by saying in broken tones with tears streaming down his cheeks: "I just can't resist God any longer and I want to lead a better life." Afterward he told Rev. Dr. McPherson that while he gained wide notoriety by claiming to have forecasted the Galveston flood, he had never been in Texas, adding that his forecast was bogus. He admitted also that he served a term in prison for crooked work in California.

THINK IT'S M'VEAGH.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—That Franklin McVeagh of Chicago, as previously intimated, will be secretary of the treasury in the Taft cabinet is believed by Mr. McVeagh's closest business associates.

RAVALLI COURT SETS MARCH CASES

JUDGE MYERS DECIDES DATES FOR TRIALS—NEWS OF HAMILTON.

Hamilton, Feb. 24.—Part of the cases for the March term of the district court were set yesterday by Judge Henry L. Myers. The remainder of the cases will be set Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The cases set yesterday follow: Town of Hamilton vs. Walter K. Gregory, violation of ordinance, March 1 at 10 a. m.; state of Montana vs. Ed Carroll, assault, March 1 at 1:30 p. m.; Charles A. Stevens vs. William E. Curran, appeal from justice court, March 2 at 9 a. m.; Matilda Rennacker vs. B. F. Heavilin, March 3 at 9 a. m.; Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company vs. James Curran, injunction, March 4 at 9 a. m. The following juryman were drawn to serve: Hamilton, W. C. Walker, H. R. Ward, Henry Grover, S. Irvin, M. D. Grant, Joshua Pond, Frank Walling, Charles J. Carlstrom, D. G. Boyd, John Ransom, Joseph Blodgett, Sidney M. Ward, David Burke, Henry Peterson, Fred Grill, George Wilcomb and George Campbell; Woodside, J. T. Como, J. C. Bruch, Darby, Mike Burke and George Folger; Sula, Isaac Berryman and Edgar Blake.

Charles F. Schwab and Miss Lillian Hull were married at 5 o'clock this morning at Corvallis by Rev. G. C. Beery, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church South. The contracting parties are residents of Corvallis, the groom having been a blacksmith for M. G. Kern for 33 years. He is the son of Dr. and Mrs. George Schwab of Hamilton. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Rose Hull. Mr. and Mrs. Schwab left on the 7 o'clock train for Lewistown, Idaho, where they will make their home.

Milton J. Baker and Marit H. Briggs of Stevensville were married last evening shortly after 6 o'clock by Judge Henry L. Myers at his chambers in the court house. They came here on the 6 o'clock train and, rounding up Clerk of the District Court A. C. Baker, secured the necessary document and were made man and wife. They were accompanied by Miss Ethel Howe and they returned to Stevensville this morning.

Mrs. C. R. Smith and her sons, Harold J. and Cedric A. Smith, arrived last night from Chicago to make their home on a ranch Mrs. Smith purchased last year. Henry S. Page and E. M. Smith returned last night from a visit at Missoula, and Mr. Smith left for his home at Medicine Springs this morning. A marriage license has been granted

by the clerk of the district court to John H. Mackel and Amal Kangas, both being residents of Hamilton.

EFFECT IS FELT.

London, Feb. 24.—The effect of the slump on the New York exchange occasioned by the steel rate war and the adverse supreme court decision in the New York Central railway rebating case was shown on the stock exchange early today. The value of American rails were marked down from one to five points, but it soon became evident that the market considered the decline overdone and covering operations from New York, the continent, and local sources caused a smart recovery.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not grip or nauseate. Why take anything else? Garden City Drug Co.

RECEIVES A MEDAL FOR HIS HEROISM

Spokane, Feb. 24.—Conrad F. Christensen, a 19-year-old Spokane boy, has received a bronze medal and a certificate of honor from the Royal Humane society of Great Britain, of which King Edward is patron and the Prince of Wales is president, for bravery in saving C. T. Berglund from drowning in the Kettle river near Midway, B. C., where the two boys and L. Brandt were bathing the afternoon of July 20, 1906. Berglund was the first to enter the water, but as he could not swim he was swept off his feet by the rushing water and sank in deep water. Christensen plunged into the stream and was soon near the drowning boy, when Berglund seized him and both went down. A battle followed and Berglund was unconscious and Christensen was exhausted when they reached the river bank. Christensen worked over his companion until 10 o'clock that night and restored him to consciousness. Brandt was on the opposite bank, unable to reach the pair. The rescue was brought to the attention of the British society by D. Tamblin, a Canadian official.

BIG HOTELS PLANNED FOR THE PARK

ELABORATE STRUCTURES FOR YELLOWSTONE WONDERLAND IS ANNOUNCED.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Plans are under consideration for large improvement in the national parks, including hotels in the Yellowstone and Yosemite says W. E. Curtis in a special dispatch in the Record Herald from Washington. "In Yellowstone park the new hotel will be 700 feet long and 160 feet wide with an irregular height of three and four and five stories. The contract calls for 500 rooms with 200 baths, electric light, steam heat and all modern luxuries. The hotel will be three times larger than the largest now in that section of the country. The chief feature will be a central rotunda, with balconies, for an office and lounging room. It will be 200 by 100 feet in size and fifty feet high, the roof being supported by natural trees, with trunks four feet in diameter, and their branches and foliage untouched. Between the trees, on all four sides, the walls of the rotunda will be made of plate glass extending from the floor to the ceiling, and it will be set between the tree trunks and the branches, so that the effect will be the same as looking into a forest.

"A unique feature of the exterior will be immense columns of rock, irregular in shape and height, rising at the corners of the rotunda and the wings of the hotel. This will make the front look as if the building should be erected between massive ledges and the idea will be carried out along the entire facade."

A concession has been given for a new \$500,000 hotel in the valley of the Yosemite.

Headaches and Neuralgia From Cold. Laxative Brome Quinine, the world-wide cold and grip remedy, removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature, E. W. Grove. 25c.

Chamber of Commerce

Hammond Block Near the bridge. Phone 67

Permanent exhibits of western Montana products wanted. All interests are invited to bring products to chamber headquarters for display purposes; due credit will be given all exhibitors. Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesdays at 8 p. m. All those interested in the promotion and welfare of western Montana are invited.



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Mott's Nerve-Tonic Pills The great iron and tonic restorative for men and women; produces strength and vitality, builds up the system and renews the normal vigor. For sale by druggists or by mail, \$1 per box, six boxes for \$5. Williams Mfg. Co., Proprietors, Cleveland, Ohio. For sale at D. C. Smith's drug store.

We Give Away Absolutely Free of Cost

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified, by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, a book of 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, in strong paper covers, for any one sending 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, or, in French Cloth binding for 31 stamps. Over 680,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book were sold in cloth binding at regular price of \$1.50. Afterwards, one and a half million copies were given away as above. A new, up-to-date revised edition is now ready for mailing. Better send NOW, before all are gone. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

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