

MARKET MOVEMENTS OF THE DAY

TRANSACTIONS IN SECURITIES RECORDED IN THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

New York, June 24.—The rally in stocks which developed yesterday was strongly extended to the accompaniment of a very active market for a time today. The extreme dullness and heaviness of the market after this demand had been satisfied, pointed to the inference that it had come from uncovered shorts rather than from renewed action of long stocks.

New York Closing Stocks.

Table listing various stocks and their closing prices, including American Copper, American Car & Foundry, American Locomotive, etc.

New York Mining Stocks.

Table listing mining stocks such as Brunswick, Comstock Tunnel, Horn Silver, Leadville, etc.

Boston Mining Stocks.

Table listing Boston mining stocks including Adventure, Allouez, Amalgamated, Arizona Commercial, etc.

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

Table listing San Francisco mining stocks including Alpha, Andes, Belcher, etc.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including Bullion, Caledonia, Challenge, Chlorine, Confidence, etc.

Silver and Drafts.

Silver bars, 92 1/2; Mexican dollars, 47; drafts, sight, 10 1/2 per cent; drafts, telegraph, 10 1/2 per cent.

Metal Market.

New York, June 24.—Spot tin was a little lower at \$132 1/2 in London, but futures were unchanged at \$134 1/2. Locally the market was dull at \$28.90@29.25.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, June 24.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund shows: Available cash balance, \$120,077,608; gold coin and bullion, \$16,906,504; gold certificates, \$22,819,750.

Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 24.—The demand of the bull leaders today was chiefly responsible for the strength of July wheat but December and September also ruled strong. The nearby delivery reflected buoyancy and advanced 1/4 from the low point.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, June 24.—Cattle receipts estimated at 3,500; market strong to the higher; beefs, \$5.10@5.25; Texas steers, \$4.75@5.25; western steers, \$4.75@5.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.40@3.50; cows and heifers, \$2.50@3.50.

EIGHT LOSE LIVES GATHERING SALVAGE

Victoria, C. J., June 24.—Eight lives were lost in an attempt to recover salvage from the wreck of the long-lost Hill liner Dakota off Shirahama at the entrance to Tokyo bay, shortly before the sailing of the steamer Kaga Maru, according to mail advices from the Kaga.

No Need of Suffering From Rheumatism

It is a mistake to allow anyone to suffer from rheumatism, as the pain can always be relieved, and in most cases a cure effected by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. The relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost.

CHARGES NOT PROVED.

Vancouver, B. C., June 24.—The sensational charges of having been connected with the illicit traffic in Japanese women pending against K. Hirado, vice president of the American Oriental Bank of Seattle by certain of his fellow countrymen, have not been sustained and Hirado is free to return to the United States.

Let us eat, drink and be merry.

With never a thought of ache or pain, Let us forget every sorrow that might be.

For we still have Rocky Mountain Beer.

For sale by David C. Smith and George F. Peterson.

VESSEL IS CHRISTENED.

Salt Lake City, June 24.—The new ship restaurant at Saltair was christened "The Leviathan" by Miss Alice Spry, daughter of Governor Spry, this evening. Four hundred guests witnessed the ceremony.

New Dining Room.

In future the Missoula hotel dining room will be open from 6 a. m. to 8 p. m. The management has spared no expense to make it one of the neatest and best places in the city.

WASHINGTON NEWS THE MISSOULIAN'S SPECIAL SERVICE.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—Senator Carter has secured for Charles F. Loomis of Billings a pension of \$12 a month from the pension bureau.

First class postmasters in Montana have been granted 15 days leave of absence in August to attend the twelfth convention of the National Association of Postmasters of the first class, at Toledo, Ohio.

An order has been issued by the postoffice department changing the name of the St. Paul & Spokane Railway postal line to the St. Paul and Miles City, and directed that the line end at Miles City, the service from there to Spokane to be covered by the Miles City and Spokane railway postoffice, decreasing the route 788 miles. The St. Paul and Miles City line will be 746 miles long and the Miles City and Spokane line 788 miles.

A civil service examination is announced for Missoula on July 8 and 9 to secure an aid in the coast and geologic survey at \$75 a month. On July 14 and 15 examinations will be held for topographic draftsmen in the survey at from \$90 to \$1,500 a year and for architectural draftsmen in the army in the Philippines at from \$1,200 a year upward.

During the tariff debate on one Senator Dixon protested against legislation being enacted transferring the industry of mining zinc ore to Mexico. The postoffice at Heligate, Granite county, has been discontinued by order of the postmaster general.

The exchange of inner registered postal sacks between Butte and Ogden has also been discontinued.

The postoffice department will permit the postmaster at the terminal of the Preston and Wibaux star service route to dispatch mail an hour in advance of schedule time, provided no connection be broken and no complaint made.

Approval has been given by the treasury department to F. H. Drinkwater, W. R. Harlow, W. F. Baker, R. L. Perkins and Robert L. Owens to organize the First National bank at Hamilton with a capital of \$50,000.

The war department has published as a general order to the services the recent act of the Montana legislature prohibiting the wearing of the uniform of the United States army, navy or national guard and providing a penalty of \$25 and 90 days imprisonment for violation thereof.

The Gunnison tunnel, Uncompahgre irrigation project, Colorado, was advanced 270 feet in the east heading and 400 feet in the west heading during May, leaving 575 feet between the headings to be done. The material in both headings at present is granite, but timbering was necessary in the east heading. Nine hundred linear feet of concrete lining were placed during the month and 35,000,000 gallons of water were pumped from the east heading and 5.2 second feet flowed in the west portal.

HISTORIC HOSTELRY DESTROYED BY FIRE

A number of cities and towns in the United States may obtain their light, heat and power direct from peat bogs in the near future. The statement is made by federal experts that millions of dollars' worth of fuel lies undeveloped in the swamps and bogs of the country, awaiting only the genius and business ability of the American before it drives the wheels of progress. Its value, on a basis of \$3 a ton, roughly guessed at by experts, is the geological survey, who have been studying the peat deposits for some time, is more than thirty eight billion dollars—more money than is represented in all the property, stock, implements and buildings owned by the farmers of the United States.

With the coal supply being used at a tremendous rate, peat is expected to become a most important auxiliary fuel and one that will prolong the life of the coal itself. An important fact which leads the experts to believe that peat will soon come into quite general use in certain parts of the country is that it is not only found in quantities in regions far removed from the coal fields, so far that the cost of transporting the coal amounts to several times the cost of the fuel itself at the mines.

The states containing the greatest amount of peat are the eastern Dakotas, Minnesota, Michigan, Wisconsin, northern Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, New York, the New England states, New Jersey, portions of Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida.

A thorough investigation of the peat resources is now being undertaken by the geological survey, not only as to the amount of peat and its location, but also its use. Professor Charles A. Davis, of the technologic branch, has general charge of the investigations, while Professor Robert H. Fernald, consulting engineer in charge of gas producer tests, is endeavoring to find the value of peat as a fuel for heating and power purposes. The latter but recently returned from a trip to Europe, where he investigated the uses of peat, and found the older countries much further advanced along this line than the United States. Professor Fernald returns with the belief that peat will be extensively used in the United States. In Ireland he found that peat was being used generally for domestic purposes, but not by the manufacturing establishments. "Sweden is dotted with peat deposits, and its bogs are being extensively utilized for power purposes," said Professor Fernald. "During the past eight years new bogs have been constantly added to the list until bogs producing from 2,000 to 5,000 tons of dry peat for power purposes per year are found on every hand. The consulting engineers who have installed some of these plants are unquestionably working in the right direction, placing the power plant directly in the peat bog and transmitting the electric current to the surrounding towns. The current is

being used for manufacturing purposes and also for lighting both the streets and houses. The installation of the power plant in the bog or at the mine has been advocated in this country by the technologic branch of the survey for installation of several thousand horsepower only, yet this principle is applied in Sweden to small plants, and may be feasible in certain parts of this country.

"Another development in the line of peat industry which promises splendid returns is the use of peat in by-product recovery gas plants. From these plants both gas for power and sulphate of ammonia can be obtained in commercially paying quantities. Both the utilization of peat for producer gas and for the recovery of sulphate of ammonia are perfectly feasible with American peats. Although the work done on peat at the survey experimental plant has been limited, it has demonstrated that both Florida and Massachusetts peat."

Professor Davis, who has just issued jointly with Edison A. Basist a bulletin on peat is optimistic on the future of peat, yet he believes the development of the industry should be accompanied by great caution.

"The operation of a gas engine at the experimental plant on peat in one or two feet with less amount of fuel is but little inferior to many grades of soft coal now on the market, and superior to some in the quantity of power gas produced," says Professor Davis. "I believe the day is coming soon when cities located near the peat bogs and away from the coal fields will obtain their power and light from peat. I understand that Florida is to have a power plant soon that will use peat as fuel and will transmit the electricity to Jacksonville.

"In the development of this industry, however, it must be remembered that peat contains from 85 to 90 per cent water as it comes from the bogs. All but 15 or 20 per cent can be dried out by exposure of the peat to the air. In burning peat in gas producers to make power gas this peat will burn successfully with less amount of moisture, which is impossible in a furnace.

"The burning of peat for power, heat or light is but one of its many uses. The by-products of great value include coke, illuminating oils, lubricating oils, paraffin wax, phenol, asphalt, wood alcohol, acetic acid, ammonium sulphate and combustible gases of good fuel value. If used for fuel there is enough nitrogen stored in the peat resources of the country to supply 646,000,000 tons with a value of \$5,000,000,000 in addition to the gas. Peat is capable of furnishing potential substitutes for wood in various departments of industry, and may relieve, to a considerable extent, the drain upon the vanishing forests. Paper is now being made from peat in Michigan. Possibly 5 per cent of the total peat in the United States or 141,000,000 tons is suitable for the manufacture of coarse paper and pasteboard, which will reduce the consumption of wood by whatever amount it displaces wood pulp in the manufacture of such articles."

GRAND JURY EMPANELED.

Butte, Mont., June 24.—An Anderson, Mont. dispatch says that Judge Winston of the state district court today swore in and empaneled a grand jury of seven, with carte blanche to inquire and instructions to report upon gambling and any other violations of the Montana statutes.

Born in Iowa.

Our family were all born and raised in Iowa, and have used Chamberlain's Cough, Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy (made at Des Moines) for years. We know how good it is from long experience in the use of it. In fact, when in El Paso, Texas, the writer's life was saved by the prompt use of this remedy. We are now engaged in the mercantile business at Narcoossee, Fla., and have introduced the remedy here. It has proven very successful and is constantly growing in favor.—Eugene Bros. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

The mere fact that Scott's Emulsion is universally recommended is proof positive that it is the most energizing and strengthening preparation in the world.

It warms and nourishes, it enriches the blood, stops loss of flesh and builds up. Get Scott's.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York

Mid-Week Attractions

Missoula's Big Modern Store

Greatly reduced prices prevail on suits, dresses, skirts and millinery, while in the Dry Goods section you'll find some matchless bargains.

\$22.50 for Women's Fine Tailored Suits Worth Nearly Double

The strongest price attraction we have ever offered, considering the values involved. Besides, you may wear them this entire season, for which they were intended, not a year hence.

Silk Dresses, Lingerie Dresses and Fine Organdie Dresses at Half Price

Make dandy afternoon or evening dresses. They are up to the minute in style and we have expert dressmakers here to remedy any defect in fit. If you want a really clever costume for half its true value, look at these dresses today. Half a hundred dresses to select from, and no two alike.

Dresses worth \$15 now only \$7.50  
Dresses worth \$20 now only \$10.00  
Dresses worth \$25 now only \$12.50  
Dresses worth \$30 now only \$15.00

Stunning Dresden Silk Petticoats

Worth \$10—On Sale Today, \$5.98

A rarely good bargain in taffeta silk under-skirts, for we assure you the silk is the very finest and heaviest rustling taffeta, in handsome Dresden patterns; colors shaded in the browns, navies, light blues, toupes, greens and cardinals. They have beautiful, deep flounces, nicely tailored, and the bands are adjustable elastic, making them easily fitted to any figure. Fifty garments on sale, and the real value not less than \$10. Today only, \$5.95

One-Third Less For Any Dress Skirts

No doubt you are familiar with our lines of dress skirts and know that they are the most beautiful as well as the most comprehensive in the city. By giving our big Higgins avenue window a passing glance you will see some prices and values there that will amaze you. Even that big window permits of only a very limited showing of our enormous lines. Scores of other styles on the second floor that we couldn't show at prices now a THIRD LESS.

A SENSATIONAL BARGAIN In Women's Muslin Gowns

Skirts and Drawers See Higgins Avenue Window

You have seen many muslin underwear bargains, but none to compare with this. Upwards of three hundred undergarments, made from a sheer, fine grade nainsook muslin, trimmed with dainty laces and embroideries, all cut very large and along the lines of the latest underwear models:

Muslin gowns, lace and embroidery trimmings, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50, only 75c  
Muslin drawers, lace and embroidery trimmings, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50, only 75c  
Muslin skirts, lace and embroidery trimmings, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50, only 75c



Prices Seldom Seen on Silks and Staple Piece Goods

\$1.75 Black Taffeta, \$1.19—Full yard wide, and is fully guaranteed as good as any taffeta made.  
50c Suisse Silks, 35c—Elaborate selection of patterns, in plain and fancy colors; beautiful for summer dresses.  
25c White Waistings, 10c—Choose from an enormous quantity of different patterns. Dependable quality.  
25c Lawns and Batistes, 8 1/3c—Sheer qualities, immaculate and crisp. Lowest price on equal quality ever quoted.  
15c Ginghams, 8 1/3c—Standard dress fabrics. Toile du Nord and other best qualities represented.  
American Prints, 5c—Best calicoes, and only the best. Standard of excellence throughout.

High Quality Domestic at Prices Beyond Competition

\$3.50 Napkins, \$1.95 Dozen—Excellent quality linen; large number of patterns. Size 22x22.  
Crash Toweling, 5c—Buy a quantity to last a year. Price never was so low.  
72x90 Sheets, 39c—Often sell at \$1 regularly, lodging houses and hotels take notice.  
81x10 Shets, 69c—All in one piece, no seam. Can't duplicate it at the price anywhere.  
45x36 Pillow Cases, 15c—Not a cheap grade at all, but a good grade cheap. Get a quantity.  
Other Bargains Not Quoted.

D. J. Donohue Co.