

In a Perfect Blaze of Glory

For the few days that remain we intend to cut and slash prices to a level never attempted by any merchant in Missoula, or this section of the state. Thursday Friday and Saturday will be the greatest bargain days ever known in the history of this store.

Hundreds of articles will go on sale these three days at—well, we don't care what they bring. These goods are not back numbers; they are this season's creation, short lots, odds and ends, left over from the terrific selling of the past few days. The very fact that these are short lots speaks in their favor—had they not sold well they would not be short lots. Come prepared to see the greatest values in the history of merchandising. Tune your harp of criticism to the highest note, let your exacting nature expand if you wish, let it be more exacting—you will find the prices here such as you never dreamed of. Match these values if you can; you can't do it.

Ladies' Department

Every lady's suit in the house has been culled from short lots, and will go on sale Thursday a. m. at **\$11.49**. These are new suits left from this season's selling. They come in all the wanted shades, strictly pure wool, and the values range from \$20 to \$35. They are yours while they last at exactly **\$11.49**.

Wash suits, lingerie dresses, wash skirts, gingham dresses, ladies' muslin wear, are all placed in the category of goods that must and shall be closed out, regardless of what they cost.

American Lady Corsets will be sold at manufacturer's cost. There are no corsets made that are better, none that are superior. The best by test.

MILLINERY AT JUST HALF PRICE.

Men's Department

Every man's suit in the entire stock of men's clothing, whether a \$15, a \$20 or a \$25 suit, all go in at exactly **\$10.69** a suit. These come in fancy worsted, plain worsted, Scotch mixtures, blue serges, single and double-breasted coats, pants half peg or middie. There is only one price that will obtain in this entire lot, and that price is no more nor no less than just exactly, a suit **\$10.69**.

Florsheim Shoes

The very name "Florsheim Shoes" is a synonym of honor, for they are built on honor. Every \$5 and \$6 shoe in the house, whether an Oxford or regular cut, whether a tan or a black, all go on sale Thursday a. m. at **\$3.89**.

Ladies and Gentlemen

Attend the closing days of our sale. Come and rig yourselves out in our ready-to-wear garments, at a less price than you can buy the same anywhere; get yourselves ready for your summer outing. Go out next Sunday and Monday and celebrate the "Glorious Fourth." Look on old glory. Every star placed there was at the cost of oceans of human blood and millions of money. Look at that grand old flag and then if you can't say "in all the fullness of your heart" "I thank God I am an American citizen," you are not worthy of its protection.

Higgins Avenue **THE MARTIN COMPANY** Missoula, Montana

WASHINGTON NEWS

THE MISSOULIAN'S SPECIAL SERVICE.

Washington, D. C., July 1.—The postoffice at Peskan, Teton county, has been ordered discontinued by the postoffice department.

Forest M. Mack has been commissioned fourth-class postmaster at Goldbutte.

Henry E. Belcher has been appointed postmaster at Bynum.

The special postal service from Avery, Chouteau county, to Harlem, has been ordered discontinued on July 31.

Star service will be established on July 1, from Choteau to Collins, leaving both places daily.

An inspection of the condition, operation and efficiency of the subsistence department at Fort Missoula will be made this month by Captain Douglas Settle, commissary of the department of Dakota under orders from the war department. He will first visit Forts Assiniboine and Harrison.

The postoffice at Gould, Lewis and Clark county, will be discontinued on July 31, by order of the postmaster general.

Railroad postal service between Laurel Junction and Red Lodge over the Northern Pacific, a distance of 41 miles, has been decreased .06 miles, it being a decrease in the terminal distance at Red Lodge.

The bureau of education of the interior department wants an editor and the civil service commission will endeavor to supply the want by holding an examination at Missoula on July 14. The place pays \$2,000 and the job calls for conducting the correspondence of the bureau, writing reports, editing, the preparation of original articles on education, the study of educational institutions and problems outside of Washington, attending conferences, and delivering addresses at important public meetings. The applicants will not be assembled, but the papers must be in the hands of the commission by July 14. On July 21 papers will be received from applicants for the position of designer of bridges and buildings in the Philippine service, at \$1,800 to \$2,000 a year.

Senator Carter's secretary, Edward T. Crawford of Helena, spent the past week at Atlantic City, N. J., resting from his arduous duties at the Capitol and recuperating from his recent illness of typhoid.

Editor Richard R. Kilroy, of the Buffalo News, is spending some days in New York on business, after a pleasant trip to Washington.

The secretary of the interior has issued a notice designed to afford to all water right applicants under pub-

lic notices issued in pursuance of the reclamation act, equal privileges in the matter of making final payment of building charges.

Public notices issued prior to July 3, 1908, announcing the irrigability of land under reclamation projects required the settlers to pay their water right charges in not less than five nor more than ten annual installments in order to insure compliance with the requirements of the law as to residence. Many entries were, however, made before the issuance of the public notices so that the residence requirement had already been partially complied with, and the settlers were anxious to make full payments and obtain title to the land in the shortest possible time.

On July 9, 1908, an order was issued allowing settlers to make full payment of any balance of the building charge remaining due, after full and satisfactory compliance with all the requirements as to residence, cultivation and reclamation. Similar privileges have since been granted to settlers of other projects, and it is for the purpose of making this provision apply to all lands under government irrigation projects that the notice mentioned has been issued.

The engineer in charge of the Yuma irrigation project reports that a flood of 129,000 second feet is passing over the recently completed Laguna dam. Both the dam and the levees which for miles protect the bottom lands are holding their own and no trouble is anticipated.

This news is very gratifying to the officials here, as it confirms their judgment that the Colorado river could be controlled and the bottom lands protected from floods and irrigated.

The Laguna dam is patterned after weirs which have been successfully operated on erratic rivers of the old world for half a century, and the levees are of the type which experience on the Mississippi river during the past 60 years proved to be the best.

Over Thirty-Five Years.

In 1872 there was a great deal of diarrhoea, dysentery and cholera infantum. It was at this time that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was first brought into use. It proved more successful than any other remedy or treatment, and has for 35 years maintained that record. From a small beginning its sale and use has extended to every part of the United States and to many foreign countries. Nine druggists out of ten will recommend it when their opinion is asked, although they have other medicines that pay them a greater profit. It can always be depended upon, even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by all druggists.

THE LOCO DISEASE OF CATTLE

GOVERNMENT CONDUCTS EXPERIMENTS TO DISCOVER CAUSE OF TROUBLE.

Washington, June 30.—The so-called loco disease of horses, sheep and cattle has been for many years a source of serious loss to stockmen in the west, who have generally attributed it to certain weeds eaten by the stock. Investigations by the United States department of agriculture have not only confirmed the supposition as to the poisonous effect of these plants, but have resulted in the discovery and identification of barium as a definite poisonous element in them. Feeding experiments establishing the fact that the plants are responsible for the disease were carried on under field and corral conditions by Dr. C. Dwight Marsh, while the discovery of barium was made in the laboratory by Dr. A. C. Crawford.

The loco weeds are a class of leguminous plants, of which the principal ones are the purple loco weed (*Astragalus mollisimus*) and the rattle weed (*Aragalus lamberti*). One or both of these prevail to a greater or less extent over an area including all or parts of Montana, Wyoming, North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and Oklahoma.

The characteristic symptoms of the disease are a slow, staggering gait, rough coat, staring, vacant look and emaciation. The affected animals have hallucinations, can not be led or backed, show more or less lack of muscular co-ordination, gradually lose flesh and die. The affection comes on in a slow and cumulative manner, and there is no possibility of animals becoming immune by continually eating the plants.

The proverb, "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," applies to this disorder. Although good results can often be obtained by the treatment of locoed animals, the most effective way of dealing with the trouble is to keep animals from eating the loco plants. Wherever practicable the weed should be exterminated from the range or pasture, and the best way to do this is simply to cut it out. This method, however, while often practicable on land under private control, cannot well be applied to the public range. In many cases much can be accomplished by keeping animals away from loco-covered ranges during the time when feed is short, as they are much more likely to contract the habit at such a time. It may sometimes be profitable to feed them for a short time, in order that the loco-eating habit may not be formed. After animals have become affected the first essential in their treatment is to place them where they can not eat the loco weeds. They should be

given plenty of nutritious feed, and so far as practicable feed with laxative properties, such as green alfalfa. Some may recover under this treatment without recourse to medicine. With most animals, however, recovery is hastened by medical treatment.

As a result of its experiments the department of agriculture suggests the following treatment: For cattle, strychnine in doses of three-twentieths of a grain daily, administered hypodermically. For horses: Fowler's solution of arsenic in half-ounce doses daily in the drinking water or in the grain. This treatment should be continued for at least a month. To correct the constipation, which is almost universal in locoed animals, magnesium sulphate (Epsom salt) may be administered as a drench in two-ounce doses. Epsom salt may also serve to some extent as an antidote to the poison produced by the weeds. Beneficial results have also been obtained by giving horses daily a drench containing two ounces of Epsom salts with 10 drops of dilute sulphuric acid, and by giving cattle tri-weekly three to four ounces of Epsom salts with a proportional increase in the quantity of dilute sulphuric acid.

As the foregoing treatments are in the experimental stage, the bureau of animal industry, Washington, D. C., would be glad to receive reports of results from their use.

HAS NOVEL SCHEME TO SECURE MONEY

Spokane, June 30.—Bishop Smith of Portland, head of the Methodist church in the northwest, assisted by ministers from various parts of the Inland Empire, and representatives from Seattle, Tacoma, Wallace, Lewiston, Walla Walla, North Yakima, Wenatchee, Pullman, Coeur d'Alene, Missoula and Kallispell, will consecrate the ground for the edifice planned by St. Paul's Methodist church of Spokane, the ceremonies taking place on September 1. Rev. E. M. Hill, pastor, said of the plan to be carried out:

"An interesting part of the service will be the reception of names for the cornerstone. Any person who desires to have his name placed in the cornerstone when the building is erected will deposit \$1 on the day of the consecration of the site. The stone will be temporarily in place, and all those who wish to immortalize themselves by leaving their names to posterity in the foundation of the church building will file past and lay their dollars in piles on the stone. It will be a most interesting and unique sight, and I hope to see at least 1,000 men, women and children show their interest in the enterprise on that day."

The Lewistown-Billings Mutual Telephone company shows a monthly earning of \$2,250 above all expenses and covers all the surrounding country, including the towns of Roundup, Kendall, Glitledge and Moore.

TO PROVIDE TENTS FOR ALL

ST. PAUL PLANS TO HOUSE CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR DELEGATES DURING MEETING.

St. Paul, July 1.—Anticipating a flood of Christian Endeavorers from all parts of the world that will swamp the combined facilities of all of St. Paul's hotels, arrangements have been completed for a tented city where the surplus of the 25,000 expected guests will be satisfactorily cared for. Its location will be only a block from the magnificent new Minnesota state capitol building, and it will be occupied during the international meetings, which open two weeks hence and continue from July 7 to 12.

On the program alone are representatives from Mexico, Alaska, China, Japan, Wales, England, Germany and many other foreign countries while Canada from far St. Johns to the northernmost Saskatchewan and western British Columbia will be represented by thousands of delegates for whom reservation of space are now being made.

For all the army of delegates there will be international headquarters at one of the leading hotels, but no single hotel can care for even a fraction of the attendance indicated by the applications for reservations. Practically all the space of the St. Paul hotels, and in addition large reservation in private homes, at boarding houses and other places were secured months ago. During the past few weeks only the most energetic efforts have been sufficient to keep pace with the flood of inquiry. St. Paul will be the center of the Christian Endeavor world for a week, and practically all the prominent personages of the association will be present.

William Jennings Bryan is coming, and has promised to deliver an address on the train en route at the wedding of any two Endeavorers who want to be joined for good and all under unquestionably righteous auspices. He has more applications than he can take care of, and instead of one wedding, several will probably enliven his journey to the North Star state. Rev. Francis E. Clarke, the venerable father of the Christian Endeavor movement; William Shaw, Senator Beveridge and a host of notable appear on the program. For the public meetings practically every church or public building of size in the central portion of the city has been engaged, while the principal sessions will be held at the municipal auditorium, which will seat 10,500.

Some of the spectacular features of the international convention are quite out of the ordinary. Twenty thousand Endeavorers will join at one time in a trolley ride to principal parks and points of interest, and it is expected

that during their progress other traffic will be practically suspended. The same number will join in an evening song service on the new state capitol steps. A chorus of 700 trained voices will lead all the singing, and will be directed by the most famous Endeavor chorus leader in the world. There will be an international campfire with speakers from every country in the world where Christian missions have made progress.

Boy's Life Saved.

"My little boy, 4 years old, had a severe attack of dysentery. We had two physicians; both of them gave him up. We then gave him Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which cured him, and believe that saved his life."—William H. Stirling, Carbon Hill, Ala. "There is no doubt but this remedy saves the lives of many children each year. Give it with castor oil according to the plain printed directions and a cure is certain. For sale by all druggists."

ANNOUNCES ORDER OF WITHDRAWALS

Washington, June 30.—In connection with the call on national banks issued yesterday for the return of \$25,000,000 public funds, the secretary of the treasury today notified depository banks that the bonds held by the treasury as security for the deposits called for must be withdrawn in the following order:

First group, state, city and railroad bonds; second, Philippine Railroad company; third, Philippine loans, Porto Rican loans, District of Columbia and territory of Hawaii; the fourth class includes all government bonds and the Panamas of 1896 and 1903.

Bonds within a group, however, may be interchanged by banks if desired, but bonds in a lower group may not be substituted for those in a higher group. The amount of state, city and railroad bonds in the treasury to secure public deposits is \$20,909,571.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy Would Have Saved Him \$100.00.

"In 1902 I had a very severe attack of diarrhoea," says R. N. Farrar of Cat Island, La. "For several weeks I was unable to do anything. On March 15, 1907, I had a similar attack, and took Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave me prompt relief. I consider it one of the best medicines of its kind in the world, and had I used it in 1902 believe it would have saved me a hundred dollar doctor's bill." Sold by all druggists.

It costs the Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company just 87.5 per cent of its gross income to operate while the Montana Independent operates for but 41 per cent of its gross income.



"A Royal Good Steak"

fit for a king" will be your verdict as you finish eating one from this market. Our steak is so sweet, juicy and tender that it can hardly be spoiled with the worst of cooking. Imagine how good it will be when you have prepared it for the table in your own skillful manner. Buy your meats here and your good cooking will be appreciated.

Central Market
119 West Main St. Phone 15
THE MOST UP-TO-DATE MEAT MARKET IN THE WEST
KOOPMAN & WISSBROD, Proprietors

Chamber of Commerce

Hammond Block

Near the bridge. Phone 67
Permanent exhibits of western Montana products wanted. All interests are invited to bring products to chamber headquarters for display purposes; due credit will be given all exhibitors. Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesdays at 8 p. m. All those interested in the promotion and welfare of western Montana are invited.

Come Around at Noon

Splendid merchants' lunch from 11:30 to 2 o'clock every day at Ye Olde Inn. 40 cents.

MISSOULIAN CLASS ADS BRING QUICK RESULTS