

NEXT TO BEST DAY YET IS MONDAY

SECOND ONLY TO FIRST DAY OF OPENING IS REGISTRATION OF YESTERDAY.

OFFICIAL TOTAL 3,363

Day's Business Up to 4:30 in the Afternoon, as Reported by Designated Officials, Shows Increase—Notaries Public Get Together and Offices Close During Night Hours.

Next to the largest registration of the period was that of yesterday, 3,363 being the total for the day. This is next to the total for the time so far advanced, as the first day, last Thursday, there were 3,537 applicants for registration for Flathead lands. The day was marked, also by the absence, to a certain degree, of the friction which has hitherto existed among the notaries public, as the special committee of the chamber of commerce took matters in hand and seems to have straightened things out to the satisfaction of everyone concerned.

It was a busy day for the notaries, possibly more so than the first day, because of the fact that a number of the officials did not open for business until yesterday morning, but all the harvest was reaped by the notaries. The various business houses enjoyed the best patronage from the time of opening in the morning until closing time in the evening, and most of the home-seekers proved to be liberal buyers. All day long the streets were thronged with home-seekers, and all of them were well taken care of by the restaurants and hotels. A noticeable feature of yesterday was the fact that so many people were in the city from the twin cities, Butte and Anaconda, especially the former. And all of them were enthusiastic as regards Missoula and its future. At midnight the people were still coming and the indications are that today will prove a record-breaker.

Total to Date. The total registration up to 4:30 yesterday afternoon, is 11,786, and it is likely that if all of the notaries had reported yesterday, as they are supposed to, the total would now be very close to 12,000, making an average of \$200 per day, which is a good record.

The special committee of the chamber of commerce yesterday made the rounds of the various notary offices in the city, in order to get the notaries public to agree upon a uniform hour for opening and closing their offices. The committee, headed by Mayor Logan, met with unqualified success, as all of the notaries, to whom the petition was submitted signed it, most of them very willingly. The petition is as follows:

The Agreement. "Greeting: We, the undersigned movers in the campaign for uniform opening and closing hours for the notaries, said last night that we believed a step in the right direction had been taken, although he is of the opinion that the notaries should have their places of business in their regular offices. Said the major last night, "I believe that a step has been taken in the right direction, but am not prepared to state whether or not I will put up my free registration tent today. I believe that the city is entitled to have the visitors stay long enough to see the place and form an opinion of its good points. I do not wish to appear too radical in the matter, however. I am satisfied as far as the money is concerned, but simply think that the city should be entitled to have the visitors stop over long enough to see the place."

The Day's Score. The registration as reported by the various notaries public is as follows, giving the totals up to 4:30 in the afternoon: J. M. Evans 15, Edward Overton 285, Eugene Wessinger 205, Rhoades and Smith 175, Theodore Lentz 45, Oscar Crutchfield 182, W. H. Smead's office 544, William T. Graybeal 245, William Dyson 145, A. K. Anderson 218, J. L. Wallace 55, W. P. Ketcham 58, Amalgamated Notaries 515, D. D. Hull 79, Charles N. Madden 50, H. A. Stephens 120, John H. Tolan 32, Floyd J. Logan 106, Welling Napton 164, Stoddard and Price 175.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Registration Count. Total 3,363.



Mrs. Rose Sutton Parker, sister of Lieutenant Sutton, whose tragic death in Annapolis is now being investigated for the second time. It was Mrs. Parker who personally obtained the original evidence that brought about the opening of the government's inquiry.

MAYOR REVOKES TWO WILLING TO RESIGN LICENSES IF STATEMENTS PROVEN

BOARD OF TRADE AND HEAD-QUARTERS SALOONS ARE PUT OUT OF BUSINESS.

Mayor Logan made good another of his campaign promises at the meeting of the council last night, and again thoroughly demonstrated the fact that he fully intends to carry out the plans which he announced before his election and to bring about the reforms to which he is pledged. The opportunity for the action of last evening came about in connection with the gambling and illegal liquor selling charges recently filed against certain Missoula dealers, and as a result of the mayor's decision the licenses of the headquarters and the Board of Trade saloons were revoked by the council. In bringing up the matter Mayor Logan spoke of his campaign promises and of the need of getting some action of the saloon people of the city, and said that in consideration of the charges recently made against certain of these he felt it necessary to revoke the licenses. On motion of Aldermen Patterson and Wilkinson the council unanimously sustained the action.

The Inside Story. That there is an inside chapter to the revoking of at least one of these two licenses is evidenced by a statement made last evening by a special officer, a member of the corps that is in Missoula for service during the days of registration. This man gives the credit for the closing of the Board of Trade saloon to Sam Cone, special officer for the government. "The way Cone secured evidence against the proprietor of this place was a revelation to me," said the officer. "A couple of us had been shadowing a suspicious-looking character for some time, and finally trailed him down, only to find that he was Sam Cone, special officer for Uncle Sam, and a man we'd all known for years. Then we watched him work. His disguise was perfect; he resembled nothing as much as a yegman on a drunk, or a hobo of the tougher sort. He was lying on the floor of the Board of Trade when I next saw him, seemingly too drunk to even stand, and while lying there, an inert pile of clothes and man, he saw the bartender sell liquor to two Indians, Sam Resurrection and Gray Bear, I believe their names are.

"Pretty soon the Indians started on the door and the handle on the floor, breathing stertorously, rolled over, shook itself and staggered to its feet, following them to the street. The cool night air seemed to brace the inebriated and he followed the two visitors from the reservation around through the alley and back into the rear room of the same saloon. Nobody questioned his right to enter and soon he was again prone on the floor, snoring once more. From there, he saw the Indians sit in the poker game that was going on and watched them lose what money they had—\$7.75 he told me afterwards. Then he left. He attracted little attention, perhaps none at all—but the arrest of the bartender for selling liquor to Indians and the revoking of the saloon's license attracted a whole lot of notice."

Session Begins. The council was called to order promptly at 8:30, six aldermen being present when the roll was called. Alderman Moody, the new councilman from the Fourth ward, who was at the last meeting elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Alderman Bayes, took his seat without any particular ceremony, and began his official duties. He was appointed by the mayor to all committee positions.

CALHOUN ON TRIAL AGAIN

PRESIDENT OF UNITED RAILROADS FACES CHARGE OF OFFERING A BRIBE.

San Francisco, July 19.—Patrick Calhoun, president of the United railroads, is again on trial in this city on a charge of offering a bribe to a public official to gain a privilege for his corporation. Half a day had been devoted to interrogation of prospective jurors when the first panel of 25 citizens was exhausted and an adjournment taken until next Wednesday morning.

Except for the absence of three or four notable attorneys and the presence of District Attorney W. H. Langdon as chief prosecutor, the proceedings today differed in no particular from the early stages of the first trial, which lasted five months, and resulted in a disagreement just four weeks ago.

None of the attorneys would venture an opinion or guess as to the length of time to be consumed in completing the second jury, but the task is generally acknowledged to be one of the most difficult and tedious that ever confronted a court. It was evident from today's examination that most of the talesmen summoned were anxious to escape service in the case on any pretext and a few questions sufficed to disqualify in several instances. Assistant District Attorney Francis J. Heney is expected to assume charge of the case when he returns from his trip to Alaska, and John O'Garra, his colleague in the first trial, will retain his former position.

GRAPHIC TALE OF DEATH TOLD

SECOND INVESTIGATION INTO SUTTON TRAGEDY BEGINS AT ANNAPOLIS.

COURT OF INQUIRY SITS

Lieutenant Adams, One of the Principal Actors in the Midnight Fight, Tells in Detail of the Affair, but Claims That Sutton Killed Himself—Discrepancies in Story.

Saturday, October 12, 1907.—Lieutenant Sutton attends dance and returns to the naval academy in automobile with three officers.

Sunday morning, 1:15 o'clock.—Has fight with officers.

Sunday morning, 1:20 o'clock.—Lieutenant Sutton's dead body found with bullet in head.

Board of officers investigate and give verdict of suicide.

Mrs. James Sutton, the lieutenant's mother, and his sister, start investigation, believing he was shot.

Personally appeal to Washington authorities and get a new trial.

July 7, 1909.—Lieutenant R. E. Adams and Lieutenant E. A. Osterman, of marine corps, brought back to the United States to answer in criminal courts to charge of murder.

June 28, 1909.—Redario Sutton, a brother, now at naval academy, nearly killed by hazing while on duty.

Annapolis, Md., July 19.—The opening session here today of the court of inquiry conducting a second investigation into the death of Lieutenant James Nuttle Sutton of the United States marine corps was replete with dramatic situations. Lieutenant Robert B. Adams, Sutton's former classmate at the academy, and one of the principal actors in the midnight fight which cost young Sutton his life nearly two years ago, told a graphic story.

With nervous demeanor and yet almost defiant under the severe cross-examination of Henry E. Davis, counsel for Mrs. Sutton, mother of Lieutenant Sutton, Adams sat facing Sutton's mother and sister during his examination. At one point Lieutenant Adams and an orderly enacted the struggle with Sutton. The witness chair was removed and they both lay prone upon the floor. The witness was still under cross-examination when the inquiry adjourned until tomorrow.

Discrepancies. Mr. Davis succeeded in bringing out a number of discrepancies in Adams' testimony, compared with his version of the tragedy at the former investigation, when the board of inquiry found Sutton had committed suicide. Adams testified regarding a ride to the marine camp in an automobile with Sutton and two other officers of marines, Lieutenants Tiley and Osterman, an altercation between Sutton and the witness and a deferred encounter, when the senior officer interrupted; a later accidental meeting of the witness and Sutton on the border of the woods near the barracks, and the fight between the two men, with Sutton armed with a revolver in either hand and firing five shots, the last of which he directed at his own head while lying on the ground.

Sees Bullet Fired. Adams said he had risen from the prostrate Sutton, whom he believed to be exhausted, and saw Sutton raise his right hand and fire a bullet into his own head. Just previously an officer had cried that Lieutenant Edward P. Roepker had been shot and killed, the witness said.

After the session Mr. Davis said that it was not his intention to fasten the responsibility of Sutton's death upon anyone, but every effort would be made to discredit and refute the suicide theory. Roepker is an important witness who has not yet been located. His mother accepted service of a subpoena for him in Washington, it was said, but his location is not known. He left the service soon after the Sutton tragedy.

VICTIM OF RUNAWAY LIKELY TO SUCCUMB

Special to The Daily Missoulian.

Butte, July 19.—James Williams, a miner at the Speculator, lies at the point of death in a local hospital, and the chances are that he will not live through the night. With companions he was having a good time at 4 o'clock this morning, driving about town in a livery rig. A runaway followed the poor driving done by himself and companions, and his life may pay the forfeit. He sustained a fracture at the base of the skull when he was thrown from the buggy.



Mrs. James N. Sutton and Lieutenant James N. Sutton.

HENEY GOT SALARY FOR DOING NOTHING

ADMITTED IN HOUSE THAT ATTORNEY WAS PAID FOR SERVICES NOT RENDERED.

Washington, July 19.—That Francis J. Heney, special counsel of the department of justice and also assistant prosecutor in the so-called graft cases in San Francisco, received from the government last year \$23,000 for which he performed no service, was the frank admission of Chairman Tawney of the appropriations committee in the house today. He stated, however, that Mr. Heney's salary had nothing to do with the \$27,000 deficiency for the department of justice for which provision is made in the urgent deficiency bill.

Mr. Heney, he said, had received in all from the government \$59,000. Asked by Mr. Cox (Ind.) if any of this deficiency was due to the employment of special counsel to prosecute any of the tobacco trust had occasioned some of it, Mr. Bennett (N. Y.) added that the prosecution of the turpentine trust also was responsible for part of it. Mr. Clark (Mo.) denounced the appointment of incompetent district attorneys, necessitating as he said the employment of special counsel. The practice had grown into a bad, he said, and a very expensive one. He declared if there had been a competent district attorney or two in the west there would not have been so much stealing of public lands.

Mr. Mann (Ill.) said Mr. Heney needed no defense. "The only people opposed to him," he remarked, "are those who have been accused if not convicted of graft."

Mr. Burke (Pa.) called the Illinoisan to order, saying that Mr. Mann's admission that Mr. Heney needed no defense disposed of the necessity of consuming the house's time.

TAFT SURE COMING TO TREASURE STATE

Special to The Daily Missoulian.

Butte, July 19.—According to telegrams received tonight from Washington, President Taft will make good in his promise of a visit to Butte, next month. The dispatches tonight assert that the president is due to make a speech at Salt Lake City during the gathering of the Grand Army veterans and he will come to Butte direct from the city of Saints. Whether he will continue to Seattle by way of the Great Northern or the Northern Pacific is a disputed point, but it is generally believed in Butte that he will make a short stop in Missoula, being the only other Montana point which he will visit. Butte business men and others are preparing to make his stay in town one of the events in Montana's history.

O'BRIEN GETS JUSTICE.

Washington, July 19.—Justice was done Ambassador O'Brien in the house of representatives today by Mr. Hobson, Alabama, who in a speech last February charged that the ambassador had endorsed the application of certain Japanese of San Francisco to sell liquor without a license. Mr. Hobson said today that he had made the charge upon misinformation.

TAFT INVITES REPUBLICAN MEMBERS

G. O. P. MEN ON CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ASKED TO DINNER AT WHITE HOUSE.

DEVELOPMENTS EXPECTED

It is Assumed That the President Intends to Report Progress in Getting Votes for the Abolition or Reduction of Duties on Raw Materials—Cannon and Aldrich Confer.

Washington, July 19.—All the republican members of the tariff conference committee have been invited by President Taft to take dinner with him on Wednesday night at the White House. It is assumed that the president expects to be ready to report progress in getting votes for the abolition or reduction of duties on raw materials. When Speaker Cannon left Senator Aldrich's room tonight he said the conference must frame the program for passing the conference report and that the representatives would have to assume responsibility for their action. This remark was understood to signify that a binding rule could not be looked for to carry an unpopular report through the house.

There was no indication of a lack of understanding between the leadership of the senate and house. The speaker talked freely with the newspaperman about every subject except that which they desired to hear him discuss. Senator Aldrich left the office building with Senator Crane to consider the possibility of putting through the senate a conference report providing for free iron ore and free oil reduced duties on coal, lumber and hides.

Much Opposition. Many of the progressives come from states interested in cattle-raising and they oppose free hides, or even a reduction in the duty. Other insurgents, notably Senators Brewster and Cummings, who are not particularly interested in the question of free hides, iron, oil or coal, expressed the opinion that the president should bring his influence to bear in a movement looking to reductions in the duties on wool and woolen goods, cotton goods and other articles which entered into wearing apparel.

Senator Borah declared that if the free raw material program was adopted some of the western senators would be afraid to go home and could not expect to continue their positions. He is in sympathy with President Taft's attitude on the question of downward revision, but declares it should not be confined to raw materials. Mr. Borah is authority for a report that there is in process of organization a combination of senators who will be pledged to support the conference report if it shall provide for free coal and free hides.

YOUNG GIRL FREED OF LARCENY CHARGE

Chicago, July 19.—Ella Gingles was cleared tonight from the charge of stealing lace, but the story she told on the witness stand of being a "white slave" victim was denounced as untrue by the jury that freed her. The verdict said:

"We, the jury, find the defendant not guilty, and we further find that the charges made against Miss Agnes Barrette were unfounded and are untrue."

The basis of the defense made by the girl, who was on trial for stealing lace from Miss Barrette, was that Miss Barrette and others had attacked and mistreated her twice last winter, and that the object was an attempt to sell her to an unnamed man in French Lick, Ind.

"Now, be a good girl, Ella. Go back to your home in Ireland and be a good girl," was the advice given the defendant by Juror Thomas Mackey as she shook hands with him after the verdict had been read.

MINISTERS OPPOSED TO FISTIC CONTESTS

Special to The Daily Missoulian.

Butte, July 19.—Disgusted at the apparent lack of faith of the county officials in failing to suppress boxing contests and "fake" fighting, the Ministerial association took drastic action this morning at its regular weekly meeting and went on record as being in favor of suppressing the game even if it is necessary to have some of their members make personal complaint to the proper authorities.

READY FOR FLIGHTS.

Winans, France, July 19.—Count de Lambert is here with two Wright aeroplanes, which are now ready to make a series of flights. In view of Herbert Latham's accident today it is believed that Count de Lambert will attempt to cross the English channel with an American machine before Mr. Latham is again ready to make the flight.

WILL INSPECT MILWAUKEE.

Helena, July 19.—After having completed a daylight inspection of the Northern Pacific main line, and branches, the members of the railroad commission have returned to Helena and will start Monday next on a similar tour of the Milwaukee, with the view of having personal knowledge of all physical conditions in the state.