

DRAWING IS COMPLETED FOR THE COEUR D'ALENE

Names of Winners of Land in the Idaho Reservation Have All Been Plucked From Envelope Pile.

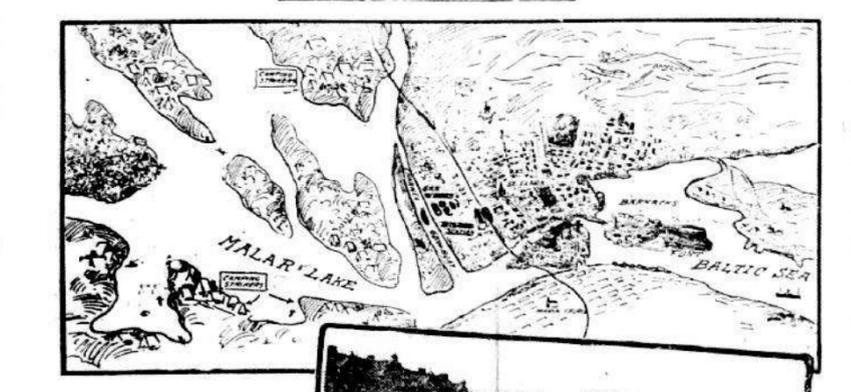
DECIDED DROP IN THE ENTHUSIASM IS MANIFESTED

After the Fifteen Hundred Mark Is Reached Applicants Relax Their Interest in Drawing, Considering That All of the Best Claims Had Been Secured by Other Applicants.

Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, Aug. 10.—Judge Vitten received the drawing for the Coeur d'Alene reservation at 9 o'clock this morning. The crowd, small at first, increased soon to several hundred, but at no time was there the same enthusiasm as was manifested the first day, probably due to the fact that numbers after 1,500 are considered of little value. One of the interesting features of the day was the number of persons calling at the land office to make sure they are the genuine winners of the numbers. Sometimes two men of the same name appeared and the judge made each a piece of paper upon which he asks them to write their names, ages, height, etc., and those just correspond with the particulars in the application. The first rejection occurred today when the name of A. Boughman of Charlotte, Mich., through Agent Edw. L. Coy of the same place, was read. It was rejected on the ground that Ellerton R. Davies, a notary public of that town did not certify that he was authorized to take out papers for land drawings. One of the 3,000 drawn this is found to be the only one defectively executed.

- Stumped Him. The man employed to call out the names as the envelopes were opened... Merton, Atchison, Kan.; 1911. A. H. Kenyon, Spokane; 1942. Howard J. Coeur Ros, Kallispel, Mont.; 1943. H. A. Reed, Lyonsdale, Idaho; 1944. Victor Hall, Spokane; 1945. Phillips Evans, Hatheway, Mont.; 1946. E. P. Stratton, Seattle, Wash.; 1947. Mrs. Hattie Newland, Rathdrum, Idaho; 1948. G. L. Arnold, Fort Madison, Iowa; 1949. Gott-ly Rennert, Bourbon, Mont.; 1950. Elfric Miles, Council Bluffs, Iowa; 1951. Marie Jordan, Philadelphia; 1952. James G. Wright, Sunnyside, Wash.; 1953. John Earl Woodford, Mica, Idaho; 1954. Matthew W. Smith, Albion, Wash.; 1955. W. E. Perry, Ferry, Wash.; 1956. Emil Matzke, Wenatchee, Wash.; 1957. John L. Kerns, Lewiston, Idaho; 1958. G. W. Myers, Bonners Ferry, Idaho; 1959. Frank Skoglund, Freeman, Wash.; 1960. F. D. Lake, Tokoa, Wash.; 1961. E. G. Yeager, Bremerton, Wash.; 1962. W. C. Finley, Okaloosa, Wash.; 1963. Edward N. Rodahl, Fir, Wash.; 1964. Samuel S. Jayson, Red, Neb.; 1965. Marcus Anderson, Preston, Wash.; 1966. Robert D. Gantley, Coeur d'Alene; 1967. Frank C. Newberry, Wallace, Idaho; 1968. Joseph Millam, Palouse, Wash.; 1969. W. P. Ketham, Seattle; 1970. Minot C. Williams, Tokoa, Wash.; 1971. Charles W. Larimer, Toppish, Wash.; 1972. Fred C. Rosler, Stevensville, Mont.; 1973. Jacob Berg, Seattle; 1974. Mrs. W. N. Montgomery, Spokane; 1975. E. R. Moore, Pinchot, Idaho; 1976. A. Bloom, Redwood Falls, Minn.; 1977. George F. Hamden, Spokane; 1978. H. H. Dupries, Livingston, Mont.; 1979. H. Johnson, Lawrence, Wash.; 1980. Cora L. Sutton, Arlington, Wash.; 1981. Harry S. Goff, Missoula, Mont.; 1982. William Tasker, Wolf Creek, Mont.; 1983. E. E. McBride, Sterling, Ill.; 1984. William A. Lauk, Little Falls, Wash.; 1985. Chester G. Chisamore, Harrison, Idaho; 1986. Lewis B. Aspy, Hartford, Ky.; 1987. S. Y. Hanson, Hilliard, Wash.; 1988. L. R. Deal, Spokane; 1989. H. H. Cain, Samers, Mont.; 1990. Daniel S. Crain, Seattle; 1991. L. F. Berry, Spokane; 1992. G. B. Dittmore, Farmington, Wash.; 1993. Philip Foster, Spokane; 1994. I. Barney, Spokane; 1995. R. Hayes, Twin Falls, Idaho; 1996. M. E. Acheson, Dolan, Idaho; 1997. Fred L. Stanton, Spokane, Wash.; 1998. W. A. Halliday, Milton, N. D.; 1999. J. P. Dodds, Spokane, Wash.; 1999. Bruce L. Wilcox, Stevens Bluff, Wis.; 1999. Lovina J. Withers, Victor, Mont.; 1999. Harry Weatherly, Orofino, Idaho; 1999. Harry B. Morton, Pittsburg, Pa.; 1999. Henry Florreich, Spokane; 1999. Rose A. Studer, Otterville, Mo.; 1999. Inabright Lovans, Woodville, Wis.; 1999. Martha A. Crowder, Red Oak, Iowa; 1999. Jeanie Gray, Milwaukee, Ore.; 1999. M. P. Lash, Eugene, Ore.; 1999. E. G. McCauley, Dayton, Wash.; 1999. A. Benton Benick, Oak Grove, Mo.; 1999. E. C. Fish, Plainville, Ind.; 1999. A. B. Heinlein, Harrison, Idaho; 1999. James Mattimore, White Bear, Minn.; 1999. Frank Kahus, Nampa, Idaho; 1999. Olive Noelker, Coeur d'Alene; 1999. Henry L. Gray, Spokane; 1999. John M. Boren, Lewiston, Idaho; 1999. A. R. Smith, Breckenridge, Minn.; 1999. C. O. Butterfield, Spokane; 1999. Charles Brew, Snohomish, Wash.; 1999. Harold A. Smith, Hilliard, Wash.; 1999. Belle F. Myers, Lebanon, Ky.; 1999. William McCann, South Tacoma, Wash.; 1999. Sylvia E. Arthur, McKay, Idaho; 1999. J. F. Connor, Spokane; 1999. Benjamin A. Swall, Seattle; 1999. Andrew J. Oliver, Green Creek, Idaho; 1999. E. O. Pannell, Pony, Mont.; 1999. Leroy Lambirth, Edwail, Wash.; 1999. Anna L. Evans, Spokane; 1999. William W. Bass, Seattle; 1999. C. Hubbard, Lapwai, Idaho; 1999. Samuel D. Lieberman, Chicago; 1999. Charles Riley, San Francisco, Cal.; 1999. Charles Walton, Spokane; 1999. Chester Cook, Spokane; 1999. David H. Young, Cheney, Wash.; 1999. J. D. Powell, Spokane; 1999. Henry Brendt, Lansing, Mich.; 1999. James E. Rand, University Park, Ore.; 1999. Joseph H. G. Dodds, Kendrick, Idaho; 1999. Charles E. U'reath, Spring Brook, N. D.; 1999. Ed Bolzer, Wallace, Idaho; 1999. Albert Ferrin, Green Camp, Ohio; 1999. Cooley Keyes, Wallace, Idaho; 1999. William G. Weizel, Wallace, Idaho; 1999. Edward H. Schmidt; 1999. Edward J. East, Missoula, Mont.; 1999. George C. Nelson, Novberg, Ore.; 1999. Thomas Cannell, Spokane, Wash.; 1999. C. A. Gilkey, Medical Lake, Wash.; 1999. John H. Miller, Chicago, Ill.; 1999. Bascom G. Hauge, Harrison, Idaho; 1999. Andrew Anderson, Palouse, Wash.; 1999. Ed M. Kelly, Blackburn, Okla.; 1999. G. Richardson, Goldendale, Wash.; 1999. Lonami A. Groat, Renton, Wash.; 1999. Charles Lehman, Deering, N. D.; 1999. John Greenwood, Peshastin, Wash.; 1999. Della J. Mount, Sandpoint, Idaho; 1999. Percy Kinler, Moscow, Idaho; 1999. (Continued on Page Four.)

PERFECT ORDER MAINTAINED IN THE CITY OF STOCKHOLM



Map of Stockholm, Sweden, and environs, showing Malar lake, where most of the 20,000 strikers are camping and living on the fish they catch. The troops are quartered at the fort, which commands the Baltic. The railroad station and gas plant are heavily guarded to prevent their being dynamited. The picture below shows the gardens of Gustav, one of the most delightful spots in Sweden.

Stockholm, Aug. 10.—It still is impossible to foresee the end of the strike which has been in progress for some days. However, it is having no influence on the social life of the capital. Perfect order is being maintained. Food again is plentiful and prices are becoming normal. There has been no serious decline in the prices of securities on the bourse. Street car and cab traffic in the city continues, the municipality having ordered the cabmen to resume work or forfeit their licenses. The strike of the railway men is not feared, as the men fear they may lose their rights to pension. From many industrial centers come reports of more or less resumption of work. Most of the newspapers are issuing small-sized sheets. There was a stormy meeting today of the railway, telegraph and telephone employees concerning the strike, but its result is being kept secret. The financial weakness of the strikers' unions make the present movement problematical.

REVIEWS EVIDENCE SENATOR DIXON GLAD HEINZE'S STOCKS TO BE AT HOME CAUSE YOUTH TRIAL

HARRY K. THAW GIVES A STATEMENT REGARDING EFFORT TO FREE HIMSELF. RETURNED FROM WASHINGTON, HE FINDS MISSOULA GROWING AT A RAPID RATE. CLERK SELLS HOLDINGS PLACED IN TRUST FOR LOAN AND LANDS IN JAIL.

White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Re-asserting his sanity, Harry K. Thaw today published a statement reviewing the evidence given in the recent hearing on his application for release from Maitland. In his argument to sustain his contention that he is sane, Thaw said that, according to the stenographers, District Attorney Jerome has proved him to be sane, "45 times over" in his long questioning. "The following is all I have to say about the trial: Mr. Jerome's witnesses were an unprofessional lawyer and an unfortunate woman who contradicted each other, also three of his peculiar allies and Dr. Baker, who from his testimony might have been on either side, except that he showed some friendliness to us and could not remember many admissions he had to me and to Dr. Pilgrim. "Dr. Baker admitted he did not believe in souls because he had never seen any. Dr. MacDonald and Dr. Pilgrim refused to believe what Jerome had solemnly stated to the jury, so I hardly think any judge could believe any of them. The best experts have informed me that if any insane man was questioned for 20 minutes as Jerome questioned me he would assuredly show his insanity. As Jerome kept this up over 15 hours in all during the trial, he proved me sane 45 times over. "Mr. Jerome at the end of the second trial, after telling the jury why he had not produced Dr. Flint said he would submit the case to human intelligence. It seems I must be perfectly sane if hard headed, sane like those who slept in the same room with me, saw my undress and go to sleep and wake up, then eat my breakfast, dinner and supper and who took me on the mountains where I could have left them miles behind had I not been trustworthy. These and many other things headed by President Patton of Princeton, and ladies, some of whom have known me all my life, and bankers and manufacturers and police and prison keepers accustomed to observing both sane and insane men; also city clerks, editors, farmers, lawyers and the ex-governor of a great state—all find me perfectly sane and none find anything irrational at all. "This seems to me to prove my sanity 10 times better than Jerome in a 144 hour debate on every possible subject except the alleged delusion which he did not seem to want explained. Maybe exclamation would have spoiled his hypothetical question. "Signed: "H. K. THAW."

E. K. LANE ATTENDS VETERANS MEETING

Pittsburg, Aug. 10.—The arrival of Lieutenant General S. B. M. Young, retired, acting as personal representative of President Taft, marked the opening of the convention of the veterans of foreign service and the army of the Philippines here today. More than a thousand delegates are already in camp. Prominent among the arriving visitors was Edward K. Lane of Missoula, Mont., former trooper in Colonel Ross-veit's regiment of Rough Riders. Lane was color sergeant of his troop when the famous band of cow punchers and college men charged San Juan hill and he vividly recalls stories of that event. The first joint business session of the two conventions will be held tomorrow.

OLD WARRIORS GOOD EXAMPLE TO PATTERN AFTER ENJOY THEIR REUNION

VETERANS AT SALT LAKE ARE NOT ALLOWING BUSINESS TO INTERFERE WITH FUN. LIFE OF MAGNATE IS PICTURED AS A BUSINESS IDEAL BY M'GEE.

ARE SEEKING AMUSEMENT POWER TRUST ATTACKED

Matter of Selecting a New Commander in Chief and the Place of Meeting of the Next Convention Are Attracting Much Attention—S. R. Van Sant Boosted for Head of Organization. Gifford Pinchot, Before the National Irrigation Congress, Makes Speech in Which He Arraigns Interests That Are Attempting to Corrupt the Water Power of the Country.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 10.—Samuel R. Van Sant, commander-in-chief, Atlantic City the meeting place in 1910, is the way the forecast reads tonight in the campaigns for the leadership and the 44th encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. Nevertheless, the friends of Judge William A. Ketcham and the advocates of St. Louis are standing bravely to their guns and will not concede defeat until the last ballot is fired at the business session of the organization on Thursday. The convention-seekers and the personal friends of candidates worked hard today, but the thousands of old soldiers in the city had more important matters to attend to. "If amusement interferes with your business, cut out the business," is the motto of the veterans, and they are living up to it. The encampment is, first of all, a holiday and the visitors do not allow their dignity as warriors to spoil their splashing in the lake, their rambles amid historic scenes, their postcard special service to absent friends, nor their investigations of the Mormon faith. Deep Interest. Salt Lake's unique position as the center of a peculiar religious denomination is remembered by all classes of visitors, but it is doubtful if any have taken more interest in Mormon history and Mormon political economy than those grizzled fighters of the civil war. The veteran who can secure an aged father in Israel as his guide and instructor is in his element and is envied of his comrades. Thousands of veterans and the army nurses were entertained free of charge by the management of the Saltair pavilion at the lakeside this afternoon. Other thousands put in the day seeing the sights of the city. Colorado claims the largest delegation at this encampment. Roll call shows 563 persons from the Centennial state. So far this claim has not been disputed. Special trains continue to pour their human cargoes into the depots, and the blue-clad bands are instantly swallowed in the throngs that came before. Hold Session. The Association of Union Ex-Prisoners of War held their business session with National Commander Harry White of Pennsylvania presiding this afternoon. Executive councils of the Woman's Relief corps and other auxiliary bodies also devoted a part of the day to routine labor. Under the vast dome of the Mormon tabernacle the Grand Army, Sons and Daughters of Veterans, Women's Relief corps and the rest were welcomed to Utah by Governor William Spry, and to Salt Lake City by Mayor John S. Bransford tonight. The visitors' appreciation of the welcome was voiced by the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, Henry M. Nevius. From the same pulpit the heads of the various affiliated organizations greeted the members whom they have served for the past year. Campfires Held. Campfires were held at the assembly hall and the armory, and when these broke up every eye was turned toward Ensign peak, the mountain rising 1,200 feet at the northern edge of the city, upon which the Mormon pioneers planted their flag at the first settlement of Utah. From this eminence the heavens are being bombarded with a gorgeous eruption of flame. Flery balloons mount the darkened sky and volleys of rockets pelt the firmament with lines of living light. White Re-elected. Harry White of Indiana was re-elected commander at the 37th convention of the National Association of Ex-Prisoners of War today. No one else was mentioned for the honor. Thomas Loughney of Salt Lake City was made senior vice commander; C. F. Hopkins of New Jersey, Junior vice commander; Rev. John S. Ferguson of Keokuk, Ia., chaplain; J. D. Walker of Pittsburg, adjutant general and quartermaster general. Executive committee—O. A. Parson, Pennsylvania; John L. Parker, Massachusetts; J. M. Emery, Illinois; C. C. Shanklin, Ohio. Three bills to be introduced in con-

Public Benefactor. Urbanite Enthusiasm.

"I regard Mr. Rockefeller as at once a generous public benefactor and a wise and careful business man. He has had all the opportunity in the world to exact an exorbitant toll from the public and yet he charges less for oil than is paid every day for common water. "Frankly, I admire the man and I say that the United States government could do better than profit by the example of a business man so astute and who so well conserves natural resources. "However, this portion of Dr. McGee's speech did not elicit applause that followed his address in general concerning the conservation of natural energy. Gifford Pinchot, chief forester of the United States, caused perhaps the chief sensation of the day, beginning with a five minute ovation given him when he took the rostrum and ending with a similar ovation and three cheers and a tiger, when he ended. He took occasion to denounce the activities of the water power trust, which he said, though still in its inception, bids fair to overshadow all other trusts. He charged that the irrigation congress is being made the tool of the corporate interests whose accounts are being made members of important committees for the purpose of dominating the activities of the congress. Urbanite Enthusiasm. "And," said he, "I believe I could point out one genial and urbane gentleman, an attorney for the interests who is here now." George S. Long, representing the lumberman is only trying to supply a connected with a big lumber concern in Seattle, denied that the interests of the lumbermen are inimical to those of the consumer. He said that the lumberman is only trying to supply a healthy demand and that reforestation will begin in earnest when the demand has reached the high price point. E. T. Allen, United States district forester, elicited applause when he appealed for safe and sane lumbering and for the conservation of water. Addresses on this subject also were made by E. M. Griffith of Wisconsin and E. T. Campbell of Canada. Enlarged Scope. J. N. Teal of the joint conservation committee, made an appeal for the enlargement of the scope of waterways on the Pacific coast. He pointed out the possibility of making navigable the Columbia river for a distance of 2,500 miles by applying the cost of a single battleship to the work. He declared that river transportation is the greatest of automatic rate adjusters. J. E. Chibberg, president of the Alaska-Tukon-Pacifiic, expanded at Seattle, was a speaker in the afternoon. He invited the delegates to attend the exposition and concluded with an appeal for the reforestation of the mountains for the protection of the streams. Describes Methods. Alexander McPherson, secretary of the Idaho state bureau, horticultural inspection, described the methods in vogue in his state for irrigation. A resolution was offered which will be acted upon Thursday, urging state legislatures to remit a part of the

GOES FOR A DRINK.

London, Aug. 10.—King Edward left here today for Marlborough in Bohemia to take the waters. (Continued on Page Twelve.)