

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY



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Jos. H. Fitzgerald

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THOMPSON WINNING OVER DISASTER

SANDERS COUNTY SEAT IS RISING FROM THE ASHES INTO PROSPERITY.

Staff Correspondence. Thompson, Nov. 6.—The county seat of Sanders is sharing in the general prosperity which pervades western Montana. There is a livelier aspect to the town than there has been since the fire a year ago, which swept over the center of the town and left of more than a block of business buildings only smoking ashes. The rebuilding of the burned district has been held up, pending the determination of some matters which have an important bearing upon the future of the town. The fact that rebuilding has begun and that it is of a substantial nature is one indication that these matters have been settled right for Thompson and that the town is about to make up for the months of inactivity that followed the big fire. In addition to the building that has been started in the business district, there are other improvements under way. On the hill, where the new part of town is being built, a good start has been made at street grading and the delightful residences that are located among the pines will soon have an attractiveness. On the flat, opposite the court house and overlooking the river, the water company is erecting a large headquarters building and at

the falls a railway spur, a couple of miles long, is being graded from the main line of the Northern Pacific to the probable site of the power dam. Other minor building enterprises are under way and the announcement of further development work is expected before many days.

The new time card of the Northern Pacific occupies the attention of the people of Thompson and of the people who would like to go to Thompson these days. There are 12 passenger trains that pass through Thompson under the new card. All but two of these pass through without stopping. If you're coming to Thompson you must be sure you don't get aboard one of the trains that whizzes through the town as if it were in a hurry to get somewhere on the other side. If you are coming from Missoula train No. 41 is the one for you; but if you want to stop at Plains, don't take 41, for 41 ignores Plains, although it stops at Thompson. You can get to Plains by stopping off at Paradise and then taking some other train that does stop at Plains, provided you can learn what one that is. But it is not a very long walk from Paradise to Plains and you can make it ordinarily while you are finding out the train arrangement. It is as bewildering as the old song about "the train that goes to Morrow" is the train that goes today. Then there is the Spokane-Paradise local that stops everywhere and on the slightest provocation. That is a good train for this district, but it doesn't help much in getting to Missoula; maybe it wasn't intended to. Locally they call this little train "The 22 Short" and that fits it well. The only thing that stops trains 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 at this station is the necessity for taking water. Occasionally one of them pauses for a drink, but you can't depend on this and there is one time a day when you can leave here for Mis-

soula; that is, when No. 4 comes along. It will doubtless be all right when Thompson and Missoula get used to it, but it's a little perplexing at present.

However, there are compensations for being compelled to wait in Thompson. If you have a room at the Ward hotel you don't care much whether the train comes along or not. Mrs. Billy Cummings still presides over this model of hospitality and her guests are as comfortable and contented as if they were at home. The term of the district court, which is just closing, has crowded the hotel to its limit; then, too, there has been a seven-day rainstorm that has kept everybody indoors. This combination has taxed the hotel to its capacity, but it has been just as cheery and comfortable as if conditions were normal. The lively little landlady has kept things running finely and she divides honors with Judge Myers of the district court as the most popular individual in the county.

The court session has been unusually busy and interesting. Chief interest has been in the gambling cases which grew out of grand jury indictments; there were six or eight of them. One was dismissed. One defendant was found guilty. He was a man from Idaho. All of the local defendants were acquitted by the trial jurors. There was some very queer testimony given, it is true, but the general diagnosis is that the jurors were hard of hearing and didn't grasp all of the evidence that was given. Judge Myers expressed his opinion of the jurors in language that they could both hear and understand; it was a compliment to their intelligence as men or to their integrity as citizens. The real reason for the acquittal of all these defendants is to be found, if the matter is figured down to its ultimate terms, in the inherent dislike which there is in every man for the "spotter." But it is not easy to explain these verdicts even in this light and the outcome of the cases has furnished material for discussion that has made Thompson, for the moment, forget the rain and the mud.

The whole west end, from Ravalli to the state line, has been deluged for seven days. There has been a steady downpour of persistent, soaking rain; not the violent, heating storm that comes with a wind, but a quiet, business-like rain that soaks through your clothes if you stay out any length of time. Now and then there have been ineffectual efforts toward sunshine, but they have served only to draw people away from cover far enough so that they have been drenched before they could get back when the rain resumed. The farmers like it, but the builders and the railway men have found it wholly bad. For three days Roadmaster Hartman has been fighting the inroads of the water along the new Belknap cut-off; the threatened damage has been great in the new cuts and along the fills. The trackmen have been working day and night and if the rain quits business soon there will be no permanent damage.

There is a lot of farm land develop-

ment going on here these days. George Goode is extending his farming operations by the reclamation of new land. Bob Rutherford is cleaning a large tract of stump land and has more than a hundred men at work. There are some good farms in this part of Sanders county, but they have not been enough attention given to orchard culture. The orchard men down this way find it difficult to believe the statements of orchard production in the Bitter Root, merely because they do not realize the methods of cultivation that have been followed in the upper valley. The season here is milder than that of the Bitter Root, the altitude is much less and the rainfall is greater; but the farmers are not able to equal the yields of the Bitter Root, even with natural conditions so much in their favor. The reason for this is to be found in the fact that the Bitter Root farmer has learned the lesson of intensive cultivation. The land down here does not present the difficulties in the way of clearing that are found in the upper Bitter Root and one of these days somebody who knows how will discover the Clark's Fork valley, as Mr. Moody discovered the Bitter Root. Then there will be something doing in the orchard line.

Thompson is much interested in the Western Montana apple show. This section sent up just about some fine specimens of fruit and already is interesting itself in preparations for a more adequate representation next year. There are some fine orchards here, orchards that are getting better all the time. The possibilities are great and the introduction of careful orchard culture will make such a difference as will surprise the natives. There are thousands and thousands of acres here, ideal orchard land, that will one of these days be developed. The reports from the Bitter Root are already leading local orchard men to inquire into the conditions; there will be students at the next apple show; the result will be for the betterment of the farms of this part of the country. There is a great field here for the exploiter. And with the development of its splendid natural resources Thompson will become a busy, bustling city. Electric lights are to be the next step; the city already has a fine water supply. The construction of a big power dam, the building of a great irrigation canal and the development of the small farm idea—all these are planned for the near future. When the work starts, watch Thompson grow.

JAILED FOR CONSPIRACY.

Seattle, Nov. 6.—A. S. Erickson, president of the so-called milk trust, otherwise known as the Seattle Retail Milk Dealers' association, was taken to the county jail today to serve a term of 10 days' imprisonment for having conspired to increase the price of milk. Erickson was tried and convicted two years ago and sentenced to a jail term and to pay a fine of \$500. The case was fought through the superior court, which today returned a remittitur upholding Erickson's conviction. A deputy sheriff arrested him and he began his term in jail.

MARKET MOVEMENTS OF THE DAY

New York, Nov. 6.—Misgivings over the money outlook were as much responsible as anything else for the downward tendency of prices of stocks today. The feeling over the money situation is based not so much on the actual tone of the money market as on the suspicion of the active measures necessary on the part of the capitalist to conserve such ease in money rates as has been secured thus far. A 6 per cent minimum in the discount rate both by the Bank of England and by the Imperial Bank of Germany caused renewed discussion. The result of such a rate would probably be the dislodgment of credits on which the New York market is relying to carry through the fall with ease.

The further pressure on Pennsylvania today in connection with the offering of new stock at par was a factor in keeping alive an uneasy feeling over money market resources. More consideration was given today to the week's loss in cash by the banks indicated by yesterday's preliminary estimates. There were no mentions also that the loan estimate for the forthcoming statement would show the effect of the large receipts of homecoming securities from foreign markets. Large withdrawals of gold from the Bank of England for shipment to Egypt emphasized the impression of the hardening of the world's money markets.

Stocks had a substantial recovery on short covering, induced by denials of positive reports that an advance in the German bank rate on Monday had been determined. The bank statement showed over \$6,000,000 actual loss of cash and the loan expansion served to swell the deposit liabilities as well. The surplus is reduced \$8,878,859 by the average of \$1,012,585. Bonds were irregular. Total sales, (par value), \$1,710,000. United States 2's have declined 1/2 per cent on call, during the week.

Table of market movements including Illinois Central, Do preferred, Louisville & Nashville, Missouri Pacific, etc.

Table of Boston Mining Stocks including Adventure, Alouez, Amalgamated, Butte Coalition, etc.

Table of New York Mining Stocks including Alice, Brunswick Con., Comstock Tunnel stock, etc.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Talk of a probable falling off in the movement of wheat in the United States next week caused active buying on the board of trade today. The action of the market was a surprise to the majority of traders who had expressed prices on a downward course. Leading elevator interests, however, gave the market vigorous support and this brought out active covering by shorts. Demand was chiefly for December

and the price of that option advanced nearly 2 cents from the low point of the day. The up-turn occurred during the final hour and at the close prices were almost at the top notch, December closing at \$1.01, after ranging between \$1.01 1/2 and \$1.02 1/2. The bulge in wheat caused moderate weakness in corn during the late trading and resulted in net gains of 1/4 to 1/8 1/2 at the close. The trade in oats was dull. Prices closed a shade lower to a shade higher. Provisions closed 5c higher to 5 1/2 c lower than yesterday.

Chicago Livestock. Chicago, Nov. 6.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 2,500; market steady; heaves, \$3.80-\$9.10; Texas steers, \$3.50-\$4.85; westerns, \$4.25-\$7.40; stockers and feeders, \$3.25; cows and heifers, \$2.65-\$7.00; calves, \$6.25-\$8.50. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 11,000; market stronger; light, \$7.40-\$7.90; mixed, \$7.80-\$8.10; heavy, \$7.40-\$8.10; rough, \$7.45-\$7.65; good to choice heavy, \$7.65-\$8.10; pigs, \$5.75-\$7.50; bulk of sales, \$7.80. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 11,200; market steady; native, \$2.50-\$4.85; western, \$2.75-\$4.50; yearlings, \$4.60-\$5.35; lambs, native, \$4.50-\$7.35; western, \$4.75-\$7.30.

Weekly Bank Statement. New York, Nov. 6.—The statement of the clearing house banks for the week of five days in as follows: Loans, \$1,246,947,400; increase, \$13,069,500; deposits, \$1,241,460,500; increase, \$7,456,300; circulation, \$55,378,800; increase, \$112,500; legal tenders, \$68,530,400; decrease, \$2,523,500; specie, \$245,877,300; decrease, \$4,482,200; reserve, \$315,407,700; decrease, \$7,005,700; reserve required, \$310,365,125; increase, \$1,861,550; surplus, \$5,042,575; decrease, \$8,888,250; ex-United States deposits, \$1,449,325; decrease, \$5,872,550.

New York Metal Market. New York, Nov. 6.—The usual Saturday situation obtained in the metal market in the absence of cables, and prices were nominal. Tin was quoted at \$30.37 1/2 @ 30.52 1/2. Lake copper quoted by local dealers at \$136 @ 137.25; electrolytic, \$12.75 @ 12.87 1/2; casting, \$12.62 @ 12.75. Lead reported easy at \$13 1/2 @ 14.42 1/2. Spelter, nominal, \$8.45, asked.

HAS BUBONIC PLAGUE.

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 6.—The third case of bubonic plague in California within three months was reported at the meeting of the state board of health today. The victim is Frank Bellis, an Oakland butcher. He became infected through eating squirrels shot in Contra Costa county.

A Horrible Accident that may happen to one is no worse than a severe attack of rheumatism. If suffering with rheumatism no matter how slight or serious, you cannot find a better remedy than Ballard's Snow Liniment. Cures cuts, sprains, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia in a hurry. Try it. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Geo. Freisheimer.

Free Remedy Cures a Life-long Constipation

There may be people who are chronically constipated who still doubt that there is a cure for them, but to convince themselves that there is hope they have only to write for a free sample of a remedy that is curing hundreds of people every day who had been constipated all their life long. And this convincing proof will cost no one a cent. The remedy that is doing wonderful work in the cure of constipation is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, and anyone can obtain a bottle for trial by sending name and address to Dr. Caldwell. Thousands of people have come to use this remedy in troubles of the stomach, liver and bowels by first obtaining a free sample from Dr. Caldwell. It is by all odds the ideal laxative for the cure of stubborn constipation, liver trouble, sick headache and such complaints because it not only relieves the distress, but it strengthens the stomach and bowel muscles and coaxes them into the habit of doing their work regularly again, and that is the ideal cure. In this way it is permanent in its results, which cannot be said of cathartic tablets and pills, or of salts and purgative

waters, for these are at best only temporary relief. First of all Dr. Caldwell urges the beginner to send for a free sample bottle as in that way he can best prove his claims. Then, the remedy being taken and the doctor's claims proved, you can go to your druggist and buy it in the regular bottles. Each bottle costs one dollar a bottle. It is not only useful to yourself but to every member of the family, since not used it before, when the youngest or the oldest will need a laxative. Mr. F. Ribsam of Seneca, Mich., and Mrs. E. A. Brandt of Chickasha, Ok., always have Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in the house for the use of the entire family, and both started modestly and skeptically on a free sample bottle. Send for one and try it. If you have not used it before, Dr. Caldwell personally will be pleased to give you any medical advice you may desire for yourself or family pertaining to the use of the entire family, and both are free of charge. Explain your case in a letter and we will reply to you in detail. For the free sample simply send your name and address on a postal card or otherwise. For either request the doctor's address is Dr. W. B. Caldwell, R. 517 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.