

DEATH CUTS HEAVY SWATH IN RANKS ALDRICH TALKS TO OMAHA PEOPLE

THIRTY-TWO THOUSAND CIVIL WAR SURVIVORS ANSWER LAST CALL IN YEAR.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 10.—Death is cutting a heavy swath in the government pension roll, last year claiming 48,312 pensioners, of whom 22,831 were survivors of the civil war. This loss was partly made up by the addition of 45,010 new pensioners. The net decrease in the roll was 5,493 pensioners. Those on the rolls now include a daughter of a revolutionary hero, 295 widows of the war of 1812; 1,744 survivors of Indian wars and 2,881 widows of Indian wars; 2,459 survivors and 6,633 widows of the war with Mexico; 888,690 pensioners on account of the civil war; 27,995 on account of the Spanish war; 16,294 on account of the regular establishment, a grand total of 946,194 pensioners, as compared with 951,087 during the preceding year. The annual value of the pension roll at the beginning of the present fiscal year was \$160,782,879, an increase of \$1,187,169 over the previous year.

Since the establishment of the system the government has paid out the huge sum of \$3,913,082,513 in pensions. Ohio has the distinction of having the largest number of pensioners within its borders, 82,507, who also drew the largest amount of any of the states, \$16,376,312. Mrs. Phoebe M. Palmeter, aged 88 years, of Brookfield, N. Y., pensioned by special act of congress as the daughter of Jonathan Wooley, who served in a New Hampshire regiment, is the only pensioner on account of the revolutionary war on the roll. The last widow pensioner of that war was Esther S. Damon of Plymouth, Union, Vt., who died three years ago, aged 82 years. The last survivor of the revolutionary war was Daniel F. Bakeman, who died at Freedom, Cattaraugus county, N. Y., 40 years ago, aged 109½ years. The last surviving pensioned soldier of the war of 1812 was Hiram Cronk of Ava, N. Y., who died four years ago, aged 105 years old.

The residence of the pensioners is divided in the United States and territories; 147 in insular possessions, as Hawaii, the Philippines and Porto Rico; 5,647 in foreign countries.

Nevada had the smallest number of pensioners of the states, 428. Alaska of the mainland territory, 90. The pension bureau reports that there are 2,255 pensioners living in Montana, to whom was paid \$366,632 last year.

REITERATES BANKERS AND BUSINESS MEN MUST AID COMMISSION IN ITS TASK.

Omaha, Nov. 10.—That Senator Aldrich is becoming rapidly westernized, his friends will be convinced when he returns to New York and Washington if he wears his new clothes. The principal recent addition to his senatorial accoutrement is a pair of leather "chaps," such as cowboys wear. They were presented to him here today by former United States Senator Manderson and the presentation formed the merriest, if not the most important, feature of the noonday luncheon tendered the senator at the Omaha club by Luther Drake, a banker.

Mr. Aldrich arrived here early today and in addition to his informal speech at the Omaha club he delivered an address tonight before the Commercial club. The coming of Senator Aldrich had been anticipated with much interest. He had been advised that here he would be in the very heart of the "enemy's country." In addition he had been preceded here by Congressman Fowler of New Jersey, until recently chairman of the house committee on banking and currency, who was represented to have severely criticized what are supposed to be some of the Rhode Island senator's ideas. The hope had been that Mr. Aldrich would give some attention to these opposing elements, but those who entertained such hopes were disappointed. He did take occasion to refute the idea that his efforts as a legislator are purely in the interest of eastern states, but he did not mention any of his critics by name.

At the night meeting Senator Aldrich again went over the work of the commission to date and outlined the labor before it, appealing, as at previous meetings, to bankers and business men to study the question of banking and currency reform. He dwelt upon the national character of the work, declaring that any change must be in the interest of the entire country. Indeed, he declared, it would be almost, if not quite impossible to formulate a banking law that would work wholly for the benefit of any one section.

Senator Aldrich has received many pressing invitations to visit a number of other western cities, but has been compelled to decline all because present engagements take his time up to the meeting of the commission on November 20.

JURY GETS BRINK CASE.

Basin, Wyo., Nov. 10.—The case of Herbert Brink, charged with the murder of Joseph Allemand, owner of the sheep camp raided last spring, went to the jury at 6 o'clock tonight. The sheriff has appointed an additional guard for the jury. County Attorney Metz stated tonight that a jury for the trial of the second of the seven accused cattlemen will be drawn as soon as a verdict in the Brink case is received.

DIAMOND SNATCHER FAILS TO ESCAPE

Spokane, Nov. 10.—Snatching a wallet containing \$15,000 worth of diamonds from the counter in a local jewelry store today, J. B. Brown ran out of the door and down the street. Soon several hundred citizens were in pursuit. Brown drew a revolver and fired 12 shots at his pursuers, reloading as he ran. Even this did not check the throng, which chased him into an alley, where the breathless thief surrendered. He had thrown away the diamonds in his flight, but the packet was found by a messenger boy.

THOMPSON APPOINTED SENATOR.

Bismarck, N. D., Nov. 10.—Fountain L. Thompson of Cando, N. D., was today appointed United States senator by Governor Burke to fill out the unexpired term of Senator Johnson, who died three weeks ago. The appointment of Mr. Thompson, a democrat, was something of a surprise, as he was a "dark horse" in the race. The announcement was made after a long conference, in which the leading democrats of the state participated.

SHERMAN DISCREDITS ROOSEVELT AGITATION

New York, Nov. 10.—Vice President Sherman was urged tonight to comment on rumors that adherents of former President Roosevelt are working to bring about his re-nomination in 1912. Mr. Sherman said:

"I don't believe that any such move is being made. President Taft is in a stronger position than he has ever been since his election. His straightforward statements to the people of the west and south on his trip made a favorable impression and I cannot believe any important wing of the republican party is working against him."

SEATTLE WOMAN HUNTS CASH.

Salina, Kan., Nov. 10.—Mrs. Fannie M. Math of Seattle, Wash., a sister of Mrs. Mary Short, who was murdered in Topeka a few days ago by Frederick Fanning, was in Salina today trying to locate \$1,000. She declares the money was brought here last August by Mrs. Minnie English, who is under arrest in connection with the murder. Fanning asserts she forced him to commit the crime. Mrs. English and Fanning spent some time here last summer together.

BURNS' BUTTS INTO FEDERATION AFFAIR

Washington, Nov. 10.—Characterizing the attitude of Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, in the contempt proceedings in connection with the Buck Stove & Range company as "a wilful, premeditated violation of the law," Simon Burns, general master workman of the Knights of Labor, has administered a severe rebuke to these three leaders. Mr. Burns expressed his confidence in the courts in general and in those of the District of Columbia in particular. This rebuke was in Mr. Burns' annual report to the general assembly of his organization.

"There is no trust or combination of capital in the world," said Mr. Burns, "that violates laws oftener than the trust labor organizations, which resort to more dishonest, unfair and dishonorable methods toward their competitors than any trust or combination in the country."

Mr. Burns said the action of "these so-called leaders" would be harmful for years to come whenever attempts were made to obtain labor legislation.

I. W. W. PRISONERS TAKEN TO FT. WRIGHT

Spokane, Nov. 10.—Eighty Industrial Workers of the World prisoners were removed from the city jail tonight to Fort George Wright, where accommodations are provided for them as authorized by the federal government. They are guarded by city officers. At a special session today the city council decided to uphold the mayor and the police in the struggle with the organization.

Efforts were made by sympathizers with the Industrial Workers to have the ordinance forbidding street speaking repealed, but the council without hesitation referred the appeal.

Three of the prisoners abandoned the "starvation" strike today and decided to go to work on the rock pile as sentenced, their action entitling them to square meals instead of bread-and-water diet.

PEARY SHOWS PHOTOS.

New York, Nov. 10.—Commander Robert E. Peary showed for the first time tonight the 75 photographs he took during his dash to the pole and which he will use in public lectures this winter. The pictures were shown to 50 men prominent in social and scientific circles during a dinner in Peary's honor at the Metropolitan club. Neither Commander Peary nor any one of the speakers referred to Dr. Cook's expedition or to the Cook-Peary controversy.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold, prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Garden City Drug Co., Geo. Freisheimer, proprietor.

Missoula Mercantile Co.



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

\$20

For Your Choice of Any \$22.50 Suit or Overcoat In Our Store

This offer will remain in force but a few days more, so take advantage of it while you may, as many men did again yesterday, declaring that nowhere else in town could they find values to compare with these.

It is generally known that our suits and overcoats regularly priced at \$22.50 are from \$2.50 to \$5 under the prices asked for garments of equal quality and style by other stores. The immense volume of business done here enables us to cut our profits on individual sales to such an extent that this difference is readily possible when one stops to consider that this great selling power also means great purchasing power.

We guarantee the All-Woolness or Pure-Worstedness of Every garment—and we "make good" if the merchandise does not.

Your Choice of Any \$22.50 Suit or Overcoat

\$20

HEADQUARTERS for overcoats;

that's the claim we make for this store right now, and the claim isn't half as big as the fact. Here you'll find a great stock of overcoats of every kind—a stock greater in size and in variety of styles than all the other overcoat stocks in town combined, and what makes it more interesting to you is that they are all good overcoats; we don't handle any other kind.

We specialize on our own PREMIER and Hart, Schaffner & Marx makes, because in them we can assure our customers of quality, all-wool fabrics, the most modern and fashionable designs and models, the most thorough and reliable tailoring, the most perfect fitting garments to be had. They're overcoats we're glad to sell because men, as a rule, are glad to buy them.

You'll find overcoats here as low as \$15; you can find cheaper ones in town, if you want them; that's as little as a man should pay if he wants quality, and in marking and selling these garments at this price you're making more on them than we are. We have other cloth overcoats up to \$50, and at every price the value is there for the money.

With so many models to show, there's an endless task for anyone who should undertake to describe them in detail. Broad, high-shoulder effects are the rule; some of them—very popular—button to the chin; a common style in auto coats and raincoats. Some are very boxy, others form fitting; some with long, wide skirts, others of more conservative type. It's a color season in overcoats, too; many rich browns, plain and in patterns and stripes; grays, Cambridge and Oxford; fancy weaves in rich autumn shades are extremely popular and dressy. Kerseys, Meltons and Worstedes, in American and foreign weaves, cannot be displaced for real genteel coats. Linings are wool serges, heavy mohairs, Venetian and silk, some of the finer dress overcoats being lined throughout with silk and silk faced.

At \$25, the popular price, we offer exceptional values, and particularly emphasize the quality of materials and tailoring and styles, which, to say the least, are exceptionally good.