THE WEATHER
Today—Fair; cooler.
Tomorrow—Fair.

THE DAILY MISSOULIAN

THERE'S PROFIT
For you in a perusal of the advertising columns of The Missoulian today.

VOL. XXXVI. NO. 337. MISSOULA, MONTANA, THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1910. PRICE FIVE CENTS

INTERESTING SESSIONS HELD

ENTHUSIASM MARKS MEETINGS OF STATE SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

MORE DELEGATES HERE

Visitors Attend Convocation at University and Are Banqueted at the Missoula Hotel—Alford to Be Sent to World's Convention in Washington, D. C. Next Month.

PROGRAM FOR TODAY.

Forenoon

8:45—Department conferences, as yesterday.
10:00—"How to Arouse Interest in Bible Study," Mrs. E. A. Richardson of Forsyth.
10:30—"The Best Things in My Conference," Mrs. A. T. McCullough of Butte.
11:00—"The Department of Visitation," Dr. Franklin McElfresh.
11:30—Business.

Afternoon.

2:00—Devotional Sermon, Rev. Newman H. Burdick of Helena.
2:30—"The Best Thing in My Conference," Mrs. J. M. Ross of Bozeman.
3:15—"The Best Thing in My Conference," Mrs. M. H. H. Lee of Anaconda.
4:00—"Those Who Are Between," Rev. H. A. Carnahan of Anaconda.
4:30—Business.

Evening.

7:30—Song service.
7:50—Scripture and prayer, Rev. R. W. Newman of Missoula.
8:00—"The Call for Christian Leadership," Dr. Franklin McElfresh.
8:40—"The Object of It All," Rev. A. D. Batchelor of Butte.

Yesterday was a great day for the Sunday school convention. It eclipsed the record of the first day in every way. Additional delegates arrived; the attendance at all meetings was larger; the interest grew deeper; the addresses, if possible, were even better, and the spirit of growing enthusiasm was marked at every hand. The trip to the university in the forenoon and the banquet in honor of Dr. McElfresh at the close of the afternoon session were the unusual features of the day.

Bright and early the delegates appeared in goodly numbers at the places announced for the department conferences. Each conference was conducted by a worker who has devoted special attention to the particular line with which the conference was concerned. Careful reports of some of these conferences were presented at the afternoon session and others will be given today.

At 10 o'clock the general session of the morning was called to order by the president, Rev. J. E. Noftsinger of Butte. After some singing, the devotional sermon of the morning was preached by Rev. J. R. Ramsey, D. D., of Helena, on the subject, "The Challenge of Christianity to the Unbelieving World." Sketching, by way of introduction, the way in which the Pharisees kept strict and critical watch of Jesus, and the manner in which He foiled all their attempts to entrap Him in some misdeed or some unwise statement, the preacher went on to raise three questions regarding Christianity. The first of these, regarding its aim, was answered in such a way as to show that Christianity aims to open prison doors, to lift men and women to higher planes of living and thinking and to make the world happier and better. The second question concerned the doctrines of Christianity, and the answer given set forth the unassailable strength of all the fundamental teachings of the church. And, in the third place, answering the question regarding the effects of Christianity, the preacher pointed to history and to present conditions to show that Christianity has chastened literature, developed learning and spread philosophy. It has also—and this is most important of all—elevated and transformed personal character.

Report Is Made.

Following the sermon, the report of the association's executive committee was given by Rev. E. V. Ostrander. "It seems to me," said the speaker, "that the results of the last year in organized Sunday school work in Montana are such as to inspire confidence and to beget a hopeful spirit of expectancy for the future." High tribute was paid in the report to the efficiency of the field secretary, Rev. J. A. Alford, in whose hands the executive work of the association has largely rested. "This year," said the report, "has been the best in the history of the Montana Sunday School association." The address which accompanied this report, and was really a part of it, was on the theme, "The Ununifying of the Forces of Christ's Kingdom." In this great unifying work the Sunday

(Continued on Page Four.)

DARING ROBBERS FACE THE COURT

New York, April 6.—Those now silent individuals known to the police officers as "Eddie" Fay and "Little Dick" Harris, charged with the recent robbery of the Richmond, Va., postoffice, in which more than $80,000 was obtained, were so piqued after their arrest they could not resist congratulating their captors and admitting their identity, according to the testimony of postoffice inspectors at the arraignment of the prisoners in New York today. Now they are indignant when referred to as "Fay and Harris." The two alleged burglars virtually confessed shortly after their arrest, so the inspectors testified, and upon this the government will largely build its case to force extradition, which the prisoners are bitterly resisting. Inspectors J. C. Koons and J. B. Roberts of Washington were the witnesses who told of the confession.

Roberts testified in an interview at police headquarters the prisoner who calls himself Frank Chester, but whom the police declare to be "Little Dick" Harris, told him the inspectors had done a remarkable piece of work in making the capture and asked how the officers were able to trace them so quickly from Richmond to New York. Koons said when he called at the Tombs the prisoner, who insists he is Frederick Cunningham, but who has been identified by the New York police as the daring Eddie Fay, said:

"I'd like to know how you traced those trunks from Richmond to New York."

"I told him," said Koons, "we obtained an accurate description of them from the negro who drove them to the Richmond depot and followed them quickly after that. Fay, or Cunningham, then said to me: 'We made a mistake in getting them out of Richmond so soon. Then in getting the trunks we should have had an automobile.'

"I asked Cunningham what was in the bottle we found in the trunk with the extra fine set of safe blowers' tools. He replied: 'I've been a little worried about that. That's nitroglycerine. You'd better get rid of it before it does any damage.' I poured the nitro-glycerine down a waste pipe of a sink in this building."

CARDINAL VISITS PRESIDENT

GIBBONS SEES MR. TAFT—SAYS INCIDENT AT ROME WAS NOT DISCUSSED.

Washington, April 6.—Cardinal Gibbons called unexpectedly at the White House today and it was said he had been sent for by President Taft. After he had been with the president for 15 minutes or more, the cardinal emerged from the executive offices and was accosted by a party of newspapr mn.

"My call," he said, "had nothing to do with the incident at Rome. The incident was casually mentioned. The president expressed his regret and I expressed mine. It was a matter of mutual regret. But I assure you, gentlemen, the mention of the incident was casual. Good-day."

Father Dougherty, rector of the Catholic university, accompanied the cardinal to the White House, but was not present at the interview with the president, nor with the reporters.

An hour subsequent to the cardinal's call at the White House the Associated Press offices were called on the telephone by Father Doyle of the Catholic university, who dictated the following statement:

"The visit of the cardinal to the White House today had no bearing on the affair at Rome and he merely expressed incidentally his regret at what occurred there, and the president made no comment."

SEVEN HAVE BERI-BERI.

Port Townsend, Wash., April 6.—The British ship Elginshire, 140 days out from Glasgow, arrived today with seven of the crew seriously ill. On investigation, the quarantine officials pronounced the sickness beri-beri, in aggravated form. No explanation of the appearance of the disease can be given except that the ship's supply of drinking water became exhausted and the men used rain water. The sick men are being treated in the Marine hospital.

BRILLIANT BANQUET GIVEN TO ROOSEVELT

Rome, April 6.—The series of events connected with the cancellation of Mr. Roosevelt's audience with the pope and, later, his repudiation of the denunciatory statement issued by Pastor Tipple of the Methodist church of Rome added interest to the dinner given in Mr. Roosevelt's honor tonight in the great hall of the historic Capitoline palace by the municipal authorities, over which Mayor Nathan presided.

No reference, however, either directly or indirectly, was made to this subject. The guests included Premier Luzzati, Signor Ferrero, under secretary of the foreign office; Signor Ferrari, grand master of the Free Masons, and Ambassador Leishman.

Mayor Nathan, in proposing the health of the ex-president, referred to him as "one whose character and work had an effect upon the civil progress of humanity."

CONFERENCE BEGINS.

Kansas City, April 6.—Delegates representing 100,000 worshipers met at Independence, Mo., today when the annual conference of the Re-organized church of Latter Day Saints was called to order by Joseph Smith, the president of the church.

Added interest attaches to the conference as it marks the fiftieth anniversary of the presidency of Joseph Smith. He is the son of Joseph Smith, the first president of the church.

THREE MEN INJURED.

Pittsburg, April 6.—Three men were seriously injured today in an explosion which demolished the Corning plant of the Dupont Powder company.

MEN TO CONTINUE AT WORK

ACCIDENT AT THE NEVERSWEAT MINE WILL NOT CAUSE A SHUTDOWN.

Butte, April 6.—(Special.)—Regarding the accident at the Neversweat mine yesterday by which F. L. McNabb lost his life, Manager John Gillie said this afternoon as regards the property loss and the effect it will have upon the workmen who have jobs in the mine, "There will not be any men out of employment or any decrease in the general output of the mines as the result of yesterday's accident at the Neversweat.

"The mine will be worked as usual and the ore hoisted through the St. Lawrence and Moonlight mines. If there is not work for the full complement of men in the Neversweat they will be distributed about the other properties."

The engine was not so badly damaged as was first thought and the total destruction of property will not exceed $12,000 and may not amount to more than $10,000. The real cause of the accident was that the engine 'got away' from the engineer. The machinery was in perfect condition, as shown by an examination of the opposite side of the engine. In three or four weeks at most the engine will be repaired and in running order again."

ADEQUATE DEFENSE AT MODERATE COST

Washington, April 6.—It will be entirely practicable to provide adequate defenses for the Panama canal at comparatively moderate cost. This is the conclusion of the Panama fortification board, some members of which have just returned from Panama. Prior to its visit to the isthmus the board had prepared tentative plans for a seacoast defense at both ends of the canal and for land defenses at those termini at the canal locks, docks, etc. Estimates had been prepared for the probable amounts and number of troops for such defense.

After a careful inspection at both ends and along the route of the canal, the board found that the tentative plans required but slight modifications.

The areas to be set aside as military reservations for defensive purposes were determined upon and sites were selected for quartering troops. Nearly all the areas desired are now the property of the United States.

PATTEN TO RESCUE OF COTTON MARKET

New York, April 6.—James K. Patten, who did not know whether he was out of the speculative markets or not when he arrived here from Liverpool a few weeks ago, reappeared on the floor of the cotton exchange today and thereafter the deluge of liquidation, estimated in some quarters to have cost him $1,500,000 yesterday, ceased. The feeble recovery started late yesterday afternoon, gained strength, and the May option advanced to $14.57, or about $2.90 a bale above Tuesday's low level. Mr. Patten hurried to the assistance of the market from Chicago overnight and before the exchange opened he was quoted as being as bullish as ever. The bull movement in May cotton reached its apex last January at $16.46 and then broke to $13.50.

Information here today and the behavior of the market indicated renewed determination on the part of the bull leaders to carry the May deal through. The market closed at the top.

TRIES TO KILL ATTORNEY KREMER

BUTTE RESTAURANT MAN DRAWS REVOLVER AND ATTEMPTS TO SHOOT.

A TRAGEDY IS AVERTED

Tim Nolan Grapples With Armed Man and, Getting His Hand Between the Pistol Hammer and Firing Pin, Prevents the Weapon From Being Discharged—Assailant Is Under Arrest.

Butte, April 6.—(Special.)—An attempt to murder Attorney J. Bruce Kremer was made by Joe Long, a restaurant man, this morning, and it was only through the united efforts of Kremer and Attorney Tim Nolan that a tragedy was prevented. Kremer passed Long on the street and the latter replied with a vile epithet, in response to the good morning greeting. An instant later Long had his revolver out, and he snapped it five or six times at Kremer. Nolan, in the scuffle got his thumb between the hammer and firing pin of the revolver and in this manner prevented shots being fired. The struggle between the three men lasted for several minutes and bystanders came to their aid, Long being disarmed.

Long has long been nursing a fancied grievance against Kremer, who once indirectly appeared against him in a suit over insurance. He has been often in court during the past five years, one appearance in police court when Judge Warran was on the bench, wife beating being alleged. Later his wife died and he has figured in a fight over the insurance she carried.

Mrs. Long's sister was appointed administratrix of the estate and Long, it is alleged, has beaten her up on one or two occasions following the losing of points in the district court. At the present time he is under bonds of $1,000 in Justice Mike Egan's court to keep the peace.

Long is in custody and a charge of first degree assault will be preferred against him.

SCHOOL MINSTRELS TO BE FINE

YOUNG MEN OF COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL PREPARE TO RAISE ATHLETIC FUND.

The boys of the county high school are coming along in fine shape in their efforts to put on their much talked of minstrel show, and they promise some new and entirely original stunts when their attraction is pulled off next Tuesday evening. The performance of their show is to be staged in the auditorium of the county high school building and it should be well attended, as the boys are giving the affair for a most meritorious purpose, that of raising money for their athletic fund. Heretofore, it has been the practice to solicit subscriptions from the merchants and business men of the city to enable the young men to put out a track team that was worth while, but this year that plan will be relegated to the past, the minstrel show being this year's means of raising the necessary cash.

It will be a good play and one that will be well worth seeing. Some really good songs and plenty of local hits will enliven the performance far beyond the wildest dreams of Lew Dockstader or any other stars of minstrelsy. Two well-known young men who are versed in minstrel shows, having been there before, are at the helm, and their efforts are bearing fine fruit. These two stars are Gil Heyfron and Tom Wilburn and they are making things hum.

FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF POLE DISCOVERY

New York, April 6.—General Thomas H. Hubbard, president of the Peary Arctic club, in recognition of the first anniversary of the discovery of the north pole by Commander Peary on April 6, 1909, sent the following telegram to the president of the chamber of commerce of Marion, Ind., where Commander Peary speaks tonight:

"The Peary Arctic club congratulates the Marion Chamber of Commerce on its opportunity to hold the first annual celebration on the attainment of the north pole. It lends you Peary for this date only, and invites you to join its later celebration of historic event."

CARNEGIE SHOWS SIGNS OF ILLNESS

New York, April 6.—The friends of Andrew Carnegie, who returned here last night from the west, were quite perturbed today over his physical condition. At his home it was declared he was merely fatigued. The fact that he required the assistance of two men in alighting from his car and that his appearance indicated ailment has created some fears for the aged steel magnate.

DOES NOT BELIEVE IN BOYCOTTS

TAFT TELLS WHAT HE THINKS OF LABOR TROUBLES—TALKS TO BUSINESS MEN.

Washington, April 6.—President Taft today told a delegation of 50 business from Bethlehem and South Bethlehem, Pa., that he did not believe in boycotts and that so far as he was concerned, he did not believe disputes with third parties warranted the abrogation of government contracts with any company.

The delegation, which was headed by W. J. Meyers, called at the White House as disinterested persons, the chairman declared, to protest against the reports spread by labor agitators that the Bethlehem Steel works, because of the strike of some of its employes, was turning out an inferior quality of work.

Mr. Meyers said efforts had been made to have this government, as well as foreign customers of the steel concern, boycott the works, the claim being made that incompetent workmen had been employed to take strikers' places.

"I haven't followed closely what has happened at Bethlehem at all," said President Taft.

"I don't know what the statements are to what you refer. I can only say this—that I am utterly opposed to the principle of a boycott. Every issue ought to be settled on its own merits. If the Bethlehem work isn't up to contract, then the government ought not to give the contracts to it. If it is, then the contracts ought to go to it, without regard to controversies that Bethlehem may have with third persons.

"Therefore, without knowing anything about the facts, I say to you that if Bethlehem does not do good work, it is for the government to find out and to act on it and to refuse its contracts on that ground, and not because it is concerned in a fight or a controversy with its employes.

"Insofar as the public or the government or a part of the public is interested in the controversy between the employes and the companies, that is determined on the merits of that controversy and not with respect to the government business. That is the position I occupy. It is the position my administration, so far as I can control it, will occupy."

YOUNGER PERSONS HEAD THE COMPANY

Boston, April 6.—Younger heads and more athletic hands took up the management of the great Calumet copper properties which Professor Alexander Agassiz dropped at his death last week. Quincy A. Shaw, the largest individual owner of stock in the Calumet & Hecla Mining company, was chosen president in place of Mr. Agassiz. R. L. Agassiz, the late scientist's second son, was made a director and vice president of the company, while Thomas Nelson Perkins was elected a director in the two subsidiary companies, Tamarack and Isle Royalle.

Mr. Shaw has been closely identified with the Calumet since the death of his father, who assisted Professor Agassiz in the development of the northern Michigan mines. R. L. Aggassiz studied mining under his father. Mr. Perkins is a lawyer and a fellow of Harvard university. He is a nephew of the late Charles Perkins of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad. None of the new appointees is over 42 years old.

"WETS" AND "DRYS" HAVE WARM CONTEST

Omaha, April 6.—The Merchants' & Manufacturers' association of Omaha in a statement issued today says returns have been received from 135 cities and villages of Nebraska which voted on the license question yesterday. Of these, 76 favored the wet policy, to which may be added 13 wet towns voting on the question last year, making a total of 89 wet towns having a population of 171,185. Fifty-nine adopted the dry policy yesterday, to which number may be added eight towns not voting on the question this year, or 67 dry towns having a population of 86,713.

The returns show that 11 towns, having a population of 17,200, changed from the wet to the dry policy, while 15 towns having a population of 42,825 changed from the dry to the wet policy.

FINDS NEW TRAIL OF BRIBERY

HOTCHKISS UNCOVERS NEW FACTS REGARDING ACCELERATED LEGISLATION.

New York, April 6.—William H. Hotchkiss, state superintendent of insurance, through the books of Ellingwood & Cunningham, a brokerage firm which failed in 1904, uncovered a new trial on the acceleration of insurance legislation at the brief session of the fire insurance inquiry today. He discovered that substantial sums, according to the records of this concern, had been accredited to various members of the legislature between 1900 and 1904, at times when bills affecting New York transportation companies were up for consideration at Albany. The only legislator whose name he disclosed, however, was that of Louis Bedell, formerly assemblyman from Goshen.

James W. Cunningham, former member of the brokerage firm, was the only witness of the day. On the advice of his counsel, he declined to produce the full accounts of the company, but he turned over to Mr. Hotchkiss accounts sufficient to throw Bedell's name into the limelight. They showed that Tracy Rogers, former silent member of the firm and reputed legislative agent of certain transportation interests several years ago, had placed money to the former assemblyman's credit on the firm's books. Rogers, who lives at Binghamton, N. Y., is being sought by subpoena servers.

The records show when the firm failed in 1904, Bedell was in its debt more than $7,000. Cunningham testified that insofar as he knew the obligation had never been discharged. Under date of May 1, 1901, there was an entry on the firm's books labeled "Cash special account, $3,500."

The witness said that was Bedell's account. Two days after, this record showed Rogers placed a check for $2,500 to Bedell's account, while in that same month 500 shares of New York telephone stock were sold for him at $7,000. On April 23, 1901, the day the legislature adjourned, "someone," as Mr. Hotchkiss put it, deposited $9,000 with the firm to Bedell's account. When the firm failed, Bedell's account appeared to relate wholly to transportation matters and had nothing to do with insurance. Records of the legislature show that on March 16, 1900, Senator Louis F. Goodsell introduced a bill conferring a valuable franchise on the New York Electric Vehicle company, since taken over by the Metropolitan Securities company. It was put through both houses under suspension of the rules, Mr. Bedell, according to the record, made the necessary motion in the house on which the bill was finally passed in that branch.

A SCHOOL SECTION WILL BE SOLD SOON

Helena, April 6.—(Special.)—The state board has ordered the appraisement of a school section adjoining Missoula and as soon as the appraisement is made the land, with other state holdings in Missoula county, will be offered at public sale.

Owing to the large increase of business in the state land office, another clerk has been added, Clark Fisk, of Helena. The board has also appointed three more deputy state land agents, who will be employed to appraise and select state lands. The new deputies are Frank Elmer, Helena; F. S. Bull, Miles City, and Eugene C. Sampson of Musselshell.

TO BE ARBITRATED.

Washington, April 6.—The differences between the Southern railway and its telegraphers, will be sumitted to Chairman Knapp of the interstate commerce commission and Dr. Charles P. Neill, the mediators under the Erdman act, it was announced today. As the company and its operators were unable to reach an agreement, the Southern railway requested the intervention of the federal mediators.

SUBPOENAES ISSUED.

Kalamazoo, Mich., April 6.—Chief Deputy United States Marshal Ed O'Donnel of Grand Rapids today served subpoenaes issued by Federal Judge Campbell of Tulsa, Okla., on 32 prominent residents of Hastings, Mich., to appear on May 6 to testify in the trials of Governor Haskell, W. R. Eaton and others under indictment charging fraudulent land deals.

FATHER RURA DIES.

Turin, April 6.—Father Rura, superior general of the order of Salesians, died today.

JURY REACHES FOR BRIBE GIVERS

RECOMMENDS INDICTMENT OF PRESIDENT OF PRESSED STEEL CAR COMPANY.

A SENSATION CREATED

Inquisitorial Body That Has Been Investigating Graft Affairs in Pittsburg Makes Its Report—President of Workingmen's Saving & Trust Company Makes Plea of No Defense.

Pittsburg, April 6.—The climax promised in the Pittsburg graft exposure came, as promised, late today with the presentment by the grand jury of a lengthy report, in which is recommended the indictment of Frank N. Hoffstot, president of the Pressed Steel Car company, and one of the most prominent business men in the country. Simultaneously in open court came a plea of Emil Winter, president of the Workingmen's Savings & Trust company, that he had no defense to make to the charge that he gave a $20,000 bribe to former Councilman Morris Eeinstein.

The following in abbreviated form are some of the most startling findings in the grand jury presentment made public tonight:

1—That Frank N. Hoffstot, president of the Pressed Steel Car company and president of the German National bank of Allegheny and prominently identified with other banks, paid to Charles Stewart, a former select councilman, the sum of $52,500.

2—That the money was a bribe used in influencing the votes of councilmen to pass an ordinance naming three banks in which Hoffstot was interested as official depositories of the city's millions.

3—That the arrangement for the payment of the money to Stewart was made in the spring of 1908 and the late James W. Friend, at that time an official of the Pressed Steel Car company, was an associate in the transaction.

4—That the original plan that Friend had was to obtain the services of William A. Blakely, then a practicing attorney here, but now the district attorney in charge of the graft prosecutions, as a stakeholder of the bribe money until the ordinance had passed.

Declines to Act.

5—That Attorney Blakely declined to act in the capacity named and warned all parties of the criminality of the proposition and of the liability to prosecution if it went further.

6—That subsequent to Mr. Blakely's refusal, Messrs. Friend and Hoffstot completed an arrangement with Stewart whereby Hoffstot would pay or cause to be paid to Stewart the sum named—$52,500.

7—That the transaction was arranged to be made in New York city and took place there in June, 1908, in order, if possible, to avoid criminal liability in Allegheny county.

8—That Hoffstot also solicited from one James N. Young, cashier of the Second National bank of Pittsburg, $21,000 to be paid Stewart to insure the selection of the Second National as one of the favored city depositories.

9—That Hoffstot did demand from the now deceased Friend, who was acting as agent for the Second National bank, a bribe for Stewart's vote in favor of the bank ordinances.

10—That in accordance with the findings it be recommended that indictments charging conspiracy and bribery be returned.

The banks named as ultimate principals to profit by the bribes alleged to have been paid by Hoffstot to Stewart are:

The Farmers' Deposit National bank, the Second National bank of Pittsburg and the German National bank of Allegheny. In addition to these three, the Columbia National bank of Pittsburg, the German National bank of Pittsburg and the Workingmen's Savings & Trust company of Allegheny were named as city depositories in the ordinance passed July 9, 1908, over the mayor's veto.

The plea of nolle contendre made by Emil Winter of the Workingmen's Savings & Trust company made today was no less a sensation than the report from the grand jury. He was charged with the payment of $20,000 bribe to Morris Einstein, a former select councilman. When Winter appeared in court, Judge R. S. Fraser, who is presiding in the graft cases, asked to be excused from hearing the plea.

Fraser Declines.

Judge Fraser explained on account of his long and intimate friendship with Mr. Winter, he wished to have nothing to do with the case. Winter was then taken before Judges Thomas D. Carnahan and J. M. Swearingen and entered the formal plea. Sentence was postponed.

Frank N. Hoffstot, as president of the Pressed Steel Car company, one of the largest industries of its kind in the country, recently figured promi-

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