

TRIED BRIBING DETECTIVE NURSE

WOMAN SLEUTH TESTIFIES THAT MRS. SCHENK HAD OFFERED TO USE HER.

TREATED LIKE A DOG

Witness Avers That Defendant Had Told Her That She Was Not Given Good Treatment by Mr. Schenk and Would Be Happy if He Were Dead—Would Wear Veil to Hide Laughs.

Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Testimony that Mrs. Laura Farnsworth Schenk had offered her \$1,000 to administer a poisonous pill to John O. Schenk while he lay ill at a hospital last November, was given today by Eleanor Zoewickler, a detective's nurse, who had heretofore been known as "Mrs. Klein, a professional nurse."

Risky Business.

"I told her that this was a very risky business for that small amount but I finally agreed, if she would give me a paper in writing showing that she was to pay the money to me as soon as she came into her widow's rights."

Would Laugh.

"I will never be happy until that man is dead," he said. "If he dies I will wear a double veil so they can't see me laughing behind it."

(Continued on Page Eight.)

ANIMAL BILL INTRODUCED IN HOUSE

GRAY OF FLATHEAD HAS MEASURE WHICH WILL LET BISON BE KILLED.

SLIGHT CHANGE IN VOTE

Twenty-Eight Are Scattered, Thus Leaving Fewer for the Leaders—Carter Gets 28, and Walsh 30—Conrad Is Still in the Game With 12—Fifth Ballot Tells But Little.

Helena, Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Five ballots have been cast in the legislature for United States senator, but the net result is nothing. The vote after the first ballot stood: Carter, 31; Walsh, 28; Conrad, 18, and scattering, 23; and after the last, that of today: Carter, 28; Walsh, 30; Conrad, 12, and scattering, 28. At any moment the lineup of Tuesday could be had. There has been no serious change. Whiteside of Flathead and McCarthy of Gallatin are for Walsh at present, but would go to Conrad if he had any show.

The Vote.

The vote was as follows today: Carter—Senators Donnan, Dunnington, Edwards, Kessler, Larson, Leighton, McDonnell, Selway, Survant, and Tooley; Representatives Bernard, Burt, Ellet, Gray, Grab, Hewett, Hickey, Hoiter, Jacobson, Moore of Valley, Paul, Reser, Roberts, Rodgers, Sarter, Schwartz and Story.

Walsh—Senators Dearborn, Duncan, George, Gref, Leary, McCarthy, Muffly and Stout; Representatives Asbridge, Binnard, Byrnes, Crouch, Donohue, Ebert, Johnson of Ravalli, Kammerer, Law, Macdonald, McMurray, McQuilly, Martin, Nolan, O'Hern, Owenhouse, Reel, Tuttle, Whaley, Wheeler of Silver Bow, Woody and Word.

Scattering.

Conrad—Senators Cockrell and Gallwey; Representatives Alley, Baker, Blackburn, Duffy of Granite, Duffy of Silver Bow, Gillis, Herbold, O'Flynn, Wheeler of Cascade and McDowell.

G. W. Freeman—Senator Burlington.

A. N. Yoder—Senators Christopher and Sykes and Representatives Higgins, Jordan, Murray, Slayton, Stevens and Vaughan.

T. M. Swindlehurst—Senator Conroy and Representatives Brady and Dobell.

C. N. Pray—Senator Everett.

William Lindsay—Senator McCone.

Moncure Cockrell—Senator Whiteside.

H. R. Drumm of Yellowstone—Representative Bell.

Eleonore Governor Allen—Representatives Blake, English, Ralston, Swick and Williams.

R. S. Ford—Representatives Hayes, Kirschwing and Moore of Silver Bow.

R. Lee Word—Representative Johnson of Lewis and Clark.

Fred Whiteside—Representative Lissner.

John Hayes—Representative McNally.

The senate committee on counties and towns recommended that Donnan's "white slave" bill do pass. Donnan's bill relating to the examination of insane persons and ascertaining their financial standing passed the

(Continued on Page Six.)

MICHEL REVAIS' LIFE ENDS AFTER MANY USEFUL YEARS IN SERVICE OF GOVERNMENT

Blind Indian Interpreter Dies on Flathead Reservation at Advanced Age of Eighty.

Career of Old Linguist Is One of Honor, He Having Been Noted for Trustworthiness and Intelligence—A Friend of Chief Charlot.

Arlee, Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Michel Revais, official interpreter at the Flathead agency for the past 34 years, died last night, at the age of 80. His funeral will be held Monday at the agency. Michel Revais was appointed by Major Peter Roman in 1877 and had served in many important trials and conferences. He had been blind for many years.

There are many in Missoula and many more in western Montana who will hear with the deepest regret that Michel Revais is dead. Honest, faithful, uncomplaining, deeply religious, the old Indian had hundreds of friends among the white people. He was trusted implicitly in matters of the greatest importance. High officials of the United States government accepted his unsupported statement as the unquestioned truth. Since 1877 he has served in western Montana, principally on the territory that was the Flathead Indian reservation and little less than a year ago. During that time he suffered much, yet he never protested against fate. His children died in their infancy; he was blind and could not walk alone; his wife, a fullblood, died. That was two years ago. She was his devoted attendant during all the years of his blindness, for Michel Revais saw little of the world during the 34 years of his career on the reservation. Her death hastened his, it is said. Still, despite his tribulations, he maintained his faith in God; a cheerful, untroubled, he was loved by Indians and whites alike. "In all the years I knew him, I never heard him utter a complaint about his blindness," said Mrs. Mary Roman, widow of Major Roman, last evening. "He was deeply religious and resigned."

Mrs. Roman knew Michel Revais as no one else now in Missoula, for it was her husband who named the old Indian as official interpreter. This was in 1877, when Revais was in middle age and just before he became blind. Last evening she told something of him and his life.

"He was born in Oregon, I think. He was of mixed blood, French and Indian, and had a very fair education, secured, I suppose, in the Indian schools of that part of the country. He spoke several languages: English and French well, and Spanish, besides several Indian tongues. He was one



MICHEL REVAIS AND CHIEF CHARLOT.

of the best interpreters that ever existed and his honesty was not to be questioned. I believe that much of the trouble that government treaties with the Indians have involved came about through poor interpretation. Revais was unusually reliable and intelligent.

To Washington. "He was employed by my husband in 1877. Then he was not totally blind. In 1881, with my husband and Chief Charlot, he accompanied the delegation of Flatheads that went to Washington to see the 'Great Father.' Michel served as interpreter, and, after the deliberations, an operation on his eyes was performed at the expense of the government. He had been blind too long, however; the operation did no good. He also served as interpreter—part of the time—when General Carrington came to the Bitter Root to treat with the non-reservation Flatheads in regard to their moving to the reservation. There were disputes after this treaty was signed, but all of these were based on action taken during the times Michel was absent, for he was called back to the agency on several occasions on official business.

"He was frequently in the court here in Missoula when Indian cases were being tried. In 1890, when Missoula county executed four Indians for murdering white men, Michel was interpreter at the trials. He would not stay to see the guilty ones hanged, but, after bidding them good bye, returned to the reservation. "His children, of whom there were several, all died in infancy—all but a son and daughter. This daughter, a lovely Indian girl, lived until she reached the age of 16. She was the last of Michel's children to die, leaving him and his wife alone. His wife was a fullblood Indian and could speak no English. She was devoted to him and spent most of her time in leading him about, for Michel was one of those blind people who cannot learn to walk alone. "He had a good voice and led the choir at the agency for many years. He knew Latin well and could give countless hymns and masses and responses by heart."

Charlotte's Friend.

Michel Revais was the trusted friend of the late Chief Charlot of the Flatheads. His record was remarkable and he served as official interpreter on the reservation during the terms of the following Indian agents: Major Peter Roman, 16 years; Major Joseph T. Carter, Major W. H. Smead, Major Samuel Bellow and Major Fred Morgan, who is now in office. Little is known of his earlier life. His mother is supposed to have been a Peck d'Oreille Indian.

HEROIC MINERS LOSE LIVES IN BUTTE

FOREMAN CARNEY OF THE DIAMOND MINE AND BELANGIE AT HIGH ORE DIE.

TRYING TO SAVE OTHERS

When Cage Is Being Lowered in High Ore, Smoke Is Detected and Rescuers Go to Work—Upon Coming to Surface Belangie Is Missed and His Body Is Found Later.

BULLETIN.

Butte, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Shortly before 1 o'clock this morning word came from the hill that James Carney, night shift boss at the Diamond, had been overcome by smoke while trying to get his men out, and is dead. All the others were gotten out safely. This makes two men whose names are entitled to go into the Carnegie list of heroes.

Butte, Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Risking his life to help the pumpmen, who were below from the 1,200 level to the 1,600 level, Mike Belangie, one of the best-known miners in the town, lost his life tonight at the High Ore mine. Other men who took the same risks were overcome as were some of those they went to save, but with the exception of two, none was in bad condition. Fortunately for all, it was between the hoisting of the day shift, which came up after 4 o'clock, and the lowering of the night shift, which goes down at 7. The pumpmen, however, work on different shifts and were below when a fire started on the 1,200 level. It was near the time for lowering the night shift. One cage had been started full of men when smoke was detected coming up the shaft. At once it was realized that something was wrong below. Mike Belangie volunteered with the others to go down the shaft and look after the pumpmen. From the 1,200 to the 1,600 level the rescuers picked up Steve Hogan, Dennis Lynch and Tom O'Brien, all pumpmen, and Mike Sullivan, station tender, at the 1,600 level. The men came up through a cloud of smoke and gas which practically overpowered them all. When the cage reached the surface, Belangie was missed. He had gotten off at the 1,600 level to see if there was any more to look for and had collapsed there, the cage going up without noticing his absence. The rest of the men, including William McNicholas, a miner who acted as a rescuer, were in bad shape. Hogan and O'Brien being unconscious. When the cage went down again with men in helmets they found Belangie lying dead at the 1,600 level.

When it was thought all was over smoke broke through the workings to the Diamond mine and drove the men back from their work, and at a late hour tonight some of the shift had to be taken out by rescuers. Many of the men were unconscious, but it is said no lives were lost. At an early hour this (Sunday) morning, the fire in the High Ore was thought to be nearly under control. It is not done soon, as all of the pumping for the hill mines is done through the High Ore. This will mean that the other mines must close until the fire is entirely subdued and the smoke cleared away.

Denver, Jan. 14.—The Post today says: Democratic legislators with progressive ideas are organizing a flying wedge for the purpose of blocking the election of a United States senator to succeed the late Charles J. Hughes until certain platform pledges of the party have been enacted into law—recall, headless ballot, bank guaranty of deposits, public service, registration, anti-pass and rate making bills. "Sixteen members of the democratic majority holding out can turn the trick and it is claimed that more than half the number required have been mustered. Effort is being made to secure the others before balloting for United States senator begins. Supporters of Mayor Speer of Denver and former Governor Alva Adams, the leading candidates, are naturally frowning upon the movement. "Another purpose of the combination is to force candidates to declare their position on all big national questions."

ARREST MISSOURI YOUTH CONNECTED WITH KILLING

Hoffman, Mo., Jan. 14.—Charles Williams, 16 years old, was arrested here today in connection with the death of Soney Stiffle and Roy Pledge, who were run down and killed by a freight train near here last Wednesday. Williams confessed he hit Stiffle on the head with a stone. He was placed in jail at Marshfield.

SO THERE.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Norman E. Mack, chairman of the democratic national committee, put an end to rumors that either he or the committee would take a hand in the senatorial fight. It is not a matter, Mr. Mack declared, for either action or comment by the national committee.

POLICE THINK THEY HAVE BANDITS

MEN ARRESTED IN OGDEN BELIEVED TO BE THOSE WHO ROBBED OVERLAND.

FOUR IN THE BUNCH

Two of the Prisoners, Murphy and Lewis, May Be the Actual Holdups, and the Others, Shaffer and O'Dell, Are Said to Have Acted as "Fences"—Heavy Guard Placed Over Jail.

Ogden, Utah, Jan. 14.—In the arrest today of W. Lewis, Pete Murphy, H. Shaffer and Thomas O'Dell by Chief of Police Browning, Captain of Police Brown, Chief of Detectives Fender and Sheriff Harrison, the officers are strongly inclined to believe that they have the men who planned and two of whom committed the holdup and robbery of 25 passengers on the Overland limited at Reese, nine miles west of this city, on the night of January 1, and during which time William Davis, a Pullman porter, was killed and A. W. Taylor, another porter, was wounded.

The quartet was arrested shortly after 8 o'clock this morning in a local rooming house, where they were caught in bed by the officers. Murphy and Lewis tally with the descriptions as furnished the police by the train crew of the limited train and who will arrive in Ogden tomorrow morning for the purpose of identifying the robbers.

Murphy Positively Identified.

Engineer Rouse of the train positively identified Murphy as the "tall" robber. Conductor Middleton and brakeman Hancock, who accompanied the robbers through the coaches when they relieved the passengers of their money and jewelry, are expected in Ogden in the morning, and it is upon their identification that the police are depending.

L. Stubblefield, a stockman of this city, who was in the holdup of the Oregon Short Line train three miles north of this city June 27, 1910, called at the police station late tonight and partially identified Murphy as the "tall" robber in that holdup. Stubblefield will be called upon to look at the men again today.

In H. Shaffer, aged 23 years, the police are of the opinion that they have one who will be able to throw much light upon the robbery. "The boy," as he is called by his companions, exhibited extreme nervousness this evening while being questioned by the officers, and at times answered questions guardedly and then again he would contradict himself.

Evidence.

One of the strongest bits of evidence the police have against the men is the finding of a Pullman pillow case, very much soiled with dirt and grease, in the room occupied by the quartet when arrested. This is believed to be the one carried by brakeman Hancock when collecting the loot from the passengers. Two mud-covered overcoats with much grease splashed upon them were also found in a closet in the room.

It was learned tonight that for more than a week past neither Murphy nor Lewis had left the room in which

(Continued on Page Eight.)

ANOTHER MEMBER OF ANANIAS CLUB

Boston, Jan. 14.—Former President Theodore Roosevelt took a leap into the Massachusetts senatorial contest tonight when, in a telegram addressed to Joseph Walker, speaker of the Massachusetts house of representatives, he vigorously championed the cause of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge and charged Congressman Butler Ames with deliberately misrepresenting facts. The telegram, sent from Oyster Bay, was called forth by the publication today of an alleged statement by Congressman Ames, who is active in opposition to the candidacy of Senator Lodge for re-election. It read as follows: "The story told by Butler Ames, reported in the newspapers, as to the alleged conversation between me, Lodge and Newberry about the purchase of collars is a deliberate and outrageous falsehood. "I never made any such remark and no such conversation ever took place. "During the 26 years I have known Senator Lodge he has acted on all occasions and especially on every occasion when he has dealt with public matters or matters having any connection with the government's behalf, not merely with absolute honesty, but the highest and most deliberate sense of propriety. I never had any talk with him about these collar matters at all. "It is shocking to think that Mr. Ames should invent such an outrageous falsehood about a public man of

such rigid integrity and probity, a falsehood for which there is not even the smallest foundation in fact."

Ames Quoted.

Congressman Ames was quoted as saying that Mr. Roosevelt, when president, reprimanded Senator Henry Cabot Lodge in the presence of former Assistant Secretary of the Navy Truman L. Newberry, for an alleged attempt to force the purchase of two collars by the navy department at a cost of \$1,500,000.

According to the published statement credited to Congressman Ames, President Roosevelt, after listening to Assistant Secretary Newberry's explanation, turned to Senator Lodge and said: "Cabot, I told you not to monkey with this thing. Secretary Newberry is absolutely right."

Mr. Ames said his information as to the conversation came from Mr. Newberry.

Not Surprised.

After clarning of Mr. Roosevelt's comment tonight, Congressman Ames said: "I am neither surprised nor disturbed by my initiation into the celebrated Ananias club. I have invented nothing and have not knowingly overstated or misstated the facts. The fact that I should be in initiated into the club before pains were taken to get an accurate statement from me was to be expected."

CAPTAIN OF POLICE IS DISMISSED

MEMBER OF BUTTE'S FINEST LOSER JOB AFTER A SENSATIONAL TRIAL.

Butte, Jan. 14.—(Special.)—After many efforts the city administration believes it has got rid of Police Captain W. J. Buckner, who was appointed under the previous, and republican, administration. Buckner was dismissed from the force soon after Mayor Nevin went into office, for acting as treasurer of a defense fund raised by the policemen to fight such dismissals. The district court declared the causes were insufficient and ordered his reinstatement. Recently charges were brought of shielding a refugee from justice, Rodney Merritt, who was said to be wanted back in Boston under the name of Oscar Wheeler, as a defaulter. This did not come out until Merritt, as he was known here, also became short in his accounts and left town. Buckner claimed he acted on the advice of members of the Nevin family in not arresting the man, whose wife was a relative of the mayor's wife. While the charge was pending Buckner met the mayor on a street car and abused him roundly. This was another found Buckner guilty and he was discharged against him. The police commission, after a sensational trial, today missed from the force.

INDIANS SEE WHITE-FATHER.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Four Indian braves from the Apache tribe and two from the Creek tribe called on "the great white father" today, the former to urge him to allow the Indian prisoners who have been kept at Fort Sill for a number of years to return to their own people, the Mexcalere Apaches. A bill is now before congress providing for such action. The children of the prisoners at Fort Sill are also held on the reservation there.

"COUNT" IS GUILTY SAYS COURT

D'AULBY DE GATIGNY IS PROVEN TO HAVE PERPETRATED FRAUD IN PICTURES.

Tours, France, Jan. 14.—"Count d'Aulby de Gatigny was convicted today and sentenced to one month's imprisonment. As he had already spent more than a month in jail while awaiting trial, d'Aulby was given his freedom. The spectators applauded the findings of the court. The judge announced that he had found d'Aulby guilty of fraud in connection with the sale of a Corot. "The 'Countess' d'Aulby was acquitted. "D'Aulby was accused by the Duchess Choiseul-Praslin of fraud in connection with the sale to her and her late husband, Charles Hamilton Paine of Boston, a collection of pictures. "The duchess withdrew her complaint after the case had been in the courts for several days, but the public prosecutor refused to stop the proceedings.

KILLED IN RACE RIOT.

Benton, Ark., Jan. 14.—One negro was killed, and one negro and two negro women were injured in a race riot here last night, following a performance by a negro minstrel organization from New Orleans. The members of the company were en route to their boarding house when attacked by a party of 15 or 20 unidentified young white men and pursued half a mile. One negro woman's skull was crushed with a stone.

DEMOCRATS OPPOSE ELECTION

Denver, Jan. 14.—The Post today says: Democratic legislators with progressive ideas are organizing a flying wedge for the purpose of blocking the election of a United States senator to succeed the late Charles J. Hughes until certain platform pledges of the party have been enacted into law—recall, headless ballot, bank guaranty of deposits, public service, registration, anti-pass and rate making bills. "Sixteen members of the democratic majority holding out can turn the trick and it is claimed that more than half the number required have been mustered. Effort is being made to secure the others before balloting for United States senator begins. Supporters of Mayor Speer of Denver and former Governor Alva Adams, the leading candidates, are naturally frowning upon the movement. "Another purpose of the combination is to force candidates to declare their position on all big national questions."

ARREST MISSOURI YOUTH CONNECTED WITH KILLING

Hoffman, Mo., Jan. 14.—Charles Williams, 16 years old, was arrested here today in connection with the death of Soney Stiffle and Roy Pledge, who were run down and killed by a freight train near here last Wednesday. Williams confessed he hit Stiffle on the head with a stone. He was placed in jail at Marshfield.

SO THERE.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Norman E. Mack, chairman of the democratic national committee, put an end to rumors that either he or the committee would take a hand in the senatorial fight. It is not a matter, Mr. Mack declared, for either action or comment by the national committee.

DEMOCRATS OPPOSE ELECTION

Denver, Jan. 14.—The Post today says: Democratic legislators with progressive ideas are organizing a flying wedge for the purpose of blocking the election of a United States senator to succeed the late Charles J. Hughes until certain platform pledges of the party have been enacted into law—recall, headless ballot, bank guaranty of deposits, public service, registration, anti-pass and rate making bills. "Sixteen members of the democratic majority holding out can turn the trick and it is claimed that more than half the number required have been mustered. Effort is being made to secure the others before balloting for United States senator begins. Supporters of Mayor Speer of Denver and former Governor Alva Adams, the leading candidates, are naturally frowning upon the movement. "Another purpose of the combination is to force candidates to declare their position on all big national questions."

ARREST MISSOURI YOUTH CONNECTED WITH KILLING

Hoffman, Mo., Jan. 14.—Charles Williams, 16 years old, was arrested here today in connection with the death of Soney Stiffle and Roy Pledge, who were run down and killed by a freight train near here last Wednesday. Williams confessed he hit Stiffle on the head with a stone. He was placed in jail at Marshfield.

SO THERE.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Norman E. Mack, chairman of the democratic national committee, put an end to rumors that either he or the committee would take a hand in the senatorial fight. It is not a matter, Mr. Mack declared, for either action or comment by the national committee.

WHITESIDE SPEAKS AND CAUSES MIRTH

Helena, Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Two very interesting episodes enlivened the sessions of the legislature today. The one was the killing of the house bill to "permit railroad companies to carry free, or at reduced rates persons and property in certain cases," and the other, the ridiculous controversy between Senators Whiteside and Cockrell. While the statuses cut capers the galleries laughed.

The pass bill came up for consideration in the committee of the whole house. The line providing that the "executive, judicial or legislative officers of the state of Montana" should have transportation was stricken out by an amendment offered by Blinnard of Silver Bow and amended by Nolan of Lewis and Clark. Very few objected to this. The next line, which read: "Employees of newspapers or the members of their families in exchange for advertising," provoked the discussion that resulted in the death of the bill. Jacobson of Teton moved that this provision be cut out, whereupon the newspaper fraternity, led by Editor Representative Larry Dobell of the Butte Miner, rose in its might "the power of the pen—and fought for the country editor, who can not get away from home unless he has a pass," and carried the house, defeating the amendment. But, Jacobson, a handsome, young fellow, with mischievous eyes, was not squelched.

Division.

"I move as a substitute," said Story of Gallatin, the god of the galleries, "that we cut out the enacting clause." "The house voted. "The motion is lost," said the chair. "Division!" cried Story. The members stood and were counted—29 for and 21 against. "The amendment carries," said the presiding officer. The bill died. Representatives Berry, Higgins and O'Hern voted for the Story motion. Representative Woody was present at the moment and did not vote. "I am opposed to that bill," said Berry to me, "because I favor the enactment of the federal law with reference to the granting of free transportation for persons and property." "The measure proposed is, I think, unconstitutional," said O'Hern. "I did not get to ask Mr. Higgins his reason for voting to kill the bill. "Word of Silver Bow made fun of the proposition. He said the enactment forced fully against the section speaking of "executive, judicial or legislative officers having free passes," and so did young Blinnard. Ellet thought that certain state officers would get

(Continued on Page Eight.)