

SCHLOSSBERG'S NOVELTY PALACE

NOW DEMANDS YOUR ATTENTION!

WE'LL ALL MEET AT SCHLOSSBERG'S ON SATURDAY

We Now Present the Most Colossal Aggregation of Stupendous Wonders Ever Listed for Sale in Town

For the Ladies

LADIES' gauze vests, jersey ribbed, trimmed and taped, three for **25¢**
 \$1.50 shopping bags now going for **10¢**
 1,000 yards of outing flannel at, yd., **5¢**
 Apron gingham, at, yard **5¢**
 75c a yard silks at, yard **29¢**
 \$1.00 and \$1.50 silks at **49¢**
 Lonsdale cambrics at, yard **10¢**
 These are not muslin, but genuine cambric.

For the Men

1 dozen hemstitched handkerchiefs **\$1**
 Your choice of fine hats for **\$1**
 Fine jersey ribbed underwear; examine these, suit, only **75¢**
 25c value German silk lisle hose, double heel and toe; tans and blacks; 5 pairs for **50¢**
 20.00 men's suits for **\$9.50**

OUR GREAT

Saturday Specials

Ladies' linen coats and dusters, former price \$3.50, now going at **\$1.50**
 Look these over
 Ladies' wrappers and dresses, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 values, now going at **\$1.00**
 Now is the time to stock up.
 Ladies' beautiful silk waists, \$3.00 and \$4.00 actual values, now **\$1.00**
 Ladies' \$7.50 linen dresses now only **\$2.95**
 W. B. Nuform \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00 corsets for only **75¢**
 Ladies' 75c and \$1.00 dressing sacques at the ridiculous price of **25¢**
 One fine lot of 100 skirts, consisting of panama, broadcloth and English whipcords, worth \$8.00, \$10.00 and \$12.00 each, now **\$4.95**
 Ladies' \$1.50 and \$2.00 waists, a splendid assortment, now only **98¢**
 Ladies' \$1.25 and \$1.50 sateen petticoats, assorted colors, for **75¢**
 Ladies' wash petticoats for **50¢** Ladies' long silk gloves, at, pair **50¢**

For the Boys

BOYS' wash suits at **50¢**
 Boys' school suits at **\$2.19**
 Boys' knee pants at **50¢**
 Boys' waists at **25¢**
 \$3.00 ten and twelve quarter tablecloths for only **\$1.50**
 12 yards of very best Amoskeag outing flannel for **\$1.00**
 Wash lace trimmings, worth 15c a yard, now only, yard **3¢**
 \$1.50 table linen, 72 inches wide **79¢**

Child's Dresses

All colors, all sizes from 8 to 14 years, for **50¢ and \$1.00**
 Ladies', Misses' and Children's seamless double heel and toe hose, 5 pairs **50¢**
 25c and 35c apron check gingham for only **10¢**
 All this season's styles in odds and ends of spring coats, one of a kind at one-third the former selling price.

IF YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY TRADING HERE YOU WILL COME AT ONCE. WE ARE AMPLY PREPARED TO TAKE CARE OF YOU

THE BIG STORE—SCHLOSSBERG'S—THE BIG STORE

PLOT THICKENS IN UPPER HOUSE

(Continued From Page One)

raised for Mr. Roosevelt at the primaries last winter.

When the colloquy between Senators Penrose and Reed was concluded Senator Reed made an extended speech attacking Roosevelt.

Pointdexter to the Defense.

When he concluded, Senator Pointdexter took the floor and characterized the day's proceedings as a "combination, an understanding and an alliance" between the machine republicans and the machine democrats against progressive principles. He objected to the immediate consideration of the resolution presented by Senator Penrose and a sweeping amendment presented by Senator Reed, and both went over. Senator Reed and Senator Williams denied any "alliance" between Senators Penrose and the democrats.

"We hunt bull moose today," said Senator Williams, "and elephant tomorrow."

In his speech Senator Reed said that Colonel Roosevelt's statement yesterday in reply to Senator Penrose and the publication of the Cortelyou letters had suggested some questions he wanted to ask. He called attention to the fact that the Archbold letter to Senator Penrose, announcing an en-

closure of \$25,000, bore date of October 13, 1904.

"Can Senator Penrose state whether the \$100,000 which also was paid by the Standard Oil people was paid on or prior to the 13th day of October?" he asked.

Senator Penrose said he thought it was paid "on or about that time, perhaps a little before."

The letter President Roosevelt wrote Chairman Cortelyou of the republican national committee, telling him to accept no contribution from the Standard Oil, was sent about a week before the election, Senator Penrose declared.

"As I understand the senator, then, the money had been received before this letter of Roosevelt was dated?" said Senator Reed.

"Considerably," said Senator Penrose.

"Had the money been spent, or was it on hand and was it in fact returned?" asked Senator Reed.

"The information I always have had on the transaction was that Mr. Roosevelt was advised that the money had been spent and could not be returned and the letter was sent to make a record for future reference," replied Senator Penrose.

"Can the senator state whether in fact the letter was written with full knowledge that the money was drawn?" asked Senator Reed.

"That is my distinct information and also the information of many others," said Senator Penrose.

"Do you know that any large sum of money was contributed to the national republican committee in 1904 that was returned to the donors?"

"The returning of contributions is

such a rare instance on the part of the political committees that if there had been any case it would have made a profound impression on my mind and I do not recall any," replied Senator Penrose.

Senator Reed asked whether Mr. Penrose knew of any contributions to the campaign fund of 1904 by the Missouri Pacific, Southern Pacific or Gould interests.

"I have no direct knowledge," Mr. Penrose answered, "simply my information at the time that contributions were made by those interests."

"You mean that while actively engaged with the republican national committee as a member of the committee you understood that these had contributed heavily to the fund?"

"That is correct."

"To what extent were the acts of the national committee concealed from Mr. Roosevelt?"

"My observation of Mr. Roosevelt," said Senator Penrose, "has been that he was well calculated to have pretty superior knowledge about everything that was going on in the committee; I don't think there was a day, and in some days an hour in the day, that the chairman of the national committee was not in communication with him over the telephone."

Senator Penrose emphasized the fact that President Roosevelt had named George B. Cortelyou, his former secretary and cabinet officer, as chairman of the national committee, and expressed the opinion that Mr. Cortelyou did not conceal anything from the president in the matter of contributions.

The Alleged Object.

Senator Stone wanted to know how the \$3,000,000 which Mr. Penrose had said was raised for Roosevelt was used.

"I mean to state," said Senator Penrose, "that the object of this enormous amount and unprecedented campaign fund was the ultimate control of the regular republican organization in the convention held in June in Chicago which nominated Mr. Taft for president and Mr. Sherman for vice president. What underwriting has occurred since then for the third party remains to be developed."

Senator Borah interrupted to ask about the activities of the republican national committee at the Chicago convention.

"The majority of the national committee seized every opportunity possible to restrict and restrain the efforts to purchase the colored Taft delegates at \$5,000 a head," replied Senator Penrose.

"I suppose the senator is not prepared to state how they got them back?" asked Senator Borah.

Appeal to Manhood.

"We got them back by appealing to their manhood and their reputation for honor and integrity, and in most every case we got them back," Mr. Penrose answered.

"I take it, Mr. President, that the men who would wander off the reservation for the purpose of raising the price could not have very much

method to appeal to, to get them back," Senator Borah said.

When the senate came to the final consideration of the Penrose resolution Senator Pointdexter insisted that it go over until tomorrow. Senators Bristow and Clapp, both progressives, urged him to withdraw his objection, but Mr. Pointdexter insisted that he wanted time to examine it.

"Has the senator from Washington any objection to this inquiry," demanded Senator Penrose.

"I do not know that I have any objection to the inquiry. This drama that we witnessed here this afternoon being played between the leading representatives of the democratic party and the representatives of the old republican machine of Pennsylvania is a very unexpected development in the political situation and any proposition which grows out of this line of thought and examination before it can be consented to."

"What is the peculiar combination of interests to which you refer?" demanded Senator Williams.

"The peculiar combination of interests I have referred to is that between the senators from Mississippi and Missouri and the senator from Pennsylvania," retorted Mr. Pointdexter.

"The joint efforts of these three senators bring into clear relief the one issue in the politics of the country today, on the one side the measure of purpose, and of improvement in political conditions which are represented by Colonel Roosevelt's platform and his candidacy, and the measure, opposed to it."

"It has been brought out that those who are working in harmony and in conjunction in opposition to that platform and those measures are the senators I have just named, and the peculiarity about it is the apparent understanding and the harmony with which this combination works."

Senator Reed said the democrats were trying to uncover republican shortcomings and asked Senator Pointdexter to tell anything he knew about the use of money or patronage in behalf of President Taft at the Chicago convention.

Senator Pointdexter insisted that Senator Penrose and Senator Reed were both "confining their attacks to Colonel Roosevelt."

"The candidate who was nominated at Chicago by the black-belt delegates and the delegates from the territories seems to have been obscured in this debate," he said.

Senator Reed said the democrats "had the confession from one man that he had handled funds of the trusts, and we propose to have it from the other or prove his guilt."

"We intend to tell the people know that Theodore Roosevelt is one of the gentlemen whose hands were most thoroughly tarred," he continued.

The Immunity Bath.

"In getting information from those men who are alleged to have given contributions, I suppose the senator from Missouri would in turn give them the immunity bath?" said Pointdexter.

"The only man who has given immunity baths is Theodore Roosevelt," retorted Mr. Reed.

When he permitted the steel trust to absorb the Tennessee Coal & Iron company, he trucked to George W. Perkins and ordered stopped the investigation of the harvest trust.

"The facts don't bear out such statements as that," said Senator Pointdexter.

After reading Colonel Roosevelt's statement that the telegrams between him and Mr. Cortelyou made it necessary for him to appear before the senate campaign fund committee, Senator Penrose said:

"I intend to amend my motion so that the committee will be instructed to subpoena the men mentioned in my statement. I don't intend to have it as a mere matter of investigation."

Preposterous.

New York, Aug. 22.—When the statement of Senator Penrose that he had underwritten \$3,000,000 funds for the republican national campaign in 1904 was read to George W. Perkins tonight, he said:

"It is a preposterous statement without a word of truth in it."

F. AUGUSTUS HEINZE IS SUED FOR LIBEL

Spokane, Aug. 22.—F. Augustus Heinze of Butte and New York was sued today for \$100,000 for libel by Edward J. Carter of Spokane. Carter alleges he was libeled in a statement sent by Heinze to the stockholders of the Stewart Mining company, of which he is president, declaring that Carter had demanded 25,000 shares of the stock of the company and had threatened to sue Heinze if refused.

Carter recently began suit here against Heinze and other officers of the company for an accounting.

THREE CITIES IN RACE.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 22.—Three cities are in the race for next year's convention of the American Institute of Banking and a lively fight is anticipated tomorrow morning when the annual business meeting and election of officers will be held. Louisville, Ky., appears to be in the lead, closely followed by Richmond, Va., and Scranton, Pa. No opposition has developed thus far apparently to the election of Byron N. Moser of St. Louis as president. The delegates spent this afternoon pleasure-seeking.

RANCHER A SUICIDE.

Great Falls, Aug. 22.—A. J. Ely, a rancher near Benchland, in the Judith basin, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting himself. He had had considerable trouble with his neighbors and it is believed this may have affected his mind.

PIONEERS TO MEET IN MISOULA

(Continued From Page One)

Vividly the early-day things was the parade at 2 o'clock this afternoon. When S. E. Larable, dressed in real pioneer garb, drove three yoke of oxen down the main street of the city he made a picture that well illustrated the manner of the Deer Lodge valley of which this year's meeting of the society marks the 50th anniversary. Prairie schooners, a real stage coach, pack mules laden with the prospectors' outfit and other things typical of early-day travel, work and life, were vividly portrayed this afternoon. Details were carried out to the most minute particular and 2,000 people stood almost in a spirit of reverence. Old Bill Doney looked as natural as life as he led his little mule along with the others.

The Holdup.

The parade had only but started when a band of bold, bad holdup men, wonderfully well mounted and wearing handkerchiefs for masks, came galloping into the city. The crowd scattered as the riders came charging madly through and made straight for the stage coach and opened fire with their rifles on the mounted guards. A battle royal followed in which the robbers made a clean getaway with the booty. So realistic was the entrance of the holdup gang and so sudden was their dash up the street and their volley of shots that many in the crowd believed the hold-up to be real. Artist E. S. Paxson of Missoula, who, in his day, has fought both Indians and outlaws, almost fainted and several women were overcome with fright. Old-timers declared after recovering from their astonishment that the holdup was as real as any that ever took place in Montana.

At the Pen.

After the parade the pioneers made a trip to the penitentiary which was opened to them for inspection. The prison band rendered a concert. At 6 o'clock the pioneers gathered

for their banquet in the Milwaukee hall. This was a happy meal and called for an exchange of reminiscences that were extremely interesting. Then the tables were cleared away, the sons and daughters came and dancing commenced. The way these old-timers limbered up to the music of that pioneer was surprising. And thus was the meeting of the grand old men and women of the state of Montana and their sons and daughters brought to a close.

When the final count was made today it was found that 375 pioneers and 161 sons and daughters had registered and been in attendance at the meeting.

Among the prominent guests who were present at the meeting some of them almost pioneers, and others friends and acquaintances of the pioneers were the following: Mrs. W. J. Christie, Butte; J. P. Lassell, Windom; Mrs. E. F. Womack, Butte; K. Hagerman and Katherine, Burton, Butte; S. O. Fuller, Stuart; Edward Reimel, Butte; J. C. (Pat Jack) Jones, Butte; Mrs. E. F. Dodds, Missoula; Phil H. Miller, Salt Lake; J. W. Steele, Butte; Eugene Savage, Miles City; Mrs. J. L. Bonner, Missoula; Mr. and Mrs. Henry McPharland, Anaconda; Mrs. Grace Smith and son, Butte; R. E. Riddle, Butte; E. A. Newlon, Missoula; Miss Viola Lindale, Butte; Mrs. M. O'Neill and Mrs. P. H. Regan and son, Butte; Mrs. J. W. Freeman, Butte; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fairfield, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Frary, Archie Drew, Mrs. Gerald Tracey, Miss Isabelle Fairfield and Miss Elizabeth Frary, all of Great Falls.

BRAKEMAN DROWNS.

Great Falls, Aug. 22.—Verna G. France, a Great Northern brakeman residing in this city, was drowned while bathing in the Missouri river at Libpard, a station on the Great Northern. France was with a work train and went into the river alone while the train waited there this evening.

FOR GOVERNOR.

Seattle, Aug. 22.—State Senator W. H. Paulhanous of Pierce county filed at progressive headquarters today as a candidate for the nomination for governor at the progressive primary August 7.

COUPON

AUGUST 23, 1912.

Desiring to render a great educational service to its readers The Missoulian has arranged with Mr. Eskin to handle, WITHOUT PROFIT to ITSELF, the exclusive output of his valuable book for Missoula. Out the above coupon from six consecutive issues of The Missoulian and present them with 60 cents, to cover the bare cost of manufacture, freight and handling, and a copy will be presented to you without additional cost. Bear in mind that this book has been most carefully written; that every chapter in it is vouched for by an authority; that it is illustrated from photographs taken especially for it; that it is printed in large, clear type on fine book paper and bound in heavy cloth in an attractive, durable manner. A \$2.00 VALUE FOR 60¢. Act quickly, if you want a copy.

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 You don't have to worry for fear it's not right,
 It's ready for you when you're ready to eat it.
 What is it? Why, "Toasties!" Can anything beat it?

Written by EURICA L. PORTER,
 170 East 91st Street, New York, N. Y.

One of the 50 Jingles for which the Postum Co.
 Battle Creek, Mich., paid \$1,000.00 in June.