

# PRAY IS LOST IN SHUFFLE OF VOTES

REPUBLICAN SOLON WILL BE REPLACED BY JUDGE EVANS, DEMOCRAT.

# PLURALITY VERY SAFE

Indications Are That Democrats Have Carried Montana—Progressives' National Ticket Makes Showing Which Insures New Party Supremacy in State Politics.

Helena, Nov. 7.—(Special)—Vice Chairman Horsky of the progressive state committee gave out the following statement tonight:

"Theodore Roosevelt has polled more than four million votes, which exceeds the vote cast for Mr. Taft by over one million. The progressive national ticket will have at least 116 votes in the electoral college, while the republican national ticket will have less than a baker's dozen. This is a complete reply to the majority to the minority which disregarded the sixth commandment at the Chicago convention that nominated Mr. Taft, and constitutes a declaration by that majority, augmented by a large number of independent and progressive voters, to the reactionary forces of the country, that the progressive party has come to stay, and that it is to this party that the people must look for the larger measure of social and industrial justice.

"In the state, Senator Dixon carried his home county of Missoula by a safe majority over both of his opponents, and the race for the United States senate is between Mr. Dixon and Mr. Walsh, with Mr. Smith running a poor third. Mr. Edwards, the progressive candidate for governor, secured a much larger vote in his home county of Lewis and Clark than did either Mr. Walsh or Mr. Smith, who are also residents of that county.

"This expression of confidence in our candidates for United States senator and governor in their homes, proves the esteem in which they are held by their neighbors.

"We have elected at least four senators and 20 representatives in the legislature. In nearly every county many progressive candidates for local offices have been successful.

"We are now the direct opponents of the democrats in Montana and in the nation."

"Few additional returns were received at political headquarters today. Democratic State Chairman Swindelhurst said today:

"Woodrow Wilson will carry the state by a plurality of 10,000 votes. Taft will run second and Roosevelt third.

"Stewart will be elected governor by a plurality of from 3,000 to 4,000, with Wilson second and Edwards third.

"Walsh will receive a plurality of 7,500 at least, with Smith and Dixon pressing each other closely for second place.

"The full democratic state ticket will be elected by substantial pluralities. We have heard from 75 per cent of the total vote of the state. The democrats will control the state senate by a majority of three, and the lower house by a majority of 14."

"At republican headquarters returns from 279 precincts have been received with an aggregate vote cast of 29,000 or less than one-third of the ultimate total.

"This does not include the city of Billings, Miles City, counties of Chouteau, Teton, Valley or any of the republican counties of the state, and will indicate the election of Charles N. Pray," said a republican official.

"If the returns continue from eastern and northern Montana as they now indicate, Congressman Pray will be elected, with the probable defeat of Stewart for governor and several of the state officers."

**Legislature Democratic.**  
Helena, Nov. 7.—With approximately three-fourths of the total vote of the state tabulated, returns available at midnight show a complete democratic victory in Montana. Sam V. Stewart, democratic candidate for governor, is approximately 4,000 votes ahead of Harry L. Wilson, republican, and 5,000 ahead of Frank J. Edwards, progressive. Woodrow Wilson has a plurality of 5,000 over Roosevelt and 7,000 over Taft, while T. J. Walsh, democratic candidate for the United States senate, is 7,000 ahead of United States Senator Joseph M. Dixon, and 3,000 ahead of Judge Henry C. Smith, the republican candidate. Congressman Charles N. Pray, republican, is over 3,000 votes behind Judge J. M. Evans of Missoula, democrat, while Tom Stout, the other democratic congressional candidate, is over 5,000 ahead of his republican opponent, with the progressive congressional candidates far behind their national ticket.

All of the democratic candidates for state offices lead by pluralities ranging from 3,000 to 4,000, and it is not believed that the vote yet to come can change the result.

Both branches of the legislature will be democratic, as follows:  
Senate—Democrats, 17; republicans, 12; progressives, 2.

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# ANDREW CARNEGIE DODGES TAXES

New York, Nov. 7.—Andrew Carnegie will pay no personal property tax to the city of New York this year. The iron master's physical property was assessed at \$10,000,000, but he appeared today before the president of the tax department and made affidavits that this was erroneous. Mr. Carnegie swore that the value of his effects in this city did not exceed \$3,500,000, while his debts aggregated \$8,400,000. Accordingly the assessment against him was canceled.

# CONTROL OF SENATE BY DEMOCRATS ASSURED

WITH SIX STATES IN DOUBT, THEY ALREADY HAVE FORTY-EIGHT SENATORS.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Control of the senate in the Sixty-third congress is now practically assured to the democrats. Conceding to the republicans the legislatures in all states still in doubt, the democrats will have a vote of 48, or just one-half of the entire membership of the senate with a democratic vice president in the chair, to cast the deciding ballot in case of a tie. Six states are yet to be heard from definitely. A senator from one of these would give the democrats a clear majority and it is possible that their strength will be even further increased.

Kansas has been added to the democratic column. The states in which the complexion of the legislature yet is to be decided are:

Illinois, Michigan, New Hampshire, Oregon, Tennessee and Wyoming. Ordinarily Tennessee could be relied upon to help the democratic party, but the factional fight there may prevent it in this crisis. In Illinois, there are complications growing out of the multiplicity of parties, rendering it uncertain whether there will be a senatorial election. In that state a successor to the deposed senator, Lorimer, should be chosen as well as to Senator Cullom, whose term expires. If there should be no election, the effect would favor the democrats by reducing the membership of the senate to 84, of which number the 48 already assured would be a working majority.

**Progressives May Help.**  
In New Hampshire, the dispatches indicate a possible combination of democrats and republicans and in that event predictions as to the politics of the man selected would be mere guesswork. Whatever the outcome in any of the states mentioned there can be no doubt as to democratic control of the senate. In addition to the aid of the vice president, in an emergency, they will find willing co-operation among the progressive senators. Three or four of the progressives are almost as liberal in their tariff views and other questions as the democrats themselves. Senators Clapp, La Follette, Cummins, Gronna, Bristow and Poindecker all are avowed tariff reformers. They also favor advanced legislation in other directions. Senator Works announced his intention of voting for the democratic presidential candidate some time before the election. This determination is due, however, to a peculiar combination of circumstances and the Californian would not wish to have it construed as binding him to a democratic legislative policy. He is classed as a protectionist.

Of the 31 hold-over republicans, eight have been classed as protectionists in the past. They are: Bristow, Kansas; Crawford, South Dakota; Cummins, Iowa; Gronna, North Dakota; Clapp, Minnesota; La Follette, Wisconsin; Poindecker, Washington, Works, California.

Mr. Norris of Nebraska has been one of the leaders of the progressive element in the house and will continue to co-operate with that element in the senate, as it is expected that Senator Kenyon of Iowa will and possibly Senator Borah of Idaho, in such measures as may appeal to them.

Much interest is manifested in the political affiliations of the progressives. Heretofore they have been content to be known as progressive republicans. Whether any number of them will withdraw from the republican party is problematical. Senators Bristow, Clapp and Poindecker are understood to have supported Roosevelt, and if they should decline to co-operate with the republicans of the senate the change would materially weaken the old party.

# CONGRATULATIONS.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 7.—Sergio Osmena, speaker of the Philippine assembly, sent the following cablegram today to the president-elect: "The Philippine assembly has unanimously and heartily adopted a resolution conveying your congratulations as well as of the Philippine people on your success and expressing its hope and confidence that your administration will redouble the pledge of the American people to recognize the Philippines in accordance with the reiterated petitions of the Philippine assembly."

# Poorly Armed Montenegrins Win Battles



At the Top, Wounded Montenegrins Being Taken to the Hospital at Podgoritz. Bottom, Turkish Prisoners Lined Up Outside the Montenegrin Military Headquarters at Podgoritz.

Cetinje, Montenegro, Nov. 7.—Though the story of the Balkan war during the past fortnight has been mostly of the victories won by the Bulgarians over the retreating and disorganized Turks, the splendid work done by the Montenegrins early in the campaign, and still being accomplished by them, reflects great credit upon that brave people.

Montenegro is the smallest of the European nations. It is about the size of two or three counties in an American state. It is poor. Yet it supports a large army in the field and has won brilliant victories over the Turks. In a single engagement 3,000 Turkish soldiers were taken prisoners and many killed. Not once have the Montenegrins been defeated.

There is a tragic side to the war for the Montenegrins, in spite of their many victories. "The country is almost without funds. Not only is the army poorly equipped with weapons, the hospital facilities, too, are pitifully inadequate. One surgeon must do the work of a half dozen and nurses are few. Scores of wounded Montenegrins who would otherwise survive will die because of this lack of hospital equipment.

King Nicholas is at the head of his army, and is making every preparation to save his men. He expressed his attitude not long ago when he did not attempt to take Scutaria by storm.

"We should have been in possession of Scutaria days ago," he said, "if I were not obliged always to have regard for the valuable lives of my soldiers. My Montenegrins are brave and full of self-sacrifice, but their numbers are inconsiderable.

"My sacred duty is to spare their lives so that Montenegro may be able to win more battles. We have sufficient time, for even without our assistance, the common cause of the Balkan kingdoms has already been crowned with success."

# DIVISION OF SPOILS NOW BOTHERING POWERS

# "KEEP THE FAITH" URGES GOVERNOR JOHNSON

# HOUSE COMMITTEES WILL BE CHANGED BY ELECTION

**SERVIANS CLAIM PART OF ALBANIA, BUT TRIPLE ALLIANCE HAS OBJECTIONS.**

London, Nov. 8.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail sends the following from Bucharest:

"I have just arrived from Sofia, and have good grounds for believing that Adrianople has fallen, but Bulgaria is concealing the fact lest the powers intervene before the capture of Constantinople.

"Extraordinary endeavors have been made since Monday to prevent news leaking out, censorship having been extended to letters.

"I understand that the whole garrison surrendered Tuesday unconditionally. Meanwhile, with the utmost energy, the Bulgarians are concentrating an overwhelming force with a view to the occupation of Constantinople so that intervention by the

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Chicago, Nov. 7.—Governor Hiram Johnson of California, candidate for vice president on the progressive ticket, in Chicago today on his way home to California, said the defeat was merely an incident of the progressive fight, and of "little more consequence to the ultimate success of earnest men than was the missing of a train."

Tired with his campaigning, but with determined bearing and unabated force, he sounded what he characterized as a "new call to the Bull Moose," instructing his followers to begin a fight for 1914 and 1916.

"We might express our determination in the words of Abraham Lincoln," he said, "All we have to do is to keep the faith, remain steadfast to the right, stand by our principles.

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Washington, Nov. 7.—Although democratic control of the house of representatives by a greatly increased majority is assured, a general shake-up of the personnel of the important house committees in the next congress will be necessary.

The ways and means committee, which will shape into bills the tariff policies of the Wilson administration, was ridiculed by the election. Of the 14 democrats on the committee, four will not return. Two of these, however, Hughes of New Jersey and James of Kentucky, go to the senate. Randall of Texas and Brantley of Georgia are retained.

One of the seven republicans on the committee but two apparently will remain. John Dalzell of Pennsylvania and Samuel W. McCall of Massachu-

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# THANKSGIVING DAY IS PROCLAIMED BY PRESIDENT TAFT

Washington, Nov. 7.—President Taft issued a proclamation today setting aside November 25 as Thanksgiving day. The proclamation follows:

"By the president of the United States:  
A proclamation. A God-fearing nation, like ours, owes it to its inborn and sincere sense of moral duty to testify its devout gratitude to the All Giver for the countless benefits it has enjoyed. For many years it has been customary at the close of the year for the national executive to urge upon his fellow countrymen to offer praise and thanks to God for the manifold blessings vouchsafed to them in the past and to unite in earnest supplication for their continuance.

"The year now drawing to a close has been notably favorable to our fortunate land. At peace within and without, free from the perturbation of calamities that have afflicted other peoples, rich in harvests so abundant and industries so productive that the overflow of our prosperity has advantaged the whole world, strong in the steadfast devotion of the heritage of self-government bequeathed to us by the wisdom of our fathers, and firm in the resolve to transmit that heritage unimpaired but rather improved by good use to our children and our children's children for all time to come, the people of this country have abundant cause for contented gratitude.

"Wherefore, I, William Howard Taft, president of the United States of America, in pursuance of long-established usage and in response to the wish of the American people, invite my countrymen, wherever they may bejourning, to join on Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of this month of November, in appropriate ascription of praise and thanks to God for the good gifts that have been our portion and in humble prayer that His great mercies toward us may endure."

# CALIFORNIA AND ILLINOIS PERFORM FLOPPING FEATS

# NICK LONGWORTH DEFEATED

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—Congressman Nicholas Longworth was defeated for re-election by Stanley Bowdler, democrat, by 85 votes, according to the unofficial canvass of the vote in the First Ohio district. Congressman Longworth does not admit his defeat, and the result will not be known finally until the official canvass has been made.

# WILSON COGITATES OVER CABINET PLACES

Princeton, Nov. 7.—President-elect Woodrow Wilson has not decided upon the personnel of his future cabinet and he intends to keep his mind open on the subject for a long time. To put an end, if possible, to all gossip about cabinet appointments, he issued the following statement today:

"Such speculations are perfectly fruitless. I mean to keep my mind entirely open with regard to appointments of consequence until a final announcement is possible. It will be perfectly useless to resort to me for cooperation of any report because I shall have absolutely nothing to announce. No announcement will have the least authority that is not made over my own signature. These are matters which must be determined by very deliberate counsel and not by gossip."

There is every reason to believe that Mr. Wilson has not discussed the framing of a cabinet with anybody.

The president-elect said tonight that he considered the time between his election and his inauguration a period in which he should listen carefully to the ideas of men informed on national questions and that it was a "public duty" for him to do so.

Concerning reports about his proposed vacation, he said that any definite announcement that he was going to the Bermudas was not authorized.

"For the very reason that I am going away to rest," he added, "I will have no announcement of plans to make until the day before I start."

He said that if he did take a sea trip he certainly would not go on a private yacht, but would go on a regular steamer. It is likely he will get away within a fortnight.

Governor Wilson had a busy time with his correspondence and telegrams today. Callers came in a steady procession in spite of the rain and muddy roads.

**Will Not Resign.**  
Just because Mr. Wilson is the president-elect of the United States, he does not, he asserts, intend to retire from the fight he has waged for two years for a program of progressive legislation in New Jersey. Mr. Wilson said today he would "stay on the job at Trenton" until he had carried out his reforms, but with a democratic legislature behind him, there is likely to be a smooth process when the legislature convenes on January 1.

The president-elect said today that the program of reform he had in mind for the state would be advanced by the fact that as the future executive of the country, nation-wide attention probably will be attracted by his policy in the New Jersey legislature.

**A Job for Bryan.**  
Chicago, Nov. 7.—There appeared little doubt in western democratic headquarters that William J. Bryan would be tendered practically a choice of any office within the gift of the president, but many professed to believe that he positively would be selected as secretary of state, Joseph Davies, western manager, left today for New Jersey, where he will report to Mr. Wilson the result of the western campaign. Democratic headquarters will be closed tomorrow, save a small force for checking up.

No one was at the Taft headquarters today.

# BAD ROADWAY BLAMED.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Bad condition of the roadway, of the main line of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton near Antioch, Illinois, was assigned as the cause of a derailment on August 25, which killed one passenger and injured 25 others, in the interstate commerce commission's report on the accident issued today. The report charged the roadway was not sufficiently well maintained to enable the operation of trains "to be carried on in safety."

# JUDGE'S INJURIES FATAL.

Elgin, Ill., Nov. 7.—Henry B. Willis of Elgin, judge of the appellate court of the Second district of Illinois, died today from injuries received Tuesday night when he was run down by a train while watching election returns. He was 63 years old.

# SUCKER STATE GOES OVER TO GOVERNOR WILSON BY OVER 15,000 PLURALITY.

# GOLDEN STATE DOUBTFUL

Count at Midnight Shows Roosevelt Slightly in Lead, With Some Precincts Yet to Report—President-Elect Falls, Apparently, to Get a Majority of the Popular Vote.

New York, Nov. 7.—Uncertainty as to the electoral choice of California and Illinois as developed by belated returns from both states was the chief point of interest today, although the counting of ballots in several doubtful states still was under way.

That Illinois was safely in the Wilson column was indicated early in the evening, but California, which had been claimed by the democrats shortly after the closing of the polls, wavered for a short time toward the progressive ranks. The Wilson plurality, however, early in the evening, again started upward as returns came in from remote precincts which are usually democratic and the Wilson lead seemed safe, but was lost by 130 by midnight.

After apparently holding Illinois for nearly 40 hours from the time the polls closed, Roosevelt lost its 29 electoral votes in the day when the assembling of statewide returns showed a victory for Governor Wilson.

On the strength of incomplete returns as to the popular vote for Wilson, Roosevelt and Taft, the estimate was made tonight that Governor Wilson would have a majority of all the votes cast.

In many states the popular vote has been only roughly estimated this far; but the reports indicate the combined vote of Roosevelt and Taft will be approximately 1,000,000 more than the vote for Wilson.

The figures were changed by the final count, but it is said the proportion for each candidate will not vary greatly.

The preliminary count gives Wilson approximately 46 per cent of the vote; Roosevelt, 29 per cent, and Taft, 25 per cent. The total vote thus far reported is less than in 1908, while official returns are expected to bring it above these figures. In 1908, out of a combined vote of 11,000,000 cast for Taft and Bryan, Taft received over 41 per cent.

Returns from Minnesota today confirm the claim of Roosevelt to the 12 electoral votes of that state.

The victory for Wilson in New Hampshire did not carry with it control of the state legislature, where the republicans have a majority on joint ballot and will dictate the selection of a United States senator.

**T. R. Leads.**  
San Francisco, Nov. 8.—Close of tabulation on California's presidential vote at midnight, left Roosevelt leading Wilson by the narrow margin of 130. All of the 135 precincts still missing were in remote districts out of touch with the telephone or telegraph and it was improbable that any of them would report before morning.

**Dunne for Governor.**  
Chicago, Nov. 7.—E. F. Dunne, democratic candidate, carried Illinois for governor by a plurality of 110,604, with 202 precincts not heard from. Outside of Cook county his vote was 245,181, a plurality of 66,938 over Governor Deeneen. Cook county gave him 64,016 over Deeneen and 52,872 over Funk.

Later returns gave additional gains to Governor Deeneen in Illinois and his plurality went up from 5,247 to 15,049.

**Progressive Congressmen.**  
Seattle, Nov. 7.—Fifteen hundred and sixty-one precincts out of 1,903 in the state of Washington give Lister, democrat, for governor, 85,577; Hay, republican, 83,840; Holde, progressive, 68,475. Lister has a plurality of 1,917, but his supporters are alarmed for the first time. Only seven precincts remain uncounted in King county and 15 in Pierce county, which counties have been supplying Lister with pluralities that overcame those of the small counties voting for Hay. A great majority of the outstanding precincts will return Hay pluralities.

Fourteen hundred and seventy-three precincts give Roosevelt 83,735; Wilson, 67,970; Taft, 62,226.

For congressmen in large, 1,339 precincts give Fulkerson, progressive, 67,721; Bryan, progressive, 65,673; Dewey, republican, 60,694; Frost, republican, 59,717; Connor, democrat, 52,810; White, democrat, 51,027.

The progressive candidates seem to be elected. The republicans have carried the Third district and seem likely to elect Humphrey in the First and Johnson in the Second district. The prospect, therefore, is that Washington will have three republicans and two progressive congressmen. The state officers below that of governor are divided among republicans and progressives.

The socialist vote in the state probably will reach 20,000. In King county, with seven precincts lacking, Debs got 6,632 votes in Snohomish county, with six precincts lacking, he polled 3,472, this being more than Wilson or Taft received. In Spokane county Debs got 2,507 votes. The prohibitionists had hoped for a large increase in their vote because of the enfranchisement of women, but were disappointed.

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