

Today—Local snows. Tomorrow—Fair; warmer.

Get in and help. That's the way to do things.

VOTE OF THE PROGRESSIVES DEFEATS THE REACTIONARIES

ON CLOSE BALLOT MONTANA HOUSE DECIDES FOR PUBLICITY OF PROCEEDINGS.

MACHINE IS OVERRIDDEN

Estimates Furnished by Governor Stewart Show Expenditures for Two Years Will Exceed Receipts—Relief for Settlers on Lower Yellowstone Project Asked for in Memorial.

HOW THEY VOTED.

In the lower house at Helena yesterday the following men voted for a verbatim report of the proceedings of the house: Annin, Blair of Ravalli, Brower, Burnett, Camp, Carroll, Christmas, Collins, Conner, Cookingham, Cramer, Crippen, Davis, Day, Drinkard, Durkan, Ellingson, Fishbaugh, Fisher, Glenn, Grabeal, Henley, Holt, Jewell, Johnson, Jordan of Flathead, Kemmis, Kirschwing, Kuphal, Lovelace, MacRae, Mayfield, Murray, Nye, Phillips, Pope, Rhoades, Spogen, Stewart, Word, Working—Total, 41.

SWINDLER IS GIVEN REPRIEVE

Washington, Jan. 10.—Charles L. Hyde of Pierre, S. D., was granted a reprieve of 30 days by President Taft today to give Attorney General Wickensham time to investigate his claim to a pardon. He was convicted of fraudulent use of the mails in selling town lots in South Dakota.

NEWS IS DISTORTED BY DEMOCRATIC PAPERS

ORGANS OF BIG BUSINESS FAIL TO TELL TRUTH REGARDING LEGISLATURE.

Helena, Jan. 10.—The democratic papers that came into Helena today were a unit in one thing, to say the least, and that was in a deliberate campaign of misrepresentation on the contest for the appointment of a committee on committees in the house. Without exception these newspapers pretend to describe the event, and the various items that led up to it, as a mere scheme of the progressives to create division in the democratic ranks, and as conceived by the Bull Mooseers for that sole purpose.

HOMELESS



CONCENTRATION OF FINANCES IF ALLOWED TO GO FARTHER WOULD BE BAD FOR COUNTRY

OUT IN THE COLD CIPRIANO CASTRO YET REMAINS

COURT HOLDS DECISION IN HABEAS CORPUS HEARING PENDING INVESTIGATION.

New York, Jan. 10.—Cipriano Castro, formerly president of Venezuela, who declares he is prevented unlawfully from entering the United States, had his day in court today, but was defeated, temporarily at least, in his attempt to land, and is back at Ellis island tonight.

"The Biggest Man in the Street" Declares There Is No Money Trust, but Says Things Have Gone Far Enough in the Control of Money.

Washington, Jan. 10.—That the present concentration of money and credit "has gone far enough," that "in bad hands" it would have a bad effect upon the nation; that the "safety of the situation lies in the personal control of the men in control"; and that present conditions are "not entirely comfortable for the country," were a few of the statements today by George F. Baker, master of finance, as the climax of the days' examination before the house money trust committee.

No Money Trust. "Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

Mr. Baker, I suppose you do not think there is a money trust?" demanded the lawyer.

TWO MORE JUDGES MAY BE PROBES BY HOUSE

KANSAS CITY BRINGS CHARGES AGAINST VAN VALKENBERG AND POLLOCK.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Investigation of the conduct of two federal judges, Judge Van Valkenberg of the western district of Missouri, and Judge John C. Pollock of the district of Kansas, was asked today in petitions from the common council of Kansas City, Mo., presented to the house by Representative Borland of Missouri.

The resolutions, framed by a special committee of the Kansas City council, charge that Judge Pollock and Judge Van Valkenberg appointed receivers for the Kansas Natural Gas company, which, it is alleged, is controlled by the United Gas Improvement company of Philadelphia, who were "friendly to the interests, design and purpose" of those two companies.

A further charge against Judge Pollock is that he issued an order to the receivers, directing them to charge an increased price for gas delivery to the Kansas City Gas company.

The petitions were referred to the Judiciary committee of the house. Representative Borland said he would ask the committee to consider the complaints immediately.

It is charged further that Judge Pollock is depriving the people of Kansas City of light and fuel and that he is "aided and abetted" in his purpose of Judge Van Valkenberg.

The Kansas Natural Gas company was a pipe line company carrying natural gas from Oklahoma and selling it to the Kansas City Gas company, which distributed to consumers at 27 cents per thousand cubic feet.

According to the resolution, Judge Pollock appointed three receivers for the Kansas Natural Gas company October 3, 1912. The resolution declares application for receivers was made to force consumers to pay more for gas. On December 20, 1912, Judge Pollock made an order directing the Kansas Natural Gas company to refuse to sell gas to the Kansas City Gas company at a rate less than 31 cents per thousand cubic feet.

The Kansas Natural Gas company claimed that the natural gas of Oklahoma was becoming exhausted. The resolution of the Kansas City council asserted that testimony in judicial proceedings showed an adequate supply accessible.

THANKS FROM MONGOLIA.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 10.—A deputation of Mongolians headed by a Mongol prince arrived here this afternoon from Urga to thank the Russian government on behalf of the Kutuktu or Khan of Mongolia for its recognition of the independence of Mongolia.

HISTORIC OLD HOSTELRY IS WRECKED BY FLAMES

GIRL GIVES POISON TO BROTHER

Olympia, Wash., Jan. 10.—To keep her little brother quiet while the mother was away, Hazel Lund-Inhams, aged 13, gave Adam Lund-Inhams, aged 9 months, two poison tablets, at their home in West Olympia today, and the baby died before help could be called. Adam Lund-Inhams, the father, is in prison.

FLORENCE HOTEL BURNED TO BLACKENED SHELL BY MIDDAY FIRE.

NO ONE INJURED AT ALL

Only Two or Three Guests Are in Hotel When Fire Breaks Out and All Escape in Safety—Total Loss Is About \$100,000—Owen Kelley, A. D. Price and Hermann Kohn Suffer.

The Florence hotel, Missoula's oldest and most famous hostelry, is a blackened shell and the shops that occupied the ground floor of the building are flooded ruins as the result of a fire that broke out in the rear of the block yesterday morning and ate out the whole interior before the fire department could stop it. Heroic work on the part of the fire fighters contained the flames to the upper or south half of the hotel, and saved the adjoining Eddy block and the frame buildings just across the alley.

BUTTE HAS A FIRE WHICH CAUSES BIG DAMAGE

BLAZE STARTS IN THE SHODAIR BLOCK AND FIRMS AND ROOMERS SUFFER LOSSES.

Butte, Jan. 10.—(Special)—Fire which started in the boiler room of the Shodair block, 48 West Park street, about 7 o'clock this morning, gutted the center of that building and damaged the surrounding business houses by smoke and water, entailing a loss of \$50,000. The flames were under control at 10 o'clock.

The list of losses follows: Brownfield-Canty Carpet company, \$30,000; Shodair block, \$75,000; Walkover Shoe company, \$3,000; Shodair rooming house, \$2,500; Weinberg company, \$2,000; Drs. Cole and Tait, \$2,000; Schimpf & Reiche, \$1,000; roomers in Shodair block, \$1,000; Lander Furniture and Carpet company, \$500; Walkover building, \$500; Pennsylvania block, \$250. Total, \$100,250. All the loss with the exception of that sustained by roomers is covered by insurance.

Unknown Cause. The fire was of unknown origin and was hard to handle, being located in the center of the Brownfield-Canty store. The smoke was very thick. The boiler room is directly under the office of the Brownfield-Canty store and the main floor gave away, allowing the large safe to fall through into the basement, narrowly missing the firemen, several of whom saved their lives by jumping quickly to one side, as the thick smoke kept them from seeing what was happening over their heads.

A few firemen were cut by falling glass and all of them were soaked with water, which soon froze, and they worked under a heavy coating of ice. None was injured to any extent, but a few had their hands and feet nipped by the cold.

Hands Off. Washington, Jan. 10.—Congressional investigation of the News Haven and Grand Trunk traffic agreement in New England will not be recommended by the house rules committee, which has held several hearings upon the subject. It became known today that the federal government's prosecution of railroad officials concerned was one of the reasons for the committee's determination.

Arrested for Poisoning. Yuba City, Cal., Jan. 10.—As a result of the supposed poisoning of 31 men Wednesday night at the camp of the Natobios Consolidated, at Rio Oso station on the Northern Electric, in this county, F. H. Seymour and Charles Miller are prisoners in the Sutter county jail.

No Wind. It was lucky that there was no wind during the fire and that the blaze occurred during the daytime, when only two or three people were in their rooms. Had the wind been blowing the fire undoubtedly would have spread. Had the rooms been full of people death would probably have resulted. As it was the damage was comparatively small and no one was placed in serious danger.

As to the origin of the fire no one seems certain. The popular theory is that hot ashes, dumped into a wooden box, started the fire. The bell boys are expected daily to carry the ashes from the range in the kitchen on the second floor to the bottom of an old wooden elevator shaft on the outside of the building. It is thought that these ashes set fire to the elevator shaft, spread into the sample room adjoining the bar and then crept up to the third floor through a ventilator shaft.

Owen Kelley was the real discoverer of the blaze. He was eating his breakfast in the Coffee Parlors at about 10:45 when one of the waitresses ran in and said that the Florence hotel was on fire.

(Continued on Page Five.)

ALLIES AND TURKS ARE AT DEADLOCK

London, Jan. 10.—The pendulum of peace in the Balkans swings between the fall of Adrianople and action by the powers of Europe. Both Turkey and the allies have been unresponsive either to the advice of friendly offers, or to pressure by which the powers have attempted to bring the conflicting parties to terms over Adrianople. Compromises, by which the "Holy City" neither would be separated entirely from Turkey nor refused by both sides.

Turkey's hopes of saving Adrianople undoubtedly have been revived by the threatening attitude in Roumania. It is believed in some quarters that Roumania's stand is backed by Austria.

The ambassadorial conference met today, but it was announced that no important decision had been reached. The ambassadors would not confirm reports that naval demonstration to influence Turkey had been planned as a last resort.

Not Taken Seriously. Turkey's threat to withdraw her peace delegates next week if the allies refused to reduce their demands, is not taken seriously by the ambassadors. The allies have made a counter threat that they will give

necessary notice of a termination of the present armistice if the Turkish delegates withdraw.

The hope that the dinner given last night by French Ambassador Cambon would give an opening for friendly conversations between the rivals, leading to the end of the deadlock, proved fruitless, as the dinner is described as having been a cold and stiff affair.

M. Venizelos and the other Greek delegates are up in arms against any serious attempt to prevent Greece from acquiring the Turkish islands. They say their indignation over this phase of the situation has been augmented by the knowledge that the initiative for keeping the islands away from Greece had come from Italy, which Greece considered its supporter in the triple alliance.

After outlining the claims of Greece to the islands, which, he says, were entirely Greek and had maintained their nationality through centuries of oppression and by enormous sacrifices to keep intact their national characteristics, one of the Greek delegates said:

The only phase ventured as a justification for refusing the island to Greece is that Greece cannot possessors. The allies have made a counter threat that they will give

(Continued on Page Eight)

FATE OF ARCHBALD RESTS WITH SENATE

Washington, Jan. 10.—The impeachment of Judge Robert W. Archbald of the United States commerce court passed tonight out of the hands of the house managers and Judge Archbald's attorneys and became the subject of consideration of the senate, sitting as a jury. The trial, which has engrossed the attention of the senate more than four hours a day since December 3, came to an end when Representative Henry D. Clayton of Alabama concluded the final argument of the house managers with another appeal for the removal of Judge Archbald because of alleged misconduct.

As the senate was about to adjourn, Senator Reed of Missouri asked permission to submit one more question to Judge Archbald—as to whether he had altered the record of testimony in the Louisville & Nashville rate case before the commerce court. His correspondence with Attorney Helm Bruce in his case furnished the foundation for one of the articles of impeachment.

Judge Archbald's attorneys declared if the question were submitted they would request an opportunity to make further arguments.

A recess was ordered at once.

At the end of one hour of debate, it was announced that the senate had declined to allow the question to be submitted to Judge Archbald. Senator Reed then formally withdrew it.

The senate will resume consideration of the case tomorrow behind closed doors. No vote upon any of the 13 separate charges against Judge Archbald is expected until Monday. While the senate will consider the case in secret, it will vote in the open.

The full penalty that may be imposed by the senate includes not only removal from office but disbarment of Judge Archbald from holding any position of public trust in the future.

Separate votes will have to be taken on each of the 13 articles of impeachment.

A two-thirds vote would be necessary to convict Judge Archbald upon any of the counts against him. Two new senators, J. N. Henshell of Arkansas and R. M. Johnston of Texas, who have not heard the arguments in the case, will not vote; and two vacancies exist, one from Illinois and one from Colorado. A successful two-thirds vote upon a single article of impeachment would be sufficient to cause Judge Archbald's conviction and removal from office.

NERVY ROBBERS.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—While three masked robbers were drinking a bottle of champagne early this morning in a saloon on Embarcadero, Special Policeman George Lewis entered to see if all was well. He was confronted by a revolver, seized and hustled into a closet where were confined August Thern, the bartender, and five patrons. After the robbers had satisfied their thirst they departed, and finally the imprisoned men gained their liberty. The robbers obtained \$310.

(Continued on Page Six)