

LOBBYISTS RECEIVE KNOCKOUT BLOW IN THE HOUSE REACTIONARIES BATTLE VALIANTLY BUT THE BILL IS ORDERED PASSED

SUFFRAGETTES OF ENGLAND TO RESUME THEIR CAMPAIGN

FAILURE OF FRANCHISE BILL CAUSES BREAKING OUT OF THE MILITANT SPIRIT.

SOME WILL BREAK HEADS

Mrs. Pankhurst Comes to the Fore and Advocates More Violence Than Ever—Other Leaders Counsel Taking of Life, Is Necessary—Mrs. Despard Lands in the Calaboose.

London, Jan. 27.—England is on the brink of another campaign by the suffragettes, in comparison to which former outbreaks of the militant women will appear insignificant. Two thousand policemen were engaged tonight in dispersing huge crowds near the parliament buildings, shopkeepers were boarding up windows, and excited women were making incendiary speeches in several halls.

The women believe that the politicians have played a carefully studied trick, and the decision of the government to drop the franchise bill is likely to lead to serious consequences. In the house of commons the speaker, the Right Honorable James W. Lowther, in response today to an inquiry before the prime minister, announced that if any of the amendments to the franchise bill giving women the vote should be adopted, he would be obliged to rule that they make it subsequently a new bill, which would compel its withdrawal.

Mr. Asquith thereupon announced that the cabinet had decided that, under such circumstances, it would be useless to proceed. This was announced to a crowded house which displayed more interest in the subject than had been shown in the last stages of the home-rule bill.

In the meantime, police in great numbers, mounted and afoot, were having great difficulty outside the building keeping the crowds in check, while reserve forces, stationed in courtyards in the vicinity of parliament, were held in readiness to quell disorders of a more serious nature.

Heated Meetings.

The suffragettes held heated meetings tonight. Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and other leaders denounced both the enemies and supporters of suffrage in the cabinet for their treachery. They declared an end of the truce, which the women had observed while awaiting parliament's action on the bill.

Several women were arrested tonight, some of whom declined to give their names. One, believed to be Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, was captured in St. Stephens' hall, leading to the house of commons, where she was making a determined attack on a large gathering. The police dispersed a crowd in Trafalgar square, where a man and woman were trying to make speeches. The speakers who resisted were arrested. The noted militant, Mrs. Despard, was taken to the police station with six others.

Human Life Sacred.

"Deeds, not words," was the motto displayed above the platform where Mrs. Pankhurst spoke. She asserted that the women would consider human life sacred, but would do as much to damage property as possible. Some of her hearers failed to agree with her policy. Miss Anne Kenny, one of the most prominent of the militants, advocated smashing of

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MESSANGER IS LOST WITH ARIZONA'S RETURNS

ELECTOR CARRYING VOTE OF THE BABY STATE IS MISSING ALONG THE LINE.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Lost: The electoral vote of Arizona and its bearer. Finder please send at once to the office of the vice president of the United States. Senators and representatives of the baby state sent broadcast tonight the foregoing notice, when, at 6 o'clock, the time limit for receiving returns from the national election last November, had expired, and Wilfred T. Webb, custodian of three perfectly good votes for Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall, had failed to appear at the vice president's office in the capitol.

Arizona's patriots and legislators were much perplexed and disappointed for, though no political upheaval would be caused should the three little votes never be found they did not miss from history's archives Arizona's first vote for chief executive of the nation.

For 24 hours before the vice president's office was closed for the night with every electoral vote except Arizona's on file, a systematic search of Washington hotels and clubs had been conducted in a vain search for Elector Webb, who it was known, had left Phoenix with his credentials more than 10 days ago. Webb was heard from in St. Louis four or five days ago but his friends could not get any word of him from there tonight.

If the penalty for failure should be enforced, Arizona would lose its vote in the electoral college and the official messenger lose his allegiance for the trip. The duplicate set of Arizona's ballots that were sent by mail are on hand and it is probable that no penalty will be enforced if Webb should arrive tomorrow.

AN IMPORTANT BILL.

Montpelier, Vt., Jan. 27.—A legislative measure providing for the sterilization of defective criminals will be laid before Governor Fletcher tomorrow. Strong pressure both in favor and against the bill will be exerted. No recent act of the legislature has aroused more discussion. Those who will appear before the governor include representatives of medical societies, scientists, and some who oppose the law on religious grounds.

REMOVED FROM OFFICE.

Olympia, Wash., Jan. 27.—Governor Lister today removed from office State Tax Commissioner Michael J. Carrigan of Seattle, and appointed in his place Edwin J. Koors of Olympia, secretary of the state tax commission. Removal of Carrigan had been expected for during the campaign Lister complained that Carrigan, while on the state pay roll was spending his time working for the republican state ticket.

SUPREME COURT RECESS.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The supreme court will take its usual Easter recess from February 3 to February 24.

Plans to Retrieve Lost Cause



Top, left to right: Senators Kenyon, Works and La Follette. Bottom, Senators Borah and Cummins.

WIDOW OF HIS FOE COMES TO RESCUE OF SICKLES

MRS. HELEN LONGSTREET SAYS SHE WILL RAISE THE MONEY TO PAY SHORTAGE.

New York, Jan. 27.—Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet, widow of the famous confederate general, came to the aid of her husband's civil war foe, General Daniel R. Sickles, today, with an offer to raise \$25,000 among the "ragged and ragged followers of Lee" to pay General Sickles' alleged debt to the state of New York. Sheriff Harburger, who arrested General Sickles today in the civil suit brought by the state to recover the money, also included a letter to asking the richest men in New York, asking them to aid the aged veteran. The sheriff addressed his letter to J. P. Morgan, John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie and the 49 members of the sheriff's panel, composed of wealthy New Yorkers.

Sheriff Harburger dealt gently with his prisoner. Instead of serving the order of arrest this morning, he waited until General Sickles' lawyer, Daniel P. Hay, had arranged with a surety company for a \$30,000 bond for the veteran's freedom. Mr. Hay's brought it to the sheriff's office and they went to General Sickles' Fifth avenue home this afternoon.

"Well, General," the sheriff greeted him, "it's a bit of formal business today. You know I have to serve you with these papers. I am sorry I have to do so, but I have no choice."

"It is all right," General Sickles replied, tossing the unopened order and complaint on his library table. "You are one of the best friends I've got, sheriff."

They placed the bond before the general and he signed it in a flowing hand.

"That handwriting isn't so bad for a man who is more than 52 years old, sheriff," he commented.

There was a fee of \$2.25 owing the county for service of the papers. General Sickles summoned Miss Edith Witherding, his housekeeper, to pay it. She came into the room with her hands full of pennies, tripped on a rug and scattered them over the floor. The general assisted in picking them up. When the sheriff left, General Sickles shook hands with him and renewed his declaration of friendship.

Gallant Soldier.

Gainesville, Ga., Jan. 27.—I will raise the money to relieve General Sickles of his embarrassment if New York pushes the subscription and none of his northern friends go to his aid.

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ALLIES DRAFT NOTE TO BE FORWARDED TO TURKEY

STATEMENT DECLARES MOST OF THEM HAVE INDICATED THEY DO NOT WANT PEACE.

London, Jan. 27.—The special committee appointed by the Balkan plenipotentiaries drafted today a note notifying the Turkish plenipotentiaries that they propose to break off the peace negotiations. The note was submitted to the Balkan plenipotentiaries, which held its meeting today. Instead, the delegates gave a luncheon in celebration of Saint Saba's day, the patron saint of the orthodox church. The note drafted is brief. It reminds the Turkish plenipotentiaries that the settlement of the peace conference have been suspended since January 6 without Turkey making any move toward their resumption, while events in Constantinople are the best proof that Turkey's answer to the demands of the allies concerning Armenia and the Aegean islands will be negative. The delegates have fresh proposals to make, the note points out, the allies see no alternative but to break off the negotiations definitely.

Reed Bush, head of the Turkish delegation, in an interview tonight, said he regretted deeply the obstinacy of the allies, which, he declared, was not only against Turkey's interests, but against their own. He added:

"This obstinacy is the more regrettable because while Bulgaria does not need Armenia, neither for defensive nor offensive purposes, this town is indispensable to Turkey on account of historic, sentimental and religious associations. In fact, Turkey would be weaker from a military point of view possessing Adrianople than without it as the present war proves, for a whole army now is mobilized inside that fortress."

"Turkey has shown a yielding spirit toward the allies, ceding a larger area than their own countries before the war. What was the use of assisting in a conference if the allies were determined to make no concessions whatever? The object of all conferences always has been to find a compromise through mutual giving back."

"If the allies had played a noble part by renouncing Adrianople, Turkey might have become the friend and ally of Bulgaria as Austria became the friend and ally of Germany after the war of 1866. If Bulgaria ever gets Adrianople, there will be an insurmountable rift between the two countries and the two races. The spirit of revenge in Turkey will be stronger and deeper than still remaining in France over the loss of Alsace-Lorraine 42 years ago."

A Godsend.

"There was a general feeling that it would be a Godsend if Andrew Carnegie were out of the business," replied Mr. Scanton, with a laugh.

"In one instance, dating back to 1897, the Carnegie Steel company," according to the witness, "had an inside agreement with the Illinois Steel company, which did not come to the knowledge of the other members of the pool until the two companies quarreled. Then the pool broke up. This sold down to \$14 a ton after the break," said Mr. Scanton.

The dissolution of this pool, he said, led to a plan to organize the Empire Steel company which was to be a selling company for all the manufacturers, but the plan fell through.

Among Gentlemen.

"We would meet and suggest a price as among gentlemen, but as often we didn't sell at the price agreed

GENUINE DISTURBER WAS THE LAIRD OF SKIBO

ANDY CARNEGIE OFTEN VIOLATED "GENTLEMEN'S AGREEMENT" IN RAIL POOLS.

New York, Jan. 27.—Testimony in support of the contention of the government that Andrew Carnegie was a troublemaker in the steel trade, and that the Carnegie Steel company was taken over by the United States Steel corporation because of his refusal to abide by agreements, was heard today in the government suit to dissolve the corporation, under the Sherman anti-trust law. It was given by Walter Scanton, former president of the Lackawanna Steel company and other independent concerns.

Mr. Scanton told of the various steel rail pools which existed in the steel trade before the corporation was organized, in which the Carnegie Steel company invariably was a member. It appeared from his testimony that Andrew Carnegie was responsible for the dissolution of most of the pools.

"Did Andrew Carnegie's method of competition give rise to any feeling on the part of manufacturers against his continuance in the business?" asked H. E. Coulton, of counsel for the government.

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"What individual was responsible for that?" asked Mr. Coulton.

"Andrew Carnegie. He could not agree with the other members." Subsequently another rail pool was organized in which Charles N. Schwab represented the Carnegie company and Judge E. H. Gary, now chairman of the steel corporation, represented the Federal Steel company.

Among Gentlemen.

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FUTILE ATTEMPT IS MADE TO KILL OFF THE MEASURE

DAVE BOGART DEAD UNDER MOUNTAIN AVALANCHE

PROMINENT OLD-TIMER AND PARTNER ARE CAUGHT BY SNOWSLIDE IN HILLS.

Salt Lake, Jan. 27.—(Special)—David D. Bogart, former prospector, former mayor of Missoula and clerk of Missoula county and late a prominent citizen of Salt Lake, lies buried under tons of snow somewhere along the side of Silver creek canyon, near the summit of the Bitter Root mountains. Lured by the golden will-o-the-wisp that led him on many a weary prospecting expedition through Montana's hills and sent him on record-breaking hikes in the frozen north, "Dave" Bogart met his death, for a snowslide caught him and his partner, Joe Peterson, while they were working on the Copper Age-Eliason mine, six miles from Salt Lake. George Wood, who went to search for the men a week ago, returned to Salt Lake today with the news that an avalanche had swept away their cabin and destroyed all traces of the two miners.

Bogart and Peterson went to the mine to do their representation work on the claim about six weeks ago. They were expected in Salt Lake last week, and when they did not show up, George Wood went out to search for them. When he reached the mine he found that a snowslide had swept down the mountain side, carrying with it the cabin in which the men had been living. All traces of the two miners were obliterated by the snow. Wood searched for several days, but could find nothing of his friends.

Despairing of ever finding them alive, he returned to Salt Lake and tomorrow morning a party of six or eight men will start out in search of the bodies of the two miners.

David D. Bogart was born in Ontario about 50 years ago. He came west with the Northern Pacific working on the construction of that road to Billings, thence to Helena and finally to Missoula. Here he had a clerical position in the roundhouse for several years. It was during these early days that he was elected mayor of Missoula.

"Dave" Bogart was one of the best-known men in western Montana. For many years he was prominent in local politics and he had held important offices in state and county. He was a

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COMMITTEE IS ORDERED TO BRING IN FAVORABLE REPORT ON PROPOSED ACT.

SHORT SESSION IN SENATE

Whiteside Introduces Bill to Establish State Highway Commission—Bill to Provide for Making of New Counties Makes Appearance—Junketing Trips Under Ban.

YESTERDAY'S BUSINESS.

In the House.

After sharp fight, the house ordered the rules committee to report favorably on the bill regulating lobbyists.

In the Senate.

Bill introduced by Whiteside to establish state highway commission. Bill to fix boundaries of Lincoln county introduced.

Stevenson introduces bill to provide for the creation of new counties. Measure regulating expenses of state examining board on junketing trips introduced.

(Staff Correspondence.)

Helena, Jan. 27.—The air was full of fight in the house today when the body resolved itself into a committee of the whole and took up the general order of business.

The first matter to come up was the consideration of H. R. 27, introduced by Brickford. This bill is the one relating to lobbying, and the reactionary did not want to see it go through.

The bill was taken up section by section and read to the assembly. Many attempts were made to kill the bill. Acting on the old theory that "there is more than one way to kill a cat," amendment after amendment was offered to the different sections. Each amendment had a "chick" in it that would kill the bill for the count.

However, the progressive and the platform democrats stood by, and succeeded in getting the bill through.

The Proceedings.

The following extracts from the official stenographer's report show some of the means used to try to defeat the measure:

Senators moved that the standing clause be stricken from the bill. Seconded by Higgins. Motion lost.

Section 4 read by clerk. Murphy moved to amend by adding the following paragraph: "That the governor of the state of Montana is hereby author-

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