

ALIBI SHOWN BY BARRATT O'HARA

TESTIMONY OF LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR AND HIS ACCUSER IS NEARLY ALIKE.

EXPLAINS THE AFFIDAVIT

Woman Who Made Charge Against Vice Investigator Says Sworn Paper Was to Be Used as Club to Steer Chairman of Committee Away From His Probe of Certain Men.

Chicago, May 10.—Maud Robinson, accuser, and Lieutenant Governor Barratt O'Hara, respondent, in accusations of immorality presented in the Illinois senate against the latter, offered before the senate investigating committee today testimony which differed in one detail, but agreed in essential matters.

Each denied improper intimacy and differed in the single statement made by Miss Robinson that on the night of January 17, O'Hara visited the suites at the Hotel Sherman, occupied by Miss Robinson and another woman. According to Miss Robinson, O'Hara called at the apartment after he, Thomas Vredenburg, Harry Gibbons, a Chicago court bailiff; Miss Robinson and another woman had visited the cafe of the Hotel Sherman and the Lamb's cafe, across the street.

O'Hara testified and in this testimony he was supported by Frank J. Jacobson, an advertising man, that after leaving the Lamb's cafe, the second one visited that evening, he met Jacobson at the Press club, took a midnight lunch with the latter at a restaurant and then went with him. In this connection he offered to produce as witnesses his mother and father.

Names Other Witnesses.

He accounted in similar detail for his public appearance on January 18, at a luncheon, a banquet and at the theater. He named witnesses who would confirm his testimony on these points. On the remainder of the 18th, he played poker with members of the press club, naming a number of them, until 6 o'clock Sunday morning. In support of this story, he offered to produce checks against him at the Press club. This was the morning of the 18th. The most of the day he spent at his office and in the home of his parents. He attended the Olympic lute in the performance and sat in a box alone. His appearance at the theater was explained by him as follows:

The manager of the theater had given him and a friend a box to attend the first performance of a play on the night in question. Not desiring to sit through a performance, he offered the box to Vredenburg, who accepted it. It was Vredenburg who showed O'Hara a great courtesy in securing him a home at Springfield and who introduced him to Miss Robinson on a train coming from Springfield to Chicago on January 17. O'Hara, Vredenburg and the two women met Vredenburg and the two women and being urged, "took a sandwich" with them at a cafe. He then returned to his home.

In his testimony, O'Hara said he could not remember the name of the woman who was with Miss Robinson. He stated, however, that Vredenburg had told him he had registered the women as having husbands, at the request of the women, who had a parlor in common. Vredenburg explained that this was because the women desired to receive their friends, including several men, without having their guests annoyed by a possible questioning on the part of the hotel management. The lieutenant governor also stated that at no time during the period under investigation did he

SUFFRAGETTE BOMB IS FOUND IN DUBLIN

Dublin, May 10.—A tin canister containing 42 gunpowder cartridges was found tonight in the lavatory of the Empire alce theater. The cartridges were padded with cotton soaked in oil. A cotton cord, also soaked in oil, was attached to the canister, and the cord was burning when the bomb was found.

A girl, formerly employed at the theater, was arrested. Nothing is known, however, to connect her with the suffragette movement. Later in the evening an alarm clock to which a small box was attached was found in the telephone booth of the postoffice on College Green. An examination failed to disclose any explosives.

CIGARETTE BILL IS SIGNED

Harrisburg, Pa., May 10.—Governor Toner signed a bill today prohibiting the sale or gift of cigarettes and cigarette papers to any person under 21 years of age. A sale or gift is made punishable by a fine of from \$100 to \$300. A minor in possession of cigarettes is required to tell where he got them. Refusal to do so is made a misdemeanor.

NEW RABBIT SERUM HELPS CANCER PATIENTS

FIFTY SUFFERERS TREATED WITH DR. NOWELL'S DISCOVERY SHOW IMPROVEMENT.

Boston, May 10.—A marked improvement has been noted in the condition of 50 cancer patients who have been inoculated with the rabbit serum recently discovered by Dr. Howard W. Nowell, of Boston university.

That is the substance of an announcement made tonight by a committee of five physicians connected with the Evans memorial department of clinical research at Massachusetts hospital. Within 48 to 96 hours after the first inoculation, the report says, all the patients were made so comfortable that opiates have been dispensed with.

While some of the patients have shown a gain in weight, Dr. Nowell stated that sufficient time has not elapsed to draw conclusions. He does not advise anyone to take his treatment where surgery is possible and with his fellow physicians recommends "that at least a year should be passed before definite statements may be made."

Disclaims He Has a Cure.

Dr. Nowell admitted today for the first time that he had apparently "cured" many rabbits of cancers with a virus obtained from a human malignant growth. He disclaims, however, that he has a cure for "the world's second greatest scourge."

"In all except one of the cases under treatment or observation, Dr. Nowell said, "it is yet impossible to say any direct action has been made upon the size of the growth as far as reducing that size is concerned. On the other hand, there is no increase in size. In the one exception the growth has lessened."

"As soon as I am able to demonstrate that I can stop the growth, then I shall know that my material is having a direct effect upon the condition of the patient."

Answering queries from physicians, the committee announced that a few cases would be received for treatment, but for the present no "hopeless cases with extensive involvement of important organs would be considered."

LUMBER PLANT BURNS.

Berlin, N. H., May 10.—Fire destroyed the lumber plant of the Berlin Mills company today, causing a loss estimated at between \$500,000 and \$600,000. A thousand men were thrown out of employment. Company officials said it would take three or four months to rebuild. The loss is covered by insurance.

FRANK BERRY DROWNS IN HEART OF WALLACE

Wallace, May 10.—(Special.)—Frank Berry, aged 50, dishwasher in a local restaurant, was drowned in Lead creek, in the very heart of the city, this afternoon. His body was carried down the swollen stream and had not been recovered at 8 o'clock. Berry was said to have been intoxicated and fell from the bank of the creek. He was at one time a widely known pugner and was generally known by the name of Corbett, having lost a small fortune on Corbett when the latter was matched with Fitzsimmons in the world's heavy-weight championship battle.

CHIEF SEBASTIAN GOES TO INTERROGATE GALLO

Los Angeles, May 10.—Chief of Police C. E. Sebastian left for San Francisco tonight to interrogate Mike Gallo, the convict bunco man who is alleged to have made statements reflecting on the honesty of certain Los Angeles police officers.

Having been advised that Gallo, who was one of the principal witnesses before the San Francisco county grand jury in its probe of alleged police graft, told San Francisco officials that "detectives of Los Angeles were worse grafters than those of San Francisco," Sebastian determined to acquaint himself with the facts upon which Gallo based his assertions.

This Is Mothers' Day

(Editor's note—Mothers' day is now celebrated all over the country. It has become almost a national holiday, thanks to Anna Jarvis of Philadelphia, its founder. In the following article Mrs. Jarvis tells something of the day's meaning.)

(By Anna Jarvis.)

Mothers' day, celebrated the second Sunday in May, is a holiday of the heart and home.

It is a celebration for all nations, races, classes and creeds. It is a special honor of "the best mother who ever lived"—the mother of your heart. And it also is intended that on this day named after "mother," (because of all of our many special days none pay her tribute either as a woman, mother or patriot), that the father, too, shall be shown the same filial gratitude for his goodness to his children, as the mother is shown. Mothers' day is just as much a Fathers' day as it could be if it were named after him. It is designed for family reunion, not for the separation of mother and father, or of the children from either in their observance. Many persons feel because Mothers' day is free for all to celebrate, it is also free for them to use to solicit funds in the name of "charity," or for other societies, or other things, or through the special sales of articles in public places, etc. This is not true. No person should use Mothers' day in a way he would not permit his own name or work to be used, and above all endeavor to get money from the public through it.

If you believe in Mothers' day, give it your protection, your aid and your influence. Help to make it a great home-coming day, a day of family reunions and of uplift in the home and church and the individual lives of men and women.

Following is the proclamation of Governor Stewart of Montana: "Only a few years ago a movement was inaugurated for the observance of the second Sunday in May as Mothers' day. The idea evoked instant response in the hearts of the people and the movement has grown until today this occasion is observed in many of the states of the union. It is held to be profitable for men and women of this age of intense commercial and industrial activity to



MRS. ANNA JARVIS.

divert their minds from the usual channels and concentrate them upon some uplifting and cheering and helpful subject. This being true, is there aught that could have so blessed an influence as a season devoted to the best mother who ever lived—"your mother?" "I therefore, hereby designate Sunday, the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen as Mothers' day, and urge upon the people of Montana an observance of the occasion in keeping with the spirit that prompted the founding of this May festival. If your mother be with you, let the day be one of more

marked tenderness toward her; if you be separated from her by a state or a continent, write to her and tell her something of the adoration that is her due; and if she has passed over the river that naught save eternity can bridge, then should the day be hallowed by your thoughts of her ever watchful love and sacrifice for you. "Let this be a day of family reunions and of precious memories and if there be two thoughts of mother where otherwise there might have been one, then shall the day and the occasion have beautifully served their purpose."

SEAT IN CONGRESS IS SURRENDERED BY YOUNG

REPUBLICAN INCUMBENT SAYS PROGRESSIVE IS ENTITLED TO THE PLACE.

Washington, May 10.—Representative H. Olin Young, republican, of Iahpening, Mich., announced in a speech in the house today his intention of resigning his seat. He discussed the contest instituted by William McDonald, a progressive, saying 458 votes intended for McDonald had not been counted for him and he did not feel justified in holding his seat.

The state board of canvassers issued a certificate to Mr. Young declaring he had received an apparent majority of 281 after 458 ballots cast by mistake for "Sheldon William J. McDonald" had been thrown out. Mr. Young declared the 458 electors intended to vote for McDonald and that he did not feel justified in holding the seat. Mr. Young discussed at length the legal question involved in the canvass of the vote, saying the board of canvassers in throwing out 458 votes cast and the state courts upholding the decision, had acted in strict accordance with the Michigan law. He said he had delayed taking action to await a full investigation of the case.

Convinced.

"I am convinced," he said, "that if the 458 votes in dispute were counted for the contestant, the verdict would not be in my favor. I am convinced that those 458 electors intended to vote for William J. McDonald and while under the law he is not entitled to those votes, I do not care to hold a seat that may be questioned by honorable and disinterested men. I therefore have prepared my resignation and will forward it to the secretary of the state of Michigan and will file a copy with the speaker of the house." In a husky voice Mr. Young reviewed his associations during his 10-year service in the house and expressed his regret at leaving.

Progressive Leader Murdock and Representative Hinebaugh of Illinois, a progressive, replied to Mr. Young and argued in favor of giving Mr. McDonald the seat. In the discussion several members declared Mr. Young's resignation would in no way affect the right of McDonald to prosecute his contest.

WANTS BILL TO PASS.

Springfield, Ill., May 10.—Governor Dunne sent messages to members of the lower house of the general assembly, exhorting all to be present Tuesday and support the initiative and referendum resolution which will be a special order next Tuesday morning. "The governor believes it will pass.

SENATOR MYERS WILL DEFEND PROJECTS

Washington, May 10.—(Special.)—Senator Myers said today that he was alarmed over the demand made upon Secretary Lane to stop work on government projects in Montana. "Conditions," he said, "are not as bad on the Montana projects as reported and where conditions are bad it is on account of mismanagement by the reclamation administration and not the result of the land, climate or settlers. Instead of abandoning the Milk river and Sun river projects the errors of other projects must be avoided in building these new ones. If there is any serious attempt to stop the work I will certainly oppose such program." Senator Myers said he would introduce a bill to extend reclamation over a period of 20 years, instead of the 10 years provided by the present law.

GOVERNOR JOHNSON ASKED TO MODIFY LAND BILL

SECRETARY BRYAN WANTS THE MEASURE REMODELLED OR VETOED BY EXECUTIVE.

Washington, May 10.—Secretary Bryan formulated a message tonight to Governor Johnson of California, setting forth the representations of the Japanese government and the views of the administration here as to what was considered discriminatory in the Webb anti-alien bill passed by the California legislature and now awaiting action by the governor. Mr. Bryan conferred with President Wilson, discussing details of the formal protest filed by Ambassador Chinda. It was decided the secretary should frame a communication to Governor Johnson.

Secretary Bryan conferred with the Japanese ambassador after the conference with the president, but it is believed he merely advised him of the intended course of action. Formal reply to the Japanese protest probably will not be made by the state department until some answer is received from Governor Johnson.

The report that spread in official circles tonight was that Secretary Bryan would urge the California governor to refer the bill back to the legislature for modifications that would meet the Japanese objections. There is a well founded belief that if Governor Johnson refused either to veto the bill or recommend modifications, California friends of the federal administration would attempt to invoke the referendum, the interval being used to obtain an understanding diplomatically with Japan, or perhaps to frame a new treaty covering disputed points.

NEW JAP COLLEGE HEADS.

San Francisco, May 10.—Dr. Kendira Yamawaka was appointed to the presidency of the Imperial university of Tokyo today, according to a cablegram received by the Japanese-American association of this city. Masataro Yanagisawa was appointed president of Kyoto university, Dr. Bunko Mano of Kishushu university and Jittol Hojo of Tohoku university.

FIVE COUNTIES WILL HELP.

Helena, May 10.—Five counties in Montana have either appropriated or have promised to appropriate toward a Montana exhibit at the California exposition, according to Commissioner J. M. Kennedy of the bureau of agriculture and publicity. These counties are Beaverhead, Fergus, Lincoln, Hill and Chouteau. They will give from \$600 to \$250 apiece, depending upon their classification.

HOUSE RECOGNIZES MOTHER'S DAY

Washington, May 10.—Mothers' day was officially recognized by the house today in a resolution calling on the president, his cabinet, senators, representatives and other federal officials to wear a white flower tomorrow "as a token of our love and reverence for the mother." The resolution was presented by Representative Herlin of Alabama and was adopted without debate.

BORAH SAYS G. O. P. WILL REORGANIZE IN EARNEST

PLAN IS TO CHANGE THE PARTY POLICY ALONG PROGRESSIVE LINES.

Washington, May 10.—(Special.)—Senator Borah of Idaho, who left here tonight to attend the republican "get-together" meeting in Chicago Monday, said:

"I think everyone realizes that a great many mistakes were made at Chicago last year, and that something must be done to remedy the situation. Those republicans, therefore, in favor of changing the plan of southern representation, in favor of recognizing all primary-elected delegations, and in favor of writing a progressive platform and nominating progressive candidates in 1916, are beginning to hold council, and we hope to make a start in the right direction at the coming conference."

The senators who will attend the conference are Borah, Cummins, Kenyon, Gronna and Sterling, and five or six house progressives and a number of leading progressives from Kansas, Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota will be there.

They're Gathering.

Chicago, May 10.—United States senators and republican leaders from various parts of the country began to arrive here today with the avowed purpose of promoting a movement for a republican national convention this year "to reorganize the party upon progressive lines."

The purpose of the convention, as described by Senator Albert B. Cummins of Iowa, would be to change "conditions in the party so as to prevent a recurrence of what happened at the last republican convention."

Besides Senator Cummins, those who arrived here today were: Senators C. I. Crawford, South Dakota; William S. Kenyon, Iowa; and L. Y. Sherman, Illinois. Senators William E. Borah of Idaho, A. J. Gronna of North Dakota and John D. Works of California, Senator Cummins said, are expected to arrive tomorrow, together with former Governor Hadley of Missouri. "There probably will be representatives here from Massachusetts, New Jersey, Michigan, Wisconsin and most of the middle west states," Senator Cummins said.

"Our purpose is to talk over the situation informally until Monday. Then have a meeting on Monday and get through by noon. We are simply republicans who want to get the party back on a solid basis along progressive lines."

EXTORTIONATE RATES ARE COMPLAINED OF

Helena, May 10.—(Special.)—G. T. Bramble, principal of the Phillipsburg schools, has filed a complaint with the public service commission, alleging the lighting rates in his town are extortionate. The East Side Telephone company of Creston, Platteau county, there is a well founded belief that if Governor Johnson refused either to veto the bill or recommend modifications, California friends of the federal administration would attempt to invoke the referendum, the interval being used to obtain an understanding diplomatically with Japan, or perhaps to frame a new treaty covering disputed points.

HUSBAND LEFT WIFE ON WEDDING NIGHT

New York, May 10.—Mrs. Mary Cahoon, daughter of David Bellamora, a wealthy New York manufacturer, obtained a divorce today from her husband, formerly a lieutenant in the United States army. Miss Bellamora left school in England to marry Cahoon, when he was stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, with the Thirteenth infantry. His offenses, she said, began on their wedding day when he left her to spend the night at a New York hotel and afterward explained that he had been kidnaped by a party of brother officers. Cahoon did not defend the suit.

REBELS HOLD ANOTHER TOWN

FEDERALS EVACUATE PARRAL, RICH MINING CENTER, AND STATE TROOPS MARCH IN.

FIGHTING AT GUAYMAS

Four Hundred Dead in Battle at and Near Lower California Seaport—Chief of Government Artillery is Killed—Another War Aeroplane is Being Smuggled Across Border.

El Paso, Texas, May 10.—Parral, rich mining center of southern Chihuahua state, is in the hands of constitutionalist troops, the federal garrison of 1,500 having evacuated the place, according to the report of an American mining man reaching here on a motorcycle today.

The evacuation of Parral has been admitted by General Antonio Rabago, commander of the northern military zone, with headquarters at Chihuahua City. It is explained that the Parral garrison was out of ammunition and was virtually forced to move out. Refugees report only slight fighting incident to the evacuation.

The taking of Parral by the insurgents places them in control of the branch line of the Mexican Central railway running from Jimenez to the mining center as well as practically all of the main line between Chihuahua City and Torreon and much of the Mexico Northwestern railway west of the capital.

Guaymas Attacked.

Nogales, Ariz., May 10.—After an estimated loss of 400 men on both sides in fighting which lasted from 3 o'clock yesterday until nightfall, 2,500 federals were driven back into Guaymas, the Lower California gulfport, by 5,000 insurgent Sonora state troops. Heavy cannonading reported from Ortiz, the state troop base, indicated that the attack on Guaymas proper had begun.

The official insurgent report states that 150 federal soldiers and 35 officers were captured and 10 machine guns abandoned to the state troops. Among the killed was Colonel Martinez, chief of the federal artillery.

The federals were driven from their new advance trenches just out of Guaymas, leaving 200 dead, in today's fighting, according to the latest report from the front.

Evidencing that still another war aeroplane is being smuggled over the border to assist in the attack on Guaymas, a huge roll was received by express today at Nogales, Sonora. It was claimed by Didier Masson, the French aviator, who narrowly escaped arrest below Tucson, Ariz., where his aeroplane was held by the United States federal authorities.

Masson said the package contained the vital parts of an aeroplane, but no engine. It was intimated that the packages held below Tucson were dummies.

Federals Defeated.

Brownsville, Texas, May 10.—Four hundred constitutionalists defeated 250 federal troops at Brownsville, state of Tamaulipas late today, killed five government soldiers, wounded 19 and captured the town and burned its important buildings. The constitutionalists' losses are not given in the report of the battle reaching this city.

One Mexican woman was killed and three Mexican men were wounded at Hidalgo on the American side of the Rio Grande. Miralles also struck the United States immigration station at Mission, but injured no one. Twenty-one federals crossed the river, where they were taken into custody by Sergeant Burgess and four men of troop M, Fourth United States cavalry. The remainder fled in the direction of Matamoros, 52 miles away.

(When the constitutionalists began

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

EXTRADITION PAPERS GRANTED IN HELENA

Helena, May 10.—Captain J. P. Donnelly, superintendent of the Nevada state police, secured extradition papers from Governor Stewart today for the return to his state of William Deal, alias John Larkin, who recently escaped from the Nevada state farm, where he was serving a sentence for having held up a man whom he shot and dangerously wounded. Deal, who is a second-termer, was captured by the sheriff at Billings. Since his escape from the Nevada institution he has been in custody twice, once in Tacoma and again in Seattle, but managed in each instance to regain his liberty. Superintendent Donnelly, learning that he was in Montana, sent out notices which resulted in the capture.