

ALL BALLED UP IS THAW'S CASE

PRISONER ENGAGES IN SQUAB- BLES WITH COUNSEL AND IS MOST UNRULY.

JEROME ON THE WAY

Noted New York Attorney Expected to Bring Matters to a Head—Roger O'Mara Is Awaited by Lawyers for Defense — "Gentleman" Roger Thompson Writes Sketch of Life.

Sherbrooke, Que., Aug. 23.—Harry K. Thaw, squabbling with the Dominion's leading lawyers retained to prevent his return to the Mattawan state hospital for the criminal insane, from which he escaped on Sunday morning last, was tonight apparently as much in ignorance of the next move in his case as the casual idler around the Sherbrooke jail.

For two hours his counsel conferred this afternoon, debating whether they would produce Thaw in court on a writ of habeas corpus next Wednesday or abandon the writ, surrender him to the immigration authorities and contumaciously his deportation to Vermont, a procedure to which it was said here the immigration officers had agreed.

Thaw was loquacious, erratic, domineering and it was decided to await the arrival here of Roger O'Mara of Pittsburgh, Thaw's detective guardian. According to the understanding here, he will arrive tomorrow night by way of Montreal.

Never in the history of the province of Quebec, or the Dominion of Canada, for that matter, has such a legal snarl within snarl, case within case, been before the courts.

Not a Criminal.

In brief, Thaw is held on a commitment charging him with being a fugitive from Mattawan, where "he was confined on a criminal charge." This is an error. Acquitted of Stamford White's murder on the ground of insanity, he was held there on no charge, but as a lunatic.

Both sides have admitted that the commitment was defective, and it was conceded that he would be released on writ when arraigned. "Why not then," Thaw's lawyers were asked by the immigration authorities, "cancel, as it were, all your objections to his being held, turn him over to us, have a hearing at Contrecoeur, where he was first locked up after crossing the boundary and we will deport him to Vermont? It will then be up to New York state to extradite him."

But the agents of the immigration authorities here, who believe that Thaw's lawyers believe the final decision in the matter of deportation will come from the minister of the interior, who is at present in Vancouver on his vacation. Facing such a predicament, it was said tonight that habeas corpus hearings would be held on Wednesday as previously set. Another possibility was suggested. Thaw would come into court, plead not guilty to the present charge and demand trial. This, it was said, might not take place until the October term of court.

"How about it?" Thaw was asked. "Wait for Roger," he said. "O'Mara was thus literally the missing keystone in the arch of the Thaw defense tonight. William Travers Jerome, Thaw's old enemy and prosecutor, was the missing head of the New York forces.

They had not appeared particularly disturbed when told Jerome was hurrying here.

"So Willie is coming?" he said. "For once in my life I have lawyers who have no tremendous amount of ability but I am able to confer with them. I have never had a lawyer except Dehmas and maybe a couple of others who were worth over \$25 a day.

"A clique of Stamford White's friends always have pursued me and they have pursued me up here. But their influence is waning. Public

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TAMMANY COHORTS STRONG FOR M'CALL

New York, Aug. 23.—Edward E. McCall, chairman of the public service commission, was tonight designated as majority candidate by the democratic city committee.

Mr. McCall's selection by the 630 delegates as leader of the Tammany forces was unanimous. There were representatives that thought friends of Mayor Gaynor would attempt to stampee tonight's convention for him, despite the leaders, but no such move materialized.

Herman A. Metz was unanimously designated for comptroller. Mr. Metz held this office in Mayor McCallan's second term.

The main planks of the platform are: A declaration for rigid economy in municipal administration; an endorsement of the present subway policy of

THE "MOVIES" IN MEXICO



CONSERVATIONISTS WILL OPPOSE SALE OF COAL LAND TO RAILWAY

Washington, Aug. 23.—(Special.)—Local Washington papers assert that the conservationists will endeavor to prevent the passage of Senator Myers' bill granting the secretary of the interior authority to sell the Republic Coal company 2,900 acres of Montana coal lands in order that the Milwaukee railroad may be supplied with coal.

It is asserted that the conservationists contend that the lands contain 16,000,000 tons of high-grade coal worth \$20,000,000, which the Myers bill proposed selling to the company at a going rate of one cent per ton and that Secretary Lane, who reported the bill favorably, is, with Senator Myers, to be blamed for attempting to dispose of government property for less than its value.

Senator Myers said today that regardless of criticism he would endeavor to secure passage of the bill, which is intended to furnish a legal method by which the Milwaukee railroad may be supplied with coal for operating its lines. The bill gives the secretary of the interior authority to fix the price and terms on which the lands will be sold, and the rights of the public, Senator Myers believes, are amply safeguarded by the proposed legislation.

SULZER NOT AFRAID OF TAMMANY'S WRATH HELP FOR SETTLERS IS THE PURPOSE OF LANE

Washington, Aug. 23.—Governor William Sulzer of New York asserts he has no fear of the ultimate result of the impeachment proceedings which have been instituted against him. He expressed this belief in reply to a letter to Representative Lafferty of Oregon, who made Mr. Sulzer's letter public tonight. Mr. Sulzer says none can conceive the obstacles which beset his path. He emphatically declares the charges against him are groundless.

Speaking of Murphy he says: "When the political boss found out he could not control me and make me a rubber stamp, he did everything in his power to destroy me politically. When Boss Murphy told me he would destroy me if I did not do his bidding I defied him to do his worst and declared I would continue to do my best. No matter what becomes of me, the fight for good government will go on and ultimately triumph. With the aid of the decent people of the state I shall go forward. I cannot do otherwise."

Grand Junction, Colo., Aug. 23.—Secretary Lane of the interior department announced tonight that he would recommend to congress that an extension of time be granted settlers on homestead property so that they might have a better opportunity to develop their holdings and realize profits therefrom.

Mr. Lane reached here tonight after a tour of Washington and Idaho, where he had been inspecting reclamation projects. He declared that many of the complaints received by the department from settlers on reclamation projects were due to their lack of funds with which to buy stock that might feed upon the crops.

YOUNG WOMAN AVIATOR HAS TERRIBLE MISHAP

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 23.—Dolly La Belle, a young woman aviator, whose home is at Green Bay, Wis., was fearfully injured at Havelock, near here, this evening, while attempting a balloon ascension and parachute descent. The ropes which cut loose the parachute from the gasbag failed to work and the young woman, hanging in mid-air, became entangled by the ropes and was bound securely to the cross-bar to which she was clinging. This balloon finally descended almost to the earth, then bounded upward and dragged the helpless woman through underbrush and barbed wire fences until the gasbag collapsed. When found in a field she was unconscious, every bit of clothing torn from her and her body gashed and bruised. Her condition tonight is critical.

BODY RECOVERED.

Trinidad, Colo., Aug. 23.—The body of E. D. Stansell, the Santee Park bridge foreman who was killed in the old Batoon tunnel Wednesday, was recovered today. The bodies of Fred Eickner and George Clement, carpenters, are still in the debris.

GLYNN HOLDS FORT AND SULZER'S SULKING

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK SEEMS TO POSSESS MOST OF MACHINERY.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The close of the second week of rival governorship camps at the capital finds Acting Governor Martin H. Glynn in practical possession of most of the machinery of the state, so far as surface indications go.

Mr. Glynn has adhered rigidly to his program of quietly isolating Governor Sulzer. He has made no spectacular attack on the Sulzer fortress, but all the while has been entrenching himself stealthily behind the legal ramparts furnished by the attorney general's office. So careful has Acting Governor Glynn been to avoid anything savoring of a physical contact or which might precipitate an appeal to the courts, that he has failed to carry out his previously announced intention of requisitioning members of the gubernatorial clerical staff who continue in the service of Governor Sulzer.

Governor Sulzer continues to observe the policy of silence which he has followed since impeachment, and any steps have been taken on his behalf in bringing the governorship controversy into court, they have been carefully concealed.

LIEUTENANT AND WIFE TORTURED AND KILLED

Mexico City, Aug. 23.—Apolonio Lopez Cruz, a young lieutenant of volunteers, and his wife were killed today after they had stood off a force of rebels from a repair train on which they were traveling until their ammunition was exhausted.

Lieutenant Lopez was taking his wife to San Luis Potosi from Tampico when a hundred rebels attacked the train at Misosn.

The officer, assisted by his wife and a small escort, put up a stout fight, but the entire party was captured, tortured and put to death.

HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.

Glen Ellen, Cal., Aug. 23.—Jack London's huge new residence on his ranch near here was partly destroyed by fire late last night. Only the stone walls remained. London was preparing to move into the new house within a few days.

PARKER TO PUSH TAMMANY'S GAME

New York, Aug. 23.—Alton B. Parker, democratic nominee for president in 1904, will conduct the impeachment proceedings against Governor Sulzer next month before the court of impeachment, according to announcement made here today by A. J. Levy, majority leader of the assembly.

OTHER NATIONS ADVISING HUERTA

GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE AND JAPAN ARE USING INFLUENCE ON RECALCITRANT.

THEY'RE OUT FOR PEACE

Sending of Special Envoy to Washington Will Have No Effect, Unless He Bears Notice Regarding Elimination of Huerta—Wilson May Hold Up His Message to Congress.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Great Britain, France and Japan are among the nations that have impressed their influence upon the Huerta administration in Mexico in support of the efforts of the United States to bring about a peaceful settlement of the revolution.

While administration officials were silent today regarding this phase of the situation, there was a lively interest in diplomatic circles here as to the probable effect of foreign pressure on the Huerta government.

It was learned that the Mexican authorities hoped President Wilson would not read his message to congress next Tuesday as he had planned, and showed a disposition to prolong the negotiations. Unless some tangible overture, however, is received within 48 hours from the Huerta officials indicating a desire to accept the fundamental proposal of the United States, the president will proceed to congress and to the world the attitude of this government toward the southern republic.

The fact that diplomats from some of the very countries that not only have formally recognized Huerta, but whose bankers hitherto have floated loans for him, are using their influence on the Mexican administration, is calculated to produce something definite shortly. Official reports to the state department show the Huerta regime to be in desperate financial straits with little prospect of getting funds anywhere to meet the running expenses of the government or pay its troops, already restive because of deferred payments.

Expecting Something to Drop.

So important is this aspect of the situation regarded that an air of intense expectancy prevailed tonight in official circles where it was believed some pronouncement would be forthcoming from Mexico City before President Wilson finally determined to communicate his message to congress. The insistence of the United States on a constitutional election and the elimination of Huerta was reiterated positively by administration officials—a position which Mr. Lind had been instructed to emphasize. Only concessions by the Huerta government, it is believed here, now will persuade President Wilson to hold up the presentation of his message.

The president finished the document today, read it over to Secretary Bryan and will discuss it on Monday with members of the senate and house committees on foreign relations.

A Dilatory Move.

The sending of a special envoy from Mexico to Washington further to discuss the situation with President Wilson is regarded here as a dilatory move. It is known that the Washington government has made it clear that such a procedure would not alter the views expressed in its first note. It is believed, however, that Huerta has abandoned the idea of sending an envoy and is seeking to develop a new basis for negotiations.

RECEIVER NAMED FOR MINING COMPANY

Livingston, Aug. 23.—George B. McCarron of Livingston was today appointed by Judge Law of Bozeman as receiver of the property, mines, mills and waterpower plant of the Montana Consolidated Gold Mining company, incorporated for \$10,000,000 and having property alleged to be worth half a million. The complaint, asking for the receiver, accounting and an injunction, was filed on behalf of the stockholders in West Virginia, Pittsburgh, Atlanta, New York, Chicago and in Montana; and alleges an attempt on the part of T. A. Barney of Chicago to deprive stockholders of properties and charging him, as secretary, of obtaining sale of property by fraud and purchasing the same himself.

CAUCUS IN HOUSE DOES FAST WORK ON CURRENCY

THREE OR FOUR MORE DAYS WILL SEE MEASURE REPORTED TO THE HOUSE.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The house democratic caucus progressed so rapidly today with the administration currency bill that when adjournment this Monday was taken, 37 of the 51 pages had been disposed of and there were predictions that three or four days more might prove sufficient. The banking and currency committee will lose no time in reporting the bill to the house, where a week or a fortnight of discussion may follow.

The caucus voted down, after a hard struggle, an amendment by Representative Murray of Oklahoma to increase the number of members of the federal reserve board from seven to nine, the vote being 47 to 109. A proposal by Representative Harrison of Mississippi to increase the annual dividend of the shareholders of the federal reserve banks from 5 to 6 per cent also was rejected. Chairman Glass of the committee agreed that a suggestion in the Murray proposal that not more than one member of the federal reserve board be appointed from the same federal reserve district would be covered in a committee amendment.

Representative Stanley of Kentucky secured adoption of an amendment making it mandatory instead of optional that the federal reserve board shall "under rules and regulations" permit an applying bank to become a stockholder in the federal reserve bank of its district.

An amendment by Representative Collier of Mississippi was adopted to require specially that directors of federal reserve banks chosen by the federal reserve board shall be residents of the districts in which the banks are situated.

Better party harmony prevailed today. Some who oppose the interlocking directorates amendment yesterday voiced in the caucus today objections to being classed as insurgents.

ONE SOLUTION.

Portland, Aug. 23.—At Vancouver, Wash., last night Patrick McDonald, a wealthy Alaska miner, and Mrs. Alice Reese, widow of McDonald's former partner, were married as the result of the inability of the two to disentangle their joint property matters after the death of Mr. Reese two years ago. After some time efforts were made to settle the estate, valued at \$17,000, without avail, and long litigation threatened. Mr. McDonald proposed marriage to settle the matter and was accepted.

RAPID IS WORK ON TARIFF MEASURE

FREE RAW WOOL COMES THROUGH COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE WITHOUT SCARS.

MEAT BRINGS A FIGHT

Senators Endeavor to Have Inspection by Foreign Countries Made of Flesh Food That Enters United States—Income Tax Will Be Disposed of Soon—Vote on Bill in Two Weeks.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Rapid progress on the tariff bill was made today in the senate. The wool schedule was disposed of so far as it will be considered by the senate in committee of the whole, and a deep inroad was made in the free list.

Though no vote was taken on free raw wool, the decisive showing on that having been deferred until the bill comes from the committee of the whole, the finance committee rates on wool manufactures were agreed to without amendment, and there was every indication that raw wool would remain free. The Purpore, La Follette and Snoot substitutes for the bill will come up when the bill appears in the senate proper.

With only a part of the free list, a portion of the paper schedule and the sundries schedule remaining to be considered in committee, democratic leaders expressed confidence that the income tax would be disposed of before the end of the coming week. It is their hope to have the bill ready for the final vote in the senate within two weeks.

Among the articles on the free list, ratified today, were agricultural implements, beet and sugar cane machinery, alcohol, horses and mules and animals for breeding, asbestos, blades, breads, biscuits and many others.

Meat Inspection.

An inspection system for foreign meat imports more rigid than that in the tariff was proposed in an amendment introduced and urged by Senator Cummins and the free-meat section voted over without action. The pending bill provides for the acceptance of certificates of inspection from exporting countries. Senator Cummins' amendment would demand an anti-mortem examination of meats in the countries exporting and would authorize American inspectors to re-inspect the meat after it enters the United States.

"There can be no reason why we should permit the foreigner to supply us with diseased meat and deny the privilege to our own packers," said Senator Cummins.

The present bill, he declared, would give Americans no protection against beef of diseased cattle from countries that had no system of anti-mortem inspection. He demanded an inspection system on all meats imported as rigid as in the United States.

"Does the senator want to arrange it so meats cannot come here from Mexico?" asked Senator Williams. "I do not particularize," said Mr. Cummins. "I simply want to protect our consumers, no matter where the meats come from."

Senator Norris also said he believed the bill, if not changed, would give the foreign meat producer an advantage over the American packer.

Senator Williams, in charge of the bill, said the committee intended to admit meat from countries which had inspection laws, inferior to American laws, provided the secretary of agriculture should decide that the original inspection was "good enough." He said the United States had no power to compel other countries to adopt different standards.

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TREVINO'S RETURN PRESAGES HUERTA HAS ANOTHER SCHEME

Mexico City, Aug. 23.—The return of General Geronimo Trevino from the United States to his home at Montemorelos and the announcement that he is coming at once to the capital has given rise to the report that the administration is contemplating some concession to the demands of the Washington government.

General Trevino has been for some months in California, having gone there after having been summoned to Mexico City last March when it was rumored that Provisional President Huerta intended resigning in Trevino's favor to take the field against the rebels. The fact that he is making another trip to the capital through a rebel-infested country is regarded here as significant. General Trevino is one of the oldest Mexican generals and is esteemed by the rebel leaders, as well as by the adherents of the administration. The negotiations between the American and Mexican governments appear to be quietest. The embassy evidently is not expecting any developments of importance before the delivery of President Wilson's message on Tuesday. Mr. Lind, the president's representative, still professes optimism re-

garding the ultimate success to some degree of his mission.

A special meeting of the Huerta cabinet was held tonight.

The meeting is said to have resolved into a determination to publish the news Monday exchanged between Washington and Mexico.

Serafio Rendon, a member of the chamber of deputies, was executed last night. He was a strong adherent of Madero and was accused of having plotted to assassinate President Huerta.

Rendon was arrested upon leaving a friend's house, where he had dined, and was taken to a point near Atzacapotzaco, where he faced a firing squad. It was at this place, practically a suburb of the capital, that Deputy Bordes Mangel was shot to death two days previously by federal soldiers.

Won't Receive de La Barra.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The Agence Nationale says it is practically certain that both President Balmores and M. Pichon, the foreign minister, will decline to receive Francisco de la Barra, the former provisional president of

Mexico, who recently was appointed minister to France. His position, it is added, is considered similar to that of General Felix Diaz, special ambassador, now on his way to Japan, whom the Japanese government has refused to receive officially.

Rebel Money Held.

Eagle Pass, Aug. 3.—United States military authorities seized a quantity of paper money here today intended for the constitutionalists in Mexico and held it as contraband of war. The treasury department has been notified and the currency will be held pending instructions from Washington. The shipment is the first installment of \$500,000 in paper money to be issued by the constitutionalists. It was printed in the United States. The amount seized is not stated. It was sent to the border by express.

CHARLTON'S COUNSEL.

Rome, Aug. 23.—Porter Charlton, who is being brought here from America to stand trial for the alleged murder of his wife at Lake Como three years ago, will have Onorovelo Camerini, former minister of finance, for his counsel.