

WILSON POLICY HAS DONE WELL

ATTITUDE OF MORAL SUASION TOWARD MEXICO HAS BORNE GOOD RESULTS.

HUERTA IS ELIMINATED

Assurance is Felt That the Coming Elections in Mexico Will Be Held in Good Order—State Department Does Not Believe That Senor Gamboa Can Be Chosen to Office.

Washington, Sept. 25.—President Wilson took the position today that the policy of moral suasion adopted by the United States toward Mexico had accomplished its two cardinal purposes—to obtain assurances that there would be a constitutional election, and that Provisional President Huerta would not be a candidate to succeed himself.

Advices received here describing in detail the preparations being made for the election of October 26, and stating also that General Huerta would not be a candidate, but would support Federico Gamboa, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, the nominee of the Catholic party, encouraged President Wilson and Secretary Bryan to believe that the Huerta government was carrying out what the United States had emphasized in the Lind negotiations as the essential features of a satisfactory settlement of the revolutionary troubles.

The president realizes that it will not be immediately possible to judge whether the processes of the election are constitutional and will withhold decision for some time as to whether the choice of that election will be recognized by the United States.

The Next Step.

Many persons familiar with the purposes of the administration here predicted that the next step in the policy of the United States would be an effort to show to the constitutionalists the necessity of participating in the election.

In this connection it was pointed out by officials today that Mexican law would hold the approaching election valid and constitutional if a majority of the polling precincts of the republic were shown to have been in legal operation.

Gamboa's candidacy has caused much discussion in official circles, and doubt was expressed frequently that he could be elected. It was pointed out by administration officials that the Catholic party always had a majority party in Mexico, because most Mexicans, although of the Catholic religion, traditionally had opposed the idea of a Catholic political party as leading possibly to a reunion of church and state.

With keen interest official Washington is waiting to see whom the liberals in Mexico City will name. Manuel Calero, former ambassador to the United States under the Madero regime, is regarded here as a likely choice.

MANSSION OF SNELL YIELDS SENSATION

Bloomington, Ill., Sept. 25.—The mansion at Clinton, Ill., erected 40 years ago by Colonel Thomas Snell, yielded another sensation today when the body of a child in a home-made coffin was found skillfully concealed within a wall of the house. Creepers tearing down the residence made the gruesome discovery which adds another chapter to the stormy history of Colonel Snell, who died about seven years ago and for whose fortune a famous fight was made in the courts of Illinois.

The body of the child had been in its hiding place so long that little except the skeleton remained.

VETERINARIANS MEET.

Helena, Sept. 25.—(Special).—The Montana Veterinary Medical association held its annual session here. The time was taken up mostly by the reading of papers and discussions. The association elected the following officers: President, Dr. H. Welch, Bozeman; vice president, Dr. J. D. C. Wipf, Belgrade; secretary-treasurer, Dr. A. D. Knowles, Livingston.

WOMAN WOULD LIVE IN CHICKEN COOP

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 25.—Because her son was living too high, and had meat every day, Mrs. Margaret Moser, 68, an Austrian woman, in America a year, rented a small chicken coop in the rear of a residence on the west side and attempted to live in it on 50 cents a week. When told that she must evacuate the coop, the woman protested violently.

SPLENDID WEATHER SWELLS CROWDS AT FAIR

STATE EXHIBITION ENJOYS MOST SUCCESSFUL DAY UNDER SMILING SUN.

Helena, Sept. 25.—(Special).—The finest weather, the biggest crowd, the longest program and the keenest enthusiasm combined to make Northern Pacific day a record breaker. About 15,000 people passed through the gates. The same brand of weather and even a larger crowd are looked for tomorrow.

Helena gave a carnival in honor of its visitors on Main street tonight. Music was furnished by the Black Eagle band of Great Falls and another organization, and for several hours thousands of people surged up and down throwing confetti and blowing horns.

Great Falls sent a special train of excursionists with all eight coaches loaded down, and the regular trains from Butte brought so many over here that a special train was required to haul them back tonight.

County Awards.

The county collective awards were as follows: Best exhibit of grain—Park, first; Gallatin, second; Fergus, third; Cascade, fourth. Best exhibit of largest variety and forage crops—Park, first; Gallatin, second; Madison, third; Cascade, fourth. Best exhibit vegetables and root crops—Custer, first; Cascade, second; Sweet Grass, third; Yellowstone, fourth.

Largest variety of products—Cascade, first; Madison, second; Fergus, third; Jefferson, fourth. The best display and arrangement—Fergus, first; Park, second; Gallatin, third; Beaverhead, fourth.

Auction sales of pure bred cattle started today, and thoroughbred Short-horns from the Gallatin valley were disposed of. They will be continued tomorrow and Saturday. The sterling trophy offered by F. S. Lusk of Missoula for the best fat steer went to A. B. Cook of Helena.

GREEKS ARE ACCUSED OF KILLING MARSHAL

Trinidad, Colo., Sept. 25.—A coroner's jury this afternoon returned a verdict declaring that the killing of Marshal Robert Lee at Segundo, yesterday, was felonious, and that Thomas Larius, a Greek coal miner striker, fired the fatal shot. Testimony was introduced to the effect that Larius and three other Greeks plotted the shooting in a saloon at Segundo a short time before the tragedy.

Under Sheriff Zeke Martin and his posse, the alleged murderers through the hills beyond Starkville, reported late this afternoon that they had sighted the fugitives. The Greeks are said to be all armed. They apparently are trying to reach the New Mexico line.

PRESIDENT IS THANKED BY FEDERATION CHIEFS

Washington, Sept. 25.—Samuel Gompers and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor and the seven vice presidents composing the executive council, formally thanked President Wilson for his appointment of William B. Wilson as secretary of labor.

REFUGEES PESSIMISTIC.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 25.—Thirty-nine American refugees arrived tonight at Texas City on the steamship City of Mexico from Vera Cruz. None of the refugees thought the troubles in Mexico would be settled soon.

HIS HAT IS IN THE RING



TENNESSEE CAPITOL CLEARED OF ALL GUNMEN

SPECTATORS AND THOSE NOT PRESENT ON BUSINESS "REQUESTED" TO LEAVE.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 25.—After another exciting day in the Tennessee house of representatives leaders of the political factions which have bandied charges that "gunmen" were being used to intimidate legislators reached an agreement late this afternoon to clear the capitol of all spectators.

The state senate was not in session and members of that body, city detectives, policemen and state officials not present on official business were included in the "request" to leave the capitol and the state-house grounds.

This action was taken as a precaution against a threatened open clash between the factions that are fighting over the so-called liquor law enforcement bills.

All Leave.

All the partisans of the opposing legislative factions finally left the building and the house was again called to order.

The regulars successfully continued their filibuster today against the law enforcement bills, designed to strengthen the state-wide prohibition laws. They prohibit the shipment of liquor into the state, prohibit its shipment within the borders of the state and provide for action in criminal or civil courts to declare saloons public nuisances upon petition of 10 taxpayers. All three of the measures passed the senate by a close vote.

INTERLOCKING BOARD FOR PUBLIC UTILITIES

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Two of the largest public utility corporations in the world—the People's Gas Light & Coke company and the Commonwealth Edison company of Chicago will be under the harmonious management of a largely interlocking board of directors as the result of action taken today by stockholders of the gas company.

An official statement explained that the arrangement is by no means a merger. Samuel Insull, president of the Commonwealth Edison company, Joseph A. Patten and John J. Mitchell, directors of that corporation, merely becoming directors of the gas company.

BANKER AND EXPERT VOICE APPROVAL OF BILL

ADMINISTRATION CURRENCY MEASURE PLEASURES THEORIST AND FINANCIER.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Edward D. Hulbert of Chicago, practical banker, and Professor Irving Fisher of Yale university, expert on the theory of currency, endorsed today the principles of the administration currency bill before the senate committee. Both, however, pronounced a number of amendments.

The desire of the committee to examine Mr. Hulbert further brought out the fact that hearings on the bill would be continued indefinitely. Mr. Hulbert said he was willing to return to Washington later and asked how long the hearings would continue.

The chairman of the committee cannot say, answered Senator Owen. Senator Reed denied before the committee a statement ascribed to him that the currency bill would not pass at the present session of congress.

SEVEN SOCIALISTS ARE ARRESTED

SHERIFF JAILS ONLY SEVEN OF NINETY-NINE NAMED BY HUMPHRIES.

Seattle, Sept. 25.—Only seven of the 99 socialist signers of the resolution adopted at a mass meeting Sunday night, defying Superior Judge John E. Humphries' anti-street speaking injunction, were arrested by the sheriff's force today, although the court had ordered all of the signers held to answer a charge of contempt of court.

Contrary to expectations, each of the seven arrested gave \$250 bail and was released to appear before Judge Humphries, October 3. The deputy sheriffs sent out to round up the signers of the resolution explained the few arrests by saying many addresses given were incorrect, and they had difficulty in finding the people for whom they held warrants.

Judge Humphries today informed Dr. H. E. Titus, who was sentenced to six months in jail and a fine of \$300 last month for violating an anti-street speaking injunction, that he had delayed filing a statement of facts to perfect his appeal to the supreme court until it was too late, and that his appeal would be dismissed and he would be remanded to jail as soon as the order was received from Olympia.

FELKER IS WAITING BEFORE MAKING DECISION

FATE OF THAW HANGS ON WHAT DUTCHESS COUNTY GRAND JURY REALLY DID.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 25.—A division of opinion is said to exist among Governor Felker's advisers as to whether he should honor the request of the state of New York for the extradition of Harry K. Thaw. Some of them take the attitude that the New York papers are in proper legal form and that it is unnecessary for the governor to go below their surface in an inquiry into the facts of the case upon which they are based.

But Governor Felker, who is himself a lawyer, is understood to attach importance to securing further information on the subject of the reported indictment of Thaw by the Dutchess county (New York) grand jury for conspiracy in connection with his escape from the Matteawan asylum. No indictment has been made public, but William T. Jerome said in arguing on New York's petition for extradition before Governor Felker Tuesday that an indictment had been found, but had been kept secret at his request. It is said that until the governor learns more definitely just what attitude has been taken by the Dutchess county grand jury he probably will defer his decision in regard to signing the extradition warrant.

SEX HYGIENE DISCUSSED.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 25.—Sex hygiene occupied the time of the National Federation of Settlements, in session at Lillian Home, near here, today. Fully 25 of the delegates, many of them women, discussed a resolution to indorse the teaching of sex hygiene in the public schools, but opinion as to methods was so divergent that it was placed in the hands of a committee to report some recommendations tomorrow. The delegates were luncheon guests of 700 Pittsburgh women.

CONVICTS MAKE BREAK BUT ARE RE-CAPTURED

Ossining, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Five convicts at Sing Sing prison, at work unloading a coal barge, overpowered a guard this afternoon jumped into the Hudson river and attempted to swim to the other side. All five were captured. Billy Green, a notorious convict, was the leader of the band. Green, who two years ago escaped and was brought back, hesitated a moment after the shots were fired, but continued toward the opposite shore when he saw the guards busy attending to his companions. Two guards in a small boat overtook him before he reached land, however, and he was captured without a struggle.

DAY FULL OF DEVELOPMENTS FEATURES THE SULZER CASE

QUARTER REFUSED IN BATTLE

Vienna, Sep. 24.—No quarter is being given in the fighting between the Serbian troops and the Albanians, according to dispatches from Belgrade. All prisoners taken by either side are shot. The Albanians, besides taking Dibra, have stormed and captured the towns of Struga, Jakova, Kitchovo and Jakovetza, but they failed in their attack upon the town of Priscard.

NERVY HIGHWAYMEN STICK UP THREE IN HELENA

EACH VICTIM BRUTALLY BEATEN AND THEN ROBBED BY THREE THUGS.

Helena, Sept. 25.—(Special).—Three holdups in one night, in each of which the victim was brutally beaten, was the rather unusual experience of Helena last night. Two of the holdups took place on the same street, Benton avenue, within five blocks, between 8 and 9 p. m. The third was later, and was located on the east side of town.

The first man held up was William Butler, aged 68, who was first beaten into insensibility and then robbed of a small amount. Butler had 12 cuts on his face, neck and head, apparently made with something with a cutting edge. He has been in a partially dazed condition all day.

W. J. Bickert, the second victim, is a prominent sheepman. He was held up near a church. He threw up his hands when told to do so, and then was struck over the face and head until he was dazed. The thieves got \$7.

The most seriously injured was Samuel Loomer, who was held up at the corner of Seventh avenue and Rodney street. Accosted by two men, one struck him over the head and the other robbed him of \$12. Loomer's eyes were almost gouged out of his head, his ears nearly severed, and he was seriously beaten about the head. The attack was so sudden and the assault so vicious that Mr. Loomer has been unable to give no description of the men, but he says a third was a few feet away. Both Mr. Butler and Mr. Loomer are in a serious condition today. Extra officers have been put on duty tonight in all parts of the city.

DEFENDANT DENIES CHARGES MADE BY GIRLS

MILLIONAIRE ASSERTS THAT HE NEVER HEARD OF LOS ANGELES WOMEN.

Los Angeles, Sept. 25.—Making a general denial of all accusations against him and asserting that his knowledge of certain inmates of the Jonquil "hotel" had been gained entirely through philanthropy, George H. Bixby, the Long Beach millionaire, on trial for alleged offenses against girls, took the witness stand in his own behalf today.

The defendant's story, in which he told of efforts to aid some of the girls who had accused him, in which he asserted his absolute ignorance of the existence of others who testified against him, was heard by a crowded courtroom.

He began his recital by telling of his first acquaintance with Emma J. Goodman, the proprietress of the Jonquil, who now is serving a year in the county jail. He said he had known her as Mrs. Josie Rosenberg.

"I first met Mrs. Rosenberg in the fall of 1907," he said. "I went to her place because of a letter I received from C. H. Emerson, who wrote from Kansas, Cal., asking me to aid an inmate of Mrs. Rosenberg's establishment. It was a girl named Marion, who was ill. I became interested in her and gave her \$100 so that she might go to her mother. I later gave Mrs. Rosenberg \$800 more to give to the girl. Marion is now married and living a respectable life.

"Mrs. Rosenberg suggested that I might be talked about if I were known at her place by my true name, so I used the first one that came into my mind—King. I never was known as Jackson."

HIGH COURT DECIDES TO ADMIT ALL TESTIMONY REGARDING CONTRIBUTIONS.

BANKER SCHIFF RECALLED

Well-Known Financier Repeats Assertion That He Did Not Mean His Donation Necessarily for Campaign Purposes—One Witness Says He Called on Tammany for Sulzer.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The following developments today marked the impeachment of Governor Sulzer: Jacob H. Schiff, a New York banker, testified that he was asked recently by Samuel L. Frankenstein, a former law partner of Governor Sulzer, if he would accept the return of the alleged \$2,500 campaign contribution which the banker yesterday said he gave to the governor without restriction as to its use. Mr. Schiff said he had replied negatively.

The high court, by unanimous vote, decided to admit all testimony pertaining to campaign contributions made to the governor even though they were not specified in the articles of impeachment.

This ruling paved the way for the introduction of evidence intended to show the governor had solicited and received large contributions from brewing interests.

The governor asked, according to the testimony, that these contributions be given in cash instead of checks.

Counsel for the impeachment managers said they were prepared to prove the governor received campaign contributions, "vastly in excess" of the total mentioned in the articles of impeachment. There were more than 100 not accounted for, counsel asserted. The names of several of these contributors, other than those of the brewing interests, were brought into the evidence. These included 52 persons mentioned as drawers of Sulzer checks in the account of Louis A. Sorecky, the governor's campaign secretary in the Mutual Alliance Trust company. This account showed, with checks and cash, that deposits of \$14,000 had been made, between September 10, 1912, and the date of the governor's inauguration.

Decision on the question as to whether Governor Sulzer's alleged misuse of checks given the governor without restriction as to their use constituted larceny, was reserved to give the court an opportunity to investigate the authorities.

Sorecky, regarded by the prosecution as one of the most important witnesses and whom, they said, they had been unable to locate, was discovered by process-servers in Albany and served with a subpoena.

Judge Lewis J. Conlan of New York, a life-long friend of the governor, testified that he had raised money for the governor's campaign, but had given it to him without restriction as to its use.

Mr. Sulzer called personally on Charles A. Stadler, president of the American Maltting company. Stadler stated, and requested his aid in obtaining the support of Tammany hall. Mr. Stadler said he had raised the support and later collected campaign funds for Mr. Sulzer.

No More Charges.

The assembly managers decided tonight to bring no more impeachment charges against the governor.

Stadler, who is a former state senator, declared that after several investigations from Sulzer, he had visited the candidate to talk things over.

"The conversation was on the general topic of the political situation pending," said Mr. Stadler, "and Mr. Sulzer asked me to intercede whenever I could among my friends and to help him all I could."

"He said, 'You can help me in more than one way and you know what you can do.' I told him I understood the situation and would do what I could."

"Subsequent to the nomination, did you see friends of yours?" he was asked by Attorney Kresel of the prosecution.

"I did," was the reply.

"Whom did you approach?" "Mr. Sulzer requested me to go to Fourteenth street (Tammany hall) and intercede for him there," replied Stadler.

(Continued on Page Five.)

IN PEOPLE'S PARTY MINERS FIND HOPE

Calumet, Mich., Sept. 25.—Politics was injected in the copper miners' strike by President John H. Walker of the Illinois Mine Workers, in an address before 2,000 strikers here this afternoon. Walker urged them to ignore both the republican and the democratic parties and vote for candidates of the "people's party."