

Today—Cloudy. Tomorrow—Cooler.

Sulzer has been quiet because he's packing to move.

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MISSOULA, MONTANA, TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 14, 1913.

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LIQUOR INTERESTS' DUMMY HOBSON CALLS UNDERWOOD

HERO OF THE MERRIMAC RUNS AMUCK IN THE HOUSE AGAINST HIS RIVAL.

BOTH WOULD WEAR TOGA

Man of Kissing Fame Charges Majority Leader With Being Tool of Wall Street and Booze Dealers and the Latter is Told by Other Members That They Don't Believe It.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Representative Richmond Pearson Hobson of Alabama and his colleague, Majority Leader Underwood, engaged in a bitter debate on the floor of the house today over the senatorial contest in their state in which they are rival candidates. The oratorical duel was precipitated by Mr. Hobson, reiterating utterances he made last week in a speech at Weogucka, Ala., intimating that Mr. Underwood was "the tool of Wall Street and the liquor interests," and charging that he had gained Alabama's support in the last presidential campaign under false pretenses.

Cheers from democrats and republicans greeted Mr. Underwood as he rose to reply, and later when Mr. Hobson tried to interrupt there were loud cries of "Sit down, sit down; you've had your time."

The climax in the dramatic scene came when the majority leader, facing about in his place, asked: "Is there any man in this chamber who believes the charge that I am or ever have been the tool of Wall Street?"

He was answered by shouts of "No, no!" from both sides of the house. Explains His Record.

Speaking to a question of personal privilege in answer to a charge of "absenteeism" made against him last week by Representative Donovan of Connecticut, Mr. Hobson had devoted an hour to an explanation of his record in congress. He declared that in the campaign for the senate the Alabama party leaders had looked for a man to beat him, and that the liquor interests were behind every effort to defeat him politically. Discussing his recent speech and the comment since then that he was a supporter of Underwood for the democratic presidential nomination, Mr. Hobson asserted that he did not know at that time that Thomas Fortune Ryan had contributed \$25,000 to the Underwood campaign, and that the people of Alabama did not know it.

Mr. Underwood declared when he took the floor that he had not wanted to be a candidate for president; that he had consented upon the basis that he should remain at his place in the house framing a tariff law upon which the party could base its campaign, and that he had nothing to do with the management of it, had being undertaken by Senator Huerta. Later, he said, he learned that Mr. Ryan had contributed to his campaign, solely because he was a southern man, and he suggested that Mr. Hobson did not accuse Theodore Roosevelt or President Wilson of being tools of the interests because men of wealth contributed to their campaigns.

When challenged by Mr. Underwood as to the exact charges, Mr. Hobson

(Continued on Page Six)

DISCOVERY OF LAND NOT BELIEVED PROBABLE

Seattle, Oct. 13.—A special cable to the Post-Intelligencer from Juneau, Alaska, says: "Captain Otto Sverdrup, who was master of Nansen's ship Fram on Nansen's polar expedition in 1893, believes that the story of the discovery of a new continent north of Asia is impossible."

"Nansen drifted over the area and found nothing but water," said Captain Sverdrup, who now is at the head of a whaling company operating in the North Pacific. "It is possible that the Russian explorers may have found a small island or two, but any extensive lands would have been known long ago."

ENGLISH MILITANT TO BE DETAINED AT PORT

HEARING WILL BE HELD OVER RIGHT OF MRS. PANKHURST TO ENTER COUNTRY.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 13.—When Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the militant British suffragette, arrives on the liner La Provence, probably Friday, she will be detained at the Ellis island immigration station, according to present



plans, until a special board of inquiry can determine whether she comes within the class of aliens excluded from the United States. While the immigration authorities have issued no orders for her detention, scores of protests against her admission, lodged with immigration headquarters here and with

(Continued on Page Six)

SYLVIA IS PINCHED BUT BREAKS AWAY

London, Oct. 13.—After a fierce struggle the police arrested Miss Sylvia Pankhurst at Bow Neaths, in the east end of London, tonight, where she had been making a speech. When they led her outside the building to take her to Holloway jail the militants attacked the police so savagely that they let her go and she escaped.

Miss Pankhurst, who has an uncompleted term of imprisonment to serve, was not recognized until she threw aside the disguise which enabled her to elude the police and enter the building. She was warmly applauded as she stepped on the platform, but had been speaking only a few minutes when detectives, accompanied by a body of uniformed police with drawn truncheons, entered the hall and made a rush for the platform. The audience arose and chairs began to fly. Some of the people in the galleries even dropped benches on the heads of the police. The police gained the platform and for 10 minutes a desperate battle waged, the officers freely using their clubs, and those on the platform utilizing chairs as weapons.

The police succeeded in dragging Miss Pankhurst down to the floor of the house, while reinforcements cleared the hall. Outside the struggle was renewed with greater fury. Men and women were thrown down and trampled upon. Concentrating the attack on the policemen who had the militant leader in their grasp, the women, with the assistance of several men, succeeded in tearing her from their grip and she slipped away. Some of the women afterward complained of having been thrown down and kicked by the police and men and after the fracas were seen nursing bruises. Miss Zelle Emerson of Jackson, Mich., whose im-



SYLVIA PANKHURST.

prisonment caused such a furor several months ago, was one of those injured. Mrs. Lee, who presided at the meeting and took a conspicuous part in the attack on the police, was arrested. Later Miss Pankhurst announced her intention to address a meeting at the Poplar town hall tomorrow night.

ALBANY MOVIES



SECRET SESSIONS ARE HELD OVER THE SULZER TESTIMONY

GERMANY TO SEND A WAR VESSEL TO MEXICO

KAISER ABOUT CONVINCED THAT HUERTA IS UNABLE TO DOMINATE SITUATION.

Berlin, Oct. 13.—The foreign office here reached the conclusion this evening that the existing situation in Mexico is such as to necessitate the presence of a German warship in Mexican waters. The cruiser Huerta, which is now being used as a school ship, probably will be selected as the most available for duty along the eastern coast of Mexico. She is now cruising in New England waters.

A cruiser from Europe scarcely could be chosen for this work, as the German squadrons have been depleted by the withdrawal of four cruisers for service in the Mediterranean owing to the recent hostilities in the Balkans.

Washington Not Displeased.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Germany's decision to dispatch a warship to Mexican waters attracted wide attention in official circles here tonight. President Wilson was informed of Germany's action only by press dispatches.

No formal comment was made on the incident, but it was apparent that the Washington government was not displeased. Significance was attached to the action by official Washington, however, because it was accepted as indicating that European powers which previously had recognized the Huerta government, among which were Germany and Great Britain, now saw evidences of Huerta's inability to dominate the situation.

Latest advices from Great Britain to Washington are to the effect that King George and Queen Mary have taken a personal interest in the situation with a view to measures that would support the policy of the United States. It is reported that Great Britain is prepared at the first opportunity to repudiate the recognition and that failure of the Huerta administration to hold a constitutional election on October 25 probably would be held as sufficient cause.

While the American war vessels in Mexican waters outnumber the foreign ships and will render any aid, not only to Americans, but all foreigners in cases of emergency, it is thought by the Washington authorities that the sending of a German vessel, immediately after the arrest of the deputies, may have a sobering effect on the provisional president.

Strong representations went forth from the United States to the Mexican officials today calling upon General Huerta to protect the lives of the imprisoned deputies. Similar representations were made when Madero and Suarez were arrested.

No change in the attitude of this country was announced today, but President Wilson and his advisers are debating the next step, and tomorrow's cabinet meeting may bring forth a decision on the subject.

Arguments Are Held to Decide Question of Admitting Evidence of Allan Ryan, Morgenthau and Peck, Who Were Not Named in Articles of Impeachment.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The high court of impeachment which is to decide the fate of Governor William Sulzer failed to reach a verdict today.

After a session of an hour and a half, virtually all of which was held in secret, the court unexpectedly adjourned until 11:30 o'clock tomorrow to permit further argument by counsel relative to the testimony of Allan A. Ryan, Ambassador Henry Morgenthau and Duncan W. Peck, superintendent of public works. This testimony had to do with alleged efforts of Governor Sulzer to suppress evidence against him and obtain political influence to stop the trial. The offenses alleged in this connection were not specified in the eight articles of impeachment and immediately upon the convening of the court today Judge Miller of the court of appeals raised the question as to when they fitted in.

The executive session at once followed. When the public again was admitted it was announced by Presiding Judge Cullen that the court desired counsel as to whether the acts and conversations of the governor, testified to by Peck, Morgenthau and Ryan, can be considered as being acts as misconduct for which the respondent can be convicted under article 4, or only as corroborative evidence of the other allegations stated in the charges and whether the court has the power to amend the articles, if they are insufficient to include those acts, so as to include them.

Article 4 is the one dealing with the suppression of evidence, alleging that the governor tried to prevent Frederick L. Colwell, Louis A. Surocky and Melville B. Fuller from testifying before the Frawley investigation committee. It mentions neither Ryan, Morgenthau nor Peck, but does include in its text the words "all other persons."

The general belief tonight seemed to be that all deliberations of the court henceforth would be in secret and that the public would only know the result.

MOTORCYCLE FOR TOM.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Visitors to the capital soon may be treated to a sight of Vice President Marshall scooting up Pennsylvania avenue to the capitol on a motorcycle. The vice president has for a long time told friends that he was going to purchase such a machine since congress saw fit to refuse the purchase of such a means of conveyance for him.

ISAACS MAY GET IT.

London, Oct. 13.—Sir Rufus Isaacs, attorney general, is expected in official circles to succeed the lord chief justice, Baron Alverstone, whose resignation was confirmed today.

FIEND LABORS HARD TO PROVE TALES OF MURDER

RIDES ABOUT WITH SLEUTHS AND POINTS OUT WHERE HE COMMITTED CRIMES.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—Henry Spencer, confessed slayer of Mrs. Mildred Allison Rexroat, labored with the police today to convince them he is guilty of the many crimes to which he has confessed. Handcuffed between two detectives, he rode with Detective Captain Halpin in an automobile around the city, pointing out places mentioned in his confession as spots where he had committed crimes.

At an obscure pawnshop he called for a ring pawned the day after the death of Mrs. Anna Belle Wight, who was beaten to death at her home last spring. The ring was identified as having belonged to Mrs. Wight. Spencer then ordered the chauffeur to drive to the home of Mrs. A. J. MacDonald, a neighbor of Mrs. Wight. He was identified by Mrs. MacDonald as the man who had applied to her for a room, and had been directed by her to Mrs. Wight.

Spencer pointed out a building which he said he had set on fire after beating up a man, his wife and two children. The records show that Trokop Balinski, his wife and two children had been rescued by firemen when called to extinguish a blaze.

Spencer, having convinced the police that he is at least three a murderer and the perpetrator of unnumberable robberies, claimed distinction as a ghoul.

He said that at the time of the Iroquois theater fire in Chicago in which 60 lives were lost, he was among the first on the scene and assisted in carrying bodies from the place.

One woman whom he carried out was richly gowned but burned beyond recognition. Watchfulness of the police prevented him from robbing the body at the time, but that night, the most profoundly sad in the city's history, he obtained a woman accomplice and went to one of the numerous temporary morgues and identified the body as that of accomplice's sister, Nellie Skarupa, Skarupa being one of the aliases of Spencer.

By this ruse they obtained possession of the body and had it buried.

"We got \$1,500 worth of jewelry and \$1,100 in cash off her," said Spencer. "I guess she is still buried under that name."

TUG IS SAFE.

Edmonton, Alberta, Oct. 13.—The Hudson Bay company's tug Primrose, which lies on Lake Athabasca between Fort Chipewyan and Fond Du Lac, reported lost with 16 souls, is safe on the beach at Port McMurray, where she has been drawn up for the winter months.

OIL UPON TROUBLED WATERS SAVED VOLTURNO PASSENGERS

REVIVAL MEETING IN A SALOON IS HELD

Macon, Mo., Oct. 13.—Robert Jones, an evangelist, turned "Bob" Thomas' saloon into a revival meeting here this afternoon, mounted a beer keg to deliver a sermon and converted a dozen frequenters. The evangelist had been invited to the saloon by its owner.

"The proprietor of this place," said Mr. Jones, "has invited us to hold religious services, giving us an opportunity to talk to men we might not otherwise have met. I love him and all these men about me, but I am against the liquor business. A saloon keeper, however, is not as bad as the church member who slips in at the back door and gets his drink."

TILLMAN ENLIVENS PROCEEDINGS IN SENATE

PRESENTS PROTECTIVE PASTORAL CALLED "THE GIRL WITH ONE STOCKING"

Washington, Oct. 13.—A little protective pastoral entitled "A Girl With One Stocking" enlivened the senate proceedings today when presented by Senator Tillman, who recently introduced the pages of the Congressional Record with cartoons of his own in a committee of the whole. Mr. Tillman said that the contribution was originally presented by Senator Zoh Vance in the tariff debate of 1889.

"Our Mary had a little lamb, her heart was most content," it rhymed, "to make its wool beyond its worth bring 50 per cent."

"The classic went on to tell that 'wherever the foot girl went, one leg was warmed with wool and one with 50 per cent.'"

"Now with free wool," said Senator Tillman, "Mary will have to let her women friends wear stockings on both legs instead of one—something they have not been able to do in 29 years."

COSTLY FUN.

Walla Walla, Oct. 13.—It cost Arthur Brown of Milton, Ore., 12 miles from here, just \$1.50 to place a dose of cards on the pulpit of the Memorial Baptist church of that city last night with an invitation to the minister to "study them." Brown was arrested and after spending the night in jail was fined in Recorder Samuel's court this morning. The recorder gave notice that a similar offense would cost \$100.

AVIATION CLAIMS MORE.

Berlin, Oct. 13.—Lieutenant Koenig, military aviator, fell and was killed today at the Neuendorf aerodrome near Berlin. The wings of his machine collapsed at an altitude of 900 feet. Lieutenants Seron and Bohndorf, while making an aeroplane flight between Berlin and Stuttgart, fell and were badly injured. A sudden gust of wind caused the machine. Both officers were taken to a hospital.

COMMENCED WITH EXPLOSION.

New York, Oct. 13.—The part played by the steamer Grosser Kurfuerst in the tragedy of the Voltorno is described in a wireless message received by the North German Lloyd line today from Captain Spangenberg. "The Voltorno was found in a total burning condition," reads the message. "The fire commenced with a heavy explosion in the bow, resulting in the death of several of the passengers and crew. Eleven vessels surrounded the Voltorno. A heavy north northwest storm, high seas and a swell prevailed."

Two boats of the Grosser Kurfuerst remained in the water all night, but it was impossible to approach the wreck. During the night 32 persons were saved by the two boats, and at dawn 58 more. One of the Voltorno's boats, containing five men, was picked up and the men taken on board. Their boat sank immediately after their rescue.

SCENES WERE PATHETIC

Survivors and Rescuers Relate Sad Stories of the Disaster—Second Officer of Burning Vessel Proved Himself a Hero—Eleven Ships Surrounding the Blazing Steamer.

OIL SHIP SPRAYED HER CARGO ON BOISTEROUS SEA AND SUBDUED IT.

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Fishguard, Oct. 12.—T. T. Watson of Philadelphia, a passenger on the Carmania, which arrived today, said that the chief credit for saving those on the Voltorno undoubtedly was due to the oil ship Narragansett. "Only a few good swimmers," he declared, "would have survived from the ill-fated ship had not the Narragansett made free use of oil to calm the terrible waves."

"When the Carmania arrived Captain Barr instructed First Officer Gardiner to lower a small boat. This, after terrible buffeting, regained the Carmania with only three survivors intact. After this miraculous escape, Captain Barr did not attempt again to launch a single boat. Hence our ship saved only one passenger, who swam to her."

"An account of the ship's turbine engines, which made fine maneuvering impossible, Captain Barr stood off and directed operations, acting in effect as commander of the great fleet which gathered about the stricken Voltorno. Shortly after we arrived the Carmania tried both fore and aft oil sprays, but without effect on the mountainous waves. Then the captain sent out wireless calls in all directions for an oil ship, and his efforts were awarded by answer from the Narragansett."

"When the Narragansett arrived, the Grosser Kurfuerst, with other liners, got in as close as possible and lowered lifeboats. These took aboard several persons who had jumped from the Voltorno, and the work was greatly facilitated by the steam pinnace of the Grosser Kurfuerst, which had stayed out all night. At once the Narragansett began to spray oil about the doomed ship, and the waves subsided as if by magic. Soon the small boats were enabled to run alongside the liner and take the people from the ladders."

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ALTHOUGH THE TUG SAVED BY THE GROSSER KURFUERST AS GIVEN ABOVE IS 105, THE CLASSIFICATION OF THE RESCUED ACCOUNTS FOR 104 IN THE NEXT PARAGRAPH OF THE MESSAGE, WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

Saved by Grosser Kurfuerst, 56 passengers, second officer, one engineer.

(Continued on Page Three.)

CHICAGO'S ARCH-FIEND



HENRY SPENCER.