

KEEPING YOUNG MEN FROM LEAVING HOME

AUSTRIAN CABINET TAKES STEPS TO PREVENT THE EMIGRATION OF YOUTHS.

Vienna, May 2.—By a simple ministerial decree, without the passage of any new law, or even reference to parliament, the Austrian cabinet has stopped the emigration of youths and men under the age of 24. They will not be permitted to cross the frontier unless they can produce a passport, and the local authorities have received strict instructions to issue such papers only to applicants who can prove that they have performed their military service, including the full term in the reserve, and have been passed into the "Landsturm," the last line of reserves for home defense. This really means 12 years of service for the average man.

The decree promises to be even more sweeping in its effects than would at first sight appear. It applies not only to bona-fide emigrants leaving their native land for the United States or Canada, possibly intending to remain away for many years, but it will also prevent many thousands of farm laborers from going to Germany for field work and harvest as has been the custom every summer. And further, since the decree makes no mention of any exceptions it is supposed that waiters, tailors, mechanics and other workers who want to go abroad to complete their trade education will no longer be able to do so. For at the age of 24 a man has usually contracted family and business ties which effectually prevent him from leaving his native land.

The new regulation apparently has been made because the military authorities recently discovered when the recruiting levies were called up, that more and more of the young men entered on the rolls had gone to foreign parts. It was this which first led to the investigation of the steamship companies' emigration activities. Whilst this sudden and drastic restriction of emigration will effect to some extent the whole monarchy, certain provinces will feel it more acutely than others, notably Galicia, one of the most densely populated lands in Europe, with its large peasant population eking out the barest subsistence on a barren soil. The country being entirely too poor to support this population, thousands of peasants go to work on the best farms of Saxony and the cornlands in Germany every year and thousands of others go still further afield to America and Canada. But every fall the laborers return to their homes from Germany and in the course of a few years many also come back from America to their native land. All bring money with which they buy stock and wherever possible land. In fact there are now districts in Galicia where the soil is gradually passing out of the hands of the great landed proprietors into the possession of peasants.

There are other parts of Austria where home conditions are so unfavorable that the needy are forced to seek a livelihood elsewhere. In northern Moravia and Silesia, in the Bohemian forest and in the Erz mountains there are districts where the utmost poverty prevails and thousands of young men leave their homes every year to escape what is practically a state of starvation.

The ministerial decree threatens to stop this most necessary outlet for labor and thereby to entail an enormous amount of unnecessary suffering and hardship. Coming just at this time it is especially severe when the whole monarchy is groaning under the heavy depression in trade and industry consequent on the recent war crisis.

The social democratic party is exceedingly indignant at what it terms the arbitrary and illegal action of the cabinet and accuses the government of acting in the interests of the agrarians who complain that they are no longer able to get sufficient labor for their farms. The social democrats declare that such procedure is only possible in Austria, whose true constitution is anarchy.

MUCH DANGER OF DESTRUCTION OF FINE RAILWAY ENGINEERING



—From photograph in S. Carson's "Mexico." Copyrighted by The Macmillan Co.

The early success of American arms in Mexico depends almost entirely upon the preservation of at least one of the two lines of railway leading from Vera Cruz to Mexico City. The dispatches report that these lines are being wrecked, presumably by Huerta forces. If they are put out of commission it will doubtless be months before an American army can make its way over the almost impassable mountains to Mexico City.

The two railways connecting Mexico City with Vera Cruz are the Mexican railway and the Interoceanic of the National Railways system. The former is 264 miles in length; the latter 234. Each road crosses deep ravines and canyons, and a little dynamite could effectually put them out of commission for several months.

Destroy Bridges as Last Resort.

It is likely that the Mexicans will first attempt to defend their roads, and blow up bridges only as a last resort. The accompanying sketch shows how the advance of American troops over these railways might be fought. Immense boulders could be rolled down from mountain peaks on the right of way, which clings like a bat to the side of precipitous peaks. A small Mexican force at one end of a bridge could effectually repel a much larger force of Americans on a train.

A few cannons properly aimed could put any engine out of commission before it could get across.

A march of the army of invasion to Mexico City from Vera Cruz means guerrilla fighting for approximately 300 miles under conditions to try the most seasoned men accustomed to atmospheric conditions at sea level up as high as 8,000 feet to Mexico City.

Only trails made by hundreds of years of mule trains over the old millitary road can be followed, and that means a constant harassing by sharpshooters in the mountains. No troops not hardened to the climate and altitude could accomplish the journey unincumbered. Weighed down by field equipment it would be a physical impossibility for them to do fast work. General Scott, who led the American forces at the time of the first Mexican war, proceeded slowly, giving some of his men three months to learn how to use their strength in the rarified atmosphere. It will be necessary now.

Mexican Railway Has Disadvantages.

The Mexican railway, standard gauge and modern, is described as the "scenic route of Mexico," which alone explains its disadvantages. Where it is not crossing rivers 500 feet down in a canyon it is clinging to the side of the mountain or burrowing through it. Beginning in a tropical country, it

crawls dangerously near the snow line, then up and down and through narrow passes until it reaches the Mexican central plateau.

About 25 miles outside of Vera Cruz the road crosses the Rio Japapa on a bridge of 400 feet long and then shoots along the side of a deep gorge, through which the river rushes. The country is broken with hills and valleys.

Mule pass, next on the line, has an altitude of 1,500 feet, and then comes the San Alejo bridge, 318 feet long, over the pass itself. At Chiquitlan siding, a few miles further, is still another bridge 220 feet long, and over the Atoyac river is a great bridge of concrete, the spans of which could be blown out with a small charge of dynamite. The road runs for the remainder of its route in the same way. This road is narrow gauge, ancient, and with not enough rolling stock to furnish transportation for more than a few regiments at most.

AT THE CHURCHES

Presbyterian. First Presbyterian church, corner of Pine and Stevens streets; Rev. J. N. Madison, D. D., minister. Public worship at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Young People's meeting at 7 o'clock; changes to be noted in the hour of evening meetings, from 6:30 to 7 in the case of the Young People's meeting, and from 7:30 to 8 in case of the regular evening service; prayer meeting and Bible study on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers and visitors will find a cordial welcome at these services.

Immanuel Baptist. Immanuel Baptist church, corner Pine and Weedy streets.—The regular Sunday services will be held at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. C. E. Allen, Jr., D. D. Sunday school, 12:15 p. m. B. Y. P. U. society at 7 p. m. Regular weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 o'clock. All strangers and those having no church home are invited to these services.

Protestant Episcopal. Church of the Holy Spirit parish, corner East Cedar and Adams streets.—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Morning service and sermon, 11 o'clock. Evening service and sermon, 8 o'clock. The ladies' guild will meet on Thursday afternoon, May 7, with Mrs. C. L. P. Kellogg, 1120 South Higgins avenue.

First Methodist Episcopal. First Methodist Episcopal church, corner Main and Washington streets.—Sunday school at 10 a. m., Thomas Layfield, superintendent. Classes for all ages. Morning worship at 11, with sermon by Rev. John Chirgwin of the Montana Deaconess church. Evening worship at 8, at which time the pastor will give the second address on the bylaws of the church under the title, "Three Great Hymns," and will discuss the following hymn: "Nearer, My God, to Thee," "Rock of Ages," "Just As I Am." At the evening service Miss Mary McDermott will render a flute solo with pipe organ accompaniment. Intermediate and senior league at 7, theme for discussion, "Hunger for God and His Study." Prayer meeting and Bible study Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to you to attend these services.

The music for Sunday services is as follows: Morning: Anthem, "As Mount Zion" (Wilson) choir. Evening: Anthem, "Bringing His Sheaves With Him" (Buck), choir; "His Mercy Endureth

Forever" (Ashford), choir. At the evening service Miss Mary McDermott will play a flute solo with pipe organ accompaniment. Pipe organ recital at 8:45 at which time Mrs. Carl Holaday will play the following selections: "Melody" (Ole Bull), "Funeral March" (Chopin).

Da's Addition Sunday School. Meets at 3 p. m., George E. Blackler, superintendent. Come and bring your children with you.

Calvary Christian. Calvary Christian church, located in same block as postoffice; Harold H. Griffin, pastor; office in rear of the church; office phone 1094; residence phone 492.—Bible school at 9:45 a. m., Elmer E. Hensley, superintendent. Mrs. J. N. Maclean of the Presbyterian church will address a joint session of the school on "Missions in the Bible School." Preaching by the pastor in the morning at 11 and in the evening at 8; subject of morning discourse, "Thinking Back or a Pathfinder in the Kingdom of God," being a review of Dan Crawford's famous book on Africa; subject of evening discourse, "Africa: We Receive the Christian Unimpaired." Special music at these services under the leadership of DeLessa Smith of the University of Montana. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:45 p. m.; topic, "The Faith Verse of the Bible"; leader, Miss Edna Danielson. The board of church officials will meet Tuesday evening in the basement of the church. Meeting for prayer and Bible study on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock; subject of devotion, "The Resurrection of the Widow's Son." The Ladies' Aid society will meet Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. H. Dennis, 1029 South Second street west. The church will hold a congregational social Thursday evening at the K. of P. hall; every member of the church is urged to come and bring his oldest photograph. The Missionary society will meet Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. M. R. C. Smith, 338 East Cedar street.

Evangelical Lutheran. Evangelical Lutheran church (German-English), corner Hazel and South Sixth streets; Casady Martin, pastor; residence, 224 Edith street; Bell phone 1078.—Sunday school in the English language at 10 a. m. Worship in the German language at 11 a. m.

First M. E. South. First M. E. church, South.—Sunday school at 10 a. m., J. G. McDowell, superintendent. Preaching at 11 a. m. by Rev. Mr. Holland and at 8 p. m. by Rev. Elmer D. Gallagher of the First Congregational church. Music under the direction of Mrs. Herbert Davis.

Christian Science. Christian Science church, corner of Pine and Patton streets.—Sunday services, 11 a. m., subject of lesson sermon, "Everlasting Punishment." Sunday school, 12 m. Testimonial meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. Reading room open from 2 to 4 p. m., except Sundays and holidays, also open Thursday and Friday evenings from 7:30 to 9 o'clock. Public cordially invited to attend services and visit the reading room.

Whooping Cough. "About a year ago my three boys had whooping cough and I found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the only one that would relieve their coughing and whooping spells. I continued this treatment and was surprised to find that it cured the disease in a very short time," writes Mrs. Archie Dalrymple, Crooksville, Ohio. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

Democratic leaders in New Hampshire expect Governor Felker to be a candidate for the nomination for United States senator this fall.

DECLINE IN STOCKS SPOILS WEEK'S RECORD

LOSSES ARE SMALL BUT THEY TAKE THE EDGE OFF THE WEEK'S ADVANCES.

New York, May 2.—A slow decline in stocks today took off the edge of the week's advance. The movement was downward from first to last but there was no real weakness and in a majority of cases losses were small.

Selling today was principally realizing on speculative profits and there were aggressive operations on the bear side. Offerings were accepted readily at concessions and it was evident that a strong faction was taking on stocks in the expectation of a further upturn.

The gold export movement began with the engagement of \$1,000,000 for Paris.

The bank statement was a disappointment, although it showed an actual cash gain of more than \$5,000,000 and a still larger increase in surplus. A cash gain of \$20,000,000 had been predicted.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales, \$1,300,000.

United States 2s declined 1/4 and Panama 2s 1/2 on call on the week.

New York Closing Stocks. Amalgamated Copper 72 1/2, American Beet Sugar 20, American Car & Foundry 48 1/4, American Locomotive 21, Amer. Smelting & Refng. 62 1/2, American Sugar Refining 101, American Tel & Tel. 12 1/4, American Tobacco 22 1/2, Anaconda Mining Co. 33 1/2, Atchafalaya 34 1/2, Baltimore & Ohio 90 1/2, Bethlehem Steel 90 1/2, Brooklyn Rapid Transit 91 1/2, Canadian Pacific 193 1/2, Chicago Great Western 12, Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul 98 1/2, Chicago & North Western 181 1/2, Colorado Fuel & Iron 26 1/2, Denver & Rio Grande 12, Erie 28 1/2, General Electric 147, Great Northern pfd. 133 1/2, Great Northern Ore. Cfs. 21 1/2, Illinois Central 110, Interborough-Met 14 1/2, Lehigh Valley 138 1/2, Missouri Pacific 10 1/4, New York Central 92 1/2, North American 7 1/2, Northern Pacific 111, Pennsylvania 110, Pullman Palace Car 152 1/2, Reading 183 1/2, Republic Iron & Steel 23 1/2, Rock Island Co. 2 1/2, Southern Pacific 91 1/4, Tennessee Railway 24 1/2, Tennessee Copper 24 1/2, Union Pacific 155 1/2, United States Steel 59, Utah Copper 53 1/4, Wabash 3 1/4, Western Union 183 1/2, Westinghouse Electric 39 1/2, Chino Copper 39 1/2, New Haven 63 1/2, Ray Cons 20 1/2, Total sales for the day, 147,800 shares.

Boston Closing Mining. Allouez 40, Amalgamated Copper 72 1/2, Am'n Zinc Lead & Sm. 16, Arizona Commercial 41 1/2, Calumet & Hecla 60 1/4, Centennial 42 1/2, Copper Range Con. Co. 37, East Butte Cop. Mine 10 1/4, Franklin 4 1/2, Granby Consolidated 80 1/4, Greene Cananea 30, Isle Royale (copper) 18, Kerr Lake 4 1/4, Lake Copper 6 1/4, La Salle Copper 4 1/4, Miami Copper 21 1/2, Mohawk 44, Nevada Consolidated 13 1/2, Nipissing Mines 6 1/2, North Butte 26 1/4, North Lake 1, Old Dominion 46 1/2, Osceola 73 1/2, Quincy 59, Shannon 5 1/2, Superior 28 1/2, Superior & Boston Min. 3 1/2, Tamarack 35 1/2, U. S. Sm. Ref. & Min. 34, U. S. Sm. Ref. & Min. pfd. 44 1/2, Utah Consolidated 10 1/2, Utah Copper Co. 50 1/4, Winona 3, Wolverine 42, Butte & Superior 34 1/2.

Minneapolis Grain. Minneapolis, May 2.—Wheat: May, 88c; July, 89c; No. 1 hard, 93c; No. 1 northern, 90 1/4 @ 92 1/4; No. 2 northern, 88 1/4 @ 90 1/4.

New York Metals. New York, May 2.—The metal markets were dull and nominal. Lake copper, nominal; electrolytic, \$14.37 1/2; casting, \$14 @ 14 1/2.

Chicago Livestock. Chicago, May 2.—Hogs: Receipts, 9,000. Market strong, 5c higher. Bulk of sales, \$8.30 @ 8.35; light, \$8.15 @ 8.50; mixed, \$8.10 @ 8.35; heavy, \$7.90 @ 8.40; rough, \$7.90 @ 8.00. Cattle—Receipts, 100. Market steady, \$15.75 @ 15.75; Texas steers, \$7 @ 8.15; western steers, \$7 @ 8; stockers and feeders, \$5.50 @ 8.15; cows and heifers, \$2.80 @ 8.50; calves, \$6 @ 8.50. Sheep—Receipts, 3,500. Market steady. Native, \$1.90 @ 5.50; western, \$4.90 @ 5.50; yearlings, \$5.40 @ 6.35; lambs, native, \$5.90 @ 7.10; western, \$5.90 @ 7.25.

Grain and Provisions. Chicago, May 2.—Belief that wheat stocks here would be reduced to an impressive extent in the near future had much to do with causing the market to rally. The outcome was a steady close at a shade to 1/4 @ 1/2 c net advance. Corn wound up 1/4 @ 1/2 c above last night. Oats with a gain of 1/4 @ 1/2 c and provisions unchanged to 5c higher. Cancelling of warehouse receipts on

Blood Troubles Are Often Hard to Locate

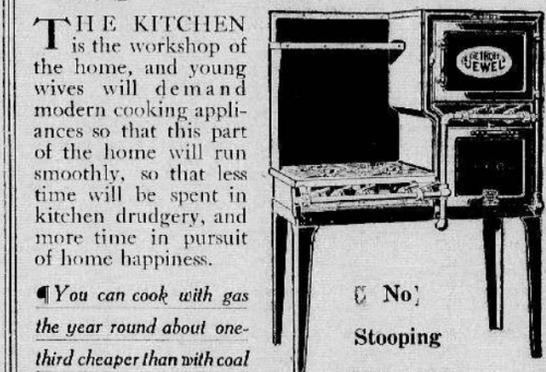
Catarrh, for Example May Be the Cause of Very Serious Illness.



A Slight Trouble Often Brings Serious Blood Disorders. A chronic cold means something wrong constitutionally. Pimples mean bad blood. Rheumatism means faulty elimination. These and a hundred other symptoms are easily recognized, but where is the trouble? Where is it located? What is wrong with the body's mechanism? If you will go into any first class store and get a bottle of S. S. S., you are on the way to getting rid of those conditions that cause sickness and disease. But don't let anyone work off that old trick of something "Just as good." S. S. S. is taken into the blood just as naturally as the most nourishing food. It spreads its influence over every organ in the body, comes through all the veins and arteries, enables all mucous surfaces to discharge inflammatory acids and other irritating substances for arterial elements that effectually cleanse the system and thus put an end to all pollution. S. S. S. cleans out the stomach of mucous accumulations, enables only pure, blood-making materials to enter the intestines, combined with these food elements to enter the circulation, and in less than an hour is at work throughout the body in the process of purification. You will soon realize its wonderful influence by the absence of headache, a steadily improved condition of the skin, and a sense of bodily relief that proves how completely the entire system was loaded with impurities. You will find S. S. S. on sale at all drug stores. It is a remarkable remedy for any and all blood affections, such as eczema, rash, lupus, tetter, psoriasis, boils, and all other diseased conditions of the blood. For special advice on any blood disease write to The Swift Specific Co., 223 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Do not trifle with substitutes, imitations or any of the horde of "Just as good" Counterfeits of S. S. S.

THE YOUNG WIFE

WITH the advantage of our modern schools, with her practical education, with her enthusiasm, energy, and high ideals,—will find nothing as simple, efficient, and economical as The Modern Gas Range



THE KITCHEN is the workshop of the home, and young wives will demand modern cooking appliances so that this part of the home will run smoothly, so that less time will be spent in kitchen drudgery, and more time in pursuit of home happiness. You can cook with gas the year round about one-third cheaper than with coal. No Stopping. EVEN if gas costs twice as much we would still urge you to use it as the extra cost of a few dollars per month would be cheap indeed for CLEANLINESS, HEALTH, COMFORT and HAPPINESS. "After You Have Modernized Your Kitchen With Gas You Will Wonder How You Ever Did Without It."

MISSOULA GAS COMPANY

Opposite Missoulian. Geo. Pringle 112-114 W. Spruce St., Missoula, Mont. Manufacturers of and Dealer in Italian and American Marble, Scotch, Swedish and American Granites. Monuments and Headstones. A large assortment of the above always on hand or manufactured to order. My facilities for producing and furnishing the finest work are unexcelled. Write or call on us for details and prices. Our workmanship is expert, and we guarantee satisfaction.

a large scale aroused misgivings among shorts in wheat. May delivery led the advance in wheat, although the biggest trade was in the new crop months. One leading elevator concern alone purchased fully 1,000,000 bushels of September. Shorts in corn showed nervousness from the outset and covered freely, especially for May. The chief incentives were the higher cables, the absence of good deliveries here and the prospect of stocks here showing a big decrease for the week. Buying, said to be for Milwaukee packers, gave provisions a lift. Demand, however, did not arise until quotations had undergone some setback. May wheat, opened, 92c; high, 92 1/2 c; low, 92c; close, 92 1/2 c. May corn, opened, 64c; high, 65 1/2 c; low, 64c; close, 64 1/2 c. May oats, opened, 36 1/2 c; high, 37 1/2 c; low, 36 1/2 c; close, 37 1/4 c. William J. Harris, director of the United States census, is mentioned as a possible candidate for the governorship of Georgia.

HOW YOU MAY THROW AWAY YOUR GLASSES

The statement is made that thousands wear glasses who do not really need them. If you are one of these unfortunate ones, these glasses may be ruining your eyes instead of helping them. Thousands who wear these "windows" may prove for themselves that they can dispense with glasses if they will get the following prescription filled at once. Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Optiva; fill a two-ounce bottle with warm water and drop in one Optiva tablet. With this harmless liquid solution bathe the eyes two or four times daily, and you are likely to be astonished at the results right from the start. Many who have been told that they have astigmatism, eye-strain, cataract, sore eyes, weak eyes, conjunctivitis and other eye disorders, report wonderful benefits from the use of this prescription. Get this prescription filled and use it; you may strengthen your eyes that glasses will not be necessary. Thousands who are blind, or nearly so, or who wear glasses would never have required them if they had cared for their eyes in time. Save your eyes before it is too late! Do not give to others, get clear, healthy, strong magnetic eyes through the prescription here given.—Adv.