

THE DAILY MISSOULIAN

Published Every Day in the Year. MISSOULIAN PUBLISHING CO. Missoula, Montana.

Entered at the postoffice at Missoula, Montana, as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. (In Advance) Daily, one month \$0.65 Daily, three months 1.95 Daily, six months 3.50 Daily, one year 7.00 Postage added for foreign countries

TELEPHONE NUMBERS Bell 456 Independent 510

MISSOULA OFFICE 129 and 131 West Main Street Hamilton Office 221 Main Street, Hamilton, Mont.

SUBSCRIBERS' PAPERS. The Missoulian is anxious to give the best carrier service; therefore, subscribers are requested to report faulty delivery at once.

TO ADVERTISERS While The Missoulian takes every reasonable precaution to guard against typographical errors in its advertising columns, printers are but human and we will not be responsible for errors which may inadvertently occur.



TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1914

We will now discuss, a little more in detail, the struggle for Existence. —Dickens.

LOOKING UP "He's always morning somewhere."

There was a friendly gathering of Missoula progressives last night. It was an informal affair, a sort of get-together proposition.

This protest is being voiced in all parts of the country. In each state there is a local representative of the interest-control and to that extent the battle is local but it is only to the extent of the name.

In this plan of protest, there is no purpose to deprive any corporation or any individual of any right which is lawfully his.

It isn't a question of partisanship; it is a broader question of principle. For the question is breaking over party lines.

That eastern situation is typical of the situation which exists in practically every state in the Union.

Of all the signs of the times, there is none which is more encouraging than this one, which tells of a people awakened into thought and action.

It doesn't matter in what state it is; it doesn't matter who is the local boss from whose back room the orders go that tell "the gang" how to vote.

THE COMMISSION STAYS

It cost the city of Missoula about a thousand dollars, yesterday, to find out that local sentiment is strongly in favor of the continuance of the commission form of government.

Possibly, however, the experience was worth the thousand dollars that it cost. It is valuable to have the city recorded in this important matter.

But the question is settled now. The vote of yesterday should settle it for a long time to come.

The vote yesterday, as was expected, was small. There was such confidence that the vote would be favorable to the commission, that many voters remained away from the polls.

Now the commission government is more firmly established than ever in Missoula. It is decided that the commission system will stay here.

With the uncertainty regarding the permanence of the commission removed, it will be possible for the commissioners to proceed with their work with one distracting element removed.

But the best result obtained from the voting yesterday must be counted as the rebuke which the vote carries, to the gang politicians who had hoped, by the restoration of the old form of government, to renew their corrupt hold upon the rein of control in this city and, through that, in this county.

The atmosphere is cleared by the election. The city is understood, this morning, through the state, where she has been misrepresented by these fellows who have told how much dissatisfied the city is with the commission government.

Perhaps, after all, that thousand dollars was well spent.

TRADES UNIONISTS AND FARMERS EXEMPT

AMENDMENT TO ANTI-TRUST MEASURE BRINGS THE MATTER SQUARELY TO ISSUE.

Washington, June 1.—Trade unionists and farmers' unions would be legalized in their existence and declared not to be combinations in restraint of trade by a paragraph which the house today incorporated in the Clayton bill to supplement the anti-trust laws.

Although it is designed only to clarify existing law, organized labor leaders assert the final passage of this amendment will mark the culmination of a fight waged by them for 14 years—since the passage of the Sherman anti-trust law—for the exemption from prosecution under the laws against monopolies and restraints of trade.

As adopted, the provision sets forth that "nothing in the anti-trust law shall be construed to forbid the existence or operations of labor unions or farmers' co-operative associations, or to forbid or restrain members of such organizations from carrying out the legitimate objects thereof."

Supplemental to this provision the house adopted an amendment proposed by Representative Webb, in charge of the bill, and agreed to by organized labor representatives and the administration, which would provide that such organizations and their members "shall not be held or construed to the illegal combinations or conspiracies in restraint of trade under the anti-trust laws."

Although the provision was passed without dissenting vote, there was considerable debate as to just what effects of the legislation would be. Democratic leaders say that the provision would give labor the exemption it desired and asserted that officials of organized labor had endorsed the phraseology.

Progressive Leader Murdock and others asserted that it would be years before the courts could finally define just how far the exemption went and what it meant.

A clause to legalize such conferences and agreements among railroads as are now subject to the control of the interstate commerce commission also was passed by the house. The section confirms and protects the jurisdiction of the commission over such agreements and confirms existing laws against joint agreements to maintain rates.

Determined to hasten consideration of the measure, democratic leaders pressed the detailed debate and kept the session tonight without even allowing a recess for dinner. The holding companies section was taken up, and a substitute proposed by Representative Volstead of Minnesota, was defeated.

Senator Newlands, chairman of the interstate commerce committee, which has charge of the drafting of anti-trust legislation, announced to the senate today that he expected to make this legislation the unfinished business before that body after it votes on the Panama tolls exemption repeal bill.

SENATE MAY VOTE ON CANAL BILL SATURDAY

Washington, June 1.—Developments in the senate today encouraged leaders in the belief that the vote on the canal tolls exemption repeal bill will be taken on Saturday night.

Although an effort to secure unanimous consent for a vote at 4 o'clock Friday failed, senator O'Dorman, leader of the forces opposing repeal, announced that, beginning Wednesday the bill would be kept constantly before the senate until it was disposed of.

A SHOCK. GUAYMAS, Ecuador, June 1.—A heavy earthquake occurred here yesterday morning, and was also felt severely at Quito. Many houses were damaged and the people were terror-stricken.

CONSERVATION PLAN IS ALL UPSET

Los Angeles, June 1.—The conservation order of former President William H. Taft withdrawing from entry nearly 3,000,000 acres of oil lands in California was declared invalid in a decision rendered by Judge M. T. Dealing of the United States court and placed on the list today. The court held that the president of the United States had no power to withdraw lands from entry. The question, however, of whether the vast area affected by the order of the former president shall revert to the status of a domain of free exploitation depends upon the decision of the supreme court of the United States in the Mid-west oil company case, which involves 170,000 acres of oil land in Wyoming. This case has been before the supreme court for some time and a final adjudication is expected this month.

PRESIDENT FAVORS CONSERVATION MEASURES

WILSON GIVES VIEWS TO NEWS-PAPER MEN BUT OFFERS HOPE FOR ONLY ONE BILL.

Washington, June 1.—(Special)—In conference with newspaper men today, President Wilson reiterated his approval of the five so-called conservation measures pending before congress, but indicated that on account of the lateness of introduction they were not included in the legislative program for the present session, although some of them might be enacted into law this session after anti-trust and other important measures were disposed of.

The president particularly desires passage of the radium conservation bill, but it is believed that of the five bills in question, the radium conservation bill is the only one which stands a chance of getting through, as it has passed the senate.

DEFERRED.

Chicago, June 1.—The date set for the 21 defendants in the dynamite cases to surrender themselves at the prison at Leavenworth or to the United States marshal here was today deferred from June 5, the date originally set, to June 25.

BRASS IN BAD.

St. Louis, June 1.—John Benn died today of blood poisoning, the result of cutting his head between the brass bars of his bed. The poisoning was caused by rubbing his neck against the bars in an effort to free himself.

RETURNS ARE SLOW IN IOWA PRIMARIES

Des Moines, June 1.—Beyond the certainty that Senator A. B. Cummings and Governor Clarke had been re-nominated on the republican ticket, and that Congressman Maurice Connolly of the Third Iowa district had defeated E. T. Meredith, the Des Moines publisher, for the democratic senatorial nomination, belated returns tonight gave little information as to the definite results of today's statewide primary. Early estimates of 50,000 majority for Cummings, 20,000 to 25,000 for Connolly and 15,000 to 20,000 for Clarke were not materially changed by later returns.

LOST LAST WINTER BROWNE'S BODY IS FOUND

ANACONDA HUNTER FALLS TO DEATH OVER CLIFF AND IS DISCOVERED UNDER SNOW.

Anacosta, June 1.—(Special)—The body of Godfrey Browne, who was lost in the mountains late last fall while hunting near Mt. Creek, was found today about 3 o'clock at the bottom of a deep crevice in the mountains under several feet of snow. The search continued last fall for several weeks and only abandoned when winter came on, was resumed this spring. Several days ago his brother, Lester, and friends found his grave on a high bluff. After shoveling snow for five days they found the body at the bottom. It is presumed Mr. Browne lost his footing while crossing the bluff and fell to his death. A silver quarter, found nearby, had a silver depression in it. An inquest will probably be held tomorrow. The dead man leaves a father and mother in Republic, Mich., his former home.

OREGON LAND CASE IS REFERRED TO HIGH COURT

San Francisco, June 1.—At the conclusion of arguments late today in the appeal of the Southern Pacific and Oregon & California railroads from the decision of Judge Wolverton of Oregon forfeiting 2,300,000 acres of land to the government on the ground that the railroads failed to observe the terms of the government's grant, the United States circuit court of appeals announced it would refer the case to the United States supreme court for decision.

Only One Entirely Satisfactory. "I have tried various cures and diarrhoea remedies, but the only one that has given me entire satisfaction and cured me when I was afflicted by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I recommend it to my friends at all times," writes S. N. Calloway, Stewart, S. C. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

CONFERENCE.

Columbus, Ohio, June 1.—In the hope of bringing to an end the strike of about 40,000 coal miners in Ohio, representatives of the miners and coal operators will meet tomorrow in a joint conference.

The Apple Boom is Dead

And the coroner has gone home, but the apple industry is very much alive.

The wisest of the growers are working together, instead of "every man for himself," as was the case two or three years ago. The losses attending the record-breaking crop in 1912 will not—cannot—happen again. At last the topheavy apple industry is being supported by the strong base of diversified farming.

If your business or interests touch the apple industry in the slightest way, you should read the searchingly frank article,

Apples of the Northwest

By WALTER V. WOELKE

In This Week's Issue of

The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

Five Cents the Copy, of All News Agents—On Sale Wednesday, Or \$1.50 a Year by Mail Direct, or Through Any Authorized Subscription Agent

Our Distributing Agent is

F. H. KNISLEY

East Cedar Street. Missoula, Montana

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY

[Independence Square, Philadelphia Pennsylvania

ATTORNEY GENERAL WILL START THINGS

(Continued From Page One)

am satisfied that the cost of submitting five measures this fall—printing, distributing and mailing—will not be over \$15,000."

Certification Made Tuesday.

According to Mr. McCusker the certification from the secretary of state's office to the governor approving the fact that the signatures for the initiative and referendum are sufficient to insure its submission next fall was made last Tuesday. The primary law provides the governor's proclamation shall be made "forthwith," says Mr. McCusker. In view of the fact this has not been made, he believes Mr. Kelly's opinion is being waited for.

Even since the initiative and referendum amendment was passed, many lawyers have formally ventured the opinion that it was not worth the paper it was written on.

Section 9 of Article 19 of the state constitution provides "The secretary of state shall raise the said amendment or amendments to be published in full in at least one newspaper in each county (if such there be) for three months previous to the next general election"; further, "Should more amendments than one be submitted at the same election, they shall be so prepared and distinguished by numbers or otherwise that each can be voted upon separately."

Amendment Not Published.

It is charged the amendment was not published for the full period of three months, and that whereas the initiative and referendum should have been submitted as two amendments they were incorporated as into one, in violation of the express directions to the contrary.

According to rumors around the state house, the question has come to the fore at this time for two reasons. Advocates of the Kiley boxing law fear that the law will be repealed if it is referred. If it is referred and repealed, they threaten they will bring proceedings to knock out the initiative and referendum. If this happens and their position should be sustained, every official elected this fall would be out of office, because the election will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the primary that was initiated. Besides the expense of submitting the primary laws would be useless.

Many officials are satisfied that it is only a question of time before the amendment will be attacked, and they believe that it will be better for all concerned to have its constitutionality passed upon as soon as possible.

In every home where there is a baby there should also be a bottle of M'GEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It may be needed at any time to correct sour stomach, wind colic, diarrhoea or summer complaint. It is a wholesome remedy, contains no opium, morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Garden City Drug Co.—Adv.

GARRANZA INQUIRES ABOUT HOME FOLKS

(Continued From Page One)

the occupation of the remainder of Mexico, the capture of the capital and the elimination of Huerta and his followers is a matter of not more than two months. Should any or all of the foreign nations party to the conference at Niagara decide as a result of that conference, called to promote peace, to use force to secure acceptance of their plan, the constitutionalists feel that it would present a situation so contradictory as to be ludicrous. The announcement that a basis had been secured for the solution of the agrarian question was received with laughter. The constitutionalists do not acknowledge the right of the mediators to rule concerning this subject especially as the stand of the Huerta party on the matter largely was responsible for the unrest in Mexico.

Why Not at Home?

The constitutionalists assert the foreign mediators have not been able to settle this question in their own countries, and yet they apparently take upon themselves to settle so grave a matter for a country of whose local conditions they must be ignorant. The leaders explain the agrarian problem as one for local settlement, and that the only parties to the Niagara plan who understood local conditions are men who hold radically opposite views to that of the great majority in Mexico. The inference that Huerta might be allowed to become a candidate for president at a future election is regarded as impossible. He is regarded as a criminal by the constitutionalists, and that he should be a candidate for anything except the guillotine or the electric chair is not considered seriously by them.

AUTOMOBILE TIRES AT FACTORY PRICES

Save From 30 to 60 Per Cent

Table with 4 columns: Tire, Tube, Retliner, Price. Rows include 28x3, 30x3, 32x3, 34x3, 36x3, 38x3, 40x3, 42x3, 44x3, 46x3, 48x3, 50x3, 52x3, 54x3, 56x3, 58x3, 60x3.

All other sizes in stock. Non-Skid tires 15 per cent additional, red tubes 15 per cent above gray. All new clean, fresh, guaranteed tires. Best standard and independent makes. Buy direct from us and save money, 5 per cent discount if payment in full accompanies each order. C. O. D. on 10 per cent deposit. TIRE FACTORIES SALES CO. Dayton, Ohio.

Get Ready for a Long, Hot Summer

AN Electric Range Will Give You a Comfortable Home and Food Well Cooked at a Low Cost

Missoula Light and Water Co.

Don't think that piles can't be cured. Thousands of obstinate cases have been cured by Doan's Ointment. 50 cents at any drug store.

MISSOULIAN WANT ADS BRING QUICK RESULTS