

McREYNOLDS WON'T CALL OFF THE NEW HAVEN CASE He Could Do So With Caminetti but People Are Watching Now

McReynolds Is Told to Go Ahead With the New Haven Prosecution Presenting Its Criminal Aspects

Washington, July 21.—The long continued effort to disentangle the New Haven railroad without litigation came to an end tonight when President Wilson in a letter to Attorney General McReynolds directed the institution of a Sherman law suit to dissolve the system and ordered that the criminal aspects of the case be laid before a federal grand jury.

The president's approval of the course mapped out by the department of justice means that the civil suit will be filed against the New Haven in the United States court at New York at once. The attorney general also immediately will direct United States District Attorney Marshall at New York to summon a grand jury and the task of laying evidence before that body on which to ask for criminal indictments against officers and directors of the New Haven under the Mellon management will be begun as soon as possible.

The most significant fact in connection with the proceedings was said to be a statement which Mr. McReynolds gave on several occasions when the interstate commerce commission began its New Haven inquiry. In that statement the attorney general warned the commission to consider whether immunity might be given certain men if made to testify as to their actions as directors of the road.

In addition to directing the suit, the president in his letter to Mr. McReynolds declared that the decision of the New Haven directors not to keep their agreement to dissolve peacefully had caused him "the greatest surprise and regret" and that their failure "upon so slight a pretext" was "inexplicable and entirely without justification."

Accompanying the president's letter the department made public correspondence between the attorney general and the president and the attorney general and President Hustus of the New Haven. One of the most interesting phases of the correspondence was contained in the attorney general's letter to President Wilson in which there is a decided rebuke for the interstate commerce commission for its action in subpoenaing Mellon and "perhaps others flagrantly culpable" with the possible result of embarrassing the department by a claim of immunity in return for their testimony.

In this connection the attorney general makes the statement that criminal prosecutions have been always in mind and that there has never been "the slightest hope that parties guilty of criminal violations of the law would escape."

It has been an open secret for weeks that the department has what it believes is evidence that Mr. Mellon gave testimony to the commission contradicting evidence in the possession of the attorney general and it is possible that if any claim of immunity is raised that it will be fought on this issue.

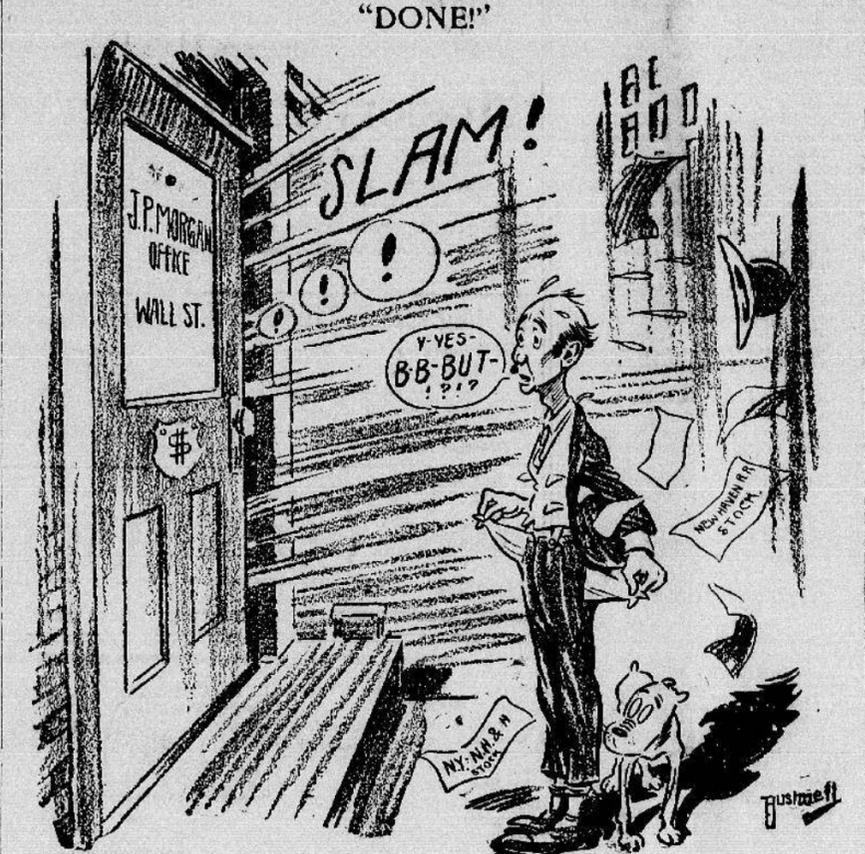
The letter from the attorney general to President Hustus made it clear that the department takes the position that the New Haven directors did not live up to their agreement of last March for a peaceful dissolution in their refusal to sell their Boston & Maine stock under conditions imposed by Massachusetts and put the blame for what may follow on the heads of these directors.

The case was discussed today at the cabinet meeting and the department's course approved.

FIGHTING WORMS. Atlanta, Pa., July 21.—O. Bruce Dunlap, Blair county farm expert today began a vigorous campaign against the army worm, which appeared here yesterday.

PARK HOTEL BURNS WITH SERIOUS LOSS

Great Falls, July 21.—The New Park hotel was partially gutted by fire this afternoon with an estimated loss of \$25,000. The fire is supposed to have started from sparks from a steam shovel working in the rear of the hotel for the construction of a portion of a new hotel, and it spread rapidly over the rear of the building. The company owning the hotel had already commenced work on a half-million-



When asked to answer the charges of the interstate commerce commission that New Haven directors wasted nearly \$100,000,000 of the road's funds, J. P. Morgan refused to answer, saying, "I am done with the public."

MOYER IS SEVERE IN CONDEMNATION

President Reports to the Western Federation the Insurgency in Butte and Declares It Is the Work of the I. W. W.

Denver, July 21.—The consolidation of the United Mineworkers of America and the Western Federation of Miners in a "one miners" organization is recommended in the report of President Charles H. Moyer, presented today at the biennial convention of the latter organization in session here. The report pledges the support of the Western Federation to the United Mineworkers in the Colorado strike; charges dissension among the members of the federation at Butte to the activities of representatives of the Industrial Workers of the World; urges the creation of a permanent fund for strike benefits; opposes a proposed amendment that would render any member ineligible for re-election who had previously held office two consecutive years and calls on the members of organized labor to unite in the campaign of education to secure their demands in states and in the nation.

Upon the subject of amalgamation with the United Mineworkers of America, Mr. Moyer said: "I want to say that there is not going to be any opposition on the part of the Western Federation of Miners to an amalgamation of the two miners' organizations; there are not going to be any officers stand in the way of a one miners' organization in this country."

The report quoted an address made early this year by Mr. Moyer in which such action was urged. President

COMPLETE TICKET IN SILVER BOW

Butte, July 21.—(Special.)—At a meeting tonight of an executive committee, named at a mass meeting of progressives three weeks ago, steps were taken to place an entire county ticket in the field, candidates being discussed and tentative choices made. Petitions will be circulated during the week and announcements of the candidates are to be made public at a meeting a week hence. Petitions for the nomination of James N. Brinson for congress were circulated at the meeting.

FOUR NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS FILED

Helena, July 21.—(Special.)—Two republicans and two progressives have filed four congressional nominations. The republicans are Fletcher Maddox of Great Falls and W. J. McCormick of Missoula, and the progressives James M. Brinson of Butte and W. D. Rankin of Helena.

DEMOCRATS STRIKE ANOTHER BIG BUMP

Washington, July 21.—Just as democratic leaders in the senate thought the administration anti-trust legislation program has been perfected and made ready for launching on its voyage to enactment, the bill to regulate railroad securities struck another snag again late today in the interstate commerce committee.

TWO ARRESTED.

Greenwood, Ark., July 21.—Two men were arrested today in connection with the recent strike riots in the Hartford valley coal fields. Fifty-three witnesses, including both union and non-union miners testified before the grand jury investigating the destruction of 67 mining properties of the Baehs-Denman Coal company and the alleged killing of two mine guards.

THREE HUNDRED BUTTE MEN SLEEP EVERY NIGHT WITH THEIR SHOES ON

Butte, July 21.—(Special.)—Between 300 and 400 men in Butte never take off their clothing or their shoes. They spend their nights in the all-night saloons, sleeping on chairs and on floors. These startling figures, gleaned from the police record, will be presented to the judiciary committee of the city council by those favoring the passage of the liquor ordinance which forces saloons to close between the hours of 1 a. m. and 5 a. m.

JOHN A. HENNESSY NEW YORK LEADER

New York, July 21.—John A. Hennessy, independent democrat and terror of Tammany, is now regarded as the most likely candidate of the progressives for governor of New York. The one thing that stands most in the way of Hennessy's nomination is the clamor among progressive leaders for Roosevelt to run. The colonel doesn't want the nomination. He wants Hennessy to make the race.



JOHN A. HENNESSY, The Terror of Tammany Hall.

No Fear of Vengeance Against All Federals Nor Hope of Amnesty

Laredo, July 21.—"No nation need fear an indiscriminate talking of vengeance against the federals," General Carranza yesterday told representatives of President Wilson, according to reliable reports which reached the border today.

When Philip Hanna, United States Consul General John R. Stillman and T. Ayres Robertson questioned General Carranza as to his plans, they were told it is said, that there would be neither universal political amnesty nor universal condemnation of political prisoners. Each case would be dealt with "according to the procedure of civilized countries which have passed through a similar stress of civil war."

COMMAND OF KING GATHERS LEADERS

London, July 21.—In compliance with the king's summons, which all speak of, in accordance with the time honored tradition, as "command," the eight party leaders most vitally concerned with a settlement of the home rule deadlock met today at Buckingham palace in an effort to reach an agreement.

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JONES INSISTS HE'S ALL RIGHT

THOMAS D. COMES BACK AT THE SENATE COMMITTEE WITH HIS OWN STORY.

COMMITTEE IS NOT FAIR

The Chicago Man Says He Has Been Treated Discourteously and That the Charges Against Him Are Not Borne Out by the Facts in His Personal Record.

Washington, July 21.—Thomas D. Jones of Chicago, whose nomination by President Wilson as a member of the federal reserve board was unfavorably reported to the senate by a majority of the banking and currency committee, submitted a supplemental statement of his case today in the form of a letter to Senator Hitchcock, acting chairman of the committee.

Mr. Jones' statement, made public by order of the senate at the instance of democratic members of the banking committee who favor his confirmation, was written after he had read the unfavorable report of the committee majority, and he submits that the procedure of the committee, particularly with reference to his connection with the New Jersey Zinc company, was "grossly unfair," charging the committee with stigmatizing as a "trust" a corporation against which there never had been any complaint.

With reference to his connection with the International Harvester company, Mr. Jones said the company had been doing business for six years when he became a director, and the government then had taken no action against it.

"I then believed and I still believe that at the date of my acceptance of the position of director the corporation was a law-abiding corporation, and that its business methods were productive of benefit and not of harm, and in that belief I accepted the position of director. As to the other branch, namely, the acts of the company and its board of directors since I became a director, so far as I have known they have neither been oppressive nor illegal in any particular."

With reference to the Missouri case, in which the organization of the harvester company was declared illegal, Mr. Jones insisted that the charge of "unfair dealing by the company toward the farmers was emphatically denied by the court."

"In an inquiry ostensibly intended simply to determine my fitness for public office," the letter added, "a corporation in which I was a director has been branded as a trust and its earnings stigmatized as 'unconscionable,' and these charges were spread broadcast through the public press under the great authority of the committee on banking and currency of the senate of the United States."

Reports reaching Washington today from White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., that Senator O'Gorman of New York had conferred there with Paul M. Warburg, the president's other nominee to fill the federal reserve board, and that some arrangement had been made whereby Mr. Warburg would agree to appear before the banking committee, were not known to any members of the committee in Washington.

COMMAND OF KING GATHERS LEADERS

London, July 21.—In compliance with the king's summons, which all speak of, in accordance with the time honored tradition, as "command," the eight party leaders most vitally concerned with a settlement of the home rule deadlock met today at Buckingham palace in an effort to reach an agreement.

The king received them with a speech. He pointed out the seriousness of the situation and the narrow margin of difference which now exists, and expressed the hope of a friendly solution of all difficulties.

The eight leaders, some of whom were not on speaking terms, included John Redmond, the Irish nationalist leader, and John Dillon, who never before had come into personal contact with the king. They discussed the situation for more than an hour and then adjourned.