

PHILADELPHIA BRINGS HOME AMERICANS

First Shipment of Happy Refugees Has Reached New York City.

AMERICANS ABROAD IN DESPERATE CASE

Very Difficult to Leave Continent—Prices of Food Prohibitive.

New York, Aug. 12.—The American liner Philadelphia, with the first crowd of Americans who rushed from Europe when the various nations declared war, arrived in New York tonight.

There were 702 persons in the cabin and 209 in the steerage. Virtually all of them were without baggage, many of them without money, and all had stories of hardships to tell.

A Thrilling Voyage.

The Philadelphia sailed from Southampton a few hours after England declared war on Germany. The first day out seven French torpedo boats and three submarines were sighted.

One of the torpedo boats hurried after the American liner, the rest of the fleet following slowly. Finally the torpedo boat, the B-7, came alongside and ordered the Philadelphia to stop.

The war vessel circled the liner several times, its officers looking closely at the faces of the passengers crowded on the decks. When the French naval officers were sure the Philadelphia really was an American vessel and that the passengers were Americans, one of them shouted in excellent English that the Philadelphia might proceed.

French Ships Cheered.

The passengers cheered the French ships. The cheer was returned and the tiny war vessels steamed away.

The refugees in the steerage were given the freedom of the ship. The men were separated from the women, however, and in some cases husbands were separated from their wives by this regulation.

Rather than sleep in the steerage, scores of these passengers slept in the smoking room, on the boat deck under the boats and life rafts, and in stater chairs. Four persons were in every cabin.

A Glad Welcome.

As the Philadelphia neared her pier in the North river the crowd waiting on shore shouted a welcome to the refugees. Then, for a quarter of an hour the whole river resounded with cheers.

The regulation preventing a ship which arrives at quarantine after sundown from proceeding to her dock under (Continued on Page Four.)

BRITISH SOLDIERS READY FOR BATTLE



ENGLISH ROYAL FUSILIERS.

Some of the best fighting men in England are found in the crack regiment known as the royal fusiliers. The photo shows the fusiliers in formation ready to repel an attack.

TRAIN CONDUCTOR SEES ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE

HE TELEPHONES PHYSICIAN WHO GETS TO SCENE IN TIME TO SAVE LIFE.

Iron Mountain, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Peter Swanson, an old-time resident of this town and best known here as "Suede Pete" attempted to commit suicide at his cabin here about noon today.

Swanson cut his throat with a knife and would undoubtedly die in a few minutes had he not been seen by Conductor Billings of the Northern Pacific, who was passing on his train.

Mr. Billings immediately telephoned to Superior and Dr. Botsford rushed to the aid of Mr. Swanson. Coroner Gerson of Mineral county had been called in the meantime, but his services were not needed. It is believed that Mr. Swanson will recover.

GERMANS ADMITTING LOSSES IN RUSSIA

London, Aug. 12, 2 a. m.—A Berlin dispatch to the Daily Telegraph says the German staff admits heavy losses on the Russian frontier.

GERMAN EMPEROR HAS GONE TO FRONT TO ASSUME COMMAND FIRST GREAT BATTLE OF WAR IS BELIEVED TO BE NEAR

GERMAN CAVALRY VEILS MOVEMENTS OF MAIN ARMY AND THERE IS SHARP SKIRMISHING WITH FRENCH.

London, Aug. 12.—A Brussels dispatch says the Kaiser is on his way to take personal command of the German army in Belgium.

Germans Routed.

London, Aug. 12.—The Exchange Telegraph's Brussels correspondent says:

"The Belgians have routed the Germans in a fierce encounter between the Belgian left wing and massed German cavalry, infantry and artillery. The Belgians displayed wonderful control under the fierce fire and their victory has aroused the liveliest enthusiasm along the whole line of the allied troops."

The Great Triangle.

The Telegraph's military correspondent at Paris declares several German army corps are assembled around Metz and extended in the form of a triangle from Metz to Treves and Luxembourg, while a still stronger force is stretched across Belgian Luxembourg and Namur province.

"The German right flank," says the correspondent, "rests on the Moselle near Haya. Three army corps with supporting cavalry, are established on the left bank. This army threatens to attack Brussels or invade France in the direction of Mons in the Belgian province of Hainaut."

Germany and Belgium.

The Daily Mail says it learns that on Monday, after the fruitless assault

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PLANS TO MAKE UP REVENUE DEFICITS

FRENCH AND BELGIAN ARMIES ARE MERGED

JUNCTURE IS EFFECTED SOUTH OF BRUSSELS—GERMAN RAIDERS DRIVEN.

Brussels, Aug. 12, via Paris, Aug. 12.—Belgian and French troops have effected a juncture south of Brussels. The German advance in the Belgian provinces of Limburg and Brabant has been checked.

The Germans are bringing up heavy artillery against Liege.

Raiders Repulsed.

A regiment of dragoons coming from the direction of Liege and who attempted to surprise the Belgians at Ambleve in the province of Liege, were driven off, leaving 153 dead and 102 prisoners.

Chilans have taken upward of \$100,000 from the bank at Hussels, capital of the province of Luxembourg.

Washington, Aug. 12.—How to raise \$100,000,000 to offset the loss to the United States in import duties will be discussed tomorrow by Secretary McAdoo and Representative Underwood.

Figures are ready on what might be raised by increased taxes on liquor and tobacco and by adding to the income tax.

Tax on Tobacco.

One scheme is to change the internal revenue tax on cigars and tobacco, making it an ad valorem tax instead of a flat tax on amounts. In this way about \$10,000,000 could be raised. From an increased beer tax \$20,000,000 could be brought in. No change in the income tax could be effective until after July 1 next.

The treasury statement showed today that the custom receipts for the month of August up to date aggregating \$7,665,548, against \$10,265,958 for the same period last year, and that since July 1 total has been \$39,755,005, about \$7,000,000 less than during the first six weeks of last year.

Why These War Prices?

Three resolutions asking information as to "war prices" on foodstuffs were referred today to Secretary Redfield by Chairman Anderson of the house interstate and foreign commerce committee. All directed inquiries through the department of commerce.

CANINE AMBULANCE DIVISION OF FRENCH ARMY OFF TO FRONT



CANINE AMBULANCE DIVISION OF FRENCH ARMY; FRENCH ARTILLERY IN ACTION.

The upper photo shows one of the most celebrated divisions of the French army on its way to the fray. This division is made up of the regulation ambulance corps, aided by specially trained dogs. The lower photo shows the batteries of a French artillery corps just after the fieldpieces had been fired.

GERMAN-AMERICANS PERFECT BIG LEAGUE

Indianapolis, Aug. 12.—The League of 1914, an organization of German-Americans, was completed here today. Its purpose is "for the dual object of obtaining fair and unbiased representation in the press of facts as they come up from time to time in connection with the war now raging in Europe and of obtaining funds to be used in helping the sufferers living in Germany."

It is proposed to make the membership large and widespread.

WHY DONLAN LEFT THE RACE HIS HURRIED TRIP TO BUTTE

Plains, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—The withdrawal of Edward Donlan from the race for state senator at the very last minute and after he had filed his declaration with the county clerk, has set the people of Sanders county wondering what can the matter be.

Less than two weeks ago, Mr. Donlan gave a banquet at the Thompson hotel, to announce his candidacy for state senator.

It Was Some Feed.

To the banquet was invited men from every precinct in the county. The eatables, drinkables and cigars consumed on that occasion amounted to a sum that set the local politicians oozing with wonderment. The same week, the local paper at Thompson came out with a front page story of Mr. Donlan's final determination to cast his lot with the people of this county. The article went on to tell how he had given orders for the immediate preparation of plans for the erection of a magnificent private residence at Thompson.

Many of "the boys" received the news with great approbation of the prospects in sight for an increase in the circulating medium this fall and the dispensers of liquid refreshments prepared for an increase in their orders for October delivery.

Now comes the depressing news

GERMAN INFANTRY IS ANNIHILATED

Two Regiments Wiped Out in the Battle at Muhilhausen.

Rome, Aug. 12.—The Messaggero has a message from Basel, Switzerland, that two German infantry regiments were annihilated during the battle with the French at Muhilhausen.

The German regiments mentioned are the Eighth Baden Infantry No. 169, and the Fourth Prince William's Baden infantry regiments No. 112.

that our prospective state senator, at the very last moment "changed his mind" and failed to file the necessary petition.

The explanation is being passed around, that he feared the legal pro-

TOGO WILL LEAD MIKADO'S NAVY

vision regarding residence. But it is known that he had thoroughly investigated that matter before investing in the big banquet in honor of his coming out announcement.

The Explanation. It is not a secret, that two days before he declined the nomination, that he had made a hurried trip to Butte for a conference with some of the Amalgamated officials and that immediately on his return, the word was given out that he could not run.

What the real cause can be is still the question. Some insist that there has been some unfortunate crossing of wires over the new dam sites. Anyway, the senator, on his return from Butte, made a quick transfer of his political hopes to the pro-frog, Reuben Dwight, late of Missoula county, but now located at Perma.

The mantle of the Thompson Falls Elijah has been suddenly thrown upon the shoulders of the Perma Elijah. Whether he will be translated in a chariot of political fire in November is a mooted question.

Some of the local Toff followers are dumfounded at the suddenness of the change in front and will not be quieted by the "legal residence" story, which they all believe to have been manufactured for the exigencies of the occasion.

It seems to be another case of "off again, on again, gone again, Plannigan."

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—The German cruiser Leipzig is bound into the harbor of San Francisco to coal.

WIRES TO JAPAN CUT.

Tokio, Aug. 13.—Telegraphic communication between Japan and Europe is interrupted.

AUSTRIANS SUFFER CHECK ON RIVER DNIESTER

ROUTED WITH LOSS—BATTLE IS DECISIVE ACTION.

Paris, Aug. 12.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg, to the Matin says:

The Austrians have suffered a check on the Dniester river. Four regiments of Austrian infantry and eight regiments of Chilians were routed. The approaching big battle will probably be a decisive one.

An attempt by the Germans to occupy Eschikowen, East Prussia, one of the points to which Russian troops were dispatched early in the war, has failed. The Germans, consisting of a detachment of infantry with artillery, were repulsed with loss.

EUROPE IS AFTER OUR SUPPLIES OF GOLD

NEW YORK COMMERCE CHAMBER SEEMS TO BE WILLING TO SEND IT ALL OVER.

New York, Aug. 12.—New York bankers today laid before the federal reserve board a plan for resumption of the law regarding reserve requirements for national banks. An alternative plan was an act of congress permitting banks to count national bank notes in their reserves.

These matters were brought up at a meeting of the special committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce in the financial world, fear was expressed that any action would start once more the drain on the country's gold supply, which was a cause of unsettlement of our finances.

COASTWISE TRADE LAID OPEN FOR FOREIGNERS

AS WAR MEASURE, THEY WILL BE ALLOWED TO SAIL ON AMERICAN REGISTER.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Opening of the coastwise trade of the United States to foreign-built vessels admitted to American registry in the next two years was agreed upon tonight by the house and senate conferees on the pending Panama canal act amendment.

The amendment as it passed the house designed an emergency measure to enlarge quickly the merchant marine and facilitate the movement of exports while foreign shipping is tied up by the European war. It would authorize the president in his discretion to admit to American registry foreign-built ships not over five years old. The senate added amendments to admit such ships to the trade between Atlantic and Pacific ports of the United States and on the gulf and great lakes and from these grew the plan agreed upon tonight.

AUSTRIAN HORSE BRIGADE IS OUT

Exterminated by Cossacks, Declares a Dispatch to Rome Paper.

Rome, Aug. 12.—A local paper has a telegram stating that an Austrian cavalry brigade has been exterminated on the Austro-Russian frontier.

The Austrian cavalrymen attacked the cossacks who had artillery. They were beaten and tried to retreat, but rain had fallen and men and horses were caught in the marshy ground and shot down until not one remained alive.

GET THE IDLERS JOBS TO REMEDY UNREST

Seattle, Aug. 12.—Before the federal industrial relations commission today Colonel A. J. Blethen, publisher of the Seattle Times, and James P. Thompson, who organized the Industrial Workers of the World at Lawrence, Mass., strike, touched frequently on that organization.

How to Cure Unrest. "The way to cure social unrest is to give men jobs," Colonel Blethen told the commission.

"The strike, the lockout and the boycott ought to be written into the crim-

inal law. The day has arrived when employers and employes should arbitrate and conciliate." Mr. Thompson told the commissioners that they had been interrogating "a bunch of hypocrites" and persons who were afraid of losing their jobs if they told the truth.

"Until the wage system is abolished the world will not be at rest," he said.

All witnesses agreed that the difficulty here was finding employment for men thrown out of work by seasonal industries.

FARMERS HOLDING BACK ALL THEIR LIVESTOCK

RECEIPTS AT CHICAGO YARDS APPROACH FAMINE BASIS, SAYS MR. ARMOUR.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Receipts at the stock yards for two weeks have been on a famine basis says J. Orden Armour, president of Armour & Co.

Armour denies a charge that packers have made the European war an excuse to put up prices. During the last two weeks Armour & Co. have killed fewer hogs than during any similar period in the history of the concern, the statement says.

The shortage of receipts is due to an actual shortage of livestock, with which the packers have been contending for a year, together with a natural tendency of the producer to hold back his stock in hopes of war-time prices.

FURTHER DETAILS OF IRRIGATION BILL

Washington, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Delay on the part of conferees in reaching an early agreement on the reclamation extension bill was due to the desire of the reclamation service to make some notifications of the Underwood amendment, providing for the expenditure of this fund by specific appropriation.

Reclamation service officials, it has been learned, endeavored to have the conferees agree to some sort of a contingent fund, to be expended under the federal law.

WHAT IT ALL COST EVANS AND STOUT

Washington, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Representatives Stout and Evans have filed a detailed primary statement of the primary expense, as required under the federal law. Stout gives his total primary expenses as \$9.31. The items show \$6.85 for printing petitions, \$2.04 for postage and 42 cents for express. Evans' expense was \$8.10, \$6.85 being for printing petitions and \$1.25 for postage.