

BUTTE DYNAMITERS BLOW DOWN EMPLOYMENT OFFICE GERMANS EXPECTED TO BESIEGE PARIS IN FEW DAYS

AMALGAMATED EMPLOYMENT OFFICE IN BUTTE DYNAMITED

INSTITUTION LONG HATED BY MINERS WRECKED AT EARLY HOUR THIS MORNING—WATCHMAN IS MISSING, PERHAPS WAS KILLED

GOVERNOR STEWART APPEALED TO FOR TROOPS MILITIA MAY GO TO BUTTE IN FEW HOURS

Butte, Aug. 30.—The employment office of the Anaconda Copper Mining company at the Parrot mine, known to the miners as the "rustling office," was blown up at 1.30 o'clock this morning with a terrific blast of dynamite that jarred all the buildings in Butte and rocked residences on the outskirts of the city.

The structure was of brick and two stories high and one side was completely blown out and a hole torn through the top large enough to admit a street car.

As yet no one was killed as far as known, but the aged night watchman is missing.

It is believed that from 75 to 100 pounds of dynamite was set off, judging from the concussion felt in the city.

The Anaconda company had installed the rustling card system whereby miners before they were permitted to apply for work had to possess a "rustling" card and to centralize the system the office issuing these cards for the mines of the Anaconda company was established at the Parrot mine. The system is said to have aroused considerable opposition among the miners.

CITY IN PANIC

The blast threw the city into a panic so heavy was the force of the explosion and many people rushed into the streets half dressed in the belief that dynamiting of buildings in the city had commenced, so great is the tension. The people have been fearing trouble for several days.

REWARD OFFERED

The Anaconda Mining company has offered a reward of \$10,000 for the arrest of the dynamiters or for information which will lead to their apprehension. The offer of this reward was authorized this morning by Con Kelly, vice president of the Anaconda Copper Mining company.

Trouble Had Been Feared

Butte, Aug. 29.—(Midnight)—Richard O'Brien, a young miner, who refused to join the miners' union, was deported this morning by the mine workers, after he had been held prisoner under armed guard for a number of hours.

Mines of the Anaconda company were equipped with searchlights, today and, it is stated, stocked with rifles. Two machine guns also were smuggled in, it is said.

A committee of Butte merchants went to Helena last night and urged Governor Samuel V. Stewart to send the militia to Butte.

The Miners' Threats

Threats are openly made by idle miners that they will loot the warehouses and stores for food supplies. Threats even have extended to "going through" the banks.

This afternoon a number of miners entered a cafe, and after partaking of \$75 worth of food, notified the management they were out of work and had no money and left the place.

At a mass meeting last night of miners, addressed by "Muckie" McDonald, Sheriff Driscoll and his deputies were publicly notified to keep their hands off.

O'Brien Defiant

O'Brien was taken from the St. Lawrence mine this morning by the jurisdiction committee of the Butte Miners' union. O'Brien was held for his button or card showing membership in the union and replied "I had no card from the union, was a member of the Western Federation of Miners, did not belong to the miners' union and would not become a member of it."

He was placed under guard and forcibly marched to the headquarters of the miners' union by the jurisdiction committee of 40 and other members of the union. He was detained there three or four hours while members of the union attended the funeral of Felix McAlavey, the miner who was killed at the office of the union Wednesday afternoon.

Toward noon an order for his deportation was made by the officers of the union at the headquarters, and he was marched out of town to the west of the city limits and told not to come back if he valued his welfare.

The Anaconda mine closed Tuesday by the insurgents miners has not yet resumed operations. It is one of the largest in Butte and employed 750 men.

Warrant for McDonald

The Missoulian learned by a telephone conversation tonight that a warrant for McDonald, president of the "Muckie" McDonald, president of the Butte Mine workers' Union, was issued today on the complaint of Richard O'Brien, a miner deported this morning by the mine workers. The warrant was placed in the hands of Sheriff Tim Driscoll, but after he had had a talk with McDonald, the sheriff decided it was best not to publish the message.

Later, it is said, a judge on the district bench in Butte, issued an order to all Butte newspapers and newspapers to suppress all mention of the warrant and its attempted service, on penalty of contempt. The Missoulian hereby states that it has this information from another source and no Butte newspaperman can in the least be implicated in its publication, as all the correspondents there, including the Associated Press, apparently complied with the court's order.

Merchants Ask for Troops

The Missoulian also learns that as forecast exclusively in these columns, a committee representing 85 Butte merchants called upon Governor Stewart Friday night and begged for either militia or federal troops. The governor showed this committee a letter lying upon his table, from President Wilson, in which the president refused a recent request for troops, "until Montana has exhausted every resource to preserve law and order."

A dispatch to The Missoulian from Helena at 4 o'clock this morning states that the governor had just retired, without coming to a decision upon sending the militia to Butte. The Missoulian is informed, however, that troops are very likely to be ordered there this morning.

PLAYWRIGHT DROWNS SELF IN LAKE AVOCA

Butte, Aug. 29.—(Special)—Owen Decker, an amateur playwright and author, who despaired of having his work accepted, drowned himself in Lake Avoca this afternoon after swallowing carbolic acid. He first indicated a poem to the world depicting a brilliant mind about to be cast into oblivion with the naked body of a despairing man and then enacted his tragedy. A memorandum found in his clothes showed that he had traveled extensively and that his home was in Newark, N. J.

AUTO OVERTURNS.

Mount Vernon, Wash., Aug. 29.—W. J. Thompson, former mayor of Sedro-Woolley, was killed last night by the overturning of his automobile.

NAMUR EVACUATED BY BELGIANS AUG. 23

DEFENDERS WERE UNABLE TO WITHSTAND THE ARTILLERY FIRE OF INVADERS

London, Aug. 29.—Lieutenant Depe of the Belgian infantry says the fortress of Namur was completely evacuated by the Belgians August 23. When he left Namur, the Germans had knocked to pieces three of the forts to the northeast of the town with bowitzer fire. Between these forts they advanced and bombarded the town. Namur was evacuated when the defenders found themselves unable to support a heavy artillery fire. The Germans attacked in a formation three ranks deep, the front rank lying down, the second kneeling and the third standing. They afforded a target which was fully used by the men behind the Belgian machine guns. Some 40 or 50 howitzers were brought into action by the Germans who concentrated several guns simultaneously on each fort and smothered it with fire.

WAR RISK MARINE BILL HAS PASSED

Washington, Aug. 29.—The administration bill to create a federal bureau of war risk marine insurance, with a \$5,000,000 fund to meet possible losses to American shipping, was passed late today in the house by a vote of 230 to 53. Already passed by the senate, it now goes to President Wilson.

RIOT IN RHODE ISLAND

Providence, R. I., Aug. 29.—Stores were wrecked in the Italian colony and a large quantity of foodstuff was destroyed tonight during a riot which followed meetings of protest against the increased cost of food.

CRUELTY IS ALLEGED BY A LOUVAIN FUGITIVE

GERMANS SHOOT THE BELGIAN PRIESTS—MANY BURGHERS HAVE BEEN SLAIN

Amsterdam, Aug. 29, via London.—The correspondent at Rosendael of the Handelsblad, interviewed a fugitive from Louvain. "The fact is that throughout the night heavy field guns bombarded the town. At daybreak we hastily packed our valuables and hurried to the railway station. There the refugees were parted, the men being placed on one side and women and children on the other side of the station square. "We could see the bodies of six burghers who had been shot.

Seven Priests Shot.

"The town was now one flaming mass. At last, escorted by German soldiers, we walked to Campenhout, where we witnessed the shooting of seven priests in a group.

"We were told that we would be set free, but must return to Louvain. Returning to that city, I was once more taken prisoner and driven in front of German soldiers across the country without rest or food and used with other prisoners as a cover for the troops.

"When we arrived within a short distance of the Belgian outpost, I received permission to go my own way. I arrived at Malines, proceeding on a military train to Antwerp.

"I am unaware of what has become of my wife and children. All my valuables were taken from me. I was told, though I did not see it myself, that the burgomaster and a number of prominent men of Louvain were shot. The city has been completely cut off from all communication with the outside."

FREDERICK WILLIAM IS LEADING ARMY

TROOPS UNDER GERMAN CROWN PRINCE ARE ADVANCING TOWARD MEUSE

London, Aug. 29.—Berlin wireless dispatch says:

"The army led by Crown Prince Frederick William is advancing toward the Meuse.

"The troops under the crown prince of Bavaria were attacked from Nancy and the south, but the enemy was driven off. German marines from Scutari have joined the Austrian forces engaged against Serbia and stormed in the first line, a mountain on the banks of the Drina.

"The American assistant secretary of war, Henry S. Breckinridge, in Europe in connection with the repatriation of Americans, expresses his gratitude for support received in German and Austrian official circles."

SENATE CONFIRMS MR. M'REYNOLDS

Washington, Aug. 29.—Today the senate confirmed the nomination of Attorney General McReynolds to be an associate justice of the supreme court. Senators said the vote was "very decidedly" in favor of the confirmation.

EDUCATOR SHOT.

London, Aug. 29, 12:49 p. m.—According to a correspondent at Ostend, Monsignor Coenraets, vice rector of the University in Louvain, was one of the prominent residents shot by the Germans there.

PARIS PREPARES FOR SIEGE FRENCH ARE DEFEATED AGAIN

GERMAN ARMY ADVANCING FROM NORTHEAST AND SUBURBS OF FRENCH CAPITAL MAY BE FORMALLY INVESTED IN FEW DAYS

KAISER SENDS ARMY CORPS TO EASTWARD WHERE RUSSIAN ADVANCE IS MENACING

Most significant is the official announcement by the French war office that the military governor of Paris had ordered all residents within the zone of action of the forts around Paris to evacuate and raise their houses within four days.

Another significant official announcement from Paris is to the effect that the German forces are advancing in the direction of Laferre, which lies about 80 miles northeast of Paris. The right wing of the French troops operating in this region has driven back the Germans on the town of Guise but the left wing was unable to hold the advance of the German troops.

Both French and the British are calling upon all their men to join in the defense of the French lines, which apparently are dropping back gradually.

British cruisers and destroyers which were in the engagement off Heligoland have arrived at various English ports and some members of the crew assert that at least 11 German vessels of various sizes were sunk.

A German army corps which has been engaged along the line of the Meuse has been withdrawn and has proceeded to the northeast, presumably to reinforce the troops striving to check the advance of the Russian army through East Prussia.

An Athens dispatch gives a semi-

official statement from "a trustworthy source" in Constantinople that German officers and steamers have passed through Bulgaria on their way to Constantinople. There has been some question as to the attitude Turkey intended to assume in the present war, though previous to the war Turkey had a strong leaning towards Germany.

Paris Fears Worst

Paris, Aug. 30.—It is officially announced that the military governor has ordered all residents of the zone within action of the city's defending forts to evacuate and destroy their houses within four days from today, August 30.

It is officially announced that the French left, composed of four army corps, drove back on Guise the Tenth German corps and guards. The Germans suffered a considerable loss.

Further announcements made by the war office say:

"In Lorraine our forces have advanced. We occupy a line along Mortagne, and our right wing is pushing forward. There is no news from the Meuse.

Battle Around Lanoy

"A violent battle occurred yesterday (Saturday) in the region of Lanoy near Lille, Signy, L'Abbaye and Chateau Fortin but the result has not been decisive and the attack will be resumed tomorrow.

"Four French army corps engaged in a violent battle on the left wing. The right wing of these four corps, taking the offensive, drove back on Guise the Tenth German corps and the guard, both suffering considerable losses.

"Our left was less fortunate, the German forces are advancing in the direction of Laferre. (Laferre is a town 14 miles northwest of Leon.)

Germans Go East.

London, Aug. 29.—One hundred and sixty railway trains, loaded with German troops, have passed through Belgium from the southwest toward the northeast, according to an Antwerp dispatch. This indicates that the Germans are sending troops back on account of the advance of the Russians. The German force at Brussels has been reduced to a minimum.

These 160 trains, which passed through last night, the dispatch continues, are transporting one army corps with full equipment, and "it would appear that the rapid advance of the Russians is compelling the Germans to withdraw troops from the line of the Meuse."

Russian Victories.

New York, Aug. 29.—A military attaché of the Russian embassy at Washington, made public here tonight cables from St. Petersburg, as follows:

"The Russian troops are approaching the fortresses of Koelnberg and have taken possession of bridges on the Alle.

"On the Galician border a battle near Tomaszef and Monastyrskala has been successfully begun. Our troops are energetically closing in on Iwów (Lemberg). Advance troops already are in reach.

"In Galicia on August 26 a series of separate engagements assumed the character of a great battle which was developing in the southern districts of the province of Tubin and Holm and in eastern Galicia.

"One of our infantry regiments, in a hand-to-hand fight, took the colors of and almost completely annihilated the Eleventh Gonved (Hungarian) regiment."

HELIGOLAND FIGHT MAKES SEA HISTORY

SHARP AND TERRIBLE STRUGGLE BETWEEN NAVAL CRAFT—FEARFUL EFFECT OF GUN-FIRE—BRITISH SAVE GERMAN WOUNDED

London, Aug. 29.—The naval engagement between the British and Germans off Heligoland lasted eight hours. The fighting was sharp and terrible, says a dispatch to the Evening News from Harwich. A description of the fight was given by crews of British destroyers, which have arrived off Harwich. They had British and German wounded on board. The Germans were picked up at sea after their ships went to the bottom.

The Evening News quotes a non-commissioned officer as follows:

Battle Unexpected.

"We came upon the German ships unawares. The action was very hot while it lasted and we must have done a lot of damage."

At least 11 German vessels of various sizes were sunk in the engagement. Toward the end of the battle, some English pinnacles engaged in picking up Germans who were struggling in the water were followed by the German squadron and had to beat a hasty retreat, leaving the men to their fate.

Gun-Fire Effective.

British sailors who boarded the German cruiser Mainz after she was put out of action say the effect of the British gun-fire was terrible. The masts were shot away and turrets were battered in. The decks were a mass of wreckage and dead and dying sailors were lying all over the ship. The British casualties so far reported are one killed and 20 wounded.

SUFFS TAKE AFTER EIGHTEEN SOLONS

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Nine United States senators and nine congressmen opposed to woman suffrage are named in a statement issued here today by the National Woman Suffrage association, and written by Anna Howard Shaw, president of the association, and Mrs. Medill McCormick, chairman of the congressional committee, who appeal to all suffrage associations to concentrate their influence to defeat these men for re-election. The nine senators are: Brandegee of Connecticut, Clarke of Arkansas, Dillingham of Vermont, Fletcher of Florida, Gore of Oklahoma, Root of New York, Shively of Indiana, Smith of Maryland and Lodge of Massachusetts.

FRANTIC ATTEMPT TO HALT INVADERS

FRENCH AND BRITISH RUSH EVERY GUN TO BLOCK PATH OF GERMANS TO PARIS—JOFFRE WILL STRIKE AT GERMAN FLANK

London, Aug. 29.—The French and British are gathering every man and gun available in northwestern France in an attempt to stop the German advance to Paris.

General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French army, will strike at the German right to relieve the British and French forces, in a critical situation by the German outflanking movement.

A report comes from Antwerp and Copenhagen that the Germans have commenced a movement back from the west to meet the Russians who have been advancing so quickly through East Prussia.

The Russians continue their march through East Prussia and confirmation comes tonight that they have invested Koelnberg and taken Allenstein.

Berlin Not in Paris Yet

It will be a long time, however, before they can directly threaten Berlin, or, indeed, before their millions of men can reach the scene of the Austrian frontier, where troops of the Russian emperor are engaged in a general battle on a front of 300 kilometers (186 miles), between the Vistula and Lemberg, capital of Galicia.

There is considerable uneasiness over the attitude of Turkey. Athens tonight repeats the report that German naval officers and sailors are on the way to Constantinople.

KING UNDER FIRE.

London, Aug. 29, 1:20 a. m.—A Central News dispatch from Antwerp says that during the latest fighting there King Albert of Belgium himself was under fire for two hours.

TURKEY'S PART.

London, Aug. 29.—A correspondent at Athens says:

"News has been received from a trustworthy source in Constantinople that 300 German officers and sailors, as well as a quantity of ammunition passed through Bulgaria Friday on a special train on their way to Constantinople."

LEWISTOWN PICKED BY MONTANA FIREMEN

THEY DECIDE TO RAISE FUND TO FORWARD LEGISLATION URGENTLY DESIRED

Anaconda, Aug. 29.—(Special)—Lewistown was chosen as the convention city for 1915 by the firemen's association, which closed its sessions late today with the election of officers. Arthur Baker of Lewistown was selected as president. A banquet was given tonight at which E. P. Mathewson was the presiding officer.

A fund to be used in securing legislation for the benefit of the firemen was decided upon and it was further decided to levy an assessment of 50 cents upon each member for this fund.

MANY AMERICANS MAY GO TO WAR

Washington, Aug. 29.—Approximately 1,500,000 unaturalized foreigners, more than 21 years old, natives of warring European nations, are in the United States, according to latest reports of the census bureau. Most of those undoubtedly are liable to military duty and many of them have gone forward to join the armies.

They are thus divided:

- Great Britain and Ireland, 197,425; Canada, 150,718; Russia and Finland, 478,428; France, 16,605; and Belgium, 8,831. On the other side, Germany had 127,103 and Austria-Hungary, 523,869. In addition to these, the other European nations might call from the United States men who have not been naturalized here as follows: Italy, 468,452; Switzerland, 19,331; Norway, 24,478; Sweden, 52,941; Denmark, 14,497; Holland, 11,798; Portugal, 18,444; Roumania, 12,569; Bulgaria, Serbia and Montenegro combined, 14,352; Greece, 55,208; Turkey, 37,491, and Spain, 9,213.

WOMEN GIVE PARADE AS PROTEST ON WAR

New York, Aug. 29.—Women made protest against the war in Europe by marching through fashionable Fifth avenue today to the beat of muffled drums. They clad themselves in black or if dressed in white, wore mourning bands on their sleeves.

Shortly they trod through this canyon of hotels, clubs, residences and office buildings, while thousands of persons stood as quietly on the sidewalks view-

ing the slowly moving procession as they might look upon a passing funeral cortege. Occasionally sunlight streamed from overcast skies and touched upon the clusters of yellow flowers which some of the marchers carried.

Nearly 2,500 women took part in this unique demonstration, which had the approval of President Wilson. Boy scouts, with drums, lead each division.