

BUTTE WESTERN FEDERATION UNION BEGINS TO LIFT HEAD

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISEMENT SCORES SECEDEERS AND ASKS SYMPATHY AND SUPPORT OF REST OF ORGANIZED UNIONS IN BUTTE

Butte, Sept. 11.—The military commission announced this afternoon that the trials of mineworkers charged with carrying concealed weapons would start next Tuesday, the first case to be that of Edward Evans, captured by the troops as he and Alex. McLane, also under arrest, were in the act of carrying supplies to the then fugitive head of the Butte Mineworkers' union, "Mackie" McDonald.

Butte Miners' union No. 1, Western Federation of Miners, has begun an active campaign for members in an effort to re-establish itself. Tonight it addressed the following statement to organized labor, as an advertisement in the newspapers:

"To all organized labor: "Dear Sirs and Brothers—We desire to inform you of some recent occurrences in Butte and to warn you against extending any sympathy or support to men who have committed the gravest crimes against organized labor and the peace of the community. "Since the riots on the 14th of June, which broke up the miners' parade and resulted in the partial destruction of furniture and records and the looting of the safe, the citizens of Butte have been terrorized by a band of hoodlums preaching the I. W. W. philosophy, threatening the looting of the city, practicing intimidation, insulting and the deportation of Federation men who refused to take out a card in the mineworkers' union. All this in the name of unionism.

"On the 23d of June they broke up a meeting of the miners' union at which President Mayor had proposed and was carrying into effect a remedy for the grievances they complained of, finished the destruction of the hall and sought to kill its occupants. "Newspaper offices were visited and

their reports of the mineworkers activities censored, no utterances of individuals that criticized the new union was tolerated, speakers at street corners preached violence, threatened the destruction and looting of the city, while they defied arrest. In all this turbulence and disorder there was no arm lifted for the preservation of peace. The mayor seemed to acquiesce in the crimes and the sheriff to be impotent and unable to preserve order. Business and professional men armed for the protection of their homes and property, and finally after trials and deportations of union men had become a matter of daily occurrence they appealed for the troops.

"The men who came among you carrying cards of the mineworkers' union of Butte are entitled to no consideration from union men. Their unionism was but a cloak for the commission of crime, their acts a reproach to organized labor. Should you aid them they will probably repay you with kindness with an attempt to disrupt and destroy your organization.

"You can aid the cause of organized labor and discourage their efforts at disruption in the future by treating men carrying cards from the mineworkers' union of Butte as enemies of organized labor. "Hopng that you will heed our friendly warning and be spared our grievous trials, we remain, yours for unionism.

"FRANK O'CONNOR, President. "PAT O'NEILL, Secretary."

Saloons to Open

Major Dan J. Donohue, commanding the military, tonight announced that the saloons of Butte will be permitted to open Monday morning at 8 o'clock and continue open until 7 o'clock in the evening. It was intimated strongly that the saloons on Monday during these hours would be on probation and that if any disorders occurred in consequence the order authorizing the opening would be rescinded.

WILLIAM A. CLARK SAYS GERMANS ARE CRUEL

FORMER MONTANA SENATOR HAS STORY OF SAD ABUSE OF A FAMILY IN BELGIUM

New York, Sept. 11.—Prince Nicholas Engalicheff, former Russian vice consul in Chicago, returning to America today, made public a statement which he said had been given him in Paris by William A. Clark, former United States senator from Montana, with the request that it be given to the American press. The statement follows:

"Tell the American people of this case, which I have investigated. It is that of a Belgian family, the father of whom was shot dead by the Germans and the mother lashed to a chair while the soldiers attacked her 16-year-old daughter before her eyes. The mother became a raving maniac. I have the daughter under my care here."

GRUB GETS SCARCE GERMANS IN NEED

London, Sept. 12, 3:12 a. m.—A Ghent correspondent says the German army is in dire straits for food. The Germans are pushing 60,000 men toward West Flanders. They expect to victual about Oudenarde, where the harvest is good.

POINCARÉ DENIES IT.

Bordeaux, Sept. 11.—President Poincaré today cabled President Wilson denying that dum-dum bullets are manufactured in the French state factory and used by his soldiers.

WAR REVENUE BILL ABOUT COMPLETED

Washington, Sept. 11.—Democrats of the ways and means committee completed the war revenue bill today without vital changes. It will be introduced tomorrow and called up Tuesday for debate, and a special rule to expedite its passage presented.

OUR NATION PLEADS FOR THE HELPLESS



SAME OLD GANG PUTS OVER SAME OLD GAGS IN SAME OLD MANNER

ECHOES OF "REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION" IN HELENA, WHERE THE AMALGAMATED CROWD RULED AS OF YORE—HOW HIGGINS' PROGRESSIVE MEASURES WERE FROZEN OUT—AMALGAMATED TAKES MEASURES TO DEFEAT WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT

Helena, Sept. 11.—(Special)—The republican state convention has come and gone, but there is the old familiar dark-brown taste in the mouths of members of that party as of old—that is, those deluded members who have imagined that the old gang was not still in the saddle for the same old Amalgamated purposes.

They Freeze Higgins Out.

Among these Ronald Higgins of Missoula is as prominent as distinguished citizens in carriages. At the night session Higgins offered a resolution to pledge the party to the identical license tax measure that was unanimously indorsed at the republican state central committee meeting last spring. A thick silence ensued.

Silence Deep and Thick.

Finally, Secretary McCusker of the Peoples' Power league seconded the resolution. Ed Donlan's man Friday, Reuben Dwight, of Sanders, promptly challenged McCusker's right to do so, forgetting in his zeal to emulate Donlan's skill in manipulating conventions that the credentials of McCusker had been previously accepted. The Higgins resolution had a few feeble eyes, but a loud and strong chorus of noes registered the Amalgamated veto.

Ronald Gives Up.

Then Higgins tried again to put the party on record in favor of progress by offering a resolution for an increased tax to provide better education for the boys and girls on the farms and in the cities and towns of the state, and to take appropriations for the state institutions out of political manipulation. The suddenness with which the resolution was voted down jarred Higgins into silence for the rest of the meeting.

Secretary McCusker, in charge of the workmen's compensation bill, was also given "his." He was refused permission to speak to the convention, but was granted a brief interval to address the resolutions committee.

"Just" Measure Formed.

All he got from the convention was the same old resolution in favor of a "just compensation measure" and a recommendation that people carefully read the bill before voting on it. The two resolutions are separated widely,

but when read together constitute a pointed suggestion to vote the pending measure down and then rely on the republicans to pass one in the next legislature. That is all that McCusker's eloquent plea to "remember the historic love of the republican party for the laboring man of the land" got him.

Loyal to "Protection."

The convention loudly lauded the loyalty of its members to the theory of protection to the producer and the laboring man, evidently taking it for granted that the voters had forgotten that the same bunch of fellows in the state senate only a few years ago passed a resolution in favor of Taft's unrepentant reciprocity treaty with Canada, which put the products of the farm and range on the free list, just as is done in the Wilson tariff, now roundly denounced.

Significant of the treatment of the license tax and workmen's compensation propositions by the convention was the meeting the same day of the so-called Montana Advancement association, which is the Amalgamated's organization to defeat the compensation bill. Most of the members of this association and their employees were active participants either in the convention itself or in the more efficient private caucuses that really determined matters. Prominent among them were John Gillie, Henry Hickers, Dick Kilroy and Woodard of Roundup.

Dick Kilroy, now of Butte and once of Missoula, is in Helena in charge of the campaign being conducted by the Montana Advancement association against the workmen's compensation bill, initiative measure No. 7.

RETREATING GERMANS SLAIN BY ARTILLERY

Paris, Sept. 11.—The Germans, during their retreat Wednesday, near Meaux, had taken a position in a sunken road. Today, besides many bodies were 40 or 50 empty cartridge shells, while fragments of clothing, caps and knapsacks were scattered about. This destruction was wrought by batteries a little more than three miles distant. The sunken road was littered with bodies today.

NEW YORK'S LOAN QUICKLY SECURED

New York, Sept. 11.—Within a few hours after the board of estimate and apportionment had adopted today a plan for the city to borrow \$100,000,000 with which to pay off in gold a foreign indebtedness of approximately \$80,000,000 and other maturing debts, J. P. Morgan & Co., and Kuhn, Loeb

BIG VICTORY IS REPORTED BY ALLIES TIDE TURNING IN EASTERN CAMPAIGN

Continue to Drive Invader From Paris, Declares Official Statement

FURIOUS ONSLAUGHTS FURIOUSLY REPELLED

Five Germans Fall for Every Frenchman Is the Parisian Version

Paris, Sept. 11.—The allies today forced the German invaders to continue the retirement of their right flank and center east of Paris. The Germans abandoned much equipment and at the same time sacrificed many prisoners and left their wounded where they lay. The British, in the pursuit, took a large number of prisoners and 11 cannon. The Germans further east hold their positions, but are being vigorously assailed.

Five to One Shot.

Around the Marne, five Germans were killed for every ally. The Germans tried desperately to cross the Marne near Meaux. The French engineers had blown up the bridges and when the Germans threw pontoons across, the famous three-inch guns of the French demolished the structures before they could be used. Sixteen times the Germans repeated the effort under a raking fire of shot and shell.

Furious Fighting.

Furious onslaughts, sometimes by the French and again by the Germans, occurred about Vitry-le-Francois. Three German armies, commanded by General von Kluck, the Crown Prince Frederick William and the Duke of Wurtemberg, effected a junction and repeatedly hurled themselves against the French positions, but they were not able to break the allies' center. The French and British offered an equally vigorous resistance, compelling the Germans to withdraw. The fighting continued throughout last night and the allies' position was improved today.

Continued All Day.

A rainstorm caused great difficulties in the marshy districts. The artillery duel proceeded all day. The retreating Germans suffered more than the allies, as they were encumbered with baggage and ammunition.

No Decisive Result.

London, Sept. 11.—The battle of Marne, as the French have christened the great struggle which now has been in progress for a week in the territory between Paris and Verdun, with the allied armies of France and England on one side and the Germans on the other, has not yet reached a decisive result.

The German right continues to retire to the north along the route over which General von Kluck made his famous dash toward Paris from the Belgian border, after having defeated

Germans Now in Support of Austria, Russian Advance Checked

TOMASZOW REPORTED TAKEN FOR THE CZAR

Servians Capture Semlin and Deal Austria Telling Blow

Semlin, in Austria, across the river from Belgrade, has been taken by the Servians.

The Russians claim to have taken Tomaszow, Russian Poland, and report that they have repulsed the Germans near Chorzele.

Reports from East Prussia say that the Russian Twenty-second army corps has been defeated by the Germans at Lyck.

Petrograd says the Russians have succeeded in separating the Austrian left wing from its main body near Tomaszow and Rawa, in Russian Poland.

London, Sept. 11.—In Galicia, the Austrians, supported by Germans are still putting up a fight against the Russians. The Russians claim to have had another success over the Austrians near Krasnik Wednesday, and add that sanguinary fighting is proceeding on the Tomaszow-Rawa front, as far as the Dniester river. It is apparent that General Ruzsky's enveloping movements have been

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RUSSIA CONTINUES TO CHRONICLE VICTORY

SAID AUSTRIAN FORTS HAVE FALLEN—GERMANS ENTER BATTLE WITH VIGOR

Washington, Sept. 11.—The Austrian forts at Opole and Turbin, between Lublin and the San river, have been taken by our troops," says a cable tonight to the Russian embassy here. "Our cavalry is in the rear of the enemy. Tomaszow has been taken after a stubborn battle.

"Fighting continues from Rawa Ruska to the Dniester. "On the east Prussian front, the Germans continue to advance toward Mazur lake. Near Myshinetz and Horlede our troops have repulsed the Germans, inflicting on them heavy losses."

The two last named points are on the east Russo-Prussian frontier, southeast of Ortlesburg.

HEROIC FRENCHMAN GIVEN HIGH HONOR

Lisieux, France, Sept. 11.—A French officer, Albert Palaphy, has won the Legion of Honor.

As a corporal of dragoons, at the beginning of the war, Palaphy, in the thick of a battle, hoisted his wounded colonel upon his shoulders and under a rain of machine gun bullets, carried him safely to the French lines. So Palaphy became a sergeant.

Shortly afterward, although wounded, Palaphy led a charge against the Baden guard, whose standard he captured with his own hand. With a bullet in his abdomen, and covered with lance thrusts, Palaphy was carried from the battlefield and was promoted to be a sub-lieutenant and nominated chevalier in the Legion of Honor.

RUSSIAN REPORTS ALL LIES, SAYS AUSTRIAN

AUSTRIA HAS NOT MET DEFEAT OF SERIOUS NATURE AND HUNS ARE NOT RISING

New York, Sept. 11.—Dr. Alexander de Huber, Austro-Hungarian consul general here, issued a statement tonight denying Russian statements claiming victories over Austria at Lemberg and elsewhere. He said: "Lemberg has never been fortified nor has Mikolajow ever been a fort. There is no idea of evacuating Cracow, which is an Austrian fortress 150 miles behind the actual Austrian fighting line. Our forces occupy one-third of Russian Poland. "All the stories about internal troubles in Austro-Hungary are mere inventions and reports of shortage of food in Austro-Hungary are ridiculous."

POPE BENEDICT XV TO ASK POWERS TO HALT

CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES IS SOUGHT BY PONTIFF, WHO WILL ACT VIGOROUSLY

Paris, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Havas agency from Rome says the Tribune states that the appeal of Pope Benedict for peace is preliminary to an encyclical to the bishops on the same subject and to an initiative already in the course of execution with the different governments, asking for a cessation of hostilities and for the opening of an arbitration congress. The Tribune adds that the apostolic delegate to Washington has been charged with a confidential mission to President Wilson, on the subject of arbitration.

SALVATION ARMY'S UNDER FIRE IN LOS ANGELES

FORBIDDEN TO SOLICIT OR OPERATE INSTITUTIONAL STORES THERE

Los Angeles, Sept. 11.—Four managers of the Salvation Army stores here were arrested late today on charges filed with the municipal charities commission in the enforcement of its order prohibiting the organization from longer soliciting funds or merchandise in the city. The commission charges that a third of the funds collected are sent to other cities. Salvation officials here declare that this is the first time a city in the United States has forbidden their institutional work.

CARRANZA DECLARES VILLA IS AMENABLE

Mexico City, Sept. 11.—General Francisco Villa, General Carranza announces, "is in entire harmony with and complete subordination to" the present government in Mexico.