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THE DAILY MISSOULIAN

ALL the news every day from everywhere.

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MISSOULA, MONTANA, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1918.

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GERMANS CAPTURE ODESSA

SAMMEES CARRY OUT GREAT DRIVE ON ENEMY FRONT

Forces Near Toul Penetrate as Far as Second Lines in Big Raid.

HUNS RETREAT WHEN AMERICANS ATTACK

British Continue Victories in Palestine Advancing Several Miles.

With the American Army in France, Tuesday, March 12.—By the Associated Press.—The American forces northwest of Toul, carried out an important raid on the German lines Monday night. The artillery preparation lasted 45 minutes and the Americans entered the German defenses as far as the second line. They found a number of German dead from shellfire and some of those who were retreating were shot down.

The American pioneers accompanying the infantry blew up enemy dugouts. No prisoners were taken, chiefly because of the fact that the Germans did not remain to fight, but ran precipitately at the approach of the Americans. All the Americans returned to their own lines, and considerable information was secured.

The American artillery last night completely obliterated a German position, in which two hundred gas projectors had been set up ready for a gas attack. The projectors were discovered late yesterday in a photograph taken from high in the air.

As soon as they were definitely located there was a great concentration of American artillery fire and the projectors and the entire position were destroyed. In the last gas attack upon American troops only 75 projectors were used. The new attack, therefore, had been planned on a much more extensive scale.

British Win in Palestine. London, March 13.—Attacking over an 11-mile front on the coastal sector in Palestine, East Anglian, South Anglian and Indian troops have advanced to an average depth of three miles, according to an official statement.

The official statement says: "We captured the villages of Rentis, El Lubban, Deir, Ballat, Mejel, Yaba, and El Mirr, on either side of Wadi Abuleja and Wadi Deir Ballat, which were passed in the course of the forward movement. The enemy resisted stubbornly about Deir Ballat and El Mirr. Our air services co-operated with the infantry and dispersed enemy troops with bombs and machine gunfire."

HENEY WILL RENEW FIGHT FOR PAPERS

Determined to Get Evidence Against Packers.

Chicago, March 13.—Francis J. Heney, attorney for the Federal Trade Commission, in its investigation of the packing industry, returned to Chicago late today to resume the court battle for access to records in the private vault of Henry Veeder, general counsel for Swift & Co.

Mr. Heney's first efforts to obtain these papers which he declared would substantiate charges of conspiracy against the Chicago packers was halted last week by a decision of the United States court of appeals, which held that Mr. Heney must specify the papers he wishes and furnish concrete facts which would justify the issue of a search warrant. Pending Mr. Heney's return the documents in question have remained in the possession of the United States marshal.

Mr. Heney is expected to renew his effort before Judge Landis, probably tomorrow to obtain possession of the letters.

State Banks Hold Immense Loans of Federal Members

Washington, March 13.—Nearly one-fifth of the loans and discounts of member banks of the federal reserve system are held by the 250 state banks and trust companies, although there are 30 times as many national banks in the system. A federal reserve board analysis today of reports of state institutions, which are members, shows that state banks had \$2,418,000,000 of \$11,806,000,000 in loans and discounts of the reserve system, as of December 31. Capital stock of the state banks was \$219,000,000 and surplus, \$861,000,000. They reported \$149,000,000 acceptances, \$887,000,000 reserve with federal reserve banks, \$2,746,000,000 demand deposits, and \$658,000,000 time deposits.

C. F. Pride Drops Dead in Family's Presence



CHARLES F. PRIDE.

The Weather

SAVE WHEAT. Serve "War Bread" on wheatless days. Serve "Victory Bread" at all other times. Be careful in the saving of fats and sugar.

Forecast—Fair Thursday and Friday, rising temperature.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. Maximum—45 Minimum—28 At 6 a. m.—33 At 6 p. m.—41 Precipitation—.08 inch

Despite a cold west wind yesterday there was a tinge of spring in the air. Reports are coming from the Bitter Root valley that farming has started, which is a very good sign.

NOT GUILTY PLEA OF A. C. TOWNLEY

Non-Partisan League Heads Will Be Arraigned in Court Today.

Fairmont, Minn., March 13.—A. C. Townley, president, and Joseph Gilbert, manager of the National Non-Partisan League, will be arraigned at 9:30 a. m., tomorrow on two indictments charging them with publishing literature of a seditious nature and tending to adversely influence recruiting.

Attorney M. J. Sullivan, partner of James Mahanah, who arrived today to help conduct the defense, spent the day preparing demurrers to the indictment, which he said would be presented at the arraignment. If these are overruled, Townley and Gilbert will plead not guilty, and will be released on bail.

County Attorney A. R. Allen today said he would ask trial of Townley and Gilbert Monday or Tuesday, which would mean the cancellation of several speeches the Non-Partisan chief had announced.

Fred A. Harding, correspondent for the Non-Partisan League newspapers, who was indicted on a charge of perjury today, also will be arraigned tomorrow. He is free on \$1,000 bail, furnished by two farmers and will plead not guilty.

State Assembly Members Confer on C. L. Crum Case

Helena, March 13.—Members of the Montana assembly are gathering here tonight for the conference tomorrow between state officials and the board of managers of the house and the senate committee on the case, to decide whether the impeachment of Judge Charles L. Crum, of Forsyth, who presides over the Fifteenth judicial district, shall be dropped in view of the fact that he has presented his resignation. The house formally impeached Judge Crum for alleged seditious utterances in February and the senate set March 20 as the date for opening his trial. Nothing official concerning the probable course of action to be taken could be learned tonight.

PROMISE MORE MEAT.

London, March 13.—Lord Bledisloe, the food controller, speaking here today, said he hoped in April to be able to give those engaged in hard physical labor an increased meat ration of 50 per cent and those engaged in very hard physical labor, double the ordinary ration.

AVIATOR DROWNS.

Norfolk, Va., March 13.—Ensign Leslie MacNaughton, U. S. N. R. F., was drowned, and Cadet Malcolm Stevenson, U. S. N. R. F., was slightly hurt today in the fall of a seaplane in which they were flying over Hampton Roads.

Ravalli Mills Head Passes Suddenly at Home Here; Heart Disease Cause of Stroke Coming Without Warning.

Charles F. Pride, secretary-treasurer of the Ravalli Cereal & Flour Mill company, dropped dead last evening while talking with his wife and daughter at their home at 340 South Third street.

Mr. Pride had just reached home from the office where he had been as well and cheerful as usual. He was standing beside a table, laughing and chatting with his family about some pictures which lay there. Suddenly he staggered to a chair, dropped there and within a few minutes was dead.

Heart disease caused Mr. Pride's sudden death, it was announced. It came so suddenly that help could not be summoned. All efforts by Mrs. Pride and her daughter, Miss Elsie, to revive the stricken man were futile. Death came within three minutes of the stroke.

Mr. Pride was well known in Missoula and had scores of friends here. News of his death came as a shock, especially to Mr. Pride's associates in the milling company, who had been with him all day, without noticing any signs of illness.

Funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

Came to Montana in 1915.

Charles F. Pride was a native of Illinois, born 61 years ago. For 20 years before he came to Montana, Mr. Pride was engaged in official capacity upon the selling force of the Wells Milling company at Wells, Minn. In the fall of 1915, he purchased an interest in the Hamilton Cereal and Flour Milling company and made his home at Hamilton until the mill was destroyed by fire. He then came to Missoula to serve as secretary and treasurer for the Ravalli Cereal and Flour Mill company, in which he was a large stockholder. He purchased the home at 340 South Third street, in which he has resided since last May with Mrs. Pride and their daughter, Miss Elsie Pride. The other surviving daughter, Miss Vera Pride, is engaged in Y. W. C. A. work at Great Falls. She will arrive in Missoula today. No funeral arrangements were made last night.

HUNS ARREST AMERICANS AND ENGLISH IN FINLAND

Lloyd George Says Victory Must Precede League of Nations.

FIGHT, NOT TALK TO BRING PEACE

High Tribute Paid to U. S. Troops in France

Efforts to Get Raise for U. S. Employees Cause Delay

BOOTLEGGERS MUST ANSWER.

German Airmen Again Attack British Coast

Roosevelt's Son Wounded in Action With Germans

German Airmen Again Attack British Coast

ARREST SANDERS ATTORNEY UNDER PERJURY CHARGE

Soule Case Leads to Taking Wade Parks and Spokane Detective.

JUDGE GIVES THEM 24 HOURS TO PLEAD

Alleged to Have Put Nurse Through "Third Degree" to Get Evidence.

Thompson Falls, March 13.—County Attorney Wade Parks, J. Melosh, a detective from Spokane, and W. H. Cornell, a stenographer, were arrested here today on charges of subornation of perjury. The arrests followed the county attorney's arrest of Miss Rose Lekovitz, a nurse, as an accessory after the fact in the murder of Benjamin Soule, near Thompson in January.

Parks, Melosh and Cornell were arraigned today before Justice of the Peace W. H. Nippert and took 24 hours in which to plead. Miss Lekovitz secured a change of venue and pleaded not guilty before Justice of the Peace E. H. Billmyer in Plains.

County Attorney Parks said today that he has suspected Dr. E. D. Peck, who runs a hospital in Thompson Falls, of concealing the nature of injuries sustained by Arthur Soule, the wealthy rancher who is charged with the murder of Benjamin Soule, his nephew. He employed Melosh to investigate, and an attempt was made to secure evidence through Miss Lekovitz, who is employed in Peck's hospital. Miss Lekovitz declares that she was put through a "third degree" examination and that an attempt was made to have her testify falsely. As a result she swore out complaints against Parks, Melosh and Cornell, who took notes on her examination, after Parks had accused her of being an accessory after the fact of the murder.

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HUNS SUFFER LOSSES IN ATTACK ON PARIS

Four Planes Brought Down by French Artillery.

Roosevelt's Son Wounded in Action With Germans

German Airmen Again Attack British Coast

Who's Who in Campaign for City Offices

III.—THOMAS E. KEMP.

The article which follows is the third in a series discussing the several candidates for the city commissionership. The articles are intended to inform the voters of Missoula concerning the records and platforms of the candidates whose names will appear on the ballots at the coming primary election. Each candidate is presenting, in connection with the sketch of his career, a statement of policy. Thomas E. Kemp is the subject of today's article.



THOMAS E. KEMP.

Platform Thomas E. Kemp Explains His Policy.

(By Thomas E. Kemp).

"I have always carried on a fight against vice in all forms in the city. I find Missoula today bearing the reputation of being morally one of the cleanest cities in the state, and this has been accomplished with the minimum of expense to the people. In fact it can be truthfully said that there is not a city of Missoula's class in the state that operates its police department at so small a cost to the taxpayers.

"If elected to office in the coming election I will continue the fight against vice with the one aim to keep Missoula clean morally so that her citizens may justly recommend the Garden City as the best place in all Montana in which to live and rear a family; a city where the young men and women of the state may attend school without temptations being thrown in their path. My experience as councilman for the last two years would be of inestimable value to continue along these lines.

"Since my election I have acted as chief of police, in addition to filling the office of commissioner of public safety, thus saving the people of Missoula \$1,500 a year. This I will continue to do if re-elected."

SAYS CONGRESS WILL GIVE FLATHEAD WORK \$375,000

Congress will probably appropriate \$375,000 for reclamation work on the Flathead reservation, according to Addison K. Lusk, state assemblyman from St. Ignace, who has just returned from Washington, where he appeared as a witness in the senate investigation of the Flathead's needs. Mr. Lusk says that congressional leaders expect to secure a compromise between the \$250,000 recommended by the senate committee on Indian affairs and the \$750,000 asked by the reclamation engineers.

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German Airmen Again Attack British Coast

Paris, Tuesday, March 12.—Four German machines brought down and 15 trained aviators, mechanics and pilots killed or made prisoner were the German casualties in last night's air attack on Paris.

The raid was attempted on a scale of magnitude hitherto unapproached, nine squadrons participating in the attack. Some of the machines followed the rivers Oise and Oureq, while others came along the Creil-Paris and Bolsons-Paris railroads.

The percentage of the units that succeeded in reaching Paris was small. The aerial defense has improved greatly since the time of former raids and many of the German machines were forced back and obliged to drop their cargoes of bombs in vacant fields and in the suburbs.

The American Red Cross was again prominent in rendering help to the wounded.

House Holds Up Call Until Baker Comes Back From Inspection Trip.

Washington, March 13.—Legislation to change the system of apportioning drafted men by making the basis the number of men in class one instead of the population of states, was held up in the house today with the filing of an adverse minority report by members of the military committee and by the statement of Chairman Dent, that the measure would not be called up until after Secretary Baker's return from France.

This will delay the second draft, as Provost Marshal General Crowder has announced that he will not go ahead with it until the law is changed.

At the time the minority report was filed General Crowder was before the senate military committee, urging speedy consideration of the measure and of another to require registration of all men attaining 21 years of age since last June 5. He appeared greatly concerned when he learned that the legislation was checked in the house.

The senate has passed the bill to change the basis of apportionment and is expected to pass this week the measure registering younger men. The house committee already had filed a favorable majority report on the bill changing the apportionment.

German Airmen Again Attack British Coast

London, March 13.—Hostile airships again raided the northeast coast of England tonight.

In his report on the raid, Field Marshal French says: "One or two hostile airships attacked the northeast coast soon after 2:30 o'clock tonight. About 20 bombs have fallen close to the coast. There are no reports regarding the casualties or damage as yet."

RUSSIAN CREW GETS BOLSHEVIK IDEAS

Wanted to Run Their Vessel by Elected Committee.

Norfolk, Va., March 13.—Members of the crew of the Russian steamer Omak, removed today by Collector of Customs Hamilton at the request of Captain Edmund Yarwood, because of their Bolsheviki tendencies, on being paroled tonight by federal authorities, armed themselves and made an effort to take the ship. The American armed port guard in charge of the vessel refused to allow the men aboard and police reserves were sent to arrest them.

Before the police arrived, however, the Russians defied the guard and boarded the ship without violence. Half a dozen deputies were rushed to the ship and with the guard searched the Russians and their quarters. A large assortment of firearms and knives was confiscated.

Investigation by Collector Hamilton revealed that the Russians had sought to put the principles of the Bolsheviki into operation on the ship demanding that the vessel be operated by a committee of the crew with the captain deposed. They also wanted a 25 per cent increase in pay and threatened to stand at Liverpool, to which port it is consigned.

ADVANCE GUARDS TAKE IMPORTANT BALTIC SEAPORT

Great Agricultural Center and Key to Enormous Grain Supplies.

ENEMY GETS ACCESS TO WHEAT COUNTRY

Affords Huns Control Over New Route Into Persia and Afghanistan.

Berlin, Via London, March 13.—British admiralty per wireless press.—German troops have entered Odessa. This official announcement was made tonight.

Food Available.

While the entente allies are "nibbling" at the German lines from the North sea to Switzerland, but are making little or no serious attempt to break through or to bring about a culminating struggle, the Teutonic powers have taken another step in the exploitation of the east.

The advance guards of the Germans have entered Odessa, the greatest Russian port on the Black sea and the center of a great agricultural section, the products of which are desired to feed the hungry people of the central empire. The German advance through Moldavia and Bessarabia has been virtually unopposed.

Vast Stores of Wheat. With Odessa safely in their hands, the Teutons will have access to vast stores of wheat which can be transported overland or by sea to points where it can be readily shipped into Austria and Germany.

But the capture of Odessa will mean something more—an advance over the route to Persia and Afghanistan and possibly India, which is to be followed now that the British have severed the famous Berlin and Bagdad route to the east.

Odessa Important City.

Odessa is a Russian city and seaport in the government of Kheron, on the Black sea, between the mouths of the Dniester and Dniupet rivers, about 500 miles from Petrograd and is the fourth largest city of the Russian empire. The city is built of stone and is the center of Russian art and education. Odessa is the chief grain exporting seaport of the empire and many large flour mills and refineries are located there. Odessa dates practically from the Turkish castle of Khadiji-Bev, built in the fifteenth century and captured by the Russians in 1789. Odessa was bombarded during the Crimean war. Its population numbers about 450,000, nearly one-third of whom are Jews. Normally there were several thousand German residents. Among many other important institutions it contains the imperial new Russian university, founded in 1865.

BRITISH RAID FACTORIES.

London, March 14.—On Wednesday afternoon British airplanes attacked munitions works and barracks at Friburg, Germany, according to an official statement on aerial operations.

"Nearly ten tons of bombs were dropped," says the statement. "All our machines reached their objective."