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SHERIFF RAIDS I. W. W. HALL; JAILS 16

"Force to the Utmost" Only Reply America Can Give to Germany Now Says Wilson in Liberty Day Speech

HUN HAS CHOSEN

Must Fight Until Right Has Been Established as World's Law.

PRESIDENT ACCEPTS STRUGGLE TO FINISH

Enemy's True Purpose Made Clear in Dealing With Russia.

Baltimore, April 6.—President Wilson at a great Liberty Loan celebration here tonight gave America's answer to the German drive on the western battle front; to the renewed propaganda for a German-made peace, to all proposals to end the war before Germany is awakened from her dream of world dominion.

The president's answer was: "Force, force to the utmost, force without stint or limit, the righteous and triumphant force which shall make right the law of the world and cast every selfish dominion down in the dust."

A few hours before the president spoke he had reviewed a division of citizen soldiers, called only a few months ago from the pursuits of peace; now transformed into fighting men to carry the ideals of America to the battlefields of Europe.

Those were some of the physical facts which backed his words when, after reviewing briefly the evidence that Germany seeks a peace for her world dominion, the president declared:

"I accept the challenge. I know that you accept it. All the world shall know you accept it. It shall appear in the utter sacrifice and self-forgetfulness with which we shall give all that we love and all that we have to redeem the world and make it free for men like ourselves to live in."

"Germany has once more said that force and force alone shall decide whether justice and peace shall reign in the affairs of men; whether right as America conceives it or dominion as she conceives it shall determine the destinies of mankind."

"There is, therefore, but one response possible from us. Force, force to the utmost, force without stint or limit, the righteous force which shall make right the law of the world, and cast every selfish dominion in the dust."

Warning anew that a triumph of arms for Germany means ruin for all the ideals America has won and lived for, the president reiterated he was willing to discuss at any time a fair, just and honest peace sincerely proposed—a peace in which the strong and weak shall fare alike."

"But the answer," he said, "when I proposed such a peace came from the German commanders in Russia and I cannot mistake the meaning of the answer."

"They are enjoying in Russia," the president declared, "a cheap triumph in which no brave or gallant nation can long take pride. A great people, helpless by their own act, lies for the time at their mercy. Their fair professions are forgotten. They nowhere set up justice, but everywhere impose their power and exploit everything for their own use and aggrandizement; and the peoples of conquered provinces are not invited to be free under their dominion."

"Are we not justified in believing that they would go the same things at their western front if they were not face to face with armies which their countless divisions cannot overcome?"

Audience Cheers Declaration. President Wilson's acceptance of Germany's challenge that the issue between the central powers and her enemies be settled by force brought

Text of Wilson's Speech

The full text of the address in which President Wilson, speaking at Baltimore's Liberty day celebration, declared America's purpose to meet the challenge of Germany with "force to the utmost," follows:

"Fellow citizens: This is the anniversary of our acceptance of Germany's challenge to fight for our right to live and be free and for the sacred rights of free men everywhere. The nation is awake. There is no need to call to it. We know what the war must cost, our utmost sacrifice, the lives of our fittest men, and, if need be, all that we possess. The loan we are met to discuss is one of the least parts of what we are called upon to give and to do, though, in itself, imperative. The people of the whole country are alive to the necessity of it, and are ready to lend to the utmost, even where it involves a sharp skipping and daily sacrifice to lend out of meager earnings. They will look with reprobation and contempt upon those who can and will not, upon those who demand a higher rate of interest, upon those who think of it as a mere commercial transaction. I have not come, therefore, to urge the loan. I have come only to give you, if I can, a more vivid conception of what it is for.

Issues More Clearly Marked Than Ever Before. "The reasons for this great war, the reason why it had to come, the need to fight it through and the issues that hang upon its outcome, are more clearly disclosed now than ever before. It is easy to see just what this particular loan means because the cause we are fighting for stands more sharply revealed than at any previous period of the momentous struggle. The man who knows least can now see plainly how the cause of justice stands and what the imperishable thing he is asked to invest in. Men in America may be more sure than they ever were before that the cause is their own and that, if

U. S. Fleet Over There 150 Strong

Cleveland, April 6.—A great fleet of American warships, numbering more than 150 vessels and including, in addition to the far-famed destroyers, battleships, cruisers, submarines, gunboats, coast guard cutters, converted yachts, tugs and other auxiliaries, is operating in the war zone.

Manning this fleet and the many small submarine chasers, which are not reckoned in the total, and doing duty on air patrol and at the supply stations ashore, are 35,000 officers and men, half the navy's personnel when the nation entered the war just a year ago.

These hitherto carefully guarded facts were disclosed here by Secretary Daniels in an address at the celebration marking the opening of the third Liberty loan campaign. Mr. Daniels said that while he was not at liberty to tell the toll the fleet has taken of German submarines, the nation could "rest assured that our forces have inflicted telling losses upon the enemy."

"As an instance of naval activity," said the secretary, "I may cite the work of one detachment of destroyers for a six month period: Total miles steamed in war areas, 1,000,000; submarines attacked, 81; single vessels escorted, 717; convoys escorted, 86; total number of days at sea, 3,600."

DENIES GERMAN RUMOR OF BIG YANKEE LOSSES

Washington, April 6.—Activity of German propagandists who have sought to spread the idea that there has been a large casualty list among the American forces in France led Acting Secretary of War Crowell to announce today that the lists of casualties received from General Pershing daily during the past four days "have been absolutely minor in number and that there has been no great loss on our western front reported."

The casualties have not been made public by the war department pending an interpretation by Secretary Baker, who is now in Europe, of his recent order that all news concerning the expeditionary forces must come from General Pershing's headquarters. Mr. Crowell announced, however, that should there be a report of great losses or a disaster of any kind before Mr. Baker's ruling is received, the fact will not be concealed, but the figures at least will be given out immediately.

GERMANS OUTDO VERDUN EFFORT; GAIN NO GROUND

Terrific Hammering Against Allied Lines Results in Failure.

AMERICANS REPULSE ASSAULT BY ENEMY

Yankees Take Two Prisoners and Emerge Unscathed From Fight.

BULLETINS.

Paris, April 6.—Heavy fighting has taken place in the Oise and Somme regions but all the powerful German attacks today were repelled by the French troops, except on the left bank of the Oise where the French were forced to withdraw to positions previously prepared, according to the war office announcement tonight.

London, April 6.—"Today the infantry action on the battle front has been confined to local fighting in the neighborhood of the Aveluy wood, north of Albert, without change in the situation and engagements between small bodies of troops at different points," says Field Marshal Haig's report from France tonight. "The hostile artillery continues active."

BATTLE BRASSER VERDUN. The Germans are continuing their plunging tactics in the Amiens battle area, with their operation rapidly developing into a greatly magnified Verdun.

The similarity with the classic example of a German attempt to beat down an enemy by sheer force is being growing. This development outrides itself because of the narrowing of the area involved in the attack and the practice of hurling great masses of troops at the defenders of a narrow front, regardless of sacrifices.

Saturday the main attack was delivered on the allied center after the blow launched south of the Somme on Thursday and that driven into the north of the river on Friday had spent themselves.

Drive Aims at Railway. Saturday's big plunge appears to have had its starting point just to the south of the Somme. Apparently aiming at the Albert-Amiens railway in the vicinity of Corbie, about 10 miles east of Amiens, the enemy threw heavy masses of troops toward the opposing line from Vaire wood, east of Corbie. The battle ground seemed likely to develop into one of importance as affecting the tenure of what remained to the entente allies of the wedge-shaped piece of ground in the angle formed here by the Somme and the Aisne.

The Germans did not renew their

(Continued on Page Twelve)

Mrs. H. B. Farnsworth Leads Field; Besancon Also Wins Position as School Trustee

Table with columns: Candidate, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, Td. Mrs. H. B. Farnsworth, Albert Besancon, E. W. Spottswood, L. A. Hague, F. A. Roberts.

MISSOULA PAYS SOLDIERS HONOR

Service Flag Dedicated at Mass Meeting; Parsons Is Speaker.

All Missoula paid a glowing tribute to the enlisted men of the county last night when the huge service flag, bearing 638 stars and representing the labor of hundreds of mothers, sweethearts and friends of the soldiers, was unfurled across Higgins avenue at the official dedication.

Probably no more touching scene occurred in the history of the city than when the star spangled emblem of Missoula's loyalty and sacrifice, together with a monster American flag, floated out over the mass of citizens below and was silhouetted against the last rays of the setting sun.

There was an intense silence as the great flags quailed the gentle breeze, and the crowd stood as though awed for several moments. Then, as though feeling the vital significance of those emblems, they raised their voices as one and sang the "Star Spangled Banner" as it was never sung before by a Missoula audience.

Five Gold Stars on Flag. In contrast to the hundreds of blue stars, five gold stars stood out distinctly on the service flag and told the story of five boys who have already paid their lives in the great battle for democracy. These stars were sewed on by relatives and sweethearts who are first Missoula people to feel the pang of the war's greatest sacrifice.

The five men who have already died in service are Hollis Hovey, United States supply ship Philadelphia, Company I, Second battalion; Ole Beck, motor mechanical regiment; William Gilbert, 153d Infantry; Guy Lovell and James Wright of Ronan.

Long before the hour set for the dedication, Higgins avenue was thronged with people. Every incoming car was packed with citizens and the entire police force patrolled the streets to keep the crowd from interfering with traffic.

Cadets, Scouts, Veterans, Parade. Just as the clock in the courthouse struck 7 the Missoula band, followed by the Boy Scouts under the leadership of Colonel E. S. Paxson, marched down Higgins avenue to the bridge.

Missoula to Draft 40 Men Montana's Next Quota 1,302

LOCAL BOARD LIST OF MEN IS READY

The Missoula county selection board has examined in advance the men who will be called for service this month. Examinations of registrants in Class I have been going on since the questionnaires were returned, and there will be no delays.

state governors today by Provost Marshal General Crowder, for mobilization of the April call of the second draft. This is three times the number it was originally planned to call and is nearly twice the monthly quota as based on the calling of 800,000 men over a period of nine months.

Calling out of the increased number was made necessary by the decision of President Wilson to respond without delay to the need of France and Great Britain for reinforcements in the great battle in Picardy. Vacancies in the National army divisions resulting from the withdrawal of men to complete National guard and Regular army units and for the formation of special technical units asked by General Pershing, will be made good by the April draft. Those divisions farthest advanced in training are to receive first attention in order that the maximum number of complete units may be sent abroad soon.

To Send 150,000 Men To Camps at Once. Washington, April 6.—Approximately 150,000 men will be sent to training camps during the five-day period beginning April 26, under orders sent to

ARREST LEADERS AS SYNDICALISTS AND LOCK ROOMS

Plan to Clear Whole County of Wobbly Agitators at Once.

PUT ALL TO WORK ON ROADS MONDAY

Industrialists to Be Placed on "Chain Gang" Pending Their Trials.

What is declared to be the first step in a campaign to rid Missoula county of all I. W. W. was taken yesterday with the arrest of 16 "wobblies," two of whom are held on charges of criminal syndicalism and sabotage under the provisions of the recently-enacted law. While awaiting disposition of their cases the men will be formed into a "chain gang" and put to work on the highways of the county.

Today and tomorrow the net is to be spread into the smaller towns and logging camps of the county, and before there is a letup in the campaign Missoula is to be made the unseafest place in the whole northwest for the I. W. W., the county officials say.

Headquarters Looked Up. The first blow was struck yesterday shortly after the noon hour with the arrest of Aleric Johnson, acting secretary of the I. W. W., and Nathaniel Babcock, an organizer for this part of the county. Following this move the headquarters on Front street was raided, literature in the form of books and pamphlets seized and a padlock placed on the door.

The literature is declared to be incriminating in character and sufficient to convict before a trial jury.

14 Arrested Last Night. The second blow fell last evening when every deputy from the sheriff's office was put on the job and a general roundup made of the saloons and joints of the city. Their reward was 14 others, many of whom carried the red I. W. W. card. These are held at the county jail for further investigation and will be given employment with the county.

Those taken in the raid last night are: J. G. Griffin, Art Bales, James Dolan, Jack Lynch, John Kelly, Nick Brinkak, John Moyny, Henry Nisicki, J. W. Parkinson, J. D. Bush, Bob Irwin, Art Greenan, John Cleary, J. P. Cody and Scotty Moore.

Taken on John Doe Warrants. Johnson, who has been acting secretary since the conviction and sentence of William Hardy, former I. W. W. secretary, on a charge of carrying concealed weapons for which he is now serving time at Deer Lodge, has been a resident of Missoula for the past 12 years, formerly having been employed in the lumber camps around here. He was arrested following the issuance of a John Doe warrant when information was gained that I. W. W. song books containing language in violation of the provisions of the sabotage law, enacted by the recent extraordinary session of the state legislature, were being sold under cover in Missoula. A bunch of these books was seized at the time the headquarters were raided yesterday.

The following are samples of what the books contain:

SABOTAGE. Make it too expensive for the boss to take the lives and liberty of the workers. Stop the endless court trial by using the wooden shoe on the job. The second verse of "Christians at War," written for the tune of "Onward Christian Soldiers," is as follows: "Onward Christian Soldiers! Rip and tear and smite! Let the gentle Jesus bless your dynamite! Spineless skulls with shrapnel! Fertilize the soil! Folks who do not speak your tongue deserve the curse of God! Smash the doors of every home! Pretty maidens seize. Use your might and sacred right to treat them as you please!"

Others Are Wanted. Although Johnson has been positively identified as the man who sold the books, the discovery of which led to the issuance of the warrant, authorities are confident others are implicated in the distribution of the literature. A dragnet is being held and more arrests on this charge are likely to follow in short order.

Conviction of sabotage or syndicalism under the provisions of the new law carries with it a fine of from \$200 to \$1,000, or imprisonment of from one to five years, or both.

SAMMEES SOON TO STARTLE HUN

Lloyd George Says Prussia Has Jolt Coming; Entry Is Celebrated.

London, April 6.—Premier Lloyd George, telegraphing to the lord mayor of London, on the occasion of a luncheon given to celebrate America's entry into the war, said: "During the next few weeks the United States will give the Prussian military junta the surprise of their lives."

Charles A. Hanson, lord mayor of London, read to guests assembled at the luncheon a telegram he had sent to King George and the latter's reply to it.

The king's reply read: "American troops are daily taking their place in the battle line and this increases more than ever the confidence with which we patiently looked forward to the ultimate victory of our united efforts in defense of the rights and liberties of civilization."

Arthur James Balfour, secretary for foreign affairs, said: "It is an imposing sight to see a great nation, hitherto solely engaged in the paths of peace, whose worst enemy could never suggest that it had military ambitions, devoting all its energies, all its powers of sacrifice and all its wealth in men, ability and resources to the service of the cause in which we believe. And surely no greater proof was ever given of its devotion to the common cause than has been given recently by President Wilson and the American government in agreeing to allow the troops of America to fight in the first instance, not as an American army, but with British and French troops on the western front."

ANNIVERSARY IS GLORIOUS HISTORICAL EVENT.

Paris, April 6.—Stephen Pichon, French minister of foreign affairs, speaking at the celebration at the city hall today of the anniversary of the entry of the United States into the war, said: "For the peoples who resolved to make supreme sacrifices only in order to defend and to save their most precious possessions for humanity, the anniversary of their entry into the war is that of an act which history will record with the title of immortal glory. Among these peoples none more than that of the United States has a right to claim its part in the homage, which will be rendered them by posterity."

The Weather

Forecast: Partly cloudy Sunday and Monday; probably showers in west portion; warmer Sunday, not much change in temperature. LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. Maximum—57 Minimum—48 At 8 a. m.—35 At 6 p. m.—48 A strong wind turned what should have been a delightful day yesterday into a disagreeable one. The temperature moderated considerably over what it had been during the greater part of the week but the Heligete hurricane spoiled the good work. IN LIVINGSTON. Livingston, April 6.—W. H. Bunney and George Mason were elected school trustees for a three year term here today.