

SOCIETIES.

A. F. & A. M. FLINT CREEK LODGE, NO. 11. Regular communications every second and fourth Saturdays of each month.

R. A. M. HOPE CHAPTER NO. 10. Regular convocations 8 o'clock p.m. on first and third Fridays of each month.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. PHILIPSBURG LODGE, NO. 20. Meets every Tuesday evening at 8:00 o'clock in Masonic Hall.

DR. W. I. POWER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Offices in the McLeod Block. Calls promptly attended to day or night.

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GRANITE NEWS.

Granite is quiet. Already a number of people are figuring on a scheme to lay by the necessary provisions for temporary existence.

A crisis seems not only approaching, but in a measure already exists. Business men say they no longer have credit with wholesale houses and ready cash is at a premium.

The population of the town has sifted down to a normal state. Out of 3,000 people about half that number remain.

As the result of heated agitation, mass meetings, etc., over \$3,000 has been raised by subscription and otherwise to defray expenses of the following named delegates to attend the Bi-Metallic league convention in Chicago on August 1.

- Granite mine, J. C. Pyle, S. H. Maupin and Mr. Baldwin, \$750 00
Bi-Metallic mine, Mr. Pyle and W. J. Masters, 525 00
P. O. S. of A., A. Fehring and D. E. Miner's Union, Lemuel Kelland Day, 400 00
Knights of Pythias, Dr. McKim and Wm. Harty, 400 00
Masons, DeRobert Emmert, 300 00
Citizens, Peter Gallagher, 190 00
Remedy mill, Hugh K. Parsons, 200 00
Clark mill, one delegate, 200 00
Total, \$3,165 00

Delegates at large from the state. Col. W. Thomas Hart, J. H. Henley, S. H. Maupin, Dr. J. M. Sligh. In furtherance of the movement, a public dance was given at Miners Union hall Monday night, the proceeds to apply on assisting in sending delegates from Chicago to Washington.

A rousing meeting of the fire company—the largest in many years—met at Swartz's office on Broadway Tuesday night and transacted much important business.

Minutes of June 27 were read and approved. For the committee on entertainment J. C. Argall reported that on account of the silver panic the committee had abandoned the idea of getting up an entertainment to purchase a new fire bell.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Cumming, Gildersleeve, Arms, Swartz and Dorsey were appointed to wait on the water company in view of having the water tax of the Granite hose company reduced.

A vote of thanks was tendered the Granite and Bi-Metallic hose companies for their able assistance rendered during the fire.

The secretary was ordered to purchase a trumpet for the chief's use. T. J. Dorsey, committeeman on gum coats, reported having painted rubber coats donated by Hennessy and Weinstein.

Bill of Tougas & Bourell, of \$250 for making keys to hose, was ordered paid. Ordered that the hose cart be repaired by Tougas & Bourell and the tires fixed.

The chief was instructed to secure a necessary amount of rope for the department. Harry P. Clark kindly donated \$15 to apply on rope and tramps, for which he was tendered a warm vote of thanks.

Meeting adjourned. W. J. SWARTZ, Chief, Secretary. Granite, Mont., July 18, 1893. Local Jobs.

Lée Smith has returned from the Cour d'Alenes. Born—in Granite, July 13, to the wife of Edwin Fox, & daughter.

Dr. J. M. Sligh made a professional call to Combination, Monday. Mrs. Lillie Couger, of Hamark, is spending the week here with her uncle, J. E. Paddy.

D. B. Hertz, Deer Lodge county assessor, spent Monday with his many friends in Granite. Dr. J. L. Young left Monday for a trip to Nevada Valley, Montana, in the interest of dentistry.

L. St. Jean came over from Ansonda Saturday by private conveyance and returned Sunday, accompanied by his son, Wilfred and family.

FROM A CORRESPONDENT.

How the Views Free Coinage and Its Probable Results. PHILIPSBURG, Mont., July 15, 1893.

If sectional interests did not arbitrarily control the financial policy of western journalism, the "silver problem" would have been more generally discussed through the public press and the merits which backs western demand for "free coinage" would have been more readily determined.

The uncompromising advocate of "free coinage" assume to believe that the attitude which congress has steadily maintained is due to the fact that thirteen pieces of gold has been paid to secure the crucifixion of silver.

The policy of our government in relation to silver has necessarily been that which the great commercial nations of the world had chosen to adopt. The benefits which would result from "free coinage," if generally concurred in, are self-evident, but in what respect the interests of our government would be promoted by independent action is an interrogatory of much significance, unattended by a lucid explanation.

The law now provides that "any gain or seigniorage arising from such coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury." This so-called seigniorage is regarded by some writers as a loss to the government, but it is generally referred to as a profit.

It is quite evident that the consequent increase of silver dollars would give a numerical gain, but when estimated as to their commercial value, a loss is equally apparent. The last government purchase was made at about 73 cents per ounce, which represents a profit of 50 cents, but this excess is not lost to the people; it contributes largely to the demands for public revenue.

It is a self-evident fact that free coinage would deprive the government of this source of revenue and the so-called profit would be transferred to the pockets of bullion producers. If we ignore this radical change, the distinction is without a difference. The same depreciated and fraudulent dollar would remain with us and moreover it would be reinforced by vastly increasing numbers. The unwarranted stimulus which free coinage would give to silver mining would indeed make lively times. The silver tidal wave would hardly spend its force until it had swept the entire Pacific slope.

The advocates of free coinage assert with much apparent confidence that silver would advance to its legal ratio if legislation were only favorable to it, but they fail to furnish any substantial reason for such a conclusion. The preponderance of evidence is most certainly against them. Silver values have continued to decline at a time when our home product exerted no influence on the market of the world.

The outward flow of gold verifies the predictions of Senator Sherman in 1878. He then expressed himself in favor of an honest dollar, even though it might be necessary to enlarge it to the dimensions of a cart wheel. Quite recently he again declared himself in favor of maintaining the parity between gold and silver.

But still he is denounced as an enemy of silver and charged with the responsibility of its demonetization. For the purpose of reaching the facts by analogy, we will presume the allegation to be well founded and that the act was accomplished with the aid of British gold through the trickery and shrewdness of John Sherman.

The question then arises, what prevented and has continued to delay the repeal of this most infamous act? If it were possible for such an insignificant minority to demonetize silver, what has prevented that honest but deluded majority from rectifying so gigantic a wrong? The real purpose which led to the debasement of silver is not apparent, but the act seems to have been premature. Our silver coins at that time could not have

prospective decline in value through increased silver production, as silver was then at par with the legalized ratio. The most logical and most potent argument presented in favor of a double standard of values is found in the expressed desire to give the people a legal tender of unchangeable value and increase the circulating medium to a maximum sum, sufficient to prevent any increase in a normal rate of interest.

The bank of England was then required to purchase all the gold offered and pay for the same £3 17s 9d per standard ounce. It is true that this is a legislated value, but not a fictitious one. This value was given to gold in the monetary center of the world by those who had the power to do so and all other nations bowed their assent.

Aside from that which is designed to be explanatory—briefly being a consideration—the subject which directly interests us is summarized in the following: Circumstances seems to demand that immediately after the meeting of congress on the 7th of August that it proceed at once to repeal the Sherman act, and replace it by a measure requiring the secretary of the treasury to purchase all the home product of silver when its market value did not exceed 80 cents per ounce.

In the event that the International congress should fail to agree in fixing a standard value per ounce for silver the exigency of the times seems to demand that political measures looking to the trade be at once abandoned and that the "protective" policy be made more effectual through a high protective tariff. This would give an irresistible impulse to the inward flow of gold, a sovereign power would be made to do homage to us and from the commanding position we had gained could dictate financial terms to all the gold barons of the old world.

A beard can be colored brown or black by Buckingham's Dye for whiskers.

CATARRH.

Is a most loathsome, dangerous, and prevalent malady. It is a blood disease, usually of serofulous origin, and for which local treatment is useless.

SUCCESSFULLY

The disease must be treated through the blood. For this purpose no remedy is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. "For the past eight years, I have been severely afflicted with Catarrh, none of the many remedies I tried affording me any relief.

TREATED WITH

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after three months of this treatment she was completely cured. It was a most extraordinary cure, as any druggist here can testify."—Mrs. D. W. Barnes, Valparaiso, Neb.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1 per bottle, 65¢.

Cures others, will cure you

World's Fair Buildings No. 2. THE WOMAN'S BUILDING. Just south of the 59th St. entrance. Dimensions 200x400 feet. Cost \$140,000.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best Salve in the world for cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever sores, Tetter, chapped Hands, chilblains, corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by M. E. Doe & Co., Phillipsburg and Granite. 1-41

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, now have the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle free.

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents. Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbia Exposition, the regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. H. E. BUCKLEN & CO., Chicago, Illinois.

A Pioneer's Experience With Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I am a pioneer in this county, having been here 30 years. Four years ago my little son Elmer became blood-poisoned by impure virus in vaccination. His arm swelled terribly, causing great agony; physicians said the arm must be amputated, and even then his recovery would be doubtful. One day I read about a blood purifier, new to me, and was surprised to learn that it was prepared by C. I. Hood, with whom I used to go to school in Chelsea, Vt. I decided to have my boy try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and was much gratified when it seemed to help him."

The City Treasurer Of Lowell, Mass., says: "The above is from my brother, whose signature I recognized. I am also glad to testify to the excellence of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to say that C. I. Hood & Co. are considered one of the most reliable firms in New England." VAN B. SLEEPER, City Treasurer, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by Druggists. \$1.50 per box. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

SHILOH'S CURS, the Great cough and croup cure, is for sale by us. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses, only 25c. Children love it. Sold by E.H. Campbell.

A Boon For Ladies. French Tansy Tablets are for the relief and cure of painful and irregular menses and will remove all obstructions, no matter what the cause. The only sure and safe remedy on the market.

Free to the Afflicted. All who are suffering from the effects of youthful errors, loss of manhood, failing powers, gonorrhoea, gleet, stricture, syphilis and the many troubles which are the effects of these terrible disorders will receive, free of charge, full directions how to treat and cure themselves at home by writing to the California Medical and Surgical Infirmary, 402 3/4 Market street San Francisco California.

A Sure Cure or Piles. Itching Piles are known by moisture like perspiration, causing intense itching when warm. This form as well as Blind, Bleeding or Protruding, yield at once to Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly on parts affected, absorbs tumors, always itching and effects a permanent cure. 50 cts. Druggists or mail. Circulars free. Dr. Bosanko, 329 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by E. H. Campbell, Phillipsburg.

Notice. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned is the duly qualified assignee for the benefit of the creditors of J. C. McLeod, formerly in the boot and shoe business in Phillipsburg, Granite county, Montana.

All persons having claims against said assignor will please present them with-out unnecessary delay. All persons indebted to said assignor, are requested to call and settle their accounts with the undersigned.

World's Fair Rates. Beginning Thursday, May 4, the Union Pacific will issue excursion tickets from Montana to Chicago for the world's fair, transit limits west of Missouri river forty days in each direction, final limit November 15. Tickets will be issued going via Union Pacific and returning via either of the northern lines. Stopovers will be allowed wherever desired west of Missouri river or St. Paul, within the above described transit limits, but no stopovers will be given east of Missouri river or St. Paul.

Before purchasing tickets call upon or write to your nearest Union Pacific agent for full particulars regarding routes, dining cars, through train services, etc. Remember only two days to Chicago, via Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern solid through train line.

World's Fair Buildings No. 2. THE WOMAN'S BUILDING. Just south of the 59th St. entrance. Dimensions 200x400 feet. Cost \$140,000. Every lady should visit it. Don't forget that the Chicago, Union Pacific and Northwestern line offers the best service and rates as cheap as any line to Chicago. 24-43

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First-class single and double rigs. Black and white harness. General transfer business conducted. Telephone No. 23.

THE ONLY LINE FROM MONTANA THAT PASSES THE Principal Cities AND Pleasure Resorts OF THE WEST. SPEED, SAFETY AND COMFORT

It is the motto of this old reliable road. Fast Mail Train leaving GARRISON at 10:30 a. m. reaches CHICAGO at 9:30 a. m. the third day (a very convenient hour) and in time for all EASTERN - CONNECTIONS

Other lines arrive in Chicago at night and very early in the morning. If you wish to enjoy your trip, see that your ticket reads via the Union Pacific and Chicago & Northwestern

Our rates are as low as the lowest.

TINSMITHS Work done in all parts of Granite county Full Supply of Tinware Always on Hand ALL WORK WARRANTED Opposite Boyd's Livery Stable, Phillipsburg

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

Is the only line running THROUGH PULLMAN CARS Between CHICAGO, ST. PAUL and North Pacific Coast Points.

THE DINING CAR LINE Dining Cars on All Through Trains. DAILY EXPRESS TRAINS Have Pullman Palace Cars, Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars, Free Colonel Sleeping Cars.

THE SCHEDULE. Main Line—Drummond. EAST BOUND. No. 4, Atlantic Express, via Butte, 6:10 am No. 2, Atlantic Mail, via Helena, 8:10 pm

WEST BOUND. No. 3, Pacific Express, from Butte, 5:07 pm No. 1, Pacific Express, from Helena, 12:17 am

PHILIPSBURG. No. 114, for Drummond, depart, 7:15 am No. 119, from Drummond, arrive, 11:15 am No. 120, from Hamsey, arrive, 1:00 pm No. 121, for Drummond, depart, 8:30 pm No. 113, from Drummond, arrive, 7:15 pm

For Rates, Maps, Time Tables or Special Information apply to the agent of Northern Pacific Railroad, at Phillipsburg, or to the General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chas. S. Fee, St. Paul, Minn.

Wisconsin Central Lines. (Northern Pacific R. R. Co., Lessee) THE LATEST TIME CARD. Two Through Trains Daily.

12:35pm 9:25pm Lv. Minneapolis, arrive 8:40am 4:55pm 1:25pm 7:15pm Lv. St. Paul, arrive 8:00am 3:30pm 10:40am 4:45pm Lv. Duluth, arrive 11:40am 6:50pm 1:45pm 7:45pm Lv. Ashland, arrive 11:40am 6:50pm 7:55am 9:55am Lv. Chicago, arrive 5:50pm 10:45pm

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada. Close connection made in Chicago with all lines going east and south. You are hereby notified that full particulars apply to your nearest ticket agent, or Jas. G. Pond, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

SHERIFF'S SALE—I, Rosefield et al vs. Thomas Morton. To be sold at sheriff's sale on Thursday, the 27th day of July, 1893, in front of the court house at Phillipsburg, Granite county, Montana, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said date the following described property belonging to the defendant: The Granite Lode, recorded in book 18, page 542 records of Deer Lodge county, the Twin Lakes Lode, recorded in book 7, page 289 quartz lode records of Deer Lodge county; the Liza Jones Lode, recorded in book 7, page 306 quartz lode records of Deer Lodge county; the Dollic Lode claim recorded in book 10, page 488 quartz lode records of Deer Lodge county; the Mountain View Lode claim recorded in book 9, page 574 quartz lode records of Deer Lodge county. All of the above described property situate, lying and being in the county of Granite, state of Montana. Dated at Phillipsburg county of Granite, state of Montana, this 6th day of July, A. D. 1893.

First publication, July 6, 1893. SUMMONS—In the district court of the third judicial district of the state of Montana, county of Granite, James A. Murray, plaintiff, vs. Elias King, John P. Hain, George H. Hower, Thomas Jones, Wm. A. Clark, J. Ross Clark and J. B. Metallic Mining company, defendants. The state of Montana sends greeting to C. B. Hower, the above-named defendant. You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the district court of the third judicial district, county of Granite, in and for the county of Granite, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, or served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days, otherwise within thirty days, after service of default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint. The said action is brought to obtain a decree of the court for the partition of the Sea, New quartz lode mining claim, among the respective owners thereof, which will more fully appear by reference to the complaint filed in said court, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will take default against you and apply to the court for the relief prayed for in plaintiff's complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the district court of the third judicial district of the state of Montana, this 27th day [REAL] of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

JOSIAH SHULL, Clerk. By JOSEPH P. BARBER, Deputy Clerk. DUFFEL & BROWN, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. MINING APPLICATION No 34 UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE. MISSOULA, MONT., June 1, 1893. THE COMBINATION MINING AND MILLING COMPANY, a corporation, existing under the laws of the state of Montana, by Joseph W. Harper, its attorney in fact, whose post-office address is Butte, Montana, has this day filed an application for a patent for 1,500 linear feet of the same being for 100 feet in a northerly and 1,400 feet in a southerly direction from the point of discovery on the Paul Jones Lode mining claim, situated in Black Pine (unorganized) mining district, Granite county, Montana, the position, course, and extent of the said mining claim, designated by an official survey thereof, as survey number 4181, township number eight north, range number fifteen west, being more particularly set forth and described in the official field notes and plat thereof on file in this office, as follows: To-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner, a pine post six inches square, five feet long, set two feet deep, witnessed by bearing trees and marked L-4181 for corner number one from which initial point number one, township eight north, range fifteen west, unswayed bears south 42 degrees 34 minutes, east 6480.7 feet, running 22 minutes 58 degrees 23 minutes, west 1,500 feet; thence south 85 degrees 22 minutes, east 600 feet; thence north 21 degrees 37 minutes, east 1,500 feet to corner number one the place of beginning, containing an area of 20.96 acres in this survey claimed by applicant for patent, of which 2.85 acres are in conflict with survey number 1898; 35 acres are in conflict with survey number 4188, and 1.16 acres are in conflict with survey number 4205.

The location of this mine is recorded in the office of the recorder of Deer Lodge county, on page 132 in book 7 of Lodes. The adjoining claim on the east is the Marble Lode, survey number 1897, and on the west is survey number 1897, the Combination number two mill site.

ROBERT FISHER, Register. JOS. H. HARPER, U. S. Claim Agent. First publication, June 8, 1893.