

The Enterprise.

A. S. GODFREY, Editor.

MALTA. MONTE.

NEWS OF A WEEK TOLD IN BRIEF

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS GATHERED FROM ALL POINTS OF THE GLOBE.

GIVEN IN ITEMIZED FORM

Notable Happenings Prepared for the Perusal of the Busy Man—Summary of the Latest Home and Foreign News.

IN CONGRESS.

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin resumed his speech against the Aldrich currency bill and declared that he had received additional information which proved he was correct in stating that the recent financial stringency was started by great bankers and financiers. Senators Gore and Bailey criticized the president for writing congratulatory letters to the financiers after the panic.

That the present congress will pass a new employers' liability act which will be declared constitutional by the supreme court was the belief expressed by Speaker Cannon and Vice-President Fairbanks to President Comper and others who presented a memorial on behalf of organized labor. After several hours of spirited discussion over the proposition to abolish 17 of the 18 United States pension agencies and consolidate pension disbursements in Washington, the house of representatives passed the pension appropriation bill, carrying \$150,860,000, the largest sum ever authorized by that measure. The house by a vote of 86 to 129 stood by the committee on appropriations and let unchanged its recommendation for one general agency.

After a ten-minute session the senate adjourned out of respect to the memory of the late Senator Whyte of Maryland.

The labor conference in Washington decided to present to the leaders of congress a memorial protesting against the inaction of the national legislature in the matter of laws demanded by organized labor.

A bill to create a national university at Washington was introduced by Mr. McKinley of Illinois. It calls for an initial appropriation of \$500,000.

PERSONAL.

United States Senator Boise Penrose was reported dangerously ill at his home in Philadelphia, suffering from facial erysipelas.

Madame Anna Gould, on landing at New York, declared that she was not going to wed Prince de Sagan or anyone else.

John H. Foster of Evansville, Ind., was renominated for congress.

Abraham H. Hummel, the New York lawyer, was released from prison after serving ten months for conspiracy.

Gov. Curtis Guild of Massachusetts was declared to be critically ill.

Grover Cleveland celebrated his seventy-first birthday quietly with his family at Lakewood, N. J.

J. Ogden Armour of Chicago was elected a director of the Illinois Central railroad to succeed Stuyvesant Fish.

Daniel Leroy Dresser, who was president of the Trust Company of the Republic, which went into liquidation several years ago, was arrested in New York on a warrant charging him with misappropriation of \$4,000.

Public Printer Charles W. Stillings tendered his resignation to the president and it was accepted. His resignation is the result of an investigation into the conduct of his office.

GENERAL NEWS.

The New York Democratic state committee voted in favor of an unfranchised delegation to the national convention.

The Davis bank at Hoffman, Okla., was robbed of \$900 by two men.

Rev. H. E. Zimmerman of Omaha, Neb., was sentenced at Scranton, Pa., to six months in prison and fined \$100 for sending obscene pictures through the mails.

Two men were killed and seven badly hurt when a home-seekers' excursion train from Kansas and Oklahoma was wrecked at Pearsall, Tex.

Serious damage was done by the flood at Pittsburg but the water did not rise so high as was expected.

Ankodine Zito, believed by the police to be a Russian anarchist, and the man who once attempted to kill the czar by throwing a bomb at the Tzank-Selo palace near St. Petersburg, was arrested in Chicago on suspicion.

Judge Fremont Wood pronounced sentence of death on Harry Orchard at Caldwell, Idaho, and recommended that the state board of pardons commute the sentence to imprisonment.

Postmaster D. J. Smith of West Nyack, N. Y., routed three safe blowers, seriously wounding one of them.

Trustees of the Beer Drivers' and Stabblers' union began suit against St. Louis breweries for \$1,100,000 for alleged breach of contract.

White residents of Port-au-Prince fear massacre, despite the assurances of President Nord Alexis. German and British cruisers arrived.

Three officials of the defunct First National bank of Ladysmith, Wis., were indicted for making false reports to the comptroller of the currency.

Mayor Busse and other officials of Chicago received letters threatening their death by means of a pistol that would shoot poisoned steel points.

Night riders burned the home of Henry Hill, a tobacco farmer of Shelby county, Kentucky.

Tommy Burns, the American pugilist, knocked out Jim Roche, the Irish champion in the first round in the Theater Royal, Dublin, for the heavy-weight championship of the world.

Several Chicago ministers are involved in an alleged plot to blackmail Mayor Busse and other city officials. Four men were arrested.

An investigation into the affairs of the United Home Protectors' fraternity of Port Huron, Mich., ended with the announcement that Supreme Secretary W. L. Wilson is short a sum in excess of \$75,000, and his arrest on the charge of embezzlement.

Orders for 136 new locomotives and 24,000 tons of steel rails have been placed by the New York Central Railroad company.

At Kattowitz, Prussian Silesia, during a fire drill in the city school there was a stampede among the children which resulted in ten of the little ones being trampled by their comrades until they were unconscious. No lives were lost.

King Haakon approved the new Norwegian cabinet, Gunnar Knudsen being the premier and finance minister.

Miss Wilhelmina Crawford, 29 years old, Lowell, Mass., has adopted as her son James Butler, who is 16. He was brought up in her father's family.

When the American battleship fleet reaches San Francisco next May, Rear Admiral Thomas will succeed Rear Admiral Evans as its commander. Evans will be relieved at his personal request on account of his ill health. Rear Admiral Sperry will bring the vessels back to the Atlantic.

The Republican state convention of Iowa elected four delegates-at-large to the national convention, instructed them to vote for William H. Taft, endorsed Senator William E. Allison by a vote of 672 1/2 to 507 7/24, and approved the plank of the Ohio platform calling for a revision of the tariff at a special session of congress.

W. R. Day, former state treasurer of Kentucky, was sentenced to one year in prison for forgery.

The government of the African republic of Liberia has appealed to America to protect her territorial integrity against France.

Gov. Wilson of Kentucky signed the anti-poolroom bill making it lawful to sell pools on race tracks during race meetings, but not otherwise.

The great cantilever structure over East river at New York, known as Blackwells Island bridge, which was constructed at a cost of nearly \$25,000,000, was opened to pedestrians.

Lieut. Gen. Smirnov was probably fatally wounded in a duel fought in St. Petersburg with Lieut. Gen. Fock whose bravery he had questioned in a memorandum on the defense of Port Arthur.

The old warship Monongahela burned to the water's edge at her station at Guantanamo bay. No one was injured.

The plant of the J. J. Newman Lumber company at Hattiesburg, Miss., the largest sawmill in the state, burned to the ground with 50,000,000 feet of lumber. The loss will approximate \$200,000.

The New Jersey Methodist Episcopal conference adopted a resolution asking the United States senate to close the Alaska-Yukon Pacific exposition on Sundays.

The emperor of Russia confirmed the death sentence passed upon Lieut. Gen. Stoessel, and also the court's recommendation for commutation of the sentence to ten years' imprisonment.

Secretary of War Taft told a large audience in Plymouth church, Brooklyn, that he believed the colored race in America would continue to progress in intellect, learning and industry, and that its future was bright.

By a division of 5 to 2 the supreme court of the United States affirmed the decision of the United States circuit court of appeals for the Eighth circuit, imposing fines on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company for granting, and the packers of Kansas City, Kan., for accepting rebates on shipments of packers' products intended for export.

Mrs. Selma Mattson, charged with killing her husband, Mikol Mattson, at Chisholm, Minn., January 14 last, by sinking a double-bitted ax into his skull, was acquitted by a jury.

The litigation over the disposal of the London Times was ended by a court order sanctioning the agreement under which a company will be formed privately to take over the newspaper and the business connected with it.

Many Illinois religious and educational institutions, profit by the will of the late Wesley B. Harvey, a wealthy resident of Tazewell county, Illinois Wesleyan university of Bloomington gets \$20,000, Grand Prairie seminary at Onarga gets land worth \$25,000 and the central Illinois conference of the Methodist church receives land valued at \$25,000.

Two thousand University of Michigan students wrecked a theater in Ann Arbor which had offended one of their number. Twenty-two of the boys were arrested.

Largely out of consideration for the feelings of Japan, the fortifications budget has been cut down to \$8,210,611 from the \$38,443,945 asked by the war department. The bill was reported by Chairman Smith of the subcommittee, to the house committee on appropriations.

OBITUARY.

William Pinckney Whyte, United States senator from Maryland, died at his home in Baltimore.

John S. Rainey, prominent in southern financial circles, died in New Orleans in the sixty-second year of his age.

Mrs. Elizabeth G. Koken of St. Louis, member of the family which controls the Koken Iron works, Banner Iron works and Koken Barber Supply company, committed suicide by poison.

Sir Nicholas O'Connor, British ambassador to Turkey, died in Constantinople.

Maj. William W. Rowley, quartermaster at the National Soldiers' home in Milwaukee for the last 18 years, died suddenly from an attack of pneumonia. He was 74 years old.

Mrs. A. H. Mitchell, former president of the Wisconsin State Federation of Women's Clubs, died at La Crosse, aged 50.

Rt. Rev. Gustav A. Rouxel, auxiliary bishop of the archdiocese of New Orleans, died after an illness of several weeks.

FLEET VISITS JAPAN AND PROBABLY CHINA

INVITATION OF ORIENTAL HEADS ACCEPTED BY AMERICAN GOVERNMENT.

TARS TO BE GIVEN VIEW OF YOKOHAMA

Return Voyage of Battleships is Also to Be Enjoyed by a Tour of Shanghai, Providing Chinese Emperor So Wills It.

Washington, Mar. 21.—Secretary Root Friday afternoon accepted on behalf of the American government the invitation of Japan to have the battleship fleet visit that country on its returning voyage.

The Japanese government extended an invitation to have the Atlantic battleship fleet visit any port in Japan on



Elihu Root.

Its homeward cruise around the world. This invitation was received at the Japanese embassy here and was at once transmitted to Secretary Root by Ambassador Takahira. The question of its acceptance or declination was considered by the president and his cabinet Friday.

To See Yokohama. It is believed that Yokohama will be the Japanese port at which the American fleet will call.

An invitation is expected from the Chinese government to have the American fleet visit Chinese waters as soon as it becomes known to the Chinese government that the Japanese invitation has been accepted. In that case it will of course be necessary for the fleet to also visit China, and it is likely that the stop will be made at Shanghai.

Fleet Lacks Auxiliary Ships? In a speech in the senate Friday afternoon, in connection with the ocean mail subsidy bill, Senator Hale dwelt upon the importance of auxiliary ships for the navy, and said: "If there should be a war no government would allow us to use one of the foreign collars now connected with our feet, and without them our magnificent feet would be as useless as a painted ship on a painted ocean." In reply to a question by Senator Teller as to whether foreign nations were familiar with our naval strength, Mr. Hale replied: "The senator must ask the president."

Grand Pacific Hotel Burns. Chicago, Mar. 21.—The Grand Pacific hotel was almost completely destroyed by fire late Friday afternoon.

The blaze originated from a smoke stack and the flames spread so rapidly that a 4-11 call was sent to the fire department shortly after the start. It was believed that all the guests had safely escaped. The firemen worked on the building all night. Dozens of companies were called out.

Elephants Terrorize Country. Valdosta, Ga., Mar. 21.—Chief of Police Dampier, received a telegram from a circus at White Springs, Fla., stating that two of their elephants had escaped and were headed for Valdosta, where the circus wintered. Telegrams from White Springs say that the people in the country throughout are terrorized.

Mrs. Ward Lands. New York, Mar. 21.—Mrs. Humphrey Ward, the novelist, began her long-deferred visit to this country Thursday upon her arrival with her husband on the Adriatic. She is here as the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Frederick W. Whitridge of this city, a daughter of Matthew Arnold.

Fire Destroys Lumber Yard. Washington, Mar. 21.—Fire Friday destroyed the lumber yard of Eisinger Brothers in the northern part of the city, and fanned by a stiff breeze spread to adjoining dwellings and buildings of the old Freedmen's hospital. Damage was done to the extent of \$65,000.

Ex-House Clerk a Suicide. Washington, Mar. 21.—Frank H. Bosford, at one time reading clerk of the house of representatives and for many years a newspaper man well known in this city and throughout the state of Michigan, committed suicide Friday.

When Husbands Tire of Kissing. When a wife discovers that her husband is tired of kissing her she never after that neglects it. She thinks it a sign that she is a lovely character because she often kisses her husband when he doesn't like it. Men are such cowards that they never confess that they are tired of kissing their own wives.—Atchison Globe.

Makes a Poor Selection. It's all right for the swell bachelor maid to "wear" a swaggar stick, but some of them manage to pick up poor enough ones when they marry.—Boston Record.

ABRUZZI WORRIES CAPITAL

RUMORED ENGAGEMENT TO MISS ELKINS A MYSTERY.

Italian Duke Prepares to Sail for Italy, Perhaps for Conference with King Victor.

Rome, Mar. 21.—King Victor Emmanuel was in conversation Friday with a member of his entourage regarding the reported engagement of the duke of the Abruzzi, his cousin, to Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of Senator Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia. He neither confirmed nor denied the rumor. The duke of the Abruzzi is at the present time exchanging cipher cablegrams with the king.

A significant fact has just come to light here through some personal correspondence. The Italian ambassador at Washington, Baron Mayor des Planches, writing from Florida in the beginning of March to a friend in Italy, said:

"I am here on a special mission." Shortly after this the baroness wrote to a friend here and made use of this phrase:

"Willy nilly, I have had to come to Florida."

As there is no political reason why the Italian ambassador and the ambassador's wife should go to Florida, it is argued that they were there in the matter of the duke's engagement.

Washington, Mar. 21.—Duke Abruzzi sails from New York Saturday on the Lusitania of the Cunard line. It was said at the Italian embassy that plans had not been finally settled Friday. The duke of the Abruzzi left the Italian embassy Friday. Where he had gone or what his future plans are none of the under officials of the embassy would say. They declared they knew nothing about the matter. The duke left some time before 10:30, and the only information obtainable was that he took friendly leave of the ambassador and his wife before he departed.

Life Filled with Activity. Bishop Fowler's long life was filled with activity for the church and the cause of education. Born in Burford, Ont., in 1837, he was graduated from Genesee college, now Syracuse university, in 1859, and was the valedictorian of his class. He also headed his class at graduation from the Garrett Biblical institute which he entered soon after leaving college, and was the first man to receive the honorary degree of D. D. from that institution.

After completing his education he removed to Chicago, where he studied law, but never practiced that profession. Entering the ministry at the conclusion of his law studies, he served as pastor of several churches in Chicago during the next 12 years, and in 1873 was elected president of Northwestern university. He remained at the head of that institution four years and then became editor of the Christian Advocate in New York. He was made general missionary secretary of the church in 1880, and four years later was elected bishop.

Was a Chicago Pastor. Bishop Fowler was acting as pastor of one of Chicago's churches at the time of the great fire, and it was he who suggested the plan of pooling the interests of the different churches until all should have time to rehabilitate themselves. As missionary secretary he organized Peking university in North China; Nanking university in Central China; the First Methodist Episcopal church in St. Petersburg; established the McCoy College of Theology in southern California, and consolidated the three colleges in Nebraska into the Nebraska Wesleyan university at Lincoln.

He suggested and inaugurated the twentieth century thank offering of his church, whereby more than \$200,000 was raised for the church. He also originated the open-door emergency commission, which eventuated in the great Cleveland convention, at which, with the bishop presiding, \$235,000 was raised in a single evening. He was trustee of Syracuse university, Drew Theological seminary, Madison (N. J.) American university, member of the board of managers of the Methodist Missionary society, the Church Extension society, Freedmen's Aid and other Methodist societies.

Slain During Quarrel. Norfolk, Va., Mar. 21.—John R. Blylock, a contractor of Lambers Point, was shot and killed by Henry Hyslop in a quarrel over 70 cents. Hyslop, who is a route agent for the Virginian Pilot, was at Blylock's home to collect a bill. The latter attempted to eject him and was shot. Hyslop surrendered to the police.

Panic in Wake of Letter. Butler, Pa., Mar. 21.—A panic among school children and their parents resulted Friday at the Institute hall school building when a report was circulated that President McChesney of the school board had received a "black hand" threat demanding \$500 or the building would be blown up with dynamite.

Reporters Quit Reichstag. Berlin, Mar. 21.—The press representatives, whose duties are to attend the reichstag, have ceased entirely to report the meetings of that body because of the incident Thursday during the debate on the colonial budget when Herr Groeber, the center leader, called the journalists "swine."

Portuguese Destroy Town. Lisbon, Mar. 21.—An official dispatch has been received here to the effect that Portuguese troops made an attack upon the revolting natives at Jafunco and Esigue, in Portuguese Guinea, and destroyed the town of Varella.

Iowa Farmer Murdered. Oelwein, Ia., Mar. 21.—Otto Thielebeck, a farmer living in Auburn township, Fayette county, was murdered. He was about 70 years old. He had been living in the village of Auburn.

As Sure as Fate. The miser or woman who never wrote a Himerick is going to have an important advantage when it becomes necessary to explain to St. Peter.

Dictionaries and Watches. Dictionaries are like watches; the worst is better than none, and the best cannot be expected to go quite true.—Johnson.

Many Denied Admission. There is a daily average of 41 immigrants who are refused admission at the port of New York.

BISHOP FOWLER DIES IN GOTHAM

METHODIST EPISCOPAL PASTOR PASSES AWAY FROM HEART FAILURE.

LIFE FILLED WITH WORK FOR CHURCH

Born in 1837 in Canada, He Became Originator of Scores of Popular Charity Plans—Missionary Activities Are Told.

New York, Mar. 21.—Rev. Charles H. Fowler, bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, died at his home here Friday. Bishop Fowler had been critically ill only since last Wednesday. His death was due to heart failure resulting from a complication of diseases. He had been in ill health for two years, but during nearly all that time he took a more or less active part in the affairs of the church. As late as two months ago he felt able to make a journey to Minneapolis, where he presided at the dedication of the Fowler Memorial Methodist Episcopal church. His last public appearance was at Metropolitan temple on Sunday following Washington's birthday, when he took part in a Washington memorial service. His last visit to his office in the Methodist building in Fifth avenue was made last Monday. On Wednesday he was stricken with the illness which resulted in his death early Friday.

Life Filled with Activity. Bishop Fowler's long life was filled with activity for the church and the cause of education. Born in Burford, Ont., in 1837, he was graduated from Genesee college, now Syracuse university, in 1859, and was the valedictorian of his class. He also headed his class at graduation from the Garrett Biblical institute which he entered soon after leaving college, and was the first man to receive the honorary degree of D. D. from that institution.

After completing his education he removed to Chicago, where he studied law, but never practiced that profession. Entering the ministry at the conclusion of his law studies, he served as pastor of several churches in Chicago during the next 12 years, and in 1873 was elected president of Northwestern university. He remained at the head of that institution four years and then became editor of the Christian Advocate in New York. He was made general missionary secretary of the church in 1880, and four years later was elected bishop.

Was a Chicago Pastor. Bishop Fowler was acting as pastor of one of Chicago's churches at the time of the great fire, and it was he who suggested the plan of pooling the interests of the different churches until all should have time to rehabilitate themselves. As missionary secretary he organized Peking university in North China; Nanking university in Central China; the First Methodist Episcopal church in St. Petersburg; established the McCoy College of Theology in southern California, and consolidated the three colleges in Nebraska into the Nebraska Wesleyan university at Lincoln.

He suggested and inaugurated the twentieth century thank offering of his church, whereby more than \$200,000 was raised for the church. He also originated the open-door emergency commission, which eventuated in the great Cleveland convention, at which, with the bishop presiding, \$235,000 was raised in a single evening. He was trustee of Syracuse university, Drew Theological seminary, Madison (N. J.) American university, member of the board of managers of the Methodist Missionary society, the Church Extension society, Freedmen's Aid and other Methodist societies.

Slain During Quarrel. Norfolk, Va., Mar. 21.—John R. Blylock, a contractor of Lambers Point, was shot and killed by Henry Hyslop in a quarrel over 70 cents. Hyslop, who is a route agent for the Virginian Pilot, was at Blylock's home to collect a bill. The latter attempted to eject him and was shot. Hyslop surrendered to the police.

Panic in Wake of Letter. Butler, Pa., Mar. 21.—A panic among school children and their parents resulted Friday at the Institute hall school building when a report was circulated that President McChesney of the school board had received a "black hand" threat demanding \$500 or the building would be blown up with dynamite.

Reporters Quit Reichstag. Berlin, Mar. 21.—The press representatives, whose duties are to attend the reichstag, have ceased entirely to report the meetings of that body because of the incident Thursday during the debate on the colonial budget when Herr Groeber, the center leader, called the journalists "swine."

Portuguese Destroy Town. Lisbon, Mar. 21.—An official dispatch has been received here to the effect that Portuguese troops made an attack upon the revolting natives at Jafunco and Esigue, in Portuguese Guinea, and destroyed the town of Varella.

Iowa Farmer Murdered. Oelwein, Ia., Mar. 21.—Otto Thielebeck, a farmer living in Auburn township, Fayette county, was murdered. He was about 70 years old. He had been living in the village of Auburn.

As Sure as Fate. The miser or woman who never wrote a Himerick is going to have an important advantage when it becomes necessary to explain to St. Peter.

Dictionaries and Watches. Dictionaries are like watches; the worst is better than none, and the best cannot be expected to go quite true.—Johnson.

Many Denied Admission. There is a daily average of 41 immigrants who are refused admission at the port of New York.

PERUNA EDITORIAL NO. 2.

Dr. Hartman has claimed for many years that Peruna is an EXCELLENT CATABH REMEDY. Some of the doctor's critics have disputed the doctor's claim as to the efficacy of Peruna.

Since the ingredients of Peruna are no longer a secret, what do the medical authorities say concerning the remedies of which Peruna is composed? Take, for instance, the ingredient HYDRASTIS CANADENSIS, OR GOLDEN SEAL. The United States Dispensary says of this herbal remedy, that it is largely employed in the treatment of depraved mucous membranes, chronic rhinitis (nasal catarrh), atonic dyspepsia (catarrh of the stomach), chronic intestinal catarrh, catarrhal jaundice (catarrh of the liver), and in diseased mucous membranes of the pelvic organs. It is also recommended for the treatment of various forms of diseases peculiar to women.

Another ingredient of Peruna, CORYDALIS FORMOSA, is classed in the United States Dispensary as a tonic.

CEDRON SEEDS is another ingredient of Peruna, an excellent drug that has been very largely overlooked by the medical profession for the past fifty years. THE SEEDS ARE TO BE FOUND IN VERY FEW DRUG STORES. The United States Dispensary says of the action of cedron that it is used as a bitter tonic and in the treatment of dysentery, and in intermittent diseases as a SUBSTITUTE FOR QUININE.

OIL OF COPAIBA, another ingredient of Peruna, is classed by the United States Dispensary as a mild stimulant and diuretic. It acts on the stomach and intestinal tract. It acts as a stimulant on the genito-urinary membranes. Useful in chronic cystitis, chronic dysentery and diarrhea, and some chronic diseases of the liver and kidneys.

These opinions as to the ingredients of Peruna are held by all writers on the subject, including Bartholow and Scudder.

OF HYDRASTIS, BARTHOLOW SAYS it is applicable to stomatitis (catarrh of the mucous surfaces of the mouth), follicular pharyngitis (catarrh of the pharynx), chronic coryza (catarrh of the head). This writer classifies hydrastis as a stomachic tonic, useful in atonic dyspepsia (chronic gastric catarrh), catarrh of the duodenum, catarrh of the gall duct, catarrh of the intestines, catarrh of the kidneys (chronic Bright's disease), catarrh of the bladder, and catarrh of other pelvic organs.

BARTHOLOW REGARDS COPAIBA as an excellent remedy for chronic catarrh of the bladder, chronic bronchitis (catarrh of the bronchial tubes).

BARTHOLOW STATES THAT CUREB, an ingredient of Peruna, promotes the appetite and digestion, increases the circulation of the blood. Useful in chronic nasal catarrh, follicular pharyngitis (catarrh of the pharynx), increasing the tonicity of the mucous membranes of the throat. It also relieves hoarseness. Useful in atonic dyspepsia (catarrh of the stomach), and in chronic catarrh of the colon and rectum, catarrh of the bladder, prostaticorrhea, and chronic bronchial affections.

MILLSPAUGH, MEDICINAL PLANTS, one of the most authoritative works on medicinal herbs in the English language, in commenting upon COLLINSONIA CANADENSIS, says that it acts on the pneumogastric and vaso motor nerves. It increases the secretions of the mucous membranes in general. In the mountains of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Carolina, collinsonia canadensis is considered a panacea for many disorders, including headache, colic, cramp, dropsy and indigestion. DR. SCUDDER regards it highly as a remedy in chronic diseases of the lungs, heart disease and asthma.

These citations ought to be sufficient to show to any candid mind that Peruna is a catarrh remedy. Surely, such herbal remedies, that command the enthusiastic confidence of the highest authorities obtainable, brought together in proper combination, ought to make a catarrh remedy of the highest efficacy.

This is our claim, and we are able to substantiate this claim by ample quotations from the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES IN THE WORLD.

Surely a No-Account Dog. A man in Missouri recently sued a railway company for damages for the death of a hound killed on the track, says the Youth's Companion. The company defended itself upon the following points:

Said dog was chasing a rabbit up defendant's tracks in violation of the game laws.

Said rabbit lived on defendant's right of way, and was therefore the property of the defendant.

Plaintiff's dog was a trespasser, and was hunting defendant's property without permission.

Said deceased was not much of a dog, anyhow, or it could easily have got out of the way of defendant's trains.

And having fully answered, defendant prays to be discharged.

His Choice. A country clergyman on his round of visits interviewed a youngster as to his acquaintance with Bible stories.

"My lad," he said, "you have, of course, heard of the parables?"

"Yes, sir," shyly answered the boy, whose mother had inducted him in sacred history. "Yes, sir."

"Good!" said the clergyman. "Now which of them do you like the best of all?"

The boy squirmed, but at last, heeding his mother's frowns, he replied:

"I guess I like that one where somebody loafs and fishes."

Safe Place. "It states here that bulldog shoes are in fashion again," remarked Mr. Stubb as he perused the "latest styles for men" column.

"That so?" laughed Mrs. Stubb incredulously. "Why—er—where does a bulldog carry his shoes?"

"Don't you know, Maria?"

"No, John."

"Why, in his grip, of course."

Spot Cash for Your Cream. Top market prices always. MILTON DAIRY CO., St. Paul.

Grapes are squeezed six times in making champagne, yielding wine of different qualities.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of W. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 2c.

Choneready iss a fine trait, so I guess a easy guy iss a trait mark.

We Pay Top Price for Cream. Cash every day. Write for prices and tags. Miller & Holmes, St. Paul, Minn.

Many things lawful are not expedient.—Latin.

NOTABLE DATES. First violin made, 1440.

LUMBAGO. This is really Rheumatism of the Muscles of the Loins and is characterized by a severe, at times agonizing pain in the small of the back, allowing the sufferer scarcely a moment's rest, while the ailment is at its worst. It can come from cold, exposure to draft, from getting wet feet or wearing wet or damp clothing. It causes acute suffering, and if allowed to become chronic it may permanently disable the sufferer. The way to secure quickest relief is to rub down the skin over the painful part by rubbing with a flesh brush or piece of flannel rag, and then apply ST. JACOBS OIL by gentle friction with the hand.