THE Canton Advocate.

Evil News Rides Fast; While Good News Baits!

VOL. II. CANTON, D. T., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1877. NO. 17.

The Canton Advocate

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Canton, Lincoln County, D. T.

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☞ We have adopted the cash in advance system, believing it much better for the patrons, and knowing it to be more desirable for the publisher.

J. L. CARTER. G. E. CARTER.

CARTER BRO'S, PUBLISHERS.

A. F. & A. M.

SILVER STAR LODGE NO. 4, A. F. & A. M. Regular Communication Wednesday on or before the full moon.

Special meeting every second Wednesday after the Regular.

W. H. MILLER, Sr. W. M.
W. M. CUPPETT, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.—CENTENNIL LODGE, NO. 10, meets every Thursday evening, over Gilbert's Store. Travelling brothers in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

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H. B. DONALDSON, Sec'y.

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J. W. CARTER, District Attorney.
W. M. CUPPETT, Clerk of District Court.
THORE J. THONSTAD, Register of Deeds and Ex-officio County Clerk.
GEO. W. NAYLOR, Treasurer.
J. Q. FITZGERALD, Judge of Probate.
A. P. DIXON, Sheriff.
B. C. JACOBS, Superintendent of Schools.
A. ARNESON, Chairman, W. W. PALMER, C. P. ROLFE, } Co. Commissioners.

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Southern daily mail arrives every day except Sunday at 2:30 P. M. Departs every day except Sunday at 6 A. M.

Northern daily mail arrives every day except Saturday at 5:30 A. M. Departs every day except Monday at 7 A. M.

Canton and Milltown mail arrives every Tuesday and Saturday at 6 P. M. Departs every Monday and Thursday at 6 A. M.

Canton & Richland mail arrives every Friday, at 8 P. M. Departs every Thursday, at 8 A. M.

Canton & Vermillion mail departs every Thursday at 8 A. M. Arrives every Friday at 5 A. M.

Office open from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M. On Sundays from 1 to 2 P. M., and one hour after the mail arrives from the North.

JOHN FALDE, Postmaster.

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CANTON, D. T.

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Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CANTON, D. T.

J. W. TAYLOR,
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Beloit, Lyon County, Iowa.
Will practice in the courts of Iowa and Dakota. Will buy and sell land, make collections &c., Best of references given.

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—One door North of the Postoffice—
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Carpenter and Builder,
Is now prepared to do all kind of work in his line, on short notice. Can be found at his farm three and one half miles north of Canton.

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PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
ALL CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO, NIGHT OR DAY
☞ OFFICE—KELLER'S DRUG STORE.
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WM. M. CUPPETT,
Real Estate and Abstract Office.
Will pay taxes for non-residents. Office at the Court House, Canton, D. T. 7tf.

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Real Estate and tax paying business promptly attended to. Office at Court House. 1tf.

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U. S. Examining Surgeon for Pensions,
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Passengers on Howard's Stage Line between Sioux Falls and Portlandville going south can get breakfast, and those going north can get supper at this House. Splendid accommodations for all travelers, and good Stables in connection with the House.
G. W. HARLAN, Proprietor.

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Ex-Officio County Clerk, and
REGISTER OF DEEDS,
CANTON, LINCOLN CO., D. T.,
Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish abstracts of title at reasonable rates. 1tf.

M. L. SYVERUD,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER.
And Dealer in
Clocks, Jewelry, &c.,
at Gilbert's Store, Canton, D. T.
All kinds of work in my line attended to promptly and on short notice.
☞ REFERENCE—MY WORK.

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FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
CASH CAPITAL,.....$600,000,00
CASH SURPLUS.....$1,252,302.82
The oldest and most reliable company in the United States. Over $10,000,000 in losses have been paid by the Phœnix
JOHN FALDE, Agent,
1tf. Canton, D. T.

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Keeps on hand and for sale for cash a large stock of bread, pies, cakes, crackers, cove oysters, canned peaches, &c.; also a full line of confectionery, tobacco, cigars, oranges, lemons, &c. Warm meals at all hours. In connection with the above he has a
First-Class Barber Shop.

BOYS AND GIRLS.
OUR HOME is the largest, cheapest and best illustrated juvenile journal published in America. Only 30 cents a year with a splendid chromo. Extra cash and gift inducements to club agents. Send stamp for specimen copy
Address, SWEET & FUGIT, Windfall ity, Indiana.

Autumn

Is casting its gray tints over the valley that has long cheered us with its bright green garb, and the fields that a few days ago were golden with ripened grain are faded in their dross of bleached stubble, or black with upturned earth where the busy farmer has turned the fall furrow.—There is a tinge of sadness in the decay of animation, but it is not always of a grievious nature. What is born must die. What in spring and summer time we sow, plant and till, however thrifty, luxuriant or beautiful it may be in its prime, must decay and change. It is for the ripening, the end of growth, the *autumn* and its harvest, that the farmer looks for. The gathering in of the fruits of a summer's toil cannot occur until nature's law is fulfilled; hence, the season now upon us is the farmer's pay day, although the mild forerunner of bleakness, chill, and gloomy winter, a fruitful autumn is the brightest season of his life.

For many reasons the residents of this county should be doubly gratified and thankful beyond expression, at the bountiful result of the season's growth.

A little over a year ago we saw the Sioux Valley for the first time; it was in its richest dress and the extensive fields of grain surprised us, both in extent and rich growth, for we had been told that this was about the "ragged edge" of civilization and crop bearing soil. Our first impressions were scarcely removed before those winged Turks clouded the sky and swept the fields of their bearings, and left many destitute of even food to eat, and with none to sell. The gloomy fall and fearful winter that followed, was but little worse than the dark outlook that spring brought. There was more real destitution among the people than some would believe. We heard some who were possessed of a competence, say, that there was no use of men being so circumstanced, it was their own fault, and did not believe that people were suffering as was reported, and would cite some isolated case where such an one had prospered, even during harder times than then existed. This was an uncharitable view that the cold-hearted and selfish-minded man took of the matter. But it did not change the fact. Individual instances came under our own cognizance, where to all appearances, want was unknown to them, but they barely sustained life with the limited amount of food they had.

Then came the question, as to how to obtain seed That men were poor and without necessaries, and no means of procuring seed, was evidenced by the mass of people that thronged the Court House last spring, to discuss this question. Many did not procure any, and fields of rosin weed and other rubbish corroborate this. Some only could get flax on credit, and a little corn; and the statements of reliable men agree that far less acreage was sown and planted than last year.

To add to this embarrassment, was the loss of faith in the country. Apprehensive of another failure of crops, another visitation of hoppers, many left, others would, could they have got away, and the majority stayed because they were obliged to, and some were bold enough to say they would never leave unless driven out by Indians.

Fields were sown and planted by all who remained and could procure seed, and through the long summer, anxious and with but little hope, they waited for the beautiful Autumn that is now with us as the crowning glory of a bountiful season.

The future of this country can now be foreshadowed; its trial day has past, and faith in its ultimate prominence and progress is well founded. The ordeal that past years have forced upon the adventurers within the limits of this Territory, oppressive and bitter, will prove a blessing in the end. It has taught patience, prudence, and economy. It has tested the grip of men; the fact that one can do without many things that once were considered indispensable. It has illustrated the dreadful incubus of debt, and shown men who their real friends were.

Such an Autumn then should be enjoyed and welcomed as a harbinger of comfort and rest from the demoralizing suspense that has hung over so many anxious husbandmen. Though far from placing many where they want to be, it has removed the blockade so that a clear sea and fair sky are visible, and the new labor for the coming year can be entered upon with a heart and will that is essential in all undertakings, for a successful result.

The channels of business that have been stagnant, indicate signs of life and renewal of activity that brings thrift and prosperity. Capital that has been resting in vaults, and guarded with unusual care, is gradually loosed and seeking investments throughout the west. Railroads are creeping into localities where the autumn fruits are stored, and men talk *business;* property has found a value, and its owner is beginning to show a little cheek. Yes, though the advance guard of coming winter, and blizzards, the present autumn has brought the wraps and warmth that will protect against severity, and crowns with success the efforts of the industrious farmer.

—A novel sensation has occurred in Kentucky over the fact that a late investigation of the records, "shows that not a single woman or man within its borders has been legally married."

Wheat.

There is no local matter of present greater interest, than what the farmer is going to realize for his wheat. Although rye, oats, and barley have been produced in abundance, neither is available for shipment; they must be utilized where raised. Wheat now, is the only marketable commodity to any extent, that Lincoln county has to dispose of. At a later period in the fall and winter there will be an increased amount of pork to be marketed and the corn crop bids fair to aid in that line. We have endeavored to keep pace with the market reports, through our exchanges, that we might be enabled to form some satisfactory conclusion as to the prospect of a firm price, or a reliable basis, be the price more or less. But we are yet unable to find what is satisfactory, and we never have read such a diversity of opinions upon a topic of such general concern, as the press is carrying at the present time.

Since our last article upon this topic, the markets in LeMars and Vermillion have raised from 72 to 87 cents for wheat, per bushel, and firm at that. The reason assigned is the milling demand. How long this will exist is of course unknown, and cannot be approximated. But a small fraction of the great crop has yet been marketed, or even thrashed, and with each week from now on more grain will be thrashed and moved to the elevators, which fact may tend to lower the price in proportion to the amount thrown into market.

It is said that the "wish is often father to the thought," and sometimes in weaving a web of probabilities, become blinded by it of the real truth, and it may be so with us now; but in looking over the dry statistical tables of our American Agricultural reports we are more firmly impressed than ever that the theory advanced in our former article is borne out by facts. That was, that a foreign demand would enhance the price, and that that demand seemed inevitable, either immediate or within a few months at farthest.

Tabular statements are dry, but the juiciness is apparent when from their figures we can solve a problem of comfort, or one of selfish interest.

It may appear strange to many readers, but it is a fact that breweries and distilleries have more to do with the keeping of the price of breadstuffs at a high figure than the real demand for eating.—The United States, at an estimate of 40,000,000 of people, in round numbers, produces at an average of forty bushels per head. Europe, with a population of less than 300,000,000, raises sixteen bushels per head. Russia twenty-six bushels, and Great Britain four bushels per head. Fifteen bushels is the average estimate that is consumed by an individual, and upon this basis the United States averages a surplus of about three times as much as we need. Russia a little less than twice the amount it requires. Europe no more than needed; but Great Britain but little over one-fourth. From this table is deduced the fact that all the productions raised in the grain growing countries throughout the world, exceeds the consumption, largely; and as stated, the great excess is secured by the brewers and distillers.

The Washington Bureau estimates the entire product of the United States, at 1,600,000,000 bushels, and the French government as the total product of Europe, 4,994,000,000. The United States now produces and exports more grain than any country in the world. Russia, which was, until within the past ten years, a powerful competitor, now must yield the palm to Uncle Sam, in foreign markets. Ten years ago we furnished England with only 14 per cent. of her imports of wheat, and in 1873, the last great crop before the present one, our exports to England were 44 per cent., and Russia, the same year, was 23 per cent. less; and our facilities in machinery and through the tramways of commerce enables the American dealer to put grain on shipboard 15 per cent. less than the Russians can do.

Now, with our immense surplus and increasing facilities, both in producing and moving qualities,—in the fact that the two powers, Russia and Turkey, (that have heretofore furnished upwards of 22 per cent. of England's supplies,) are, by their war with each other, prevented from exporting to any noticeable extent; in the terrible famine raging in India; in the probable protracted conflict between European powers, cutting off supplies from those sources; in these, together with the demand that is, beyond a question, on the increase from foreign shores; and in the eye of the fact that British importers are building six iron vessels of the largest size, to be used exclusively in the transportation of American grain, and also the further fact that the crop is some 12,000,000 bushels less for export from California than formerly, all combined, leads us to no other conclusion than the demand thus occasioned, will bring grain far above its present rate, so that the Dakota farmer will realize at least in the immediate neighborhood of 90 cents a bushel.

The same statistician estimates that our surplus will be at least 5,500,000 bushels over home demand or home consumption, or 25 to 30 per cent. greater than last year.

The above are of course only estimates, but made by men who have made it their life study, and whose statements are entitled to great weight, and are strongly corroborated by the Agricultural reports to the Bureau at Washington.

No man can truthfully predict, but we are accustomed to appropimate as a producing nation, and the best prophet in the world is the observer of past events, and if, as is said, "history repeats itself," the most reasonable prophecy is, from all the surroundings, that is given by these compilers of facts and tabular statements, that the grain producers will realize more out of his products of 1877, than in many a year.

Failed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—An assignment of Frank Leslie, the newspaper publisher, to Isaac W. England was filed in the office of the county clerk to-day. The *Sun* says his liabilities amount to $330,000 and his assets are represented by numerous publications, his large printing and engraving establishment, with its presses, machinery and fixtures, and a considerable establishment at Interlaken, near Saratoga. Mr. Leslie's embarrassments arise in a good part from too extended investments in real estate. An arrangement has been made whereby the publications will be continued.—*S. C. Journal.*

Caucus.

The Republican Township Caucus for Canton township will be held at Canton on Saturday, October 6th, 1877, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the County Convention, and to put in nomination candidates for township officers, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the caucus.

By order of the committee.

WM. M. CUPPETT,
G. W. HARLAN.

To The Public:

You are hereby notified that Chas. A. Pettit is not authorized to do any business for me whatever, nor has he been in my employ since August 10th, 1877; and all persons are warned against transacting any business with him, as I will not recognize any of his acts or doings.

G. J. SKINNER.

Canton, D. T., Sept. 10th, 1877.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will be held at Canton on Saturday, October 13th 1877 at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of putting in nomination,

One County Commissioner,
One County Treasurer,
One County Surveyor, and
One Coroner.

The ratio of representation will be one delegate for each township in the county, and in addition thereto one for each 20 votes or fraction over 10 cast for Hon. J. P. Kidder, as Delegate to Congress in 1876.

Townships will be entitled to delegates as follows:

	Votes.	Dels		Votes.	Dels.
Eden,	64	4	Lincoln,	34	3
Fairview,	39	3	Linn,	39	3
Canton,	181	8	Oskosh,	31	3
Dayton,	70	4	Brooklyn,	34	3
Springdale,	31	3	Delaware,	27	2
Norway,	80	5	T.98, R.51,	19	2
Highland,	67	4	T.99, R.51,	15	2
Pleasant,	36	3	T.100, R.51,	19	2

And it is recommended by the Committee that the towns hold their primary meetings October 6th, 1877.

By order of the Committee.

WM. M. CUPPETT
Chairman

CIRCULAR

TO THE
FARMERS, MANUFACTURERS AND MINERS
OF
DAKOTA TERRITORY.

YANKTON, Aug. 20, 1877.

In accordance with the invitation of Mr. Lee Crandall, who has charge of the Permanent National Bureau of Immigration, which has been established in Machinery Hall, Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, and whose Circular is hereto attached, it has been determined by the Governor of this Territory, the Agricultural Society of the Territory having expressed a willingness to co-operate with him, to load a Car at Yankton immediately after the close of our Territorial Fair—say October 6th, with the products of the Farms, Mines, and Manufactories of the Territory, to be forwarded to the said National Bureau of Immigration for exhibition.

Arrangements have already been made to have the Car taken through from Yankton to Philadelphia free of charge.

In the absence of a Commissioner of Immigration for the Territory, it is believed by many of our most intelligent citizens that such an Exhibition of our products will be of incalculable benefit, and the people of every organized County in the Territory are requested to contribute articles for that purpose. We want Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Flax, &c., in the sheaf and in sacks, and Corn shelled, in the ear and on the stalk. Also Potatoes, Squash, Turnips, Pumkins, Beets, Onions, Peas, Beans, Cheese, Butter and all other products of the Farm and Dairy. Also Manufactured articles of all kinds; and we especially desire contributions of Mineral specimens.

Each article should be carefully marked with the name of the donor, where grown, where from, where manufactured, etc. If our friends in the Black Hills will make liberal contributions from their Mines, of Gold and Silver quartz, and specimens of their Placer mines, &c., especial pains will be taken to see that they are exhibited to every possible advantage, and the value of their Mines set forth in the most attractive manner.

Articles contributed for this purpose should be sent to Governor Pennington, or Judge West, Secretary of the Agricultural Society, at Yankton, and delivered at the Warehouse of Dakota Southern R. R., Yankton, on or before the 6th of October. And it is hoped that leading citizens of each County will take hold of the matter and see that the Car is filled with the very best of their products, that the people of the East and of Foreign lands may see that we cannot only produce the best of everything, but that we do produce an abundance of it.

The Governor will personally see to getting the Car through and to having all articles donated exhibited to the best advantage.

This enterprise has the sanction and hearty co-operation of the Dakota Agricultural Society.

JOHN L. PENNINGTON,
I. E. WEST, Governor.
Sec. Dakota Ter. Agr. Society.

Local Items.

—REV. MR. HUNTINGTON is absent to the Convocation at Yankton.

—THE Rev. Mr. Thomas has rented the Johnson building west of Mr. Sutton's, and is to put it in complete repairs.

—OUR Hunters have subsided in the chicken line, and are waiting for geese and ducks to appear.

—OTTO RUDOLPH is in receipt of a large stock of stoves and other Hardware, preparatory to the fall and winter trade.

—CLAIMS that were abandoned last fall, are being re-taken by new comers, and lookers for land are on the increase.

—ALL the Canton merchants are recieving fresh invoices of goods for the fall trade that opens lively.

—MR. FOSS, the Photographer, is occupied his entire time in his line, and is recieving a greater patronage than he expected.

—MESSRS. Haraldson & Behlmer have the material on the ground for the erection of a grain warehouse, back of their establishment

—OUR neighbor, the *Times*, is doing Beloit and Canton in fine style. The editors seem to comprehend the wants of the community, and leave none unnoticed.

—THE funeral of of Mrs. Isaac Coles was attended by a large concourse of people, to listen to the able discourse of the Rev. Chase.

—MR. J. H. BROOKS, formerly of Lower Canton, with two other gentlemen of LuVerne, Minn, were quartered at the Dixon House the first of the week.

—DIED.—At Canton, Sept. 8th, 1877, Cornelia, wife of the Rev. Isaac Coles, after a protracted illness, in the 64th year of her age.

—THE Tax Sale has proved profitable for the county; the entire list being disposed of; the greater part to Mr. Treat of Rockford, Ill., and J. D. Cameron of Sioux Falls.

—PROF. JACOBS, our County Superintendent, was in attendance at the Territorial Institute held at Yankton, under the supervision of the Territorial Superintendent.

—FROM the advertisement in the *Times*, Arthur Rudolph seems to have secured his expected stock of clothing, which from his reputation for selling will be sold at low figures.

—MR. TREAT, who has been stopping a few days here, looking after his interests in this section started for his home at Rockford, Ill., the first of the week, Mr. Root taking him as far as Sheldon.

—THE wife of Mr. Nelson arrived from Janesville, Wis., on Friday last; she expects to remain this winter and keep things in order for G A., who has lived in Canton three or four years by himself.

—FOREST ROWLEY dispenses pills and ipecac at the Beloit drug store during Mr. Coulter's inability to attend to business. "For." is an affable young man and will deal fairly with his customers.

—GEO. GAGE, of Lynn township, left a stalk of corn at the store of J. S. Benedict, which measured 12 feet in hight, and on which hung a good ear of corn. Who says Dakota is not a corn country?

—CANTON needs a graded school. At least two teachers are necessary for the winter term, and the best of male teachers should be employed. A school house is actually needed for the comfort of scholars.

—WE are informed by Thos. Thorson that the President and Superintendent of the Pembina branch informed him that they were coming up the valley soon, to look over matters relative to an extension of their road to Beloit.

—THE big crop does not elevate the farmers above work, for they never were more busy than now. They only visit town when absolutely necessary, and then at evening and tarry only to make purchases.

—S. S. MARTIN lost a valuable ox in Beaver creek on Sunday last. It was driven into the creek to drink and by some means its head became fastened under the water, and before it could be extricated was drowned.

—REGISTER THONSTAD visited Rock Rapids, where he paid some $500 taxes for E. B. Peterson upon his Iowa lands. The latter gentleman is one of our wealthiest and most thrifty farmers in Lincoln county.

—MR. F. M. ROWLEY, of Beloit, and his daughter, Miss Clara F., started East this morning. Mr. R., goes to Chicago to purchase his fall stock of goods; Clara, to Niles, Mich., where she will remain in school for a year or two.

—MR. JOHNSON HARRIS, who went to the Black Hills last spring, with a load of goods for J. L. Johnson, returned on Saturday. He reports the boys who went from here as feeling in good spirits, but not making a great deal out of their mining operations.

—JOHN M., is getting to be the star mulist; he has affection for them beyond words. We saw John in silent contemplation of an oft mule last Saturday. We commenced to suggest but John suppressed our suggestion with a gesture, and we left him smiling, oh! so placidly, and the mule left, but not until he got a good ready, and of course that was all right, for John was not ready before.

—WE acknowledge the receipt of complimentary tickets to the Territorial Fair, to be held at Yankton, Oct. 3d, 4th and 5th, from the manager, I. E. West; also passes from Geo. Merchant, over the Dakota Southern R. R., for which we render many thanks.

—THE funeral sermon of an infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Ross of Lower Canton, was preached in the School house at Beloit, by Rev. A. J. Benjamin, on Friday last. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of many friends, in this their hour of affliction.

—W. H WILLISTON, a brother-in-law of the editor of the *News*, made us an agreeable call yesterday. Mr. W., was formerly an old typo, but at present is a representative of the large shirt-factory establishment of Frank Ford, at Council Bluffs and Omaha.

—TOM. HOOD leaves on Thursday for Vermillion. "Change of pasture makes fat calves," but we don't intend to call Tom a calf by any means; he is too human a boy for that, which fact Vermillionites will corroborate as soon as his residence there can be gained, and we will guarantee that he wins a host of friends.

THE ladies of the Congregational Sewing Society, will hold a Fair and Peach Festival on the 20th, instead of 19th, as was intended, on account of inability to get peaches until the evening of the 19th. The ladies extend a wide and general invitation and hope for liberal patronage, as a good time is expected, and a splendid chance for the citizens of Canton and vicinty to become better acquainted is thereby offered.

The following are the committees that were appointed:

Committee on Coffee and Cake—Mrs. J. S. Benedict, Mrs. J. H. Holsey and Mrs. J. Q. Fitzgerald.

On Peaches and Cream—Mrs. I. N. Martin, Mrs. H. F. Benedict and Mrs. W. M. Cuppett.

On Tables—Mr. and Mrs. G. Martin, Menor, Alexander, and Hawn.

On Flowers and Decorations—The Misses Martin, Harlan, Bertrand, Miller, and Mrs. Wells.

On Dry Goods—Mrs. Nash and Mrs. Naylor.

Treasurers—Mr. Nash and Mrs. Loomis.

Misses Hattie Loomis, Clara Martin and Nina Nash will have charge of the Grab Bag.

Mr. I. N. Martin and H. F. Benedict, Door Tenders.

Admittance, 10 cents.

—Edward S. Piper, the forger and a criminal of most extended notoriety, died one day last week, at Joliet, Ill. He was for a time a resident of Newell, Iowa, and other points in that section of the State, and leaves several relatives in Northwestern Iowa. During the past fifteen years he has been known under a number of different aliases, among which were O. B. Clark, E. B. Fancher, Frank Berdell, Otis Gorgent, and A. M. Howe, and under this last name he set himself up as a cotton-broker in New Orleans, where he did a lively business and finally so worked upon the confidence of the bankers, that he got away with an immense amount of cash. In England he worked several successful games, but the detectives routed him from there and he returned to the United States, where he continued to practice his pet scheme, which was to change figures of checks, raising their amounts. In 1861 he was arrested at Cleveland, but was set at liberty again and allowed to go on in his reckless career, until he was again overtaken by justice; he cleared himself this time by settling with the prosecutors, and went on rejoicing. In '63 he got the start of the banks of Rutland, Vt., to the tune of $24,000, and in '66 was arrested for this deed, for which he was sent up for ten years in the penitentiary; and in the early part of 1876 was released, since which time he has been engaged in agricultural pursuits in Northwestern Iowa, and was thoroughly reformed.

—J. Russel Jones, Collector of Customs of Chicago, does not resign worth a cent, although informed by Secretary Sherman that President Hayes desired him to resign. Jones bases his refusal upon the civil service reform that Hayes enforces himself, quoting the President's letter of acceptance, in which he says, "The founders of the government want that public officers should be secured in their tenure of office as long as their personal character remained untarnished and the duties of their office were fulfilled." And Jones does not know why he is requested to resign and made an exception to the rule.

—Osman Pasha, in command of the Turkish army, is not a Turk but an American, born in Tennesee, named R. Clay Crawford; and was a Colonel of regiment of artillery during the late rebellion. After the close of the war he entered the Liberal army of Mexico as General, and finally quarelling with the Mexican President, Juarez, returned with a large fortune to near Philadelphia; but he soon sought service with the Khedive of Egypt and was then transferred to the Turkish army at Plevna.

—During the break at the Omaha bridge, the Chicago & Northwestern road runs its trains to Fremont, 40 miles beyond Omaha, *via* Missouri Valley and California Junction, crossing the Missouri at Blair. This route is 34 miles shorter than by Omaha.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	3 months.	6 months.	One year
One column.....	$26.00	$45.00	$80.00
One-half column..	15.00	26.00	45.00
One-fourth column	9.00	15.00	26.00
One-eighth column	6.00	9.00	15.00

Business Cards of six lines or less, $6.00 per year or each additional line, $1.00.

Legal advertisements inserted at legal rates.

☞ All advertising accounts settled monthly.

Correspondence.

Correspondence solicited from all parts of the county, on any matters pertaining to local news. All communications must be accompanied by the writer's name, not necessarily for publication, but as guarantee of good faith.

JOB PRINTING.

Orders for all kinds of Job Printing promptly attended to, quickly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

ODDS AND ENDS.

—Wisconsin State Fair at Janesville, opened on Monday, the 10 inst.

—There are 97 Land offices in the United States.

—The Capital City Bank, Des Moines, has failed. Liabilities, $60,500; assets, $75,800.

—Nanking, China, is fearful of starvation, on account of the drought. Prayers printed on yellow paper, cover every wall.

—The Teachers Institute at Yankton closed on Friday, the 7th, after an interesting session of four days.

—Don't turnup your nose at the fact that Dakota raises turnips twenty-five inches in circumference.

—The steamer Oder landed at New York the other day with £130,000 in gold coin, and another steamer with $650,000.

—Rev. John K. Smith, of Boston, has been convicted of forgery, and sentenced to states prison for five years.

—Crazy Horse, the "big Indian," has died from the effects of the cut he received from the hands of his captors.

—President Hayes has gone to attend the reunion of Federal and Confederate soldiers at Marietta; from there he will proceed on his southern tour.

—On the 3d inst, a heavy snow storm prevailed at Mt. Washington; the first of the season, usually the 1st of August witnesses a storm.

—The State fair of Kentucky, opened yesterday with an exhibition by Goldsmith Maid, where she trotted against time.

—In respect of the late ex-President Thiers, the national flags floated at half mast all over the government buildings at Washington, on Saturday.

—There was manufactured during the year ending July 1st, 1877, 59,912,268 gallons of spirits in the United States, an increase of 2,000,000 gallons over last year.

—Saylor, of Ohio, Morrison, of Illinois, Randall, of Pennsylvania, and Sam Cox are candidates for Speaker of the next House of Representatives.

—Mrs. Muloch, the authoress, has been bitten by a dog; fortunately no evil results are anticipated, although the wound is a severe one.

—Fairs, State and County, are being held throughout the country, and an unusual amount of interest is manifested in those in progress.

—Suleiman Pasha has withdrawn his forces from the neighborhood of the Schipka Pass, and abandoned the attempt on the Russian position there.

—As James Magee, a Texas rough, was being carried into the woods to be hung, he killed two of the men and then escaped.

—A convention of the American banker's association is to be held in New York next week, to last three days. Prominent bankers from all parts of the county will be in attendance.

—Maine rejoices over one more Republican victory. Connor, Republican, for Governor, elected with a majority of from 8,000 to 10,000. Twenty-nine of the thirty-one Senators, and three-fourths of the Representatives will legislate loyally.

—A newspaper correspondent took a funny ride of 20 miles in a flume in Butte county, Cal. The flume is 160 miles in lenth and cost $160,000 and is built for running lumber down the mountain.

—Five steamships left New York on Saturday, for Europe, with 200,000 bushels of grain, 120,000 cases of canned goods, 36,000 boxes of cheese, 13,500 packages of butter, 150 tons of fresh beef and 311 head of horses.

—At an investigation of the management of the San Francisco custom house it was discovered that 1,000,000 pounds of sugar had entered without paying duty. The matter was rectified by the importer paying $18,000 duty.

—The Board of Education, of New York City, has over three hundred schools under its charge, with upwards of three thousand teachers employed. In the year 1875, three and one half millions of dollars was expended to maintain them, and $150,000 was expended for books alone.

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160 "	nw¼ "	15,	" "	"	" "
160 "	ne¼ "	28,	" "	"	" "
40 "	ne of nw¼ "	"	" "	"	" "
80 "	s½ of nw¼ "	"	" "	"	" "
320 "	s½ section	8,	" "	Sioux	" "
160 "	se¼ "	7,	" "	"	" "

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