

NATIONAL UNION REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

For President. CLYDE S. GRANT, of Illinois. For Vice President. HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican county convention of Bennington County was held at the Court House on Tuesday, the 27th of June, 1872.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Position. Includes names like J. J. Ladd, Henry C. Adams, Charles Clement, etc.

A NEW CANDIDATE.

The Troy Press of Saturday has the honor of naming a new candidate for the gubernatorial honors of Vermont, Hon. Wm. T. Horrobin of Bennington.

Giving all due credit to the Press for its usual good judgment in political and other matters, we think it talks wild in regard to this matter.

First, though the Republicans of the State may be divided in their preference for Governor, yet whichever candidate is nominated at the State convention the people will support.

Both of the gentlemen named are good men and there is really little choice between them as such. So there is hardly a possibility of a break in the party on the question of governorship.

In the next place Greeley Republicans will hardly bring themselves to the point of supporting an old Democrat though they are perfectly willing and anxious that Democrats should support their candidates.

With the exception of Mr. Hendricks who has been nominated for Governor of Indiana and who will probably be supported by the Greeley Republicans we do not know of a single instance.

The Democrats will find their support in the poorest rule they ever adopted.

During the past week several Democratic State Conventions have been held and it is now very evident that Horace Greeley will be nominated by the Democrats at Baltimore.

This narrows the contest down to Grant and Greeley though it is possible that a third candidate may be put in the field.

Greeley is a bitter foe to the Democrats to swallow and there are very many that cannot possibly worry him down.

There is also no disguising the fact that the prominent opposers of Grant among the Republicans are but little better pleased with Greeley, Sumner, in all his bitterness, has not said one word in Greeley's favor.

opinion that he will make a better president than Grant, and though we would much rather trust the latter for the next four years, yet if "Uncle Horace" is elected we hope the very best things of him.

One thing is very evident, however, if Greeley is elected there will be need of civil service reform, for if the patronage is in the hands of the President, among the many and incongruous elements that, for the once, unite to elect him, there will come up to the White House such an army of office-seekers as would shame the locusts of Egypt and worry the life out of its occupants.

LIBERAL REPUBLICANS. Hon. Jedd P. Ladd, the member of the Liberal Republican National Committee, has issued a lengthy address to the people of Vermont, and announces the following named gentlemen to constitute the State Committee:

- Henry C. Adams, St. Albans. Charles Clement, Rutland. John Salisbury, Rutland. Fletcher Tarble, Swanton. A. G. Safford, St. Albans. David S. Sweet, Albany. D. L. Kent, East Dorset. E. Henry Wiley, Randolph.

The address was received too late to be published in full but we give the following extract which gives the pith of the whole thing with the exception of the platform of the new party which we have given in a previous issue.

The Republican Party, organized more than 16 years ago and holding unbroken power for the last twelve years, is now in danger of being broken in pieces, and its mission ended.

No violence from outside foes could have wrought this result, but the executive of the Nation, surrounded by flatterers, parasites and corruptionists, who have blinded his eyes to the real situation, and who see in his reelection the only hope of a continuance of their hold upon the public treasury, has shown that he is equal to the task.

Under his administration the public morals have become debased, nepotism and gift-taking, which were odious to Washington and Jefferson, now find favor in the eyes of his followers, and are publicly approved and defended by his mouth pieces in the United States Senate.

Defalcations have occurred with startling frequency among his chosen agents. Military law is substituted for the reign of law, not to secure protection to the lives, liberties and property of American citizens, but the better to enable him to prolong his power, which does not rest in the hearts of the people.

The President of the United States has lately assumed the role of civil service reform while his apologists in Congress, many of them at least, do not hesitate to avow their contempt for every measure looking to the withdrawal of the vast machinery of public employment from the debasing influences of partisan politics.

Under the influences which surrounded him, and which have enabled him to secure a re-nomination, while a tried and trusted leader for the second place on the ticket was supplanted to make way for another it has come to pass that promotion does not depend upon merit, but upon the ability and disposition of the applicant to advance the personal interests of the President, so that at last public positions which were once posts of honor, are now regarded as marks of servility.

It is supposed that Federal office holding and honest independence are incompatible. The ignorant and contemptuous disregard of the Chief Magistrate for the fundamental laws of the land, and the tendency to centralize all the powers of Government in the hands of the President and his advisers, obliterating the line between a National Government and the power of local self-government by the people of the States, came grave and well founded apprehension, whether in escaping from the horsey of a new Confederacy of separate and independent States bound together by a league which any one of them might dissolve at pleasure, we have not fallen into the opposite extreme of centralized Government, and whether the distinction between the powers granted to the National Government and those reserved to the people of the States, is not being wholly lost sight of and destroyed.

The liberal Republican movement is a reform movement; it had its origin in the wide-spread, deep-seated dissatisfaction now existing with the present administration, and resulted in the Cincinnati Convention. This Convention, notwithstanding the assertions of the administration press to the contrary, was made up exclusively of Republicans. No Democrats were among them. The same men were there who helped to nominate and elect Abraham Lincoln in 1860—the same men who helped re-nominate and re-elect Abraham Lincoln in 1864—the same men who devoted all their energies to putting down the rebellion—the same men who nominated and elected Gen. Grant in 1867. Among the foremost in favor of this cause were many of Abraham Lincoln's bosom friends.

The milk business of New York which has been controlled by the middle men and in which many of our farmers have a deep interest is likely to be soon established on a permanent basis to the mutual advantage of both producers and consumers.

A meeting of the committee of the different organizations was held at the Astor House in New York, on Tuesday of last week, where the different methods for reform were discussed and that of forming a joint stock company (with a capital of one million) for distributing the milk was adopted.

There have been some fears that the required amount of stock would not be taken, but we understand that prominent men of means have promised to take all the stock that farmers do not want, so this matter is set at rest.

There should be a provision in the constitution of the society, however, that a portion of the stock, enough for a controlling interest, should be reserved for the farmers, so that if enough of them do not see fit to take the stock on the start they can do so at a future time if they choose to do so.

By the arrangement it is confidently expected that the consumers will get a better article at the same or a less price and the farmer receive enough to make it some object for him to continue in the business.

A similar organization in Boston, with the exception that it was formed by the consumers instead of the producers, has nearly revolutionized the milk trade of that city, and the evils of which we complain have been remedied.

We hope the farmers of this vicinity will take hold of the matter with a will and the milk business of this section will become the most profitable of any in which they can engage.

MASONIC.

The various bodies of the Masonic Fraternity held their annual meeting in Burlington, during the past week. The following are the chief Grand Officers elected:

- Joseph L. Perkins of St. Johnsbury, Rt. Eminent Grand Commander of Knights Templar. E. A. Jewett of Burlington, M. E. Grand High Priest of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter. Park Davis of St. Albans, M. W. Grand Master of the Grand Lodge. E. S. Dana of Cornwall, M. P. Grand Master of Grand Council.

L. C. Orvis of Manchester was elected Grand Warden of the Grand Commandery, and Grand Principal Sojourner of Grand Chapter.

E. L. Wyman of Factory Point, District Deputy for this District. E. C. Houghton of North Bennington was elected Grand Junior Warden of the Grand Lodge.

J. T. Shurtleff of Bennington, Vice President of the order of High Priesthood. Great harmony prevailed throughout all the sessions of the various bodies, and all seemed to enjoy themselves.

Most of the decisions of Grand Master Davis were sustained by the Grand Lodge. In the case of Dims the however it was decided that no Brother could claim a limit except for reasons which were rated sufficient by the Lodge of which he is a member.

Rollin's Monitor was again recommended by the Grand Lodge to be used by Vermont Masons, and is now in print and for sale at a reasonable price.

Among the gentlemen from abroad are Johann Strauss of Vienna who is eminent as a waltz composer and conductor of an orchestra of world wide celebrity.

At 45 minutes past 3 o'clock p. m. the prayer and addresses of the Mayor and Gen. Banks having been spoken but not heard by more than two thousand people; probably owing to the manifest incapacity of the human voice to cover a six acre farm the impatient auditors were relieved by the sound of the various instruments being attuned to the bars of the opening number on the three weeks programme.

Mr. Gilmore had the deserved honor of opening the festival, and as he came down the long aisle and took the conductor's stand he was received with tumultuous cheering from the men and a unanimous waving of handkerchiefs by the ladies in the audience and chorus.

The selection was Old Hundred, and its effect as given by that vast assembly cannot be described. The jubilee will be a magnificent success.

kind, convincing and satisfactory. In answer to the remainder of your letter I beg leave to say I was pleased that you gave publicity to your "pent up wrath and bitterness" and contempt in manner and form as set forth in your letter, on the same "principle" that the Quaker adopted when he expressed himself greatly pleased to hear a man profanely and violently curse and swear, justifying his pleasure and wish by saying: "It is in him, and ought to come out of him, while in him it defiles the man, the more wicked and violent the oaths the sooner it will be over, and then he will be a better man."

I trust this will prove so in your case. I sincerely hope that you and Mr. Sumner, and all that class of men who are now so wantonly and bitterly reviling Gen. Grant and through him the great political party of which he is the exponent, will live to see the day which will demonstrate that you, and they, have been too harsh, too fast, misguided, and unjust, and will wish your demonstrations, wrath and contumely had not been expressed on paper.

Mr. Sumner must have discovered before this that he has greatly lessened himself in the estimation of all candid American people by his Jesuitical semi-arrangement, and argumentative maledictions, so carefully, studiously and maliciously uttered against the President of the United States, from personal considerations entirely; unless his egotism is even greater than his worst enemies charge to his account.

While in your letter you attempted to belittle Gen. Grant, you paid a splendid compliment to the Editor of the Manchester Journal, when, in substance you informed him in a public letter, that you do not deem it "safe" for you to have the JOURNAL in your possession, for fear that it will cause you to become a supporter of Gen. Grant.

While I regret that Mr. Simonds has lost a valuable subscriber in you, I must congratulate him in having extorted from you this candid expression of yours, of his ability, and while the Editor has lost a subscriber he has gained a personal admirer in a gentleman, in whose judgement you have unlimited confidence, and who paid this Editor twelve and a half cents a number—voluntarily—for his paper, when the regular price is only five cents a copy.

You appreciate the power of the Editor, and the value of the paper notwithstanding you fail to recognize any value in Gen. Grant's services—either civil or military.

It seems to me that a man of large and liberal views should not discountenance his "country paper" on a question of preference in regard to men for office in which it is admitted by the subscriber that he and the Editor honestly differ, and this is his only reason. The people of Manchester and Dorset have more to gain or lose in having a good country paper than has D. K. Simonds "or any other man."

It is for your interest to have this paper sustained, and to have good hotels and attractions in these towns which will cause people to love, revere and respect Dorset, Manchester and towns adjoining, and who will come among you to reside transiently or permanently as the case may be, and bring costly gifts in the shape of churches, church-bells of great cost and celebrity and splendid sweet toned organs, and make your valley of the Battenkill desirable above all other places, that they and those from afar—as their custom is—when "life's fitful fever is o'er and they sleep well their last sleep," and while awaiting their "final change" while they "softly lie and sweetly sleep" in your beautiful land, and as they have faith in the resurrection, so they will hope to rise in the "last day" in the valley of the Battenkill.

Having spent my school boy days and the time from my earliest recollection until I was twenty years of age in the "North Shire" of Bennington Co. I was then impressed with the belief common in that County, that Bennington County was the grandest County in Vermont, and had the greatest number of good and great men in it, that Bennington was the finest town in the State, and that Manchester was next, and Dorset next to Manchester. Consequently I am grieved when I learn anything amiss of a Bennington County man, and am grieved at any attempt to injure the material prosperity either of our common country or any section thereof, or to impair "the fair fame and name" of any citizen be he ever so high or never so humble, and this attempted "unkind cut" from my friend, A. B. Armstrong of Dorset, Bennington Co., Vt., was not in good taste and was not deserved in this attempt of yours to do an unjust thing and hide the meritorious services of Gen. Grant under a small "g." There is no G large enough to do so, the United States is not large enough for this G either great or small in shape or form. His fame is world wide.

My friend if you ever take back anything offensive by you said, please do so in this case. If you have not the courage to take it back an apology might mitigate your indiscretion.

Respectfully, P. B. FOLEY.

ADDRESS CARDS. Handset and printed, neatly equal to Engraved Cards. Call and examine. Specimens at THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

FOUND AT LAST. THE DAVIS SEWING MACHINE. THE CHEAPEST, THE BEST.

Vertical Feed. Superior to all other machines. A moment's glance at the novel combination for a press, will convince the reader of its superiority, for the following reasons:

1st. The presser foot is always raised from the fabric when the feed takes place, thereby insuring no resistance to either edge while feeding.

2d. The needle being in the fabric and moving with the fabric, causes no extra fullness in the goods, and the time the feed takes place, renders it impossible to pull one piece while the other is stretched.

3d. The vertical feed is being behind the needle renders it capable of sewing cloth goods, makes a smooth and flexible seam with which both sides—lines enabling the sewing of any number of thicknesses without heating, and operating with equal facility on the heaviest as well as the lightest fabrics.

4th. The foot being raised when the feed takes place, insures that the needle is in the fabric and moving with the fabric, causes no extra fullness in the goods, and the time the feed takes place, renders it impossible to pull one piece while the other is stretched.

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Marriages. June 10th, at East Dorset by the Rev. M. M. Curry, of East Arlington, Mr. Job Matson, of Arlington and Miss Ada I. Stevens of Mt. Mansfield.

Deaths. June 21, at Wilmington, Henry B. son of C. W. Chapman, aged 7 years. June 21, at Wilmington, Folly Whittemore, wife of Dr. W. South, aged 2 years. Both died of scarlet fever.

FOUND! WANTED! A person is wanted who will take a lead at ten cents per line each insertion.

FOR SALE. A house, one wagon, two cows, one pig, one horse, one cow, one calf, one sheep, one dog, one cat, one rabbit, one turtle, one snake, one frog, one toad, one lizard, one salamander, one mole, one shrew, one bat, one owl, one hawk, one eagle, one vulture, one condor, one phoenix, one unicorn, one griffin, one dragon, one phoenix, one unicorn, one griffin, one dragon.

NOTICE. The members of the Vermont Valley Farmers Association have decided to hold a convention on Saturday evening, June 30th, at 8 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. J. A. Allen, at 3 o'clock will have their money refunded, or a sum of 25 cents as a consolation.

NOTICE. The books are now open for subscription to the stock of the Manchester Journal, published by the Vermont Liberal Republican Newspaper.

THE WOODSTOCK POST. THE VERMONT LIBERAL REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER. Full of wide-awake news and politics. Specimens copy sent on application. Price: \$1.50 per year, six months \$1.00.

THE TROY PRESS. DAILY BY MAIL, \$8 00. WEEKLY ONLY ONE DOLLAR. All kinds of JOB PRINTING.

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Hardware & Building Materials. PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY, GLASS, PUTTY, COACH, DEMAU, AND SHELLAC VARNISH. Kerosene Oil, White, and Lubricating Oil.

U. S. Standard Measuring Rods. A large lot of CRACKERY AND GLASSWARE.

A Full Line of Groceries. We have just received 400 feet of Machine Diagonal 36, which will sell very low.

Granville Brick. The best there is. Agent for Payne's Patent Hand Sleds for Boys and Children.

YOUNG SAI OLEON. This much talked of horse was raised by S. H. Miller, Esq. of 8 1/2 miles from Troy. He is bright bay, height 15 1/2 hands, age 12 years.

Factory Point, Vermont. who has been at considerable expense to secure this valuable oil, and hopes the public will appreciate his efforts to offer the services of a first class stock of oil.

W. E. THAYER, Proprietor. J. A. THAYER, Agent. Factory Point, May 1st, 1872.