Nashville Union.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1862.

Nashville Guards, Attention!

You are requested to meet to-day, promptly, at five o'clock, as business of importance to every member will come before the Company.

By order of the Captain.

F. ENDFELEIN, O. S.

PARSONS ELLIOTT, BALDWIN and FORD, were sent from the Penitentiary yesterday morning, by order of the Governor to Louisville to be committed to the keeping of General BOYLE.

There are some prominent officers in the Federal army who deserve the straps on their shoulders—and more too.

It is highly desirable that positions in the Army be filled by promotions from the ranks, and it is also disirable that some officers be transferred *to the ranks*. Both measures would have a most salutary effect.

The N. Y. *Herald* persists in calling Gen. McClellan "Our young Napoleon." Napoleon at what age, Mr. *Herald*?

Two Desiderata.

Next to large accessions to the Federal army, we need a good many resignations in it—around Washington.

Notwithstanding the fact that the oppressive heat and superabundance of dust would admonish one to remain at home and keep quiet in order to keep cool, yet we observe that there is little or no diminution in travel on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. The congeniality of spirit and the affability of manner that characterize the gentlemanly corps of Conductors who officer the trains on that road, and the punctuality to time and dispatch in business, cannot fail to render that important and indispensable thoroughfare popular both with the business man and pleasure-seeker. We congratulate the company on securing the services of such men as FISH C. HENRY, WM. TAYLOR, TOM. BERRY, WM. KNOX, and WM. SWEENEY. Notwithstanding the many mishaps and drawbacks to the road from guerrilla raids, there are still good locomotives and comfortable cars, and likely to continue to be.

We learn that Mr. RAS. PORTER, of Allen county, Ky., brother of Dr. PORTER, of Bowling-Green, was killed on the evening of the 23d inst, by one of his negro men, under the following circumstances: The negro had been directed to perform a piece of work, and on his non-compliance, Mr. PORTER attempted to correct him, when the negro struck Mr. P. with a club, killing him instantly. The negro made his escape.

The cars are now running on the Memphis Branch of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad from Bowling-Green to the Fair Grounds, on Red River, about one mile and a half out from Clarksville. It is thought the bridge across the river will be repaired in a short time, when the cars will go through to Clarksville. Mr. A. HAINES is the officer in charge of the train on that road, than whom a cleverer or more obliging and accommodating gentleman one rarely meets with. To travel with him, is but to prove our assertion.

The new Railroad depot at Bowling-Green is rapidly approaching completion. The energy with which the work is being pushed forward will certainly make it but a short time before it can be occupied by the company. It is not on so extensive a plan as the one destroyed by the rebels in their hasty evacuation of that place, but is located on the same site. The temporary building that has been put up and being used now, is totally inadequate to the demands of the road.

THEATRE.—"Clarisse; or, the Soldier's Bride," a most beautiful operatic and military drama, will be the first feature for this evening. Mrs. HATTIE BERNARD will appear as Clarisse, and will favor the audience with one of her most happy efforts in the way of vocalization. After which Mr. DUFFIELD will, for the second time, sing the popular song of, "'Tis my Country's Call." Then follows a dance by Miss Constantine; and the whole is to conclude with the well known Burletta of Jenny Lind, which abounds with musical gems, and will be interpreted by DUFFIELD, EVERETT and Mrs. BERNARD.

COL. R. FRANCE.—It will be seen by the advertisement in our issue this morning, that this popular Manager has taken the *Library Association Company*, under the management of R. FRANCE & Co. Col. FRANCE has been identified with the Maryland Lotteries for more than a quarter of a century, and more recently with the Shelby College Lottery, both of which have ever been popular with the people, as all prizes have been promptly paid, and all business conducted in a legitimate manner. We can assure our readers who wish to try their *luck* in Lotteries, that they can have full confidence under their management.—*Louisville Express.*

The advertisement referred to above will be found in our columns this morning. Our readers may find it to their advantage to give it a careful perusal.

We learn from a reliable gentleman, who has just returned to the city from Huntsville, Alabama, that one hundred and ten persons who had left the Southern army came into that place, on Saturday last, and tendered their services to Gen. Rousseau.

Special Correspondence of the Cincinnati Times.

FROM THE TENNESSEE VALLEY.

BATTLE CREEK, TENN., July 13, '62.

This is the furthest point at which our troops are now stationed on their way to East Tennessee, and it is as far in that direction as we are likely to go without a little fighting, which will most likely be indulged in in disputing the passage of the river. The place is named after a battle which occurred here some years ago between a body of white people and the Indians. The appearance of the country in the immediate vicinity considerably reminds me of the ground on which the famous contest at Corinth was decided, with the exception that there is more cleared territory here, while the growth of the "black-jack," or scrub oak, is still the same.

THE COMMANDER OF THE ADVANCE.

Since the occupancy of the advance by the National forces, Colonel Turchin, as Acting Brigadier, has had command, but that officer now being before a Court Martial on sundry charges, Col. Harris is the supreme power until such a period as General Haskell shall assign to relieve him.

The advance will, on the arrival of the full force of General Buell, belong to General McCook, now the next in command to Gen. B. His force is en route for Battle Creek in about the same style as that referred to by me in my former letter letters—and will all, most probably, reach this vicinity by the end of the present week. Whether they will then make a further advance, and how soon, I am unwilling to say. The troops are all anxious to be again brought face to face with their foes, and even though weak in numbers comparative to those of the Confederacy, they long for the sound of the "long roll" which shall call them to arms.

THE ENEMY'S DEFENSES.

During the last ten days the Secession force has been gathering in considerable numbers, both at Chattanooga, and at a point on the Tennessee opposite Battle Creek, and also at the aforementioned town, the combined forces numbering, it is said, about thirty thousand men. These are known to be gathering on our front, and are now in our immediate sight, digging rifle pits, and otherwise fortifying themselves, and preparing for us as warm a reception as it may lay in their power to furnish. There is something rather exciting in this being with the immediate force of the enemy, which can only be felt by those who have experienced it.

The preparations known to be going on for a contest involving life and liberty, the continued arrival and changing of position among the troops and the thousand incidents belonging to such a scene cannot fail to engage the attention of any one to whose lot it may fall to observe them. Our own forces are also actively engaged in making similar defenses on our side of the river, most probably for the purpose of engaging the attention of the Secesh until we shall be ready for an advance movement.

COURTESIES BETWEEN SOLDIERS.

Since an arrangement has been effected by which all hostilities between the pickets are suspended, the boys are becoming quite intimate, and exchange certain courtesies which might be better known as commodities. During the last week something in the way of trade and barter had been going on, the Nationals exchaging ground coffee for an article known as Southern whiskey.—An idea having become prevalent among these merchant volunteers that the rebel volunteers were watering the whisky which they traded, conceived a design by which they contrived to get even with them. They ground the coffee and after using it for their own purposes, dried the dregs in the sun, and then handed it over to the Secesh in payment for the watered whisky.

So, between the two it is difficult to tell which is the most swindled. The volunteers of both sides go into the river for bathing purposes, hold long conversations across the river, which at this point is not over two hundred feet wide, so you see they are not likely to be without company, so long as they are not arrayed in hostile array against their new made acquaintances.

A valued exchange introduces us to its readers in the following glowing terms:

"THE NASHVILLE UNION."—If any of our readers desire a loyal Southern newspaper, one all alive for the Union cause, and edited with remarkable vigor and freshness, let them subscribe for the *Nashville Weekly Union*. This noble journal deserves the most substantial patronage.

Rebel prisoners, taken at the late battles before Richmond, state that the Confederate authorities xpress profound admiration for MCCLELLAN's abilities. They would be fools if they didn't.

Gold, silver and uncurrent money bought and sold, and Insurance furnished in the most reliable company, at the Insurance office of W. J. MARR, No. 25 College street (opposite Sewance House.)

July 25-tf

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
NASHVILLE, July 26, 1862.

Special Orders, No. 58.

III. All soldiers, except Orderlies, Messengers, and Soldiers on duty in the City, hereafter found in the City of Nashville without a pass signed by the proper Commanding Officer or Surgeon of Hospital, will be arrested by the Provost Guard, held in custody, and put on police duty under direction of the Provost Marshal until regularly released. Passes will not be held good at night after 9½ o'clock; and soldiers found in the streets after that hour, except the classes above mentioned, will be dealt with in the same manner as a soldier without a pass. Orderlies and Messengers will be furnished by the proper authority, with certificates showing them to be such.

IV. All non-commissioned officers and soldiers found in citizen's dress will be deemed *prima facie*, as deserters, and will be arrested by the Provost Guard, and held in custody by the Provost Marshal, to await trial and punishment.

By order,
COL. JOHN F. MILLER,
Commanding Post.

L. HOWLAND,
A. D. C. & A. A. G.

July 27—1w.

The Rebels Want Clear Weather to Fight In.

[From the Richmond Whig, 17th instant.]

MAKE HAY WHILE THE SUN SHINES.

We have heard a fanciful man delare that the Confederate arms never achieved a complete triumph except on a clear day. We knew an intelligent gentleman who predicted last summer that the Yankees would turn the tables on us so soon as the weather became cold. His prediction was based on actual observation of the variable capacity for labor of the Irish and Dutch, of which the Yankee armies are mainly composed, during hot and cold weather. Beginning with the battle of Bethel, which occurred on the 10th of June—a beautiful day—our arms met with a succession of triumphs throughout the summer and until the battle of Drainesville, which happened in cold weather. After Drainesville there was nothing but a succession of reverses throughout the winter months, until Shiloh, which was fought on a warm, clear Sunday. The next day—a miserable rainy Monday—we were compelled to abandon most of our captures of the day before. Since Shiloh and the setting in of warm weather our arms have been again victorious, almost without a reverse of any consequence.

Without drawing any general principle from these facts, it may be well for us to inquire whether the natives of the South are not better able to bear its heats than foreigners accustomed to a less enervating climate. The conclusion we draw is the same drawn by the press of the country generally, on other grounds, viz: to push the war with vigor, to make hay while the sun shines. July, at least half of it, August, September and October—months of sunshine and warmth—remain to us. During these months, it is fair to presume that the Southern soldier can fight his best—far better than when the blasts of autumn and winter have chilled his blood and numbed his muscles. Shall these months pass idly by? We believe not. Our authorities will make glad the hearts of the people, and make sure our independence, by ordering every General in the field to press with vigor on, to strike while the iron is hot, to make hay while the sun shines, and cease not till fire and sword are carried beyond the Ohio and Potomac.

A Fearful Scene.

From the Pittsburg Chronicle, 20th.

During the late exhibition of Van Amburgh's menagerie at Monongahela City, a fearful and exciting scene occurred. It appears that shortly after the audience had assembled, a terrific storm arose which tore the canvas into rags and threatened serious injury to the spectators. While the Storm King roared and revelled, one of the huge tigers got out of his cage, which added new terror to the scene. The vast assembly swayed from side to side, first to that part of the tent which had been blown off, and then to the main entrance.

Some jumped from the top of the seats out through the opening between the top and the circular inclosure; others cut themselves a passage through the canvas, and all rushed with alarm for any place of escape, preferring to brave the storm to staking their chance for life amid the crashing timbers and furious wild beasts. Women shrieked for help, and children cried; strong men looked pale, and taking the confusion o the multitude, and the raging of the storm, the scene was fearful and appalling.

The keepers of the animals stood by the cages of these wild denizens of the woods and jungles with anxious looks. The man who kept the elephant Hannibal stood in front of the huge brute with his hands upon his tusks, as pale as a corpse. One of the lions had partaken of the excitement, and his glaring eye-balls, erect posture, and extended and flowing mane, gave an idea of how he looks in his native forest. The tiger which had escaped from his cage, was driven back by Mr. Van Amburg into the same cage with this lion, and the king of the woods had put his huge paw upon him, and was holding him tight upon the floor. Nature, grand and terrible, was no exhibition at this show.

After some moments of fearful confusion the storm ceased, and the audience separated, but not until several had been injured from being trampled on and bruised in the general confusion which prevailed. The editor of the Republican, from whom we get the above account, fixes the damage done to dresses and bonnets alone, at two thousand dollars.

A CONFIRMED GRUMBLER.—Some time ago there lived in Edinburg a well-known grumbler named Sandy Black, whose often-recurring fits of spleen or indignation propuced some amusing scenes of senseless irritability, which were highly relished by all except the brute's good, patient little wife. One morning Sandy rose bent on a quarrel; the haddies and eggs were excellent, done to a tune, and had been ordered by himself the previous evening; and breakfast passed without the looked for cause of complaint.

"What will you have for dinner, Sandy?" said Mrs. Black.

"A chicken, madam," said the husband.

"Roast or boiled?" asked the wife.

"Confound it, madam, if you had been a good and considerate wife, you'd have known before this what I liked." Sandy growled out, and slamming the door behind him, he left the house. It was in the spring, and a friend who was present heard the little wife say, "Sandy's bent on a disturbance to-day; I shall not please him, do what I can."

The dinner time came, and Sandy and his friend sat down to dinner; the fish was eaten in silence, and, on raising the cover of the dish before him, in a towering passion he called out, "boiled chicken, I hate it, madam. A chicken boiled is a chicken spoiled."

Immediately the cover was raised for another chicken, roasted to a turn.

"Madam, I won't eat roast chicken," roared Sandy; "you know how it should have been cooked!"

At the instat a broiled chicken, with mushrooms, was placed on the table.

"Without green peas!" roared the grumbler.

"Here they are, dear," said Mrs. Black.

"How dare you spend my money in that way?"

"They were a present," said the wife, interrupting him.

Rising from his chair and rushing from the room amidst a roar from his friend, he clenched his fist and shouted, "How dare you receive a present without my leave."

The portrait of the traitor, ex-Governor SEYMOUR, of Connecticut, has been taken down from the State House at Hartford. The Albany *Journal* suggests that SEYMOUR himself be hung up in place of it.

By Telegraph.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Rebel Force Concentrating on James River

Rebels Leaving Fredericksburg by Order of Gen. Pope.

The Capture of Washington City Predicted.

Attack of Guerrillas on a Ohio Regiment.

Com. Tatnall Acquitted

The Tubal Cain Captured-

Gen. Beauregard Reported Sick.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 28.—A large rebel force is concentrating on James River above the junction of the Appomatox, said to be under Gen. Jackson, and thought to be prepariing to attack Suffolk

All quiet on the Georgia and South Carolina coasts.

Thirty leading rebels of Fredericksburg have gone to Richmond under Gen. Pope's order requiring them to take the oath of allegiance, and others are preparing to follow.

WASHINGTON July 28.—Some rebels here predict the capture of this city, by Gen. Stonewall Jackson, within a week.

The special from Nashville to the New York Herald says: The Tenth Ohio Regiment while guarding the Memphis and Ohio Railroad was attacked yesterday, between Decatur and Courtland, by a large rebel guerrilla force under Starnes and Wodd; killing thirty or forty.

Col. Forrest is reported at Carthage, preparing to make a descent on Louisville.

Richmond papers say that Commodore Tatnall was acquitted by Court Martial.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Generals Halleck and Burnside returned from the Peninsula to-day. Commodore Porter of the mortar flotilla arrived *via* Fortress Monroe. The Federal fleet captured and sent to New York the Tubal Cain, a large iron clad steamer, while attempting to run the blockade off Charleston.

Mobile papers say that General Beauregard is very sick.

The health at New Orleans is good.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The Saxonia has arrived—her news anticipated.

Gold, sixteen seven-eighths. Treasury seven three-tenths notes, two three-eighths premiums.

ONE OF THE SAD INCIDENTS OF THE WAR.—A correspondent, writing from Harrison's Landing, July 11th, mentions a peculiarly distressing incident of the late battles before Richmond. The Troy regiment was drawn up in line of battle, awaiting an attack from the enemy, when a rebel soldier was seen to emerge from the woods and come in the direction of the regiment. His object was unknown, and as he carried his arms and accouterments it was not even guessed at by those to whom he was looking in the confidence of a brother. Some one drew up and shot him through the bowels as he came within firing distance. As he fell he called for a surgeon, and begged that his life might be saved. He said that he was good Union men—that the old flag was his flag—and though he was fighting against it, it was upon compulsion. He had been forced to join a Mississippi regiment, and was in the act of escaping to the Northern troops when he was shot. The poor fellow drew from his bosom a little picture of the "Star Spangled Banner," which he said he carried for a year. But, alas, surgical skill could not avail him. He died in a short time, beneath the old flag at last, just as he hoped the day of his deliverance had come.—*Troy Times.*

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF VIRGINIA,
July 25.

GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 12.

Hereafter no guards will be placed over private houses or private property of any description whatever. Commanding officers are responsible for the conduct of the troops under their command, and the articles of war and regulations of the army provide ample means for restraining them to the full extent required for discipline and efficiency. Soldiers were called into the field to do battle against the enemy, and it is not expected that their force and energy shall be wasted in the protection of the private property of those most hostile to the Government. No soldier serving in this army shall be hereafter employed in such service.

By command of Maj.-Gen. Pope,
(Signed) GEORGE D. RUGGLES,
Col., A. A. G., and Chief of Staff.

SUBSTITUTE FOR COFFE. Among the many substitutes for coffee, I have tasted none which equals the kind I herewith describe, when prepared with exact skill.

Take equal parts of good New Orleans or syrup molasses and water, and stir it as thick as you can with wheat bran. Spread it one-fourth to one-half inch in thickness on baking pans of tin or earthen, place it in a range oven, or other kind, and let it dry, bake, and then brown until the strong aroma of coffee is perceived in the room.

Boil and serve it up as other coffee, and if prepared just right, it will be nearer to good genuine Java coffee than rye coffee, or any other variety which I have tested; in fact I have drank this kind so well prepared that good judges pronounced it Java Coffee. All this is to me quite astonishing, and I cannot explain the chemical action on the silica or the cutter covering the wheat; nevertheless, try it a few times, and you will realize a very cheap, delicious and wholesome beverage, adapted to the most sensitive nerves.—*New York Observer.*

Monetary.

Furnished by Dyer Pearl.

Tennessee Bank Notes are selling at 25 to 40 ꝑ ct. dis
Georgia Old Banks........................40 " 45 "
South Carolina and Alabama.........40 " 45 "
Virginia and North Carolina..........45 " 50 "
Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky.......... 2 " 5 "
U. S. Treasury Notes..................... 2 " 4 "

☞ These rates are for gold.

The Bank of West Tennessee is an exception to above quotations. Sales have been made at 60 ꝑ ct. discount for gold.

Commercial.

CORRECTED BY

B. B. CONNOR & BRO.,

COMMISSION AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS,
No. 5, COLLEGE ST., NASHVILLE.

Nashville Wholesale Prices Current.

ARTICLES.		PRICES.
ALCOHOL	ꝑ gal	1 00@ ..
BAGGING—Hemp	ꝑ yd	.. @ 25
Cotton	ꝑ yd	.. @ ..
BALE ROPE—Manilla	ꝑ lb	.. @ 10
Kentucky	ꝑ lb	.. @ 12
BACON—Shoulders	ꝑ lb	.. @ 10
Hams	ꝑ lb	.. @ 12
Sides	ꝑ lb	.. @ 12
BUTTER—Prime	ꝑ lb	.. @ 25
Common	ꝑ lb	18 @ 20
CANDLES—Star	ꝑ lb	23 @ ..
Sperm	ꝑ lb	.. @ 50
Parafine	ꝑ lb	.. @ ..
Tallow	ꝑ lb	.. @ 17
CHEESE—Western Reserve	ꝑ lb	.. @ 14
English Dairy	ꝑ lb	.. @ 15
COFFEE—Java	ꝑ lb	.. @ 25
Rio	ꝑ lb	.. @ 40
Laguyra	ꝑ lb	.. @ ..
COTTON YARNS—700 & 800	ꝑ doz	.. @ 23
600	ꝑ doz	.. @ 24
500	ꝑ doz	.. @ 25
400	ꝑ doz	.. @ 26
FLOUR—Superfine	ꝑ bbl	5 50@6 00
Extra	ꝑ bbl	6 50@ 7 00
Sack	ꝑ 100 lbs	.. @ 3 50
FISH—Mackerel, No. 1	ꝑ bbl	.. @ 25 00
" No. 2	ꝑ bbl	.. @ 18 00
No. 3	ꝑ bbl	.. @ 15 00
GRAIN—Corn	ꝑ bush	.. @ 50
Oats	ꝑ bush	.. @ 60
Rye	ꝑ bush	.. @1 00
Barley	ꝑ bush	.. @1 10
Wheat { Red	ꝑ bush	1 30@1 45
Wheat { White	ꝑ bush	1 40@1 45
GUNNY BAGS—New		.. @ 30
Second Hand		20 @ ..
HIDES—Southern dry salted	ꝑ lb	16 @ ..
Green	ꝑ lb	6 @ ..
IRON—Tennessee Bar	ꝑ lb	6 @ 7
" Band	ꝑ lb	8 @ 8¾
" Hoop	ꝑ lb	9½@ 10½
" Sheet	ꝑ lb	.. @ ..
" Boiler	ꝑ lb	9½@ ..
" Pig	ꝑ ton	40 @ ..
Pittsburg Bar	ꝑ lb	.. @ 6
LARD—Kegs	ꝑ lb	.. @ 14
Barrels	ꝑ lb	20 @ 13
LEATHER—Sole, oak tanned	ꝑ lb	35 @ ..
Skirting	ꝑ lb	.. @ ..
Hemlock Sole	ꝑ lb	.. @ ..
Harness	ꝑ lb	50 @ 55
MOLASSES—Barrels	ꝑ gal	55 @ 60
½ Barrels	ꝑ gal	60 @ 65
NAILS—20d to 4d	ꝑ keg	.. @ 7 50
OILS—Linseed	ꝑ gal	1 50@ ..
Lard	ꝑ gal	1 60@ ..
Tanner's	ꝑ gal	1 00@ ..
RICE—Prime and Choice	ꝑ lb	7½@ 8¾
SALT—Fine sack	ꝑ sack	.. @ ..
Coarse sack	ꝑ sack	.. @ ..
Barrel	ꝑ bbl	7 00@ ..
SOAP	ꝑ lb	10 @ ..
STARCH	ꝑ lb	7 @ ..
SUGAR—New Orleans hhd	ꝑ lb	13 @ 15
" bbl	ꝑ lb	16 @ 18
Havana white	ꝑ lb	.. @ ..
Loaf	ꝑ lb	.. @ 20
Crushed	ꝑ lb	.. @ 20
Powdered	ꝑ lb	.. @ 20
SEEDS—Clover	ꝑ bush	.. @ $10
Millet	ꝑ bush	.. @ 1 40
Timothy	ꝑ bush	.. @ 5
Herds Grass	ꝑ bush	.. @ 1 80
Orchard	ꝑ bush	.. @ 2 25
Blue Grass { Stripped	ꝑ bush	1 75@ 2 00
Blue Grass { Clean	ꝑ bush	2 00@ 2 90
Hungarian	ꝑ bush	1 45@ 1 75
Flax	ꝑ bush	.. @ ..
SPIRITS—Whisky—Country	ꝑ gal	1 25@1 50
Nashville	ꝑ gal	1 00@1 10

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS WILL BE held in the HYNES BUILDING, corner of Summer and Line Streets, commencing on WEDNESDAY, (July 30,) at 9, A. M.

☞ All applicants will please attend.

July 26-1w J. L. MEIGS, *Sup't.*

Three Gold Watches,
Supposed to be Stolen,

ARE IN THE POSSESSION OF THE PROVOST Marshal, Pulaski. Persons having lost such articles can forward the description, and by proving property, can have the same returned.

July 26-2t*

JAMES LOW & CO.
208 & 210 West Side Sixth Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE HAVE ON HAND, AND FOR SALE,
1000 CASES
FANCY PRINTS
Of the brands of "American," "Union," "Spragues," and "Merrimac;"
500 Cases Bleached Cottons;
100 Cases Canton Flannels;
400 Cases Plaid Linseys

A full assortment of SATINETTS, FLANNELS, STUFF GOODS, GINGHAMS, and other articles in our line, to which we invite the attention of Dealers.
July 26—1m.

CHARLES H. GREEN
AGENT FOR THE COLLECTION OF CLAIMS AGAINST THE U. S. GOVERNMENT.
Office, No. 38 CHERRY STREET, Up Stairs.

Southern Bank Notes.
Tennessee,
South Carolina,
Georgia,
Alabama,
and Louisiana
BANK NOTES,
AND GOVERNMENT CHECKS,
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
A. G. SANFORD & CO.,
No. 10, College St., (Merchant's Bank Building.)
July 11.

Claims Against the United States Government.

PERSONS holding Claims against the U. S. Government, either for Property taken for the use of the Army, or for Damage to Property, Quartermaster Receipts or Certificates, can have them settled and collected by placing them in the hands of CHARLES H. GREEN, Agent for the National Claim Agency of Washington, D. C. Office of the Tennessee Branch of the Agency, No. 38 Cherry Street, up Stairs.
July 26—tf.

Dr. King's Dispensary
FOR PRIVATE DISEASES.

DR. KING, formerly of New York, for the last four years of Louisville, Ky. and who has devoted his attention to the treatment of private diseases for 30 years, flatter himself, having attended to a practice for so many years, and cured so many thousands, he is enabled to cure all diseases of a private nature, no matter how bad they may be from unskilful medical treatment, or from neglect of their own. Dr. King's Dispensary No 22 Deaderick street, between Cherry and Summer, second story, where he cures all diseases of a private nature.

Gonorrhea cured without nauseous medicines or interference with business.

Strictures of old or recent date, effectually cured a few days, by an operation which causes no pain. Where a Stricture exists health cannot be enjoyed. Perhaps no disease causes more mischief and undermines the constitution so much.

Syphilis, with all the diseases of the skin, growing out of neglect or bad treatment, can be effectually cured in a few days.

Seminal Weakness.—Particular attention having been given to this disease, and all the consequence growing out of it, brought on in many cases by the destructive habits of inconsiderate youths, and excessive indulgence of the passions, a neglect of which will undermine the constitution, rendering the subject unfit for business or society, and bring premature old age.

Females who may be laboring with any difficulty to the Womb may rest assured immediate relief.

Persons residing abroad, by writing and stating their case, with a fee enclosed, direct to Dr. A. King, No. 22 Deaderick street, Nashville, Tenn., will have the necessary medicines sent to their address. Office hours from 9 o'clock in the morning until 9 in the evening.
jy15-indwly

2 ARRIVAL 2
OF A
LARGE STOCK
OF
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS,
CLOTHING,
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,
AT
No. 2, South Side Public Square.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
FROM THE EAST,
AN ENTIRELY NEW
AND
WELL-ASSORTED
STOCK OF GOODS
COMPRISING IN PART:
100 Cases
PRINTS,
60 Packages
BLEACHED AND BROWN
DOMESTICS,
150 Cases Hats,
TOGETHER WITH
LAWNS,
GINGHAMS,
FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
CHECKS,
TICKS,
SILKS,
BAREGES,
JEANS,
SHEETINGS,
LINENS,
AND
WHITE GOODS,
IN EVERY VARIETY

A FULL STOCK
OF
NOTIONS
AND
SUTLERS' GOODS
OF ALL KINDS,
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
AND
READY-MADE
CLOTHING
TAILORING GOODS
AND
TRIMMINGS
HOSIERY,
THREAD,
CORSETS,
SKIRTS

And all other articles usually kept in a Wholesale Dry Goods Store.

☞ We invite dealers to give us an early call, and examine our Stock and prices.

STADLER BROS. & CO.,
No. 2, SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO
General Commission Merchants
AND
BANKERS,
63 and 65, Beaver Street, and 20 Exchange Place,
ROBERT L. MAITLAND, WILLIAM WRIGHT. } New York.
May 6, 1862.

SOLDIERS, ATTENTION!

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS can have their Bounty Money and Back Pay collected, and Pensions secured when permanently disabled, by calling at the National Claim Agency, No. 38 Cherry Street, up Stairs.
July 26—tf.

Market No. 36 Street.
E. MAYER & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
A. LOUIS & CO.,
Have just received a large Stock of
GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats, Stationery, Drugs,
Nails, and Dye-Stuffs.
SALT, in Barrels,
SALT in Bags,
COTTON CARDS,
Which we offer to the public for
CASH OR PRODUCE,
SUCH AS
COTTON, BEESWAX, WOOL, GINSENG,
FEATHERS, HIDES and TALLOW;

COUNTRY Merchants would do well to call upon us, as we can fill their whole bill from our stock.

All Current Southern Funds Taken at Par.
June 6-tf. E. MAYER & CO.

TENNESSEE BRANCH
OF THE
NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY
CONDUCTED BY
HARVEY, COLLINS & BRACE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
CHARLES H. GREEN, Agent,
No. 38, Cherry Street, Nashville, Tenn.

THIS AGENCY possesses peculiar facilities for the successful prosecution and settlement of Demands against the General Government of EVERY DESCRIPTION, its conductors having had several years' experience in the management of claims before Congress, the Court of Claims, and the Executive Departments at Washington, and being thoroughly acquainted and familiar with the laws and regulations governing their adjustment.

Particular attention will be given to cases arising out of the present war, including the accounts of States, Contractors, and Disbursing Officers of the War and Navy Departments, and for **"Collecting, Drilling, and Organizing Volunteers,"** the reimbursement of which is authorized by an act of Congress; CLAIMS FOR INDEMNITY FOR PRIVATE PROPERTY TAKEN FOR PUBLIC USES, OR FOR DAMAGES TO SUCH PROPERTY, for Horses lost in the service, and for **Military Pay, Pensions, and Bounty Land.**

We give special attention to procuring **Pensions, Bounties,** etc., accruing to Soldiers who have been wounded, contracted di ease, or the families of such as have died, or been killed while in the discharge of their line of duty as such during the present war.

Special care will also be given to claims which have been heretofore **Rejected** or **Suspended** by the Departments or **Inefficiently Managed**.

Prompt attention also given to the collection of Quartermaster's Receipts given for Property taken for the use of the Army, to arranging Accounts with and collecting Claims against the Quartermaster's Department.

All Claims placed in our hands receive our Prompt **Personal Attention,** thereby securing many which, in the hands of an Attorney at any distant point, frequently prove unsuccessful.

Aside from this decided advantage, our daily intercourse with all the Departments enables us in most cases to obtain decisions much more speedily than where all communication and other necessary detail must be conducted through the mails.

To this end, we solicit you to forward to us any or all cases of such character you may from time to time have presented, and, as is our custom, we will furnish you with all the necessary blanks, and, when required, instructions.

No charge made in any case unless successful.

Address: CHARLES H. GREEN,
No. 38 Cherry Street,
Nashville, Tenn.

REFERENCES:

Hon. RICHARD WALLACH........Mayor of Washington City.
" B. B. FRENCH..............Commissioner of Public Buildings.
" GIDEON J. BALL............Erie, Pa.
" THOMAS B FLORENCE.......Philadelphia, Pa.
" C. B. CURTIS..............Warren, "
" ELIJAH BABBIT.............Erie, "
" WILLIAM DENNISON.........Governor of Ohio.
" JOSIAH M. LUCAS..........Chicago, Illinois.
" CHARLES B. HOARD.........Watertown, N. Y.
Capt. W. W. DOBBINS..........Erie, Pa.
W. T. SMITHSON & Co..........Bankers Washington, D. C.
WM. P. FRATTACK Esq..........Meadville, Pa.
SAMUEL A. FORD, Esq..........Chicago, Illinois.
CORY BARBOUR, Esq............Terre Haute, Ind.
D. A. POWELL, Esq............Cincinnati, Ohio.
W. & J. W. ROBSON............ " "
Gen. MURRAY WHALEN...........San Francisco, Cal.
JOHN D. HAYNES, Esq..........Aurora, Ind.
A. F. HARVEY, Esq............Nebraska, N. Y.
W. E. HARVEY, Esq............Omaha City, N. T.
Hon. S. G. DAILEY............Peru, N. Y.
CHARLES P. CROSBY, Esq.......Detroit, Mich.
THOMAS M. WILSON, Esq........New Baltimore, Mich.
WALLING & JEFFORDS...........Keokuk, Iowa.
W. D. BLACKBURN, Esq.........Kansas Territory.
H. HUNTINGTON, LEE & Co......240 Broadway, N. Y.
BOWERS, BEEKMAN & BRADFORD, Jr....32, 34 and 36 Vesey St., New York.
GARDNER & DOUGE..............10 Warren street, N. Y.
JEROME B. BUCK, Esq..........Nassau st., cor., Wall st., New York.
L. E. HOCKLEY, Esq...........407 Broadway, N. Y.
WILLIAM DURYEA, Esq..........166 Fulton street N. Y.
CHARLES FOX, Esq.............Cincinnati, Ohio.
JAMES C. ORGAN, Esq..........Covington, Ky.
MARCUS A. FINCH, Esq.........Maysville, Ky.
July 26-1y.

To Manufacturers.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
Ring Travelers,
Lace and Roller Leather,
Leather and Gum Belting,
By WM. LYON,
41, Market st
July 3