Nashville Union.

WM. CAMERON & CO., Publishers.

SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1865

THE SITUATION.

The aspect of affairs, incidental to the rebellion, if correctly presented by our telegraphic dispatches, is highly encouraging to the friends of peace. Gen. Lee, on the 9th of March last, just one month previous to his surrender, in a letter to the rebel Secretary of War, drawn from him at the instance of the Senate, gave his opinion that the want of supplies, which could not be obtained under any probable circumstances, would render it impossible for him or anybody else to keep his army together; and unless it was kept together, no man could offer successful resistance. He was surprised that they had been able so long to stave off the critical period, and did not expect any change of position could improve the situation. He regarded the cause as hopeless. It is not all surprising, therefore, that when he saw his army crushed to atoms, and the necessity of surrender imposed upon him, he determined to exert himself to snatch his countrymen from the awful abyss of ruin into which they were swiftly descending. We accept, as true, the reports relative to his desire for peace, and his intention to labor to secure it; and we hope that he may still have sufficient influence over the minds of those who have revered him as a military chief and safe counsellor, to save them.

The high character of Gen. Grant in this momentous crisis rises higher, and exhibits new and nobler phases. There is a wisdom, judicious discrimination and dignity in his bearing towards his fallen foe, and a firmness in maintaining and vindicating the honor and interests of his Government, which mark him as the man of the age. He, too, has addressed himself to the work of restoring peace, without further bloodshed. And, we are certain the sovereign people of the United States will honor and love him all the more for it.

If it be true, as reported, that Jeff. Davis has asked to know whether he would be permitted to leave the country, we may regard the fact as significant. Doubtless he feels that if he remains, he like will Actæon be torn to pieces by his dogs. The misguided, scourged people of the South—their eyes opened to the wickedness of secession and the secession leaders, would hardly permit him to escape with his life. He has merited death—what more appropriate than that his incensed followers should be his executioners?

If it should be the policy of the Government to permit him to "depart in peace," we suspect, there would be a general exodus of all the rebel leaders able to get to a foreign land.

We publish this morning a letter from the Hon. Jere Clemens. We were unfortunate, if, in the remarks we made a short time ago, attempting to relieve him of imputations on his Unionism, we conveyed the impression that he had ever assented to the doctrine of secession. We were well aware that he had ever regarded it as theoretically a fallacy, and, practically, treason.

We are glad to learn that, so soon as he is able to travel, he contemplates returning to his home at Huntsville, Ala. We expect the best results from his effort to restore his native State to her allegiance to the General Government, and, we feel assured, he will have the sympathies and prayers of all honest and true hearted loyalists for success.

John Van Buren was one of the recent visitors at Richmond.

A New Book.

TOMBS WILSON. A TALE OF THE GREAT REBELLION, BY HON. JERE CLEMENS. Philadelphia, J. B. Lippincott &Co.

The numerous readers of "Bernard Lile," "Mustang Grey," and "The Rivals," written by the Hon. Jere Clemens, will be eager to get a copy of the above work, which has just been published. It is a small volume, neatly printed on elegant paper. The story is laid in North Alabama, and is founded on fact. It gives a vivid picture of the persecutions and perils encountered by Union men, and the noble courage and daring exhibited by some of them in maintaining their rights, and exhibiting their devotion to the old flag. Interwoven with the picture is another of true and holy love, and exhalted christian virtues. The work is charmingly written, and is deeply interesting. The world of romance does not furnish an instance where better use is made of slender materials.

Copies can be had at the Book Store of W. T. Berry & Co.

It is stated that the Richmond Whig is to be edited by Hon. John M. Botts or Robert Ridgeway, Esq. The country is familiar with the history of Mr. Botts before the rebellion. He was always a Union man, and although arrested, imprisoned, and constantly hedevilled by the rebels, he has during the war, been true to his principles. But he has done nothing to advance the Union cause, perferring to take no part in the contest on either side, although despising the rebels and their principles. Mr. Ridgeway was, for some years, principal Editor of the Whig He is an able editor and retired from the editorial chair rather than give the secessionists the benefit of his talents and influence. He has been lost sight of during the stirring incidents of war. If he should now take charge of the Whig he can accomplish more good than Mr. Botts, notwithstanding the latter has a national reputation.

Gem pictures, $2 per dozen. Only $4 per dozen for best quality of card pictures, at Adams' Gallery, 41 Church street.
apr11-tf

OATS! OATS!!—Prime Seed and Feed Oats may be found at Clark and Gregory's, 56 Broad street. apr12-1w

WANTED.—Twenty good laborers to work on a farm. Apply at United States Custom House. Liberal wages paid. tf

To be sold by Adams, Burdam & Co., 54 Broad street, Saturday, April 15, a lot of Iron Fencing, in good condition.
april4 2t

The best Coal for steam is the Cumberland.

Beautiful Pictures of Babies taken in three seconds by Mr. Ferdinand, the great Baby Tamer, at the Gallery of the Cumberland. april1-tf.

Letter from Hon. Jere Clemens.

To the Editor of the Union.

WEST PHILADELPHIA, April 8, '65.

In a late number of your paper a find the following:

"The Times very properly disclaims the authorship of a paragraph relative to the Hon. Jere Clemens credited to it by an Eastern print. The paragraph originally appeared in this paper, and was based upon information furnished by a gentleman—a very decided Union man from Alabama—who had just returned from Washington. He might have been misinformed touching the relations between the President and Mr. Clemens."

As I have never seen either the paragraph referred to by the Times, or its disclaimer, I have only to say that "touching the relations between the President and myself, if by that is meant *private relations*, there are just none at all. My whole intercourse with him has been *official*. In that respect my "relations" with him have been satisfactory to me, and that is more than I ever said before.

I supported Mr. Lincoln for President earnestly and warmly, but not from feelings of private friendship. I did so because I believed him to be the very best man who could have been selected for that position and that the South as well as the North would have cause to rejoice in his election. I wished to see the development of no such hesitating, half-way, timid policy, as it was evident McClellan would adopt, and I dreaded the elevation to power of such men as he would gather about him. With Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, I was satisfied, and sincerely believed their removal would be a National calamity. But of this they knew nothing, we know nothing now, unless they have accidentally read something I have written for the papers. With one exception my intercourse with them, as with the President, has been exclusively official.

There is an error in your own editorial which I cannot wonder at, since I have found it almost universal outside of Alabama. I never gave in my adhesion to the doctrine of secession. There never was an hour when I did not pronounce it *treason*. Immediately after the secession of Ala., I adopted a line of policy which had for its object the restoration of the State to the Union. But this is not the place to refer to that at length. It will be more appropriately given to the public in an address to the people of my own State, which I propose to publish as soon as I return. I was appointed Major General and Commander of all the forces of Alabama. But I took no oath of office of any kind. I did not organize the Alabama troops that was done by the Governor and his Aids, without notice to me, and almost without my knowledge.

There were but two regiments of Alabama volanteers, and a part of another that I never saw until after my resignation. Two companies of the 4th Alabama were raised in my own town by order of the Governor. I was there but had no notice. The regiment was soon afterwards organized by one of the Governor's Aids, *at Dalton, Georgia*. My office, under the management of the Governor, and Secretary of War, was a mere sinecure. There was so little to do that for months I had but one member on my staff.

But I have no idea of entering into an argument at this time to prove my unfaltering attachment to the Union. I labored to preserve it while it existed and to restore it when it had been violently disrupted. That the means I adopted may have been liable to misrepresentation, is probable, since even my friends, with whom I had no opportunity of communicating, misunderstood them. I was not foolish enough to breast a torrent which I knew would sweep me, and all who adhered to me, to destruction. When I could not control, I tried to guide it, and when I could do neither, I endeavored to assume that position which would enable me to act most effectively in the future. You have here the clue to my whole conduct during the rebellion.

JERE CLEMENS.

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, April 14.

Senate met at the regular hour hour Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Morris.

SENATE BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Mr. Senter, from the Committee on Corporations, reported on Senate bill No. 13 to incorporate the Tennessee Fire and Marine Insurance Company, favoring its passage, with an amendment. The bill passed its second reading.

THE NEGRO QUESTION.

Mr. Peart submitted the following petition from the colored men of East Tennessee, remarking that while he did not endorse all its contents, the main portion of it was advantageous to both the black and white men of our State. There may be a disposition by some of the young members to avoid the responsibility of acting on it, but I think it should be fairly and promptly dealt with, without any equivocation.

To the Senate and House of Representatives, assembled: We, your humble petitioners, ask you to hear our grievances, and we believe you will. You have done such noble acts so recently, that we are induced to believe your hearts are stirred to deeds of right, justice and humanity, in abolishing slavery in this State; this you have done without our asking you. Now we ask you to extend the protection of Law to us, that we may be of some use to ourselves as well as society; for all are ready to admit that without our political rights, our condition is very little better than it was before.

We have been looked upon with contempt, and despised without any cause, and if we are to be left without the protection of law, our condition will be awful, for wicked men will feel that they will have a right to abuse us on all occasions, and we not the slightest right in law to defend ourselves. All must know that it will be a great encouragement to commit crimes of injustice on us as a defenceless people; and it will have a demoralizing effect on your own people. Now we ask you to grant us this right, and we will be no trouble to you. We will take care of our own paupers, and we will; as we are doing, help you fight your battles in the field, and let us help you whip the Rebels at the ballot-box; and, that will be no disgrace to the State. We are not asking social equality, it is political rights, and it is no more than what you granted to the free colored men of the State years ago, facts you all well know, many of our fathers voted for them, they still live in this State, and they did not think it any disgrace then, and that no bad influence then, and how could it now in these days of Revolution?

As to our loyalty, it is settled beyond all contradiction. Wherever you meet a colored man you find in him a warm and devoted friend of the United States Government.

We ask in all humility, what has the colored man done that he should bedenied these rights? He has been an obedient servant for two hundred years, and has obeyed the white man in all things.

All are ready to say it would be justice, and would have good results on society generally: for just at this time it would have a good influence on these much abused people in fitting them for society, for if we have no law to protect us we will not be encouraged to make anything or have property; but if we can have an assurance that we will be protected it will make us industrious and persevering in obtaining means as other men, which will have good effect on the country, now and throughout all time.

We know we have been mistreated, and the world knows it, but we have no charges against you, for the whole matter, gives us our political rights, and we are your everlasting friends, and you can rely on us in every case where our aid is needed; then politically whatever is your interests will be ours, then will we have peace throughout the entire State; for we intend to whip the rebels into peace.

We do not wish for Tennessee to be behind; you see what other States are doing, and we don't want it said of Tennessee, one of the most loyal States in the Union—to refuse to grant what other States give their colored people without asking for it. We feel confident we will obtain it, but we do desire that you will give us the right, for you have done such a noble action abolishing slavery in this State, you deserve much credit for such a glorious act.

Now we ask you to give this matter a candid consideration, and when you have done that we have no fears but you will nobly respond to the call. You cannot help feeling, under our limited privileges, we have made some progress, and if we can have any show in law, we will do more to better the country generally. We claim, that by birth this is our country, and you will find us as willing to make a sacrifice as any other people. We contend we have not had a chance yet. Give us a chance and then if we do not prove to the world what we have promised, then we deserve to be branded: but not until then.

It will be said we will want to rank ourselves with the white people in the social circle; nor so: we ask you to pass a law, forever debarring a marriage between the two races, throughout all time.

Feeling we are addressing the most intelligent and humane body that has ever met in the Capitol of the State, we feel it unnecessary to say more, hoping to be kindly remembered by you in your deliberations, we assure you that you and your interest and the interests of the whole State will be ever uppermost.

In our oppressed minds, we beg to subscribe ourselves your humble petitioners: calling on you to give us justice.

Mr. Brown moved to refer it to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. McElwee made a motion to lay it on the table.

Mr. Trimble respectfully begged the gentleman to withdraw his motion, and trusted that he would not in this way stifle a fair consideration of the subject. It was a very important matter, and should be fairly discussed and judiciously disposed of.

Mr. Senter respectfully appealed to the gentleman to withdraw his motion, and let the petition be referred.

Mr. Smith moved to refer it to the Committee on Freedmen, which was concurred in.

A message was received from the House announcing the passage of joint resolution (No. 20) on the condition of the Penitentiary, and asking the concurrence of the Senate. On motion the resolution was concurred in.

Speaker Rogers suggested to the Committee on Military Affairs that they meet in joint session with the House committee, and invite Major General Thomas for consultation.

On motion the Senate adjourned to Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, April 14.

MORNING SESSION.

The House met at 10 o'clock. Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Huntington.

A message from the Senate announced that House resolution No 16, in lieu of resolution No. 13, was now concurred in; that resolution No 24 was adopted; and its concurrence in House resolution No. 20.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Mr. Thornburg, from the committee on elections, reported that Furney Jones was elected Representative of Claiborn county, he having the largest vote on the general ticket, although Willis Grantham had the largest vote in the county. The committee recommend that Grantham's expences be allowed him.

Mr. Doughty desired that this subject should come before the House. True the convention arranged for voting upon general ticket, but where a man has the popular vote in his own county, the House ought to have some discretionary powers on the subject.

In reply to a question, Mr. Thornburg stated that there was evidence that Mr. Jones had stated that he would not take his seat, when the vote of the county was against him.

Mr. Doughty commended Mr. Jones; sense of propriety, and urged that Mr Grantham, a patriotic soldier, should be allowed to take the seat his county had given him.

Mr. Waters, of Madison, said the Legislature had a plain rule of action, to abandon which would be to admit disorder. In Memphis people stood up and said they would not submit to the rule made by the convention, although they knew that to proceed orderly such a rule was necessary. We must respect the action of the convention or we are overboard.

Mr. Richards, of Memphis, said the loyal men of Memphis did not object to the action of the convention, but they did object to nominations being made by their delegates to the convention, without consultation with their constituents in Memphis. The loyal people of that city accepted the action of the convention, and held their election in accordance with the provisions it had made.

Mr. Grimmet was in favor of deciding as the rule laid down by the convention required.

Mr. Duggin could not concur in the report of the committee.

Mr. Mullins had no interest in the matter, or acquaintance with the parties. If there was a way by which Mr. Grantham, a brave man, could come in, he would be glad of it. The Legislature is but circumscribed by the action of a convention, without which the State could not have been re-organized; that action is solemnly binding on all, and we must abide by it. It would be best for Mr. Jones to resign his seat and let another election be held.

Mr. Duggan again expressed his objection to the report of the committee.

Col. Minnis moved the main question, and the vote was taken, whether the House shall concur with the committee's report, which it did by 58 to 6 giving the seat to Mr. Jones.

The six negative votes were the following:

Donaldson, Doughty, Duggan, Griffith, Rogers, Simmerly.

Mr. Ryder, of Shelby, was excused from voting.

Mr. Thornburg, from the same committee, on the petition of Samuel Tighe, of Shelby county, reported that the petitioner received no vote outside of the county of Shelby, and was therefore not elected in conformity with the plan of the convention, and the sitting member (Mr. Ryder) rightfully holds his seat. Report concurred in and the seat adjudged to Mr. Ryder.

Mr. Hood, from the Finance Committee, reported a scale of prices for work done by the public printer, being an advance of seventy-five per cent. on the present prices. Passed a first reading.

Mr. Gaut, from the Committee on Federal Relations, reported the following, with the recommendation that they be rejected: House Bill No 26, House Resolutions No. 11, 15 and 17. Laid over.

Mr. Cooper, from the Judiciary Committee, reported against the passage of the bill to give two additional constables to Nashville, as its provisions are in violation of Section 15, Article 6, of the Constitution. Concurred in, and the bill rejected.

The same reported House bill No. 1, and recommended its passage, with an amendment, the committee being of opinion that the *certainty* of punishment, not the *severity*, deters from crime. The bill was the one making the stealing of horses &c., and housebreaking and robbery punishable by death, the amendment allowed the jury to commute the punishment from 5 to 15 years in the penitentiary. Laid over.

The House took a recess until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The House met at 2 o'clock.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Col. Minnis the Mayor of Nashville being appointed Saturday the 15th for celebrating the recent victories, the House cordially concur with the same. Adopted.

By Col. Thornburg from the election committee. That Willis Grantham and Samuel Tighe, contestants for seats, be allowed their mileage and *per diem*, to this day, their claims being meritorious though not legal. Adopted.

BILLS.

By Mr. Waters of Wilson: "For the benefit of free persons of color."

Sec. 1, That title 6 of the Code, embracing eight chapters on slaves and free persons of color, include in section 2565 and 2745, and all other laws in relation to slaves, or free persons of color, inconsistent with the constitution of the State, be, and are hereby repealed.

Sec. 2 That the institution of marriage shall be respected by free persons of color, and they shall conform to and be governed by the laws of the State as applied to white persons, and the clerks of the several County Courts shall issue marriage license to them under the same regulations and restrictions as are imposed by law: Provided, That no such license shall be issued to unite a white person and a negro, mulatto, or a person of mixed blood to the third generation; and that colored ordained ministers of the gospel may solemnize the rite of matrimony, as well as other authorized persons.

Sec. 3—Provides that colored persons may live to themselves, but they shall provide an honest support for their families; failing so to do, their children may be bound out, and the aged and infirm provided for, as in other cases provided for.

Sec. 4—Provides that in cases of trespass upon the rights of colored persons, they shall have redress at law. Passed a first reading.

By Mr. Waters: Enacts that the nearest relatives of soldiers—citizens of the State, who may lose their lives in the service, shall receive from the State $30. Passed first reading.

By Mr. Stegald: To give jurors the pay of $1 per day. Passed a first reading.

A bill enacting no State officer now in office, shall continue his duties until he has taken, under the State as now organized, the customary oath. Passed first reading.

Mr. Wines moved to reconsider bill No. 9 Laid on the table by a vote of 37 to 24 The bill is the one on the oath of fidelity to the United States.

SECOND READING.

House bill No. 19, increasing the salaries of Supreme Judges, Chancelor, Circuit, and Criminal Judges, except County Judge and Judges of special courts and the Comptroller of the State.

Mr. Henderson offered as an amendment, that the clerks of the Circuit, Chancelor, and County Courts, Justices of peace, Sheriffs, Coroners and Constables shall be entitled to demand 50 per cent in addition to their present fees. Adopted.

The bill, as amended, passed a second reading.

Adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

New Advertisements.

ARRINGTON & FARRAR,

COLLECTORS,

AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

NASHVILLE.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE FOLLOWING R. E. Estate, for sale or lease:

A Farm lying three miles from the city, on the Lousville and Nashville Railroad, containing 40 acres—16 clear; balance in fine timber; land very rich, well located, and has a most splendid site for building, in full view of the city. Has a framed house with two wings, and kitchen and cellar. Also about 250 apple trees, and splendid water.

ALSO 17 acres of land in Edgefield, splendidly located, on the left as the Gallatin pike, just 1 mile from the bridge. Can be divided into small lots to suit purchasers, or sold all together. A bargain is offered.

ALSO—A splendid farm of 125 acres, two miles from Knoxville, Tenn.—80 acres cleared, the rest well timbered. The house is of brick, with ten rooms and three cellars, brick smoke house, good kitchen and excellent out buildings. The place is splendidly improved. We will or exchange for Nashville or Middle Tennessee property.

FOR RENT—A good, new, two story BRICK STORE-HOUSE, in a good location on College street, a few doors south of Church. Call at once on us. Terms very reasonable.

apr15 2w ARRINGTON & FARRAR, Agents.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the 5th Cavalry Division, commanded by Brevet Major General Hatch, will find it to their advantage to call on T. G. Rigney, No. 10 Cherry st., (U. S. Club House.)

(T. P. and D. copy.) apr15-tf.

Railroad Notice.

STOCK HOLDERS IN THE TENNESSEE AND Alabama Railroad Company are hereby notified that installments of two dollars per share, payable monthly, beginning the 1st of May, 1865, will be required until all unsold stock is called.

By order of the Board of Directors

FRANK HARDEMAN,

ap 15-tf Secretary and Treasurer.

New Goods.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE and well selected stock of Furnishing Goods for men and boys, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, &c. Also a fine assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings for sale made to order. Prices to suit the times, at 36 Market street.

ap14—1m KIRCHER & STIENER.

Hides and Tallow.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, AT the U. S. Government Slaughter House, in Nashville, Tenn., on Tuesday, April 18th, 1865, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

2000 Wet Salted Hides,
1000 Dry Hides.
120 Barrels Tallow

Terms Cash. S. D. HENDERSON,
ap14—2t Capt. and C. S.

A Rare Chance.

IS OFFERED to any one (having capital) and wishing to engage in business on one of the best streets and localities in the city.

An energetic business man who can command trade could buy the whole or a half interest. For information, apply at this office. ap 14-1w

J. W. WILSON & CO.,

No. 17 College St.,

NEXT DOOR TO GEN. MILLER'S HEADQUARTERS.

HOLLOW WARE.

1200 Pieces Ovens and Skillets.
200 English Pots, ass't'd Sizes.
100 Kettles, assorted Sizes.

Cooking Stoves.

300 best Patterns Cooking Stoves,

Fitted with all the vessels and pipes.

50 Wrought Iron Cooking Stoves.

Made of the best material, and warranted equal to any Stove made in the country.

25 IRONING STOVES AND FURNACES.

200 Heating Stoves for Wood and Coal.

TIN PLATE, ETC.

200 Boxes I. C. Tin,
60 Boxes IX Tin,
150 Boxes Roofing Tin,
25 Pigs Block Tin,
5 Casks Zinc,

250 Bundles Assorted Sheet Iron,
40 Bundles Wire.

COAL OIL AND LAMPS.

40 Barrels Best White Coal Oil,
2?? Dozen Lamps, assorted,
Chimneys, Wicks, Etc.,
OLD LAMPS repaired with new BURNERS, etc.

TOILET SETTS.

50 Setts Plain Oil and Fancy Toilet Ware,
100 Assorted Fancy Canary Cages, prettiest Patterns.

50 Patterns best Water Coolers,

Two to ten gallons. With a full stock of House-Keeping Goods. For sale by

J. W. WILSON & CO.,
17 College street.

Assorted Tin Ware.

A large supply of our own manufacture, embracing every article in the line.

Tin Roofing.

With the best quality of Tin, and good Roofers. We are prepared to do Roofing expeditiously and at low rates. Will also take off old shingle and gravel roofs, and renew with Tin.

Cornice Work, Gutters, Pipes & Valleys,

Done in the best manner.

J. W. WILSON & CO.,
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Next door to Gen. Miller's Headquarters.

GET THE GENUINE ARTICLE.

REAL SOLID INSURANCE.—That stands the test of Time and Fire, to public use and private satisfaction—furnished at proper rates by the well known

PHŒNIX OF HARTFORD.

THE PHŒNIX enters the present year better than ever prepared for service and duty, in the line of its profession, with enlarged facilities for the transaction of business.

CASH ASSETS,

$925,902 97!

(January, 1865.)

Insure with the Phœnix

Note should neglect so important a matter as Fire Insurance—and experience demonstrates the fact, only Companies which maintain firm rates and adhere to conservative rules can guarantee the genuine article. Secure the best.

Losses Always paid Promptly!

Losses Paid in Tennessee,

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H. M. MAGILL, General Agent.

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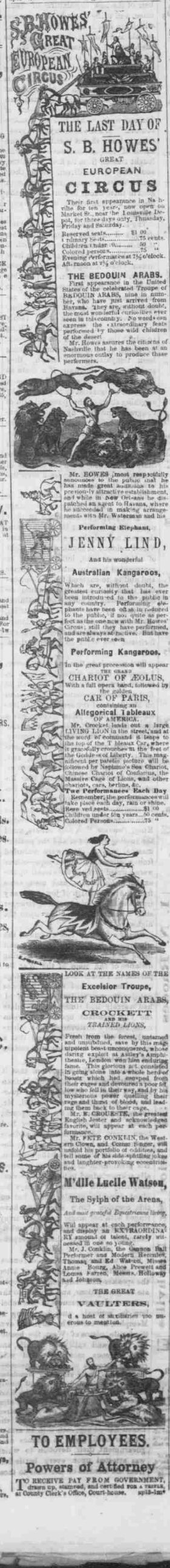

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TO RECEIVE PAY FROM GOVERNMENT, drawn up, stamped, and certified for a trifle, at County Clerk's Office, Court-house. apl3-1m*

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CAMPBELL & SPIRE,

(SUCCESSORS TO H. CAMPBELL,)

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DEALERS IN

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Brittania Ware,

Castors, Forks, Spoons,

and a general assortment of

HOLLOW WARE,

Table-Cutlery,

TEA TRAYS.

We intend keeping a large and complete stock of this class of Goods.

LAMPS

AND

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Assorted Crates,

FOR

Country Trade,

always on hand, at

No. 74

Public Square.

All Foreign Goods, which comprise a large proportion of our stock, we import direct from the Potteries, and all American manufacture, we order from the Manufacturer; we are thereby enabled to compete with any market in the United States, only adding the difference in transportation; and as both members of the firm have been engaged with H. Campbell for many years, we, therefore, flatter ourselves that we are thoroughly acquainted with the crockery business, and are fully prepared to supply the wants of the public.

Particular Attention paid to Packing and Shipping.

CAMPBELL & SPIRE,

feb22—tf (P) 74 Public Square.

WM. MARSHALL & SONS,

Builders in all its Branches,

HAVING LOCATED THEIR SHOP ON Broad Street, opposite Mr Decker's Mills, respectfully solicit the patronage of all those requiring work done in Carpenter and Brick Laying Business; and from past experience we feel confident in guaranteeing perfect satisfaction to all those favoring us with their orders.

april—tf

FOR SALE.

A LARGE Cooking Range, IN EXcellent condition, together with all the fixtures belonging thereto, suitable for Hotel or Restaurant purposes. Enquire at No. 17 Cedar street.

april1—1w A. BIGLOW & CO.

Rooms to Rent.

IN A PLEASANT NEIGHBORHOOD, AND IN the immediate vicinity of the city.

Address P. O. Box 1061, or enquire at this office.

april-tf

KEEP INSURED!!

NASHVILLE

Commercial Insurance Company.

CAPITAL ALL PAID IN.

THIS Company, established in 1854, insures Buildings, Vessels in Port, Merchandise, Household Furniture, and other Property, on the most liberal terms.

War, Marine, and Inland Risks taken at Lowest Rates.

LOSSES LIBERALLY ADJUSTED AND PROMPTLY PAID BY THIS COMPANY.

Premiums Paid in Gold

will be entitled to returns in Gold in case of loss.

Parties or Firms giving us their Marine Business will be entitled to preference in Fire Policies.

Shippers should bear in mind that the Express Companies are not liable when property is destroyed by the enemies of the country, and should in all cases cover their property by War Risks.

Ample Security, Fair Rates, Prompt Payments.

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ALEX. FALL, President.
R. C. McNAIRY, Secretary.

mar3-3m

Trunk and Contents for Sale

AT Auction. A Trunk and contents left at my house by Mr. H. Johnson to secure a board bill, will be sold, if not called for within ten days, to pay charges. H. McCAUSLIN,

apr14—2t 56 Broad st.

THOMAS S. M'ELWEE, of Athens, East Tenn. ALBERT M. DILLIN, of Nashville, Tenn.

M'ELWEE & DILLIN,

No. 13 Union St.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

Boots, Shoes

AND

HATS.

WE ARE THIS DAY RECEIVING direct from

NEW-YORK,
PHILADELPHIA,
and BOSTON,

a full and complete line of

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S WEAR

Our stock of SHOES is very large.

All Goods guaranteed as represented. We invite our friends and the public generally to call and examine our stock.

McELWEE & DILLIN,

apl6—3m No. 13 Union Street, Nashville, Tenn.

Cincinnati Advertisements

"Health and Wealth."

NEXT to possessing a good name and knowledge, nothing is more desirable than HEALTH and WEALTH. The first is real, the second imaginary. Still, it procures comfort, and often secures happiness. Hence, ALL desire it, and it is a satisfaction to a calm mind to know that all can have it, provided they take the pains to husband the same—first, by living strictly within the laws of nature; second, by spending less than they earn; third, by making a memorandum of all they hear, see and read, and making use of it at the proper times. For instance, a merchant reads an advertisement like that of

M. LOTH,

Wholesale Notion House

NO. 121 MAIN STREET,

Between Third and Fourth Streets,

CINCINNATI, O.,

UP STAIRS.

Where they sell, at very low prices,

Hosiery,
Embroideries,
Hair Dresses,
Nets,
Trimmings,
Shirts,
Shirt Fronts,
Corsets,
Skirts,
Dress Braids,
Embroidery Braids,
Crocket Braids,
Tapes and Robbins,
Paper and Envelopes,
Long and Ball Combs,
Fine and Dress Combs,
Ball and Square Buttons,
Spool and Linen Threads,
Suspenders & Frills,
Garters and Cords,
Wallets and Purses,
Soaps, Perfumes, and Oils,
Pins and Needles,
Sewing and Machine Silks, &c.

He PROMPTLY makes a memorandum of name and number, orders per mail or calls when in town. We will not say that a fortune can be made on the first bill, but we will say that the seeds of one can be procured. AT ALL EVENTS, GIVE THE HOUSE A CALL. Let's see what can be done.

Respectfully,

M. LOTH,

No. 121 Main Street, between Third and Fourth—Up Stairs.

N. B. Sutlers will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing as we have a full assortment at low prices always in stock.

mar15—3m

JAS. MORTON, late Cash'r B'k of Tenn., Nashville, Tenn. JAS. S. MORTON, late Cash'r Br. Union B'k, Knoxville, Tenn. JOHN J. CRAIG.

MORTON, CRAIG & CO.,

Commission, Receiving, & Forwarding

MERCHANTS,

No. 24 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.

WE have formed a partnership under the above name and style, for the purpose of doing a General Commission, Receiving, and Forwarding Business, and beg leave to submit to our friends and the trade generally, the manufacturers of Pittsburg, that we are prepared to receive, and give our prompt attention to consignments, and to the interests of those who may favor us with their business.

We also propose—and have arrangements to make it a special and permanent feature of our business—to purchase goods on orders for merchants and others doing business in the South and West, (in the Federal lines), which cannot fail to prove a source of convenience and profit to those availing themselves of our services. We therefore solicit orders with entire confidence that satisfaction will be given.

Prompt attention given also to receiving and forwarding goods.

Deeming it unnecessary to use the names of prominent friends in almost every city of the Union, we refer with pride and confidence to our late official positions, and to those who have known us longest and best, in our native section, for the promptness and fidelity with which we may be expected to discharge our duty to all who may intrust their business and interests in our care.

We respectfully invite a Tennessee visit, and friends from other sections of the country visiting this city, for their convenience, to have their letters addressed to our care, and to make our Office their headquarters during their stay in the city.

Officers and soldiers having Trade Permits for Tennessee, can be facilitated in their business arrangements by calling at our office.

JAMES MORTON,
JOHN J. CRAIG,
JAMES S. MORTON.

mar16—3m

83 and 85

Pearl Street,

CINCINNATI.

DEVOU & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

MILLINERY GOODS

The following new style Hats:

RIVAL, FAUST, DERBY, STANDARD,

And other late Shapes.

Bonnets, Silks, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, and all New Styles of Millinery Goods.

Cloaks and Dress Trimmings,

Corsets, Pads, and Clasps,

CLOAKS & SHAWLS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Cloaks and Mantillas.

Gold.—The value of gold will regulate the prices of our goods. Your orders solicited. Any goods sent you on order, if not satisfactory, may be returned.

83 & 85 PEARL STREET,

Cincinnati, Ohio.

UP STAIRS.

mar14—3m

J. F. MILLS & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS,

CIGARS

AND TOBACCOS

NOS. 18 & 20 MAIN STREET,

(Opposite Madison House)

Cincinnati, Ohio.

mar16—3m

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Dealers in

Pure Bourbon

AND

Rectified Whiskies,

NO. 18 PUBLIC LANDING, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

apr2-3m

Information Wanted.

IF ANY OF THE FRIENDS OR ACQUAINTances of Jas. Greene, Colfax Greene have anything of his whereabouts, they would confer a favor upon his mother by informing her. She lives in Cincinnati on the White's Creek pike.

apr2—3m*

$500 Reward.

WE WILL GIVE TO ANY ONE PRODUCING the receipt of a ten cent postage stamp, with $5 for the former, or $10 for the latter. Never fails to cure male or female in from five to ten days. Try it.

Address DRS. LADEMON & DENOTAS, Drawer 56, Detroit, Mich.

feb15—3m d&w*

Amusements.

New Theatre.

CORNER OF UNION AND SUMMER STREETS.

J. K. ALLEN.....Sole Lessee and Manager.
JOHN HUNTLEY.....Stage Manager.
J. K. ALLEN, Sr.....Treasurer.

Benefit of Mrs. R. C. GRIERSON.

Saturday Evening, April 15,

Will be presented

NICK OF THE WOODS,

Grand National Tableaux.

To conclude with

RICHARD III.

Private Boxes.....$5 00 | Orchestra Seats.....75 cts
Parquette.....50 " | Gallery.....25 cts
Colored Gallery.....50 cts

Doors open at ½ to 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7½ o'clock.

Poland's

New Variety Theatre.

Corner of Cherry and Broad Streets.

T. W. POLAND & CO.....Proprietors.
Stage Manager.....Sam La Rose.
Leader of Orchestra.....Prof. Whitney.
Treasurer.....F. D. Skiff.

This New and Beautiful Theatre is completed and open for the season, with a combination of

Twenty-Three Star Artists:

The Queen of Song,
MISS ANNIE BORDWELL,
The Graceful Dancer,
MISS CLARA BURTON.
The Cheer on Sisters,
MISSES CHRISTINE, CLA