Boston Athenæum

BOSTON ATHENÆUM
MAY
20
1866

The Nashville Daily Union.

"OUR FEDERAL UNION! IT MUST BE PRESERVED." Jackson.

Published by BECKETT, BROWNE, HANKS & CO.—Office on Printer's Alley, between Union and Deaderick Streets.

VOL. V. NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1866.

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H. TOMPKINS, Late Maj. 14th Reg. Ills. Cav.
R. W. PORTER, of Edgefield, Tenn.
WM. A. LORD Late Bvt. Major Schofield's Staff.

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U. S.
Claim Agents,
Corner Cherry and Cedar Streets,
(UP STAIRS,)
Nashville, Tennessee.

We are prepared to collect
Claims against the Government
For Property taken by the Army,
Formal & Informal Vouchers,
BOUNTIES,
ARREARS OF PAY AND PENSIONS,
AND
Procure Settlements for Officers with Promptness.

REFERS BY PERMISSION TO
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Hon. David L. Lavis, Judge Supreme Court, U. S.
Hon. Wm. G. Brownlow, Governor of Tennessee.
Brig. Gen. Jas. P. Brownlow, Adj. Gen. State of Tennessee.
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P. W. Maxey, Esq., Nashville.
Messrs. Morris & Stratton, Nashville.
Messrs. Evans & Co., Nashville.
Nimrod Porter, Columbia, Tenn.
june16 tf

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WHOLESALE GROCER,
Cotton, Tobacco Factor
—AND—
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANT,
No 5 Broadway, between Front and Market Streets
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

WILL attend promptly to filling orders for Southern Merchants, and respectfully solicit consignments from Northern Merchants.
Our motto is quick sales and prompt returns.
sep13-tf M. T. HAGEN.

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WANTED, for ten months, Thirty Rock-Masons and Thirty expert Quarrymen, to work on Cotton Factory at West Point, Ga. Liberal wages will be paid promptly on the 1st of every month.
For particulars apply to Jno. Dwyer & Co., Whitehall street, Atlanta. MICHAEL GARDNER,
may2-10t* Contractor.

Nashville Union.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
BECKETT, BROWNE, HANKS & CO.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1866.

THE NEWS.

Rev. Granville Moody has been brevetted as Brigadier General.

Swinton's history of the Army of the Potomac discloses the fact, not hitherto made public, that General Grant at first decidedly opposed the plan of an overland march to Richmond, and strongly urged a movement from the south side of James river.

American ladies appear to be wearing the palm this year in Paris. The reports of fashionable balls, parties and assemblies never fail to make honorable mention of them. Their beauty is extolled to the skies, while the dresses they wear, and the carriages in which they ride are described with great particularity.

A Pacific paper says: "The latest news from Montana is doleful enough—thousands of men vainly prospecting for diggings; nothing paying over two dollars per day; men constantly freezing to death; tea four dollars per pound; flour thirty dollars per hundred; men living on bread and water, or venison straight."

Since the destruction of cows in England, they are importing goats from Ireland for milking purposes. Some of them sell as high as forty dollars each.

The Americans residing in St. Petersburg forwarded an address of congratulation to the Czar on his recent escape from assassination, and received a gracious reply.

The contract for constructing the Gettysburg monument has been awarded to its designer, James G. Batterson, of Hartford. The monument is to cost $50,000. Mr. Batterson designed and built the Worth Monument.

General Hitchcock has given notice that no claims for money taken from Union prisoners by the Confederate authorities, and since recovered, will be considered after this date. The fund must be distributed *pro rata*.

The Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company control and operate more than 1,000 miles of road. In this respect that powerful corporation has no peer in the entire world.

Gen. Mann has been confirmed as Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Illinois, vice L. Schneider, removed.

The proposed reduction in the clerical force of the Interior Department will effect a saving, its believed, of $7,000 a year.

Robert J. Tiffany, a San Francisco hatter, paid $600 in gold for first choice of seats on the occasion of Edwin Forrest's first appearance.

Thirty buildings, including the Post-office, were destroyed by fire at Oshkosh, Wisconsin, on Saturday morning.

Mr. R. T. Armstrong, formerly a member of the dry goods house of Chappell, Bruce & Co., in this city, was shot through the brain, while entering Paris, Kentucky, in a buggy, last Saturday evening, by a resident of Millersburg, Kentucky, named Merriwell. Armstrong survived only three hours. The parties had met before during the day and exchanged shots. The difficulty between them is unexplained. Merriwell has been traced back home, but there the trail is lost.

To get up a new five-cent piece, which is soon to be issued, will cost about $600,000. There will be, when the coinage is complete, three and a half million dollars in this money in circulation, that being the amount of postal currency the coin is intended to supersede.

The President has pardoned the rebel General Bradley T. Johnson, under the thirteenth exception of the amnesty proclamation; also, A. R. Manning, of Alabama, and G. M. Jessie, of Kentucky.

Internal revenue receipts for the week ending Saturday were $4,500,000.

The President has appointed Colonel Walter B. Scates Collector of Customs for Chicago.

Orders have been received at the Brooklyn navy yard to fit out the steamers Huron, Narragansett, Onedia, Unadilla, Iroquois and Pequot for sea.

Henry A. Wise, the great Head Center of wind and tongue, made a public address at Alexandria, Va., on Saturday evening. He said he had made no confessions and intended to take no test-oath.

From official documents which have been placed in the hands of Secretary Seward, the fact comes to light that Santa Anna is an adherent of Maximilian's Government.

Capt. Ap Catesby Jones, who left the U. S. navy for that of the rebels, and commanded the ironclad Virginia, has been appointed Chief of Ordnance of the Peruvian navy.

A list of anti Administration postmasters, for dismissal, is being prepared at the Postoffice Department.

Generals Steedman and Fullerton, the Commissioners appointed to investigate the workings of the Freedmen's Bureau through the Southern States, have made a report of their observations in Virginia and North Carolina. They sustain charges which have been freely made against the agents, of being interested in speculations, etc., and recommend the removal of present officers of the Bureau from those States, and the transfer of the duties to officers commanding troops in the States, as the agents have but little to do, all cases for trial or adjustment having been turned over to the civil courts.

The New York Board of Health are considering the proposition to divide the city into six hospital wards, and making other preparations for the reception of the cholera. When an epidemic is so cordially invited it generally comes.

A correspondent writing from Southern Georgia, says that, owing to the scarcity of labor, there will not be more than half as much cotton raised in that State this year as was raised in 1860. He thinks that 1,500,000 bales is a big estimate for the growing crop of that State.

A young man belonging to one of the "first families" of Evansville, was caught by a policeman the other day dressed in female attire. The gay cuss begged very pitifully, and the policeman let him go, on promise that he would not do so any more.

The famous trotting horse Dexter lately owned by Messrs. Alley & Teake was sold at public auction at the Union Course, Long Island on Wednesday. Dexter is the famous Hamiltonia gelding who, it will be remembered, made last season the fastest time on record, beating Flora Temple's time. He trotted a mile under saddle in 2:7¾. The sale took place in front of the judge's stand. John Morrissey started the bidding by offering $12,000. The animal was finally knocked down to Mr. Louis Petty, the owner of Lady Emma, for $14,000.

THE MERCHANTS' BANK FAILURE.—It is expected that the receiver appointed by the Government to investigate the affairs of the Merchant's National Bank, of this city, will report to the Treasurer to-day. This report will show that at the time of failure the amount of public deposits was $763,000, all of which, with the exception of about $126,000, held as securities for deposit and circulation, will be a dead loss to the Government.—*Wash. Rep.*, *12th.*

The Radicals and Their Game of Revolution---The Danger to the Country.

Congress is getting into deep water. On Tuesday morning last, according to an appointment, the reconstruction scheme of the joint committee of fifteen was taken up in the House as the special order of the day. This scheme embraces a constitutional amendment and two supplemental bills. Mr. Stevens explained that the amendment would be first considered, and that it was not the purpose of the committee to have the two bills acted on until it was seen what disposition the Senate would make of the amendment. The proposition before the House fell far short of his wishes, but he believed that it was all that could be obtained in the present state of public opinion.

Something is due, then, even in the estimation of Stevens, to "the present state of public opinion." But let us see what he is aiming at. He says that "not only Congress, but the several States are to be consulted. On a careful survey of the whole ground the committe did not believe that nineteen of the loyal States could be induced to ratify any proposition more stringent than this. He repeated 'nineteen States;' for he utterly repudiated and scorned the idea that any State not actually in the Union was to be counted in the question of ratification." This is an important feature, then, in the scheme of the committee. Three-fourths of the States now represented in Congress are to be deemed sufficient for the ratification of the proposed amendment; and its ratification by the other States is to be required only as a condition of their restoration to Congress. The amendment abolishing and interdicting slavery was officially declared a part of the constitution by the Secretary of State, in having received a ratification by twenty-seven States, or three-fourths of all the States of the Union, in or out of Congress. Now, if Congress shall accept a ratification by nineteen States as enough, how is the Secretary of State to be made to proclaim it as required by the constitution? Does not this make a case for an impeachment of President Johnson?

Assuming, however, that this idea of impeachment, from the utter impossibility of carrying it out, is not entertained, the question recurs, what is this joint committee aiming at? Mr Stevens admits that the third section of the proposed constitutional amendment, which seeks to disfranchise from all federal elections till the Fourth of July, 1870 all persons voluntarily aiding the late rebellion, becomes a dead letter under the pardoning power of the President. If, therefore, under the amnesty proclamations and special pardons already issued by the President the most of the Southern people are not affected by this constitutional amendment, may not the rest of them be relieved in the same way? The proposition, however, was intended to rule out the Southern States concerned from the Presidential election of 1868; and we presume that as it has been found ineffectual, some other device will be contrived for that purpose, in an amendment of this third section. In fact, the object of this radical Congress is so manifestly the continued exclusion from the government of the now excluded States, not only till 1870, but for an indefinite number of years to come, that we care not to waste any further time upon the details of this Congressional scheme. It is at best only a scheme for a revolutionary reconstruction of the government under the ruling faction of this Congress, or for the perpetuation of their power after the fashion of the Directory of the first experimental French republic. If this is permitted, the next thing will be a reaction from anarchy to despotism, as in the case of the first Napoleon; or from another commonwealth of roundheads like that of England to the old monarchical system; or from the fighting factions of the republic to the consolidation of all the powers of the government in another Cæsar.

Thaddeus Stevens and his joint committee are fighting behind a masked battery. Under the cover of plausible measures of national security they seek to disguise their real designs. But Wendell Phillips, the infallible pioneer of the radical faction, speaks without reserve and without quibbling. He despises the cant of "constitutional" measures. He hates the word. He says so. He wants universal suffrage, negro political and social equality; he wants "liberty, equality and fraternity," without any constitutional drawbacks. He wants negroes in the government, and he is disgusted at the shrinking of the radicals of Congress. Phillips discloses what Stevens would conceal. Phillips, fighting his battles at his own expense, has no favors to ask of parties or State elections. Stevens, as a party leader, dependent upon popular support, is compelled to bend to public opinion. Stevens, however, though far behind with his reconstruction wagon, is still on the same road with Phillips. Hence, whatever may be the scheme of reconstruction finally agreed upon in this Congress—if they can agree upon anything—the people will be secure only in adhering to the simple, safe and acceptable policy of President Johnson. The radicals contemplate a radical revolution in the government. There is danger in it, disguise it as they may. If the American people desire to perpetuate the blessings of constitutional liberty they should prepare at once for the necessary work of putting down these revolutionary radicals in the approaching elections for the next Congress.—*N. Y. Herald.*

See a Woman

In another column picking Samburg Grapes for Speer's Wine. It is an admirable article, used in hospitals and by the first-class families in Paris, London and New York in preference to old port wine. It is well worth a trial, and gives great satisfaction. [dec21-tstawoowly.

What Does it Mean?

The bill providing for an outlay of eleven millions of dollars for the Freedmen's Bureau is in itself a very questionable expenditure of the public money; but the item which appropriates two millions of dollars for transportation strikes us as very singular, and we should like to have it explained. It cannot be required for the transit of the negroes who were in the army and who have been discharged; for, like all other soldiers, they were furnished with the means to reach their homes, wherever they might decide them to be. It certainly is not needed to meet any want of migration or change of location on the part of the freed people of the South.

No fact in nature is more clearly demonstrated than that the African race are proverbial for their attachment to the place of their birth and the spot where they have been reared. The degradation and wrongs of slavery, the deprivation of all rights pertaining to humanity, never created in them a desire to change their residence. As a class they preferred the unnumbered horrors of bondage to a departure from their homes Those few who followed the north star, and in search of liberty found homes in the North and in Canada, yearned for the time to come when they might revisit the old plantation and breathe once more the congenial Southern clime. Perhaps slavery had no greater atrocity than the forced removal of the blacks from the slave-breeding States to the far South. The dismal march of the coffle, the pangs of compelled separation, the dreadful doom of going to the sugar and lower cotton States has furnished the staple of the fiercest anti-slavery lyrics and the most vivid abolition rhetoric!

Surely a wonderful change must have come over that people since the chains fell from their limbs, if Government is required to gratify their desire to travel at the amount of $2,000,000 for a single year. Is the Freedmen's Bureau becoming an agency for reviving the slave trade, after the coolie plan? We know that in the earlier stages of its operation, the method of disposing of labor bore many of the features of that obnoxious system. If a man wanted a lot of hands he would go to the proper officer, and make an offer to the officer, not to the persons to be employed. The officer had almost absolute power of these poor people. They must work, and if they did not go where he assigned them, then they would be considered refractory, and be punished by being sent to a penal colony, where they would be under disgrace, and would be required to toil without wages. It can be easily seen how subject such a system was to enormous abuse. It is but a few days since that half a hundred human beings, confined for petty offences, were released by order of the court, at the request of the agents of the bureau, in this city of Washington, and shipped to Louisiana. Whether they were willing to go to that distant land or not no mortal knows. Whether they are to be protected in their rights, and are to be paid for service, no man is informed. This only is known: that in the capital of an American republic forty-eight colored persons, many of them minors, were freighted like so many cattle to a region that in the days of slavery would have been regarded by them as the severest fate that could have befallen them. And this in the very week when senators were parading the boquets presented to them for their votes on the Civil Rights bill by their colored devotees. With the tremendous power in the hands of this Bureau to collect together this population; to impose on them any task; to punish them or ad judge them at will; to consign them to any penalty; and now, with Government authority, to transport them without expense to the extent of two millions per annum; if labor should be in great demand in certain seasons of the Southern crop, we ask if it does not afford such temptations as are dangerous for men to withstand; and may not this unusual and anti-republican authority become a scandal to our civilization, and a blighting curse to the unfortunate freedmen of the South?—*Washington Republican.*

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AN INTERESTING SEQUEL TO A HASTY DIVORCE —A correspondent of the Cincinnati Volksfreund, writing from "the Indiana Prairie," April 30, relates the following:

"In Sullivan county a young married pair, who had been united in the bonds of wedlock about six years, having become somewhat mutally disagreeable of late, the husband, in his anger, hastened to a lawyer and took steps to obtain a divorce from his wife. One day he came home to his wife and said to her: 'Betsy, I have fulfilled your wish. You said you wished you were separated from me. Here is the decree of divorce.' His wife was at first surprised, but far too indignant to betray any emotion. She said she was ready to leave. She only needed to pack up her goods. She wished he would be present to see that she took nothing except what was her own. He stepped into the adjoining room with her where the bureau and clothes press were. The wife proceeded in silence to take out the clothes, when suddenly her eyes fell upon a small dress, and, quite overcome, she broke out in convulsive weeping. The husband, hitherto, an indifferent observer, remarked her emotion and discovered the cause. It was the dress of their only child, a little daughter of three years, who had died almost two years ago. The husband was not less affected by the sight than his wife. He embraced her with emotion, begged her pardon again and again, tore the decree of divorce into a thousand pieces, hastened to the clerk's office, took out a new marriage license, and was married immediately to his late wife."

BOOTS, SHOES AND LEATHER,

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SUCCESSORS OF THE OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM OF

ALEXIS BRAGG & WARREN,

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Boots, Shoes and Leather,

beg to invite the attention of purchasers to their splendid stock, adapted to all sections of the country, and which they offer at the lowest market prices. Special attention paid to orders.

ALEXIS BRAGG, ANDREW WESSON, JR.
feb11—3m

Willett, Kiddell & Co.,
Architects,
Civil Engineers and Surveyors

Corner Church & High Sts.
feb26-3m*

By Telegraph

Afternoon Dispiches.

Bill to Fund the National Debt.

◆

About Santa Anna.

◆

Jeff. Davis's Trial.

◆

The Reconstruction Bill in the Senate.

◆

The Jeff. Davis Indictment.

◆

NEW YORK, May 15 —The Herald's special says Mr. McCulloch sent to-day to the Senate Finance Committee the draft of a new bill providing for the funding of the national debt into a five per cent. consolidated loan. The Secretary of the Treasury has decided to redeem all outstanding certificates of indebtedness, and to issue no more in future.

The Mexican Legation say in reference to Santa Anna that they regard him as a French spy, and express a hope that if he reaches Chihuahua he will be speedily hanged.

The Times' special says: I have it from high authority, that Jeff. Davis will be tried in Richmond in June, upon the indictment recently found by the grand jury at Norfolk, providing Chief Justice Chase will consent to preside in the Circuit Court here to convene. There will be no delay on account of the investigation going on before the House Judiciary Committee. It is not true, as stated in some of the papers, that a copy of the indictment has been deposited with the Attorney General.

The Tribune's special says: The indictment of Jeff. Davis has been made public, but it contains nothing not in that published a year ago. Chief Justice Chase has signified his willingness to preside over a court in Virginia on the condition that the President issue a proclamation abrogating martial law in the State so far as the United States forces are concerned. The Chief Justice had an interview with the President on the subject last week, and the probabilities are, that the latter will listen to Mr. Chase's suggestions, as he expressed himself anxious for the immediate trial of the chief instigator of the rebellion. The House committee is preparing a report in favor of his trial by a Military Commission for complicity in the assassination conspiracy. The report is voluminous, and will contain a chain of circumstantial evidence, the various links of which were obtained out of the ruins of the Confederacy.

The statement sent from here that the 3d section of the Constitutional Amendment will be stricken out in the Senate and the entire amendment more or less emasculated, is at least premature, and the wish is father to the thought. A pretty solid column will be developed in the Senate in favor of the House resolution.

The President has approved the bill amending an act relating to the *habeas corpus* and regulating judicial proceedings in certain cases, and approved in March, 1863. It is, therefore, a law.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The Chronicle, of this city, publishes the address from Gen. F. C. De Masquera, the new President of the United States of Columbia, to the people of the Republic. The President strongly denounces the last insurrectionary movements, and gives assurances that he will protect every citizen in the enjoyment of his rights.

Before sailing from Europe President Masquera concluded a treaty of friendship and commerce, and another relative to postal affairs, with England. He also arrived at an agreement with the Papal Government concerning the administration of ecclesiastical affairs, which has long been a subject of dispute between the political and ecclesiastical authorities. According to the agreement, the Church will continue to be separated from the State.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The Herald's Rio Janeiro correspondent of the 7th ult. says: The Brazilian fleet has reached T-resbaccas, on the Paraguay river, and was in a line extending to Pasca de La Patra on the Parana. Baron Porto is opposite Itoparain with 10,000 men. The steamer Dorathera, captured by the Peruvian Monitor Hennesaw, had been refused admission to the port and had been burned at sea. A dinner was given on board the American steamer South America, to distinguished men in the city, during which the most cordial harmony prevailed, and the greatest sympathy demonstrated towards the United States.

The Herald's St. Thomas, West India, correspondent says: The idea of annexation to the United States was extending to and was well received in all the West Indies.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The Philadelphia Ledger received late last night, has the following from Washington: That the indictment found last week at Norfolk, against Jeff. Davis, recites that he did on the 15th day of June, 1864, in the city of Richmond, with force of arms, unlawfully, falsely, maliciously and traitorously compass, imagine and intend to raise, levy and carry on war, insurrection and rebellion against the United States; and in order to fulfill and carry into effect his said traitorous designs, he and a great multitude of persons whose names are at present unknown, armed and arrayed in a warlike manner did falsely and traitorously assemble and gather themselves together against the United States and did in a warlike, hostile and traitorous manner, array and dispose themselves against the said United States of America, contrary to the duty of allegiance of fidelity of said Jefferson Davis, and against the Constitution, peace, dignity, and the Government of the United States and against the form of the status of the United States of such cases provided.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Gold opened at 130½, and closed at 129⅝.

Cotton dull at 34@35.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK

OF

Nashville, Tennessee.

STOCKHOLDERS.

W. W. Berry,
John Kirkman,
D. Weaver,
Joseph W. Allen,
M. Burns,
Chas. E. Hillman
Alexander Fall,
A. J. Duncan,
Edgar Jones,
Dan'l F. Carter,
Edmund Cooper.

THIS Bank has opened in the building lately occupied by the

PLANTERS' BANK,

Corner of Union and College streets, to transact a general

Banking, Exchange and Collecting Business.

Buy and sell all kinds of Government Securities.

Agent for the sale of the New 7·30 Loan.

W. W. BERRY, President.
EDGAR JONES, Cashier.
july1—tf

SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY,
WESTERN DIVISION,
NASHVILLE, TENN., May 7, 1866.

THIS COMPANY having resumed their business in this city, (which was interrupted by the war) take pleasure in informing the Bankers, Merchants, and business people generally, that they are prepared to take charge of, and forward to destination,

GOLD, SILVER, BULLION,
TREASURY AND BANK NOTES,
BONDS, VALUABLE PACKAGES,

and Heavy Freight, in charge of special and trusty Messengers.

Have connection with responsible Express Companies to all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe.

A. K. HOLT, Agent.
JAS. SHUTER, Sup't.
may8—1m

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IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, PISTOLS, &c.

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Kirkman & Ellis' Old Stand, *NASHVILLE, TENN.*

mo14 tf

Moores & Co,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

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Harness Skirtings, and Bridle Leather,

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R. B. MOORES, | H. A. PERKINS.
S. C. SMITH, | C. B. DE CAMP.

apr8-3m

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Nashville, Tenn.

WE are daily receiving and opening our large and elegant stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which we will sell

Lower than the Lowest.

Our stock consits in part of Calicos and Domestic Bleached and Brown Sheeting and Shirting, French and Scotch Ginghams, Black and Fancy Silks, Grenadins in all colors, Poplins and Mozambiques, and all styles of

New and Fashionable

Dress Goods,

Lace Mantillas and Shawls, Silk Cloaks and Circulars, Swiss, Jaconet, and Mull, Nansoock Muslin, Brilliantines, Marseilles Quilts.

-ALSO-

A large stock of Table Linen, Towels, Linen and Worsted Table Covers, Piano Covers, Irish Linens, Cotton Diaper, &c.

There can also be found a well selected stock of

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Such as French, English and Austrian Cassimers
Black Doeskin and Broad Cloths,
Boots, Shoes, Hats.

Come one, come all, and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Expressly do we call the attention of Country Merchants, as we are determined to sell

Cheaper than any House in the City,

Give us a trial, and satisfy yourself.

S. SICKLES & CO.,
49 College Street.

George Buchanan,
George McLane, } Salesmen.
Alex. Hogan.

april3-3m

E. L. TARBOX & BRO.

49 UNION STREET,

(OPPOSITE BANK OF TENNESSEE

Have removed their

Gold Pen Depot,

From Cherry street to their new and neatly fitted Store,

49 Union Street,

Where in addition to GOLD PENS of the finest make and quality, having enlarged their business, they will keep on hand a large and superior stock of

WATCHES,
JEWELRY, of all kinds,
SPECTACLES,
POCKET KNIVES, Etc.

Watches and Jewelry

carefully repaired.

Grateful for the patronage we have received for a number of years, we trust, by attention to business, to merit a continuance.

E. L. TARBOX & BRO.,
49 Union Street.

may8-1m d&w

JOHN J. M'CANN,

Wholesale Grocer

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors Cigars, Tobacco,

NO. 35 SOUTH SIDE BROADWAY,

Nashville - - Tennessee.

50 Hhds prime New Orleans Sugar,
25 do do Porto Rico Sugar,
20 do do Cuba Sugar,
50 Barrels Crushed and Powdered Sugar
20 do Granulated Sugar,
100 do A. and B. Coffee Sugars,
200 do C. extra assorted Brands,
200 do Yellow Sugar,
400 Bags Rio Coffee,
20 Mats Java Coffee,
20 do Laguira Coffee
10 Bags Ginger,
10 Bags Allspice,
20 Bags Pepper,
23 Barrels Mackerel,
50 ½ bbls do
200 Kits do
100 Boxes Soap,
50 do Starch,
100,000 Cigars, assorted Brands
100 Boxes Candles,
100 do Rasins,
50 Cases Sardines,
250 Cases Oysters,
100 Doz. Buckets,
50 Nests Tubs,

Together with everything usually kept in Wholesale Grocery Houses.

Liquors.

100 Barrels Robertson County Whisky,
50 do Bourbon do do
20 do Rye do
125 do Rectified Whisky,
5 Casks Hennessey Brandy,
5 do Otard, Dupey & Co.'s Cogniac,
10 Barrels Apple Brandy, very old,
10 do Peach do
5 do Sherry Wine,

In store, and for sale at

No. 35 Broadway,

NASHVILLE, - - - TENN.

sp16—tf [G]

Portable Engine for Sale,

WITH a full and complete set of Oil Well Tools, with tubing, pumps, and sucker rods. For further particulars, enquire at

PERRY & DUMONT'S,
No. 14 Broad Street.

may1-tf

GENERAL RAILROAD

TICKET AND FREIGHT OFFICE

AND

Omnibus Line,

OPPOSITE ST. CLOUD HOTEL,

Cor. Church & Summer Streets.

TICKETS ON SALE

For all principal points, via Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad.

To all principal points North and North-West via Nashville and North-Western Railroad to Johnsonville, Cairo and St. Louis;

CONNECTING

At Cairo for Chicago and all intermediate Stations;

At St. Louis with Hannibal and St. Jo, North Missouri and Pacific Rail Roads for all points North and North-West.

Trains leave Chattanooga depot at 7:30 a.m., and 5:30 p.m. for Chattanooga and points South.

Nashville and North-Western trains leave at 7:30 a.m. and 4:20 p.m. for Cairo, St. Louis and Chicago; connecting at Johnsonville with

First Class Steamers,

where the greatest conveniences have been made for the transfer of passengers and baggage

No detention at Johnsonville. There will always be a FIRST CLASS STEAMER in readiness on the arrival of each train.

☞ Omnibus calls left at the Office in proper season will be promptly attended to.

☞ Parties will be called for in any part of the city.

H. C. JACKSON,
PROPRIETOR.

dec14-tf

Spring Stock, 1866

AT

R. T. KIRKPATRICK'S,

No. 55

College Street

CAN BE SEEN THE HANDSOMEST STOCK of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

For the present season, ever exhibited in this city, all bought within the last three weeks, and whatever decline there may have been in the North we have got the benefit of and will give to our customers. We do not propose any "baits" to our customers by way of offering Staple Goods at less than cost, with the hope of making it up on other Goods, but simply to sell everything at as small profit as the present high rates of Rents, Taxes, and expenses generally will admit of. Our friends may rely upon getting the best Goods at the lowest Prices, and everything warranted as represented.

Elegant Dress Silks,
Moire Antiques, Grenadines,
Organdies, Lawns,
Printed Linen Cambrics,
Etc., Etc.

LADIES IN MOURNING

Will find full lines of everything new and desirable in that way.

LACE GOODS,

In great variety, in Real Point, Point Aplique, Valenciennes, etc.

Ladies' Silk Sacks, Lace Points,

All new and handsome.

Splendid stock of

Goods for Boys' Wear.

HOSIERY, of all grades and sizes.
6-4, 10-4, and **11-4 Linen Sheetings,**
6-4, 10-4, and **11-4 Cotton Sheetings.**
Table Linens and Cloths, in variety.
Towels and Napkins, in variety.

Together with Prints, Domestics, Cloths, Cassimeres, and everything pertaining to a first-class Dry Goods Establishment.

ALSO

4-4, 5-4, 6-4 Colored and White Canton Matting, of the very best makes.

april5-3m

SOMETHING NEW!

HURT & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BUILDING MATERIAL,

HAVE ON HAND FOR SALE, AT REDUCED prices,

Hydraulic Cement,
Plaster of Paris,
Land Plaster,
Lath Nails and Hair,
Fire Brick and Clay,
Whitewash Brushes,

And other materials requisite for building purposes.

Cement $3 75 single barrel; $3 50 for five barrels and upwards.

Farmers will find it to their interest to give us a call for Land Plaster to sow with Clover and other Grain and Grass—it doubles the yield.

Office—No. 6 SOUTH COLLEGE STREET, near Church. apr5-3m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OLD EYES MADE NEW, without Spectacles Doctor or Medicine. Pamphlet mailed free. Address E B Foote, M D, 1130 Broadway, New York.

COMFORT AND CURE FOR THE RUPTURED. Sent free. Address, E B Foote, M D, 1130 Broadway, New York.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FOR THE MARRIED—sent free in sealed envelope. Address E B Foote, M D, 1130 Broadway, New York.

MEDICAL COMMON SENSE—400 pages—100 Illustrations, $1 50. Sent by mail everywhere, post-paid. Contents Tables sent free. Address the Author, E B Foote, M D, 1130 Broadway, New York.
apr10-3m eod*

PHOTOGRAPHS.—Photographs of Generals, Federal and Confederate. The largest collection in the west, for sale, wholesale and retail. Remember the place, Gallery of the Cumberland, 28 Cedar Street, opposite Commercial Hotel. may27—tf

COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap,** in such **universal** demand, is made from the **choicest** materials, is **mild** and **emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented,** and extremely **beneficial** in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. [feb9—1y

Batchelor's Hair Dye!

The Original and Best in the World. The only true and perfect Hair Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. Produces immediately a splendid Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor, Also,

Regenerating Extract of Millefleurs, for Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.

CHARLES BATCHELOR,
New York.

sep15-1y

Go to Bryant, Stratton & Co.'s Nashville Business College for a thorough education in Book-Keeping, Penmanship, Commercial Law, Commercial Calculations, Partnership, Settlements, &c.

Send for College paper, Circular, &c.

Address BRYANT, STRATTON & CO.

oct13-1y.

A VOICE FROM PITTSBURG.—

VICKSBURG, Miss., Aug. 9, 1863.

Dr. John Bull—Dear Sir: I am happy to state to you that I have used your valuable Cedron Bitters with great benefit to myself, in general debility and prostration of my system produced by the unhealthy and miasmatic influence of the Mississippi river around Vicksburg, having been with General Grant's army throughout its whole southern campaign. I confidently recommend its use to all persons who are exposed to unhealthy climates.

H. W. FOGLE,
Agent U. S. Sanitary Commission.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 18, 1862.

On the 23d of July last, I submitted through an agent of mine, to the Medical Director of the Department of the Army of the Cumberland, a sample of my Cedron Bitters, for inspection, and requested if, after analysis, he found it meritorious, to sanction and approve its use among our soldiers.

The following is the Medical Director's reply, and also Gen. Rosecrans' permission to ship 800 dozen at once, to have it sold to soldiers.

JOHN BULL.

"I am satisfied that Cedron Bitters will do no harm to any one if taken properly and in moderation. I see no objection to Dr. Bull's being permitted to dispose of it to sutlers.

HENRY A. THURSTON,
Surgeon and Medical Director, D. C."

HEADQUARTERS DEPART OF THE CUMBERLAND,
NASHVILLE, TENN., July 24, 1863. }

Dr. John Bull's agent, Mr. ——, has permission to ship to Nashville, Tenn., 75 gross or 800 dozen of Bull's Cedron Bitters, for sale to sutlers in the army only.

The regulations of the Treasury Department are to be complied with strictly.

By command of Maj. Gen. Rosecrans.

WM. M. WILES,
Major and Provost Marshal General.

For sale, wholesale and retail by BERRY, DEMOVILLE & CO., Nashville, Tenn.

oct17-tu sat taw3m

Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism, &c.

HEGEMAN & CO'S genuine Medicinal Cod Liver Oil has proved, by twenty years' experience, the most valuable remedy in use, as while it cures the disease, it gives strength and flesh to the patient. Warranted pure and made from Fresh Liver, with great care, without any artificial bleaching. Sold by Druggists HEGEMAN & CO.,

mar7-6m] Chemists and Druggists, N. Y.

PEOPLE DIFFER

on many points, but all agree that

SMOLANDER'S EXTRACT BUCKU

cures KIDNEY DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, URINARY DISORDERS, GRAVEL, WEAKNESS and PAINS in the BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, and DISEASES arising from EXCESSES, more quietly and effectually than any fluid Extract Bucku in the market.

TRY SMOLANDER'S

TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold by all Apothecaries. Price $1.

EWIN & PENDLETON and DEMOVILLE & Co, Agents for Nashville and vicinity.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass., General Agents. [feb13-1y w3m

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DOCTOR CAROW'S

CHOLERA SPECIFIC

NOW that we anticipate CHOLERA in our midst, it behooves us all to secure, and keep on hand, some known and effectual remedy for any emergency, and this we find in DR. CAROW'S SPECIFIC, which he prescribed and used with such unbounded success, (scarcely ever losing a case.) When this scourge visited Nashville, some years past, Dr. Carow was one of our most eminent and successful physicians, and when his old friends learn this remedy can be had, thousands who have tested its virtues will not fail to have it on hand. It is no Patent Medicine, but a compound from the Prescription of this distinguished Practitioner. There can likewise be no better remedy for Cholera-morbus, Diarrhoea and Dysentary.

For sale only by
R. P. JENKINS & CO., Druggists,
32 Market street, opp. Union.

may5-tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

Designated Depository

AND

Financial Agent of United States.

Capital Stock paid in - - $250,000
Surplus or Contingent Fund - 30,000

RECEIVES Deposits and makes Collections on all accessible points in the United States.

Gold, Silver, and Uncurrent Money,

Bought and Sold.

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feb14—3m

WANTED—Married Ladies whose health will not admit of an increase of family, send a cent stamp for Dr. Stuart's Private Circular to Married Ladies, and common sense will tell you it is NO HUMBUG. All communications strictly confidential.

DR. DUDLEY STUART,
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