W. HY, SMITH, | Editors.

No. 16 Denderick Street

FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1861.

We lay before our readers this morning the proceedings of the Greeneville Convention, and the memorial to the Legislature upon the subject of the difference between East Tennessee and the rest of the State. We had cherished the opinion that after the election of the 8th June there would be no difference among the people of the State as to the support and maintenance of the attitude of the State as determined by that election. We hardly know yet whether we are disappointed. The members of that assemblage were ap-The members of that assemblage were appointed before the election, and we do not know whether its late action represents the true sentiments of the people who voted against the ordinance of Separation. For aught we know they, pursaing the idea upon The cause of secession or rebellion has no which they have acted against secession in which they have acted against secession in charms for us, and its progress has been the general and in detail, may be opposed to marked by the most alarming and dangerous a di-memberment of the State. Certainly attacks upon the public liberty. In other the tone and language of the "declaration of the states, as well as our own, its whole course threatens to annihilate the last vestige of grievances," is unworthy a free, just and magnanimous people, unworthy of the object blessed us in the Government of the United sought to be accomplished, and unworthy of States, the following may be enumerated as history. We do not propose to enter into a criticism, however, this morning, upon the alleged causes of the extraordinary course pursued by the Convention. We reserve that for another occasion, if in our judgment it should become necessary. When we do undertake it we pledge ourselves to probe the subject to its bottom, and to give a thorough expose of the movement which is designed to turn East Tennessee over to the Lincoln nsurpation and to bring on a civil conflict between the people of this State among themseves. We choose, for the present, to await the action of the Legislature. There is one idea conveyed in the "declaration of grievances," nevertheless, attribut ing the action of Middle and West Tennessee to the influence of a corrupt and subsidized press, which we feel it due to ourselves and to the people to notice. It can apply only to the press which sustained the Union, until the bloody, unconstitutional and usurpatory proclamation of Lincoln for troops to subjugate the South. It was given forth before in the press then endeavoring to support Lincoln. In that form we did not care to dignify it by a notice. It is now put forth by those who have attained, at least, a portion of their prominence by the very instrumentality they seek to stab. We embrace the occasion to say that, so far as the allegation is applicable to this paper, it is unfounded fn every particular and infamously slauderous in all its parts. We believe the It has stained our statute book with the derous in all its parts. We believe the same of every other Union press in this part by repudiation of Northern debts and has great- with their western brethren, in connection with their recent political action, have been of the State, and challenge and defy specifications of papers and facts. While we do the rights of suffrage, this for ourselves and our contemporaries of the press, we desire to say for the people of Georgia, and may soon require the people of Tennessee, to contribute all their surplus who have read our paper and coincided with

The Greeneville Convention.

us in opinion, that we repel the imputation

to the slaughter, by any power incompatible

with their consciences and their judgments.

There is another charge conveyed by this

declaration which we now repel with equal

positiveness, that a reign of terror existed in

this part of the State, and that the election

was unfair and foul. We reserve the rest for

that they could or would be led, like sheep titute of money and credit.

This assemblage met at Greeneville on the 17th inst. The officers were, Hon. T. A. R. NELSON, President; JOHN WILLIAMS, of Knox. and WM. HEI-KELL, of Monroe, Vice Presidents; JOHN M. FLEMING, of Knox, Secretary. J. MONROE MEEK, of Jefferson, Assistant Secretary. The county of Rhea was not represented, and four counties were represented have been rudely entered; our families subby alternates. The Convention remained in session four days. The following is the re-

sult of their labors: DECLARATION OF GRIEVANCES.

No effort has been spared to deter the Un-We the people of East Tennessee again asion men of East Tennessee from the expression of their free thoughts. The penalties of sembled in a Convention of our Delegates, make the following declaration in addition to treason has been threatened against them, that heretofore promulgated by us at Knox-ville, on the 30th and 31st days of May last. and murder and assassination have been openly encouraged by leading secession journals. As secresion has been thus overbearing and intolerant while in the minority in So far as we can learn, the election held in this State on the 8th day of the present month, was free, with but few exceptions, in East Tennessee, nothing better can be expectno other part of the State, other than East ed of the pretended majority, than wild, un-Tennessee. In the larger parts of Middle and West Tennessee, no speeches or discussions in favor of the Union were permitted. Union constitutional and oppressive legislation; an atter contempt and disregard of law; a determination to force every man in the State to sapers were not allowed to circulate, Measswear to the support of a Constitution he abires were taken in some parts of West Tenbors, to yield his money and property to aid pessee, in defiance of the Constitution and a cause he detests, and to become the object laws, which allow folded-tickets to have the of scorn and derision as well as the victim of ballot numbered in such manner as to mark

and expose the Union votes. A Disunion pa-

per, the Nashville Gazette, in urging the peo-

The unanimity of the votes in many large

Union sentiment was so strong, proves be

counties where, but a few weeks ago, the

rond doubt that Union men were overawed

by the tyranny of the military power and

still greater tyranny of a corrupt and subsi-

dized press. In the city of Memphis, where 5613 votes were cast, but five freemen had the courage to vote for the Union and these

were stigmatized in the public press as "ignorant traitors who opposed the popular edict." Our earnest appeal to our trethren in the other divisions of the State, was pub-

lished then only to a small extent, and the

members and names of those who composed

represented, were suppressed and the effort made to impress the minds of the people that

Last Tennessee was favorable to secession.
The Memphis Appeal, a prominent Disunion caper, published a false account of our pro-

connect."-and styled us, who represented

ohnson's home." Our meeting was tele-

it was exultingly proclaimed that separation had been carried by from 50 000 to 70 000

ngs under the head-"THE TRAITORS IN

our Convention, as well as the counties

fact that the people of East Tenneosee have ple to vote open ticket, declared that "a thief takes a pocket book or effects an en-trance into forbidden places by stealthy declared their fidelity to the Union by a majority of about 20,000 votes. Therefore, we do resolve and declare: means- a tory, in voting, usually adopts pretty much the same course of procedure." Disuntonists, in many places, had charge of the polls and Union men, when voting, were ounced as Lincolnites and Abolitionists

1st. That we do earnestly desire the re-

intolerable and relentless oppression.
In view of these considerations, and of the

civil war. 2d. That the action of our State Legisla lature in passing the so called "Declaration of Independence," and in forming the "Military League' with the Confederate States, and, in adopting other acts looking to separation of the State of Tennesse from the Government of the United States, is unconstitutional and il-legal, and, therefore, not binding upon us as to prevent my being able, by any services I layal citizens.

3d. That in order to avert a conflict with

our brethern in other parts of the State, and desiring that every constitutional means shall be resorted to, for the preservation of peace, we do, therefore, constitute and appoint O. P. Temple, of Knox, John Netherland, of Hawkins, and James P. McDowell, of Greene. commissioners, whose duty it shall be to pre-pare a memorial, and cause the same to be presented to the General Assembly of Tenessee, now in session, asking its consent that the counties composing East Tennessee, and such counties in Middle Tennessee as deevery county but two in East Tennesseesire co-operation with them, may form and

ground the noxious atmosphere of Andrew erect a separate State.
4th. Desiring, in good faith, that the Gen eral Assembly will grant this our reasonable request, and still claiming the right to detergraphed to the N. O. Della, and a resolution recom-mending submission if 70,000 votes were cast against Secession. The dispatch added that mine our own destiny, we do turther resolve trict, but in response to many similar calls that an election be held in all the counties of SOUTHERN RIGHTS MEN ARE DETERMINED East Tennessee, and such other counties in Middle Tennessee, adjacent thereto, as may desire to co-operate with us, for the choice of JAS. M. QUARLES. HOLD POSSESSION OF THE STATE THOUGH HEY SHOULD BE IN A MINORITY." Volunteers rere allowed to vote in and out of the State. were allowed to vote in and out of the State, Delegates to represent them in a General in flagrant violation of the Constitution. Convention, to be held in the town of Kingston, at such ti before any detailed statement of the vote in the different counties had been published, and fore any detailed statement of the vote in e different counties had been published, and store it was possible to ascertain the result, was exultingly proclaimed that separation the case with them, the Secretary of this conven-tion may designate; and the officer so designate.

wores. This was to prepare the public mind to enable "the Secessionist to hold possession of the State though they should be in a mi-nority." The final result is to be announced by a Disunion Governor, whose existence dethe State though they should be in a minority." The final result is to be amounced by a Dismuion Governor, whose existence depends upon the success of secession, and more provided in the Sheriffs of the different countries are bereby requested to open and bild of the vote by dismiterested persons, or even of the vote by dismiterested persons, or even of the vote by dismiterested persons, or even of the countries are bereby requested to open and bild the said election. For these and other causes, we do not regard the result of the slection as expressive of the will of a majority of the freemen of Tennessee. Had the election everywhere been conducted as it was in East Tennessee we rould entertain a different opinion. Here, no effort was made to suppress accession appears or prevent secusion. Store the sum of the country is hereby suthorized to open and boild eald election or cause the same to be consistent opinion. Here, no effort was made to prevent the formation of military companies or obstruct the transportation of armies or the result in the country is never before the made to prevent the formation of military companies or obstruct the transportation of armies or the formation of military companies or cause it to be done. And if in any country none of the above named officers will hold said election or other was made to the result of the United States and of Tennessee against transm. The Union must of East Tennessee against transm. The Union must of the prevent the formation of military companies or obstruct the transportation of armies or in the prevent the formation of military companies or cause the content the prevent provided the laws of the prevent the formation of military companies or cause the formation of military companies or cause the formation of military

roneous, we have the same—(and, as we think, a much better) right to remain in the Government of the United States, than the other division of Tennessee have to secute stes, the counties of Washington, Gree ad Jefferson, two Delegates each, and t

freedom. While peace and prosperity

It was urged forward by members of Con-

tution of the United States, and were them-

selves supported by the Government; It was effected without consultation with

all the States interested in the slavery ques-

It has plunged the country into civil war

paralyzed our commerce, interfered with the

whole trade and business of our country, les-

sened the value of our property, destroyed many of the pursuits of life, and bids fair to

involve the whole nation in irretrievable

It has changed the entire relations of States

and adopted constitutions without submit-

ting them to a vote of the people, and where

It has advocated a constitutional mon-

archy, a King and a Dictator, and is through

the Richmond press at this moment, recom-mending to the Convention in Virginia a re

striction of the right of suffrage, and "in sev-

ering connection with the Yankees to abolish

every vestige of resemblance to the institutions of

It has formed military leagues, passed mil-

itary bills, and opened the door for oppres-

sive taxation, without consulting the people,

scription or at the point of the bayonet.

the Judges not to hold their Courts.

It has offered a premium for crime in di-

criminal prosecutions and in recommending

It has attempted to destroy the accounta-

bility of public servants to the people by se-cret legislation and has set the obligation of

It has passed laws declaring it Treason to

Confederate States, and such a law is now

before, and we apprehend will soon be passed

It has involved the Southern States in a

war whose success is hopeless, and which

nust ultimately lead to the ruin of the peo-

Its bigoted, overbearing and intoleran

spirit has already subjected the people of East

jected to insult; our peaceable meetings in-

our citizens robbed and some of them assas-

by the Legislature of Tennessee.

Union ticket "MUST LEAVE THE STATE."

tion and without exhausting peaceable

some of the fruits of secession.

bankruptcy and ruin;

that detested race."

an oath at defiance.

and of the press.

The Committee appointed by the foregoing resolutions, performed their duty by submitmitting to the Legislature, on Wednesday We prefer to remain attached to the Gov We prefer to remain attached to the Government of our tathers. The Constitution of the United States has done us no wrong.—
The Congress of the United States has passed no law to oppress us. The President of the United States has made no threat against the law-abiding people of Tennessee. Under the Government of the United States, we vening, the following

To the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee: The undersigned, memorislists, on behalf of the people of East Tennessee beg leave respectfully to show, that at a convention of delegates, holden at Greeneville, on the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th days of June, nstant, in which was represented every county of East Tennessee, except the county of thea, it was resolved:

1st. "That we do earnestly desire the restoration of peace to our whole country, and most especially that our own section of the State of Tennessee shall not be involved in civil war." 2d. "That the action of the State Legisla ture in passing the so-called 'Declaration of Independence,' and in forming the 'Military League' with the Confederate States, and in ting other acts looking to a separation of Tennessee from the Government of the United States, is unconstitutional and ille-

loval citizens." 3. "And it was further resolved, 'That is order to avert a conflict with our brethren in other parts of the State, and desiring that every constitutional means shall be resorted for the preservation of peace, we do therefore, constitute and appoint O. P. Tem ple, of Knox, John Netherland, of Hawkins and James P. McDowell, of Greene, comm sioners, whose duty it shall be to prepare memorial and cause the same to be presented o the General Assembly of Tennessee, nov in session, asking its consent that the coun ties composing East Tennessee, and such oth er counties in Middle Tennessee as desire to co operate with them, may form and erect a

gress who were sworn to support the Consti-The idea of a separate political existence s not a recent one, but it is not necessary here to restate the geographical, ecclal, eco-nomical and industrial reasons which have often been urged in support of it. The rea-son which operated upon the convention and seemed to them conclusive, was the action of the two sections, respectively, at the election held on the 8 h inst., to determine the future national relations of the State. In that elecion, the people of East Tennessee, by a maority of nearly twenty thousand votes, de ided to adhere to the Federal Union, estab ished prior to the American Revolution, and o which Tennessee was admitted in the year 1795; while the rest of the State is reported such a vote has been authorized, it has been to have decided by a majority approaching even more nearly to unanimity, to leave the upon the condition prescribed by Senator Mason, of Virginia, that those who voted the ederal Union and to join the body politic ecently formed under the name of the Conderated States of America. The same di versity of sentiment was exhibited, but less istinctly, at the election on the 0th of February last, when the people of East Tennes see decided by a heavy majority against hol-ding a convention to discuss and determine

our federal relations, overcoming by nearly ourteen thousand the majority in the rest o the State in favor of such a convention. This hopeless and irreconcilable difference of opinion and purpose, leaves no alternaand then, in mockery of a free election, has required them by their votes to sanction its tive but a separation of the two sections of the State; for it is not to be presumed that usurpations under the penalties of moral proeither would for a moment, think of subju gating the other, or of coercing it into a polifical condition repugnant alike to its inte recting the discharge of Volunteers from est and to its honor. Certainly the people of East Tennessee entertain no such purpose towards the rest of the State. And the avowly violated the Constitution by attempting, with their recent

doubt as to their views. It has called upon the people in the State It remains, therefore, that measures be adopted to effect a separation, amicably, honorably, and magnanimously, by a settlement of boundaries, so as to divide East Tennessee. cotton, corn, wheat, bacon, beef, &c.. to the and any contiguous counties or districts which may desire to adhere to her, from the support of pretended government, alike desrest of the Stato, and by a fair, just and equitable division of the public property and the common liabilities. It has occurred to the undersigned as the best method of accomplishing this most desirable end, that your body should take immediate action in say or do anything in favor of the Govern-ment of the United States, or against the the premises, by giving a formal assent to the proposed separation, pursuant to the provi-sions of section 3, article 4, of the Constitu-tion of the United States; and by convoking a convention representing the sovereign pow-er of the people of the respective divisions It has attempted to destroy, and, we fear soon, utterly prostrate the freedom of speech of Tennessee, with plenary autority to amend the Constitution of the State as to carry into

effect the change contemplated. With a view to such action, or to action eading to the same result, the undersigned ask permission to confer with your body, either in general session or through a committee appointed for this purpose, so as to l'ennessee to many petry grievances; our people have been insulted; our flags have been fired upon and torn down; our houses onsider and determine the details more satisfactorily than could otherwise be done. Awaiting a response to this memorial, the undersigned beg to add assurances of every edeavor on their part not only to preserve the peaceful relations heretofore subsisting terrupted; our women and children shot at by a merciless soldiery; our towns pillaged; between the people in the two portions of the State, but to remove, as far as possible, all causes of disturbance in the future, so that each may be left free to follow its chosen path of prosperity, and honor, unembarrassed by any collision with the other.

O. P. TEMPLE. JOHN NETHERLAND, JAS. P. McDowkli.

On the reception of the Memorial, a joint select committee was appointed by the two branches of the General Assembly, to consid er of the same. The committee consists of the following gentlemen: On the part of the Senate, Messrs. STOKES, PETERS, McCLELLAN BOYD and MINNIS, and on the part of the House, of Messrs. GANTT, DUDLEY, MARTIN, CALDWELL, HAVRON, CRITZ, LEA and HURT. Thus stands the matter at present.

Card from Gen. Barrow.

To the Editors of the Patriot: While I feel grateful for the flattering terms in which I am called upon, in a recent toration of peace to our whole country, and most especially that our own section of the State of Tennessee should not be involved in date for the Congress of the Provisional Government of the Confederate States, I must take leave respectfully to decline. If my constituents are willing, I should prefer to session of the Legislature will be so short as might render, to make any thing like an ade quate return for their kindness and confi-WASHINGTON BARBOW.

NASHVILLE, June 27, 1861.

CLARKSVILLE, June 26, 1861. To the Editors of the Patriot :- In your issue Candidate for a seat in the Provisional Congress which is soon to assemble at Richmond I am grateful to your correspondent for the very flattering terms in which he has been pleased to express himself in regard to myself personally; and with no disposition to force my claim to the position upon the disfrom every county in it, I take this occasion

JAS. M. QUARLES.

CINCINNATI, June 26.—Special dispatches from Grafton say Col. McCook's German re-giment moved to Phillippa yesterday mornnating the day for the assembling of said convention, shall also fix the time for holding the election herein provided for, and give reasonable notice thereof.

Sergeant Durham, of the Ninth Indiana Regiment, who is the best scout in the service, and an old comrade of Kit Carson, returned yesterday, after being three days inturned yesterday, after being three days in-side the enemies lines. He remained in the

TEI THESSEE LEGISLATURE ADJOURNED SESSION

SENATE. THURSDAY, June 27, 1861; n, from the Com ar, rhompson, from the Committee on the Quatic Asylum, reported House Bill No. 19, with an amendment, and recommended its

16, to amend the Military Law of May, 1861, was taken up.

Mr. Payne offered an anendment relative to the payment of members of Cavalry companies for horses dying in the service, which

Mr. Payne offered another amendmentich was adopted. The bill was further amended, on motion of Messrs, Newman and Barrow, and passed

House Bill to regulate the proceedings in Asgistrates' Courts was amended on motion of Messrs. Payne, McClelland, and Richard on, and passed on third reading.

Mr. Newman offered a resolution author izing the Quartermaster's Department to make arrangements with railroads to pass soldiers sent home on account of sickness,

The Senate then adjourned to 3, P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION. gal, and therefore not binding upon us as House bill No. 19, for the benefit of insanmembers of volunteers' families was taken up, and the amendment proposed by the Committee on the Lunatic Asylum, adopted. After an ineffectual motion, on the part of Mr. Thompson, to strike out a portion of the

Mr. Thompson, to strike out a portion of the bill, it was passed on third reading.

House bill to increase the pay of First Sergeants passed on third reading.

House bill to suspend the office of Commissioner of Roads passed on third reading.

House bill to incorporate an Arms Company in Giles county. Mr. Barrow offered an amendment incorporating the American Load amendment incorporating the American Letter Express Company, which was adopted.

Mr Barrow offered another amendment in-

corporating the Nashville Gun Factory, which was adopted.

Mr. Minnis offered an amendment incorporating the Adams Express Company, which Mr. Payne offered an amendment repealing all laws requiring Insurance Companies to deposit bonds with the Comptroller, which

was rejected.

The bill then passed on third reading. EXPENSES OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. Mr. Wood reported from the Finance Comnittee, House bill to defray the expenses of the General Assembly, and recommended its

pas-age. The bill was read and passed se-

THE PERMANENT CONSTITUTION. House bill to submit the permanent Con-stitution to the people for their adoption, on the 1st Thursday in August next, was passed on second reading.

Several other House bills passed on second

HOUSE BILLS ON FIRST READING. A bill to authorize the Banks of Tennesse to pay out the Treasury notes of the Contederate States, and for other purposes, passed. A bill to abate suits of aliens passed. Adjourned to 8 A. M., to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. THURSDAY, June 27, 1861.

RESOLUTIONS. Mr. Hebb offered a resolution authorizing the Governor to appoint two Commissioners to proceed to Richmond to tender to the Government of the Coufederate States the volunteer force of this State, which lies over. SENATE BILLS ON 2D READING.

Senate bills to repeal section 4747 of the Code of Tennessee, and to provide for paying the Deputy Marshals for taking the last census of Tennessee, were severally rejected. SENATE AMENDMENTS.

Senate amendments to House bill to incorporate the Powell's River Lead Mining Company, of the following character: To incorporate the Miners' Bank of Ducktown; to authorize the Banks of Discount and Deposit at Brownsville and Athens to issue notes for circulation, and to authorize the Bank of Frankland and the Valley Bank of Tennessee zing the issue of Treasury Notes, making the denomination \$5 instead of \$50, was coucu-

Senate Resolution to appoint a Joint Select Committee, to whom shall be referred the memorial from the Commissioners of the East Tennessee Convention, was concurred fn, and the Speaker appointed, on the part of the House, Messrs. Gantt, Dudley and Mar-tin, of Middle Tennessee; Caldwell, Havron and Critz of East Tennessee; and Lea and Hurt, of West Tennessee. SENATE BILLS ON FIRST READING.

To regulate the manner of paying the offi-pers and privates of the Provisional Army of Tenuessee. Passed.

To amend the charter of the East Tenne see and Virginia Railroad Co. Passed. In relation to Inspectors of Boilers and

Hulls of Steamboats. Passed. To authorize Volunteers to vote in election for members of the Provisional Con gress of the Confederate States. HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING.

To incorporate the Confederate Paper Mill To incorporate the American Letter Express Company. Passed. HOUSE RESOLUTIONS.

Calling for information in regard to th talus of our Volunteers. Adopted. Instructing our Delegates in the Confede ate Congress to endeavor to secure the estabishment of an Arsenal in this State. Adopt-Authorizing the Inspectors of the Penite

tiary to borrow money. Adopted. Adjourned to 3 o'clock, P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION. SENATE RESOLUTION

Senate resolution directory to the Quarter Master General was taken up and amended so as to include stages and steamboats, and then concurred in. SENATE AMENDMENTS.

Senate amendments to House bill regulating the proceedings in Magistrate's courts, were severally concurred in.

Senate amendments to House bill, amendatory of the military act, of the following character were concurred in: In regard to the appointment of additional orduance officers, drill masters, regimental musicians, and the rank and pay of chaplains; and the following were concurred in: In regard to Management lowing were concurred in: In regard to Ma-jor and Brigadler Generals, the solvency of bonds, and authorizing the Military and Fi-nancial Board to make a loan for the encour-

gement of the manufacture of arms. The motion to reconsider the vote respeg House bill to amend the act of 1860 chapter 80, to increase the revenue of the State, was taken up, the vote reconsidered, and the bill again rejected, ayes 24, noes 26.

The motion to reconsider the vote rejecting House bill to amend sub-sections 1, 3 and 4 of section 4743 of the Code of Teunessee, was taken up and the House refused to re-

onsider, ayes 25. noes 25. Adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow morn-LYNCHBURG, June 25. The Federal forces advanced ten miles from Alexandria in the direction of Manassas Junction. This movement is doubtless made in order to impede the anticipated attack upon Alexandria by our forces and pave

Hampton Roads is announced, and it is asserted confidently that before the latter part of another week a naval demonstration will be made against Norfolk or Portsmouth. It is said a movement will simultaneously be is said a movement will simultaneously be made against Well's and Pig's Point or Cra-ney Island—but the latter alone quite proba-

Cash Arrangement. ON and after JULY 18T, 1861, we have agreed to sell from and such other articles as we keep, for CASH ONLY.

A liberal discount will be allowed.

WOODS, YEATHAN & CO.,
HILLMAN BROTHERS.

To Ice Consumers.

By Telegraph.

From Missourt. SYRACUSE, Mo., June 26 .- Gov. Jackson eported at Pommedetir with 1,200 men. The Overland mail coaches and teams are From Wisconsin

MILWAUKIE. June 26 .- There is no additionoutbreak, but much excitement exists. The Governor is here. From Washington. Washington, June 26 .- The Columbia Co!

It is rumored that Sewell's Point battery turned on a reconnoitering party, killing eight and wounding many. Capt, Dabney H. Maury, Assistant Adju tant General Carter Stephenson of the fifth Infantry, and Lieut. Edward Dillon, all Virinians, have been stricken from the Army From Louisville.

Louisville, June 27 .- The War Steamer Aler is on the rocks at the foot of the Canal. Louisville, June 27 .- The following dis patch was received yesterday by a Navy of-licer who telegraphed Gen. McClellan as to the authenticity of the reputed arrangement between the Government and Kentucky: GRAFTON. To Capt. W. NELSON, U. S. A.

My interview with Gen. Buckner was per onal and not official. It was solicited by him more than once. I made no stipulations on the part of the General Government, and regarded his promise to drive out the Contederate troops as the only result of the in-terview- His letter gives his own views, not GEO. B. McCLELLAN. (Signed.)

From Maryland. BALTIMORE, June 27 .- Marshal Kane has John R. Kenly is appointed by Banks Provost Marshal of Baltimore. The Major and Commissioners asked time; but Kenley's or-ders were immediate and he took possession of the Marshal's office. From Boston. Boston, June 27 .- Fremont is among the

Europa's passengers. From New York. NEW YORK, June 27 .- The Tribune's Washngton correspondent says Gen. Patterson has received orders to advance, which seems like rebuking his inactivity.
The Post says Etheridge of Tennessee, is a candidate for the Secretaryship of the Sen-

> From Washington. (Special to the N. Y. World)

WASHINGTON,, June 25 .- A citizen of Alexandria, reached there to-day from Manassas Junction, who has been confined for three days, says there are a large number of prisoners there. He gives a painful account of the rebels. During the three days he was a prisoner he neither had bread or water. He underwent an examination before three persons, headed by Wm. Porcher Miles, from S. C., resulting in his liberation. On being liberated he made his way to the Potomac, in order to escape into Maryland. He found all the roads blocked by rocks and trees fellmiles of Manassas Junction

When he was dismissed he was informed that their troops would be in Washington in two weeks, and if he should be caught there he would be hung. He heard them boast of the immensity of their force, but does not b lieve there were 15,000 men there. Fully one quarter of them were armed with sho guns, while many were not armed at all. The scarcity of water caused a great deal of sickness among the rebels. Scouts, who have returned from within the

vic nity of Fairfax Court House to-day, reto commence operations on a paid in capital port that the enemy have erected batteries of \$25,000, were severally non-concurred in.

Senate amendment to House bill authorithis direction had been obstructed by trees being felled across ail the level places. This destruction of all the roads precludes the idea that the rebels intend to advance, and the same view is sustained in the fact that the roads leading to Centreville, in the rear of Fairfax, have been nearly cleared up. There is but one battery at Fairfax Court House. Very few troops are in the village, and but a few thousand located in the rear. An alarm of an advance of the Federal troops caused both citizens and soldiers to leave Far x in great baste. Col. Hardee command e Rebel forces at Fairfax Court House.

Trains commenced running on the Alex andria, Loudoun & Hampshire road to-day between Alexandria and the advanced out-The campaign in eastern Virginia will remain within its present limits for some time Any advance before the meeting of Congress

[Special to the New York Tribune. Gen. Butler is proceeding vigorously in organizing his command and their drill is progressing rapidly. He is also throwing up a series of batteries opposite Hampton, which will serve alike to protect his lines from attack and cover Hampton. The inhabitants beyond New Market

bridge complain bitterly of the outrages of the Louisiana Zouaves. Information places the loss of the enemy

tained to be encamped three miles back of this point. No indigations of a battery near the point were seen. It appears that the 37th regiment had a cool reception in Baltimore. Everybody looked scouling. No flags greeted them. At the Custom House they halted, supposing it was a city public building, until the stars and stripes were flung out. Their muskets were loaded but not capped.

An officer of Col. Stone's command arrived

this morning, states that 63 rebels were kill-ed at Edwards' and Conrads' Ferry, in the recent engagements. This work was done by Lieut. Hashbrook, of the West Point battery. It is thought Jeff Davis does not intend making formal propositions of peace, but will accede to propositions drawn by his emissaries here, who are pretended Unionists. These are the men who are spreading exaggerated accounts of men, money, and resour-ces of the rebels. Of such was the reports that there were 180,000 troops in Richmond.
Our agents fix the whole number of troops in Virginia at 50,000, not all of whom are armed and equipped or can be provisioned.
An agent claimed three negroes confined at the Navy Yard from the commandant this morning. Capt. Dabigreen referred him to the Secretary of the Navy.

CURREY & MARSHALL. 3450CW 19 3

NEW VOLUME MACAULAY'S England. VOLUME V. Fine Edition, large type, \$1.00; Cheap Edition, ar type, 24 centa; Cheap Edition, complete in one ume, \$1.25 For sale in Nashville by apr16—4f JOHN YORK & CO

NEW BOOKS. THE CROSSED PATH. By Wilkie Collins, author of the Woman in White, Queen of Hearts, etc. PATHER TOM AND THE POPE. Illustrated. ISSAGE FROM THE SEA, AND UNCOMME

TRAVELES For sale by

Holloway Pills and Girtment,-Olecrated Leg. Numerous individuals, who were or many years afflicted with old cancerous sores (

cers on the legs, and had failed to procure a remedy ither from private practice or public hospitals, have able medicines. In all diseases of this nature the un ed action of the Pills and Ointment is required. sold by all Druggists, at 25c., 62c. or \$1 per pot or

McLean's Strengthening Cordial. This invaluable compound, we are glad to know, has become the most popular remedy in the United States. Nearly every family keeps it on hand. They find it saves physicians' bilis. A small quantity given in ason will ward off Fevers, or any prevalent disease See the advertisement in another of

Cheering intelligence comes to us daily fro

various parts of the country, where those trouble with humors and chrenic complaints are freely using Dr. S. A. Weaver's Canker and Salt Rheum Syrun Canker Cure and Cerate. They are truly good article and we are glad to see them succeed as they deserve ing the magic powers of Perry Davis' Pain Killer t relieve pain, we advise them to buy one twenty-five cent bottle of the agent, and give it a trial. We never

yet knew it to fail. Its great sale caused some un principled men to put up an imitation, in itself worthless nostrum; owing to which the genuine now put up in new bottles, with two fine steel engra It is wonderful how soon a valuable remedy b omes known-Dr. S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters is used and recommended by the leading Physicians of the country, and all who once try it pro

nsunce it valuable. DELPHOS, Allen Co., Ohio, July 28th, 1858. Messrs. J. N. Harris & Co.-Gentlemen: I hav sold Dr. S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters for several years, and can cheerfully recommend them to the public as a medicine of decided merit in all cases of General Debility, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, etc Yours truly, J. W. HUNT, Druggist

Aew Advertisements.

BOOK-KEEPING. Penmanship & Phonography. MANY situations in business that have been made vacant, will of course be filled by those who are and of copying, memorizing, &c., the object of

Mr. DOLBEAR'S teaching, is to give the pupil a the rough knowledge of principles and skill in their Book-keeping when thus taught is an interesting exercise to the mind while gaining that knowledge of ac-counts which every child should possess at ten years of age. As soon as a child is acquainted with the four of age. As soon as a child is acquainted with the four ground rules of arithmetic, he should be made skillful in hardling accounts kept by single entry. This will give a life-like reality to his knowlidge of figures and make him feel the necessity of extending that knowledge to interest, d scount, &c. He should next be taught to see and know that single entry book-keeping is a matter of science, and that contrary to general epinion,) the correctness of accounts can be proved as easily when kept by single entry as when kept by double entry. This becomes the more important, because more than half of all accounts are and ought to be kept by single entry. When single entry is thus be kept by single entry. When single entry is the understood double entry becomes easy of attainment and every pupil should go through several sets o books in each style.

It is only in book keeping that a child can see the proper application of arithmetic to business, should therefore be early made acquainted with What safer investment can parents make for the bene fit of children, than in a knowledge of these branches Penmanship and Phonography taught as usual. Rooms in Kirkman's buildings, corner of Sur

Hours 3 to 5 P. Y., and 1/8 to 9 at night. june28-1w. MILITARY GOODS AT WHOLESALE ONLY! THE HAVE NOW IN STORE, AND ARE DAILY

Dark 6 4 Navy Blue Cloths; Gray 64 Cadet Blue * " " Gray Wool Tweeds * " " Flannels "
Over Shirts "

Black Italian Cloths: Military Buttons—Staff, Zouave and Infantry ers solici ed. Terms Cash. Orders solici ed. Terms Cash. Also, COLT'S NAVY PISTOLS. IRBY MORGAN & CO Wholesale Dealers in General Dry Goods,

Clothing, Notions, &c., Nos. 7 & 8 Public Square, Nashville, Ten

Corporation Taxes. CITY HALL, June 21, 1861. TAX PAYERS are nereby notified that the Taxes for Corporation purposes for the year 1861, will be tue, according to law, on the FIRST OF JULY, and that they must call at the Collector's Office, upper en of the Market House, and pay the same. The neces

sities of the Corporation are such that very little dulgence can be given. Those interested will ple Lewis Jones' Lands at Chan's cery Sale. DURSUANT to a decree rendered by the Char

Court at Nashville, on the 25th day of May, 1861, in the cases of Gibson Merritt vs John A. Fisher and others, and of James T. Gleaves and others vs. John A. Fisher and others, I will offer to sell, at public sale, at the Court House in the city of Nashville, on Saturat the Court House in the city of Nashville, en Saturday, 27th July, 1861, the following two tracts of Land, to-wit: The tract of 53 acres and 144 poles lying on Mill Creek, and the same sold by Lewis Jones and wife Nancy A., to John A. Fisher, on the 8th day of Cotoler, 1858. Also a tract of 77% acres of Land, 5 miles from Nashville on the old Lebanon road, adjoining the lands of the late John McMurrey, and being the same parcel heretofore sold Lewis and Nancy Jones by Gibson McTit. on Merritt.
TERMS—One and two years credit with interest,

without redemption. Notes with approved sur-required and lien retained. J. E. GLEAVES,

Information places the loss of the enemy at Great Bethel much higher than previous accounts. Their cavalry was thrown into great confusion by Grebble's shells.

Secretary Welles decided to strike from the rolls the name of every naval officer who resigns in time of war, whether on or off duty.

A reconnoisance of Mathias Point was made yesterday by the Pawnee. A number of her crew landed, frightening off the rebel pickets and bringing on board the Pawnee two horses supposed to belong to the Colonel and a Captain of a regiment of 1,000 men ascertained to be encamped three miles back of Chancery Sale.

Chancery Sale. DURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court
Nashville, rendered on the 11th May, 1861, in t
case of W. A. & J. G. McClelland vs. Alex. Moore a
others, I will offer to sell at public sale at the Cou
House in Nashville, on Saturday, 27th July, 1861, a c
tain parcel of 3 and 54-100 acres of Land, lying Sou
west of the city and being the same said by Lo west of the city, and being the same soid by John Martin to said Alex Moore on the 9th July, 1857—see page 78, Book 27, Register's Office, D. C.

Terms—6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit without interest and free from redemption. Notes with approved sureties required and lien retained.

J. E. GLEAVES, C. & M.

Two Slaves at Chancery Sale. O'N Saturday, 27th day of July, 1861, at the Court
House in Nashville, I will sell to the highest bidder and for Cash, slaves Dick, aged about 28 years, and
"Silla" aged about 18 years, the property of the estate of the late Dr. Shelby.

Sale pursuant to a decree of the Chancery Court at
Nashville, rendered at the May Term, 1861, in the
case of Barrow & Lindsley, Adms. &c., vs. M. G. Shelby and others.

J. E. GLEAVES, C. & M.

Chancery Sale. DURSUANT to a decree tendered by the Chancery Court at Nashville, on the 2:th May, 1861, in the consolidated cause of E. H. Childress vs. H. C. Marlin and others, and J. B. Ferguson vs. H. C. Marlin and others, I will offer to sell, at public sale, at the Court House in Nashville, on Saturday, 27th July, '61 a certain parcel of Real Estate, described in the pleadings in said causes as part of Lot No. 155, sthated at the corner of Gay and Sorgue streets, fronting 57 feet on in said cause as part of Lot No. 155, situated at the corner of Gay and Spruce streets, tronting 57 feet on Spruce street, and 30 feet 3 inches on Gay, and being the same property sold by C. E. H. Martin to H. C. Marlin on the 4th February, 1859.

Terms—6, 12 and 18 months credit with interest from day of sale, and free from redemption—purchaser to give notes with approved surety, and lien to be retained.

J. E. GLEAVES, C. & M.

the way for further movements of an offensive character. Gen. Beauregard, in anticipation of an assault at Manassas Junction is inlly prepared to receive the enemy.

Nine South Carolinians were taken prisoners yesterday by Federalists.

Pullippa has been evacuated by the Federalists.

Pullippa has been evacuated by the Federalists, who retired a short distance west. It is believed they will soon retire altogether in the direction of Grafton.

The arrival of a ficet of armed vessels in The arri Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Piures Fi. Fa. to me rected, and delivered from the Honorable Ci Court of Davidson county, Tennessee, at its—Term, 1861, I will expose to public sale, to the his bidder, for cash, at the Court House Yard, in the of Nashville, on Saturday, the 13th day of July, all the right, title, claim, interest and estate, we Raiph Martin then had, or may have since acquire and to the following puece, parcel or lot of som

MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND FIFTH AND LAST VOLUME. BUTLER'S CHEAP Will receive in a few days HARPER'S LIBRARY

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Godey's Lady's Book for July, Godey's Lady's Book for July, Peterson's Magazine for July, Peterson's Magazine for July. COUTHERN FIELD AND FIRESIDE—a weekly newspaper devoted to Liter-ture and Art—pub-ished in the South—10 cents a number. For sale by JOHN YORK & CO., june19—tf 38 Union Street.

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THIS celebrated Watering Place will be opened for the reception of visitors on the FIRST DAY Of Located 31/2 miles from the Virginia and Tennes Railroad, they are easy of access, and afford the best security for families.

Each department is supervised by the proprie tors, who will attend personally to the wants of their The Proprietors flatter themselves they were neve

o well prepared as the present season.

A full supriv of ice has been secured.

Passengers leave the R. R. at Shawsville, and will
c carried in 4 horse Omnibusses over a fine road to BOOTH, COLHOUN & CO. epsia. june3, 1861-d1m.

Attention. MILITARY BUTTONS, GUM COATS, GUM BLANKETS, RED. BLUE AND GREY WOOLEN MILITARY SWORDS.

M. POWERS'
Corner of Market street and Public Square
c8-1m NASHVILLE, TENN Colt's Repeating Pistels! I HAVE FOR SALE A FEW
fine Coit's celebrated REPEATING PISTOLS, from five
inch barrel to the naval size—
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such a weapon in these war times, will call on

COLT'S NAVY PISTOLS,

d other Milltary Goods to be had at

GREY FLANNEL SHIRTS.

M. POWERS, Corner Market St. and Square To the Creditors of Dr. Henry Carow, Deceased.

A BILL having been filed in the Chancery Court at Nashville, by Robert Thompson, Executor of Henry Carow, deceased, against the legatee and creditors of the said Henry Carow, the object of which is to have the estate of said decedent administered therein as insolvent: It is ordered by the Clerk & Master, that publication be made in the Nashville Patriot newspaper for thirty days, giving notice to all persons who may be creations of said Henry Carow, deceased, or who may be otherwise interested in his estate, to come forward on or before the 1st Monday in November, 1861, and exhibit their demands and have themselves made parties to said stilt. J. E. GLEAVES, Clerk & Master.

LINCOLN'S BLOCKADE NOT EFFECTIVE. THE "Miramon" arrived safe at New Orleans with an excellent lot of fine HAVANA CIGARS,

be sold for CASH on dis-Union street by junel-if J. W. LANGLEY. COLT'S REPEATING PISTOL LOST. LOST, a day or two since, a very fine CitiA's RE-PEATING PISTOL, No. 168028. I will give a libe-ral reward to the finder if he will leave it at the Patriot

Overton Rifles. THIS Company is now organized, and wishes for a few more recruits. None but able-bodied men of good character will be received. It will be an independent Company, and the Captain pledges humanif it shall be the back

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The existing state of affairs compells us to purane his course, and we wish it distinctly understood that this rule will apply to EVERY ONE, and hope no one will ask us to deviate from it.

Being obliged to pay Cash for every article we pur chase, we hope our friends and the public generally will at once see the justice and propriety of such a

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VV selected stock of Groceries, Tobaccos, Liquers, &c., comprised in part as follows, to which we re-spectfully invite the attention of the Trade. SUGAR, MOLASSES AND SYRUP. 75 hhds Louisiana Sugar; 50 bbls Lovering's pow-25 " Clarified " dered Sugar;

Sees; lasses; lasses; look packages St. Louis Gol-Molasses; den Syrup; St. bbls Refined Molasses; 50 pks New Orieans Gol-50 bbls Lovering's D R den Syrup; Crushed Sugar; COFFEE. 100 bags Baltimore Rio 50 bags Old Gol Java Cof-100 bags New Orleans Rio 60 bags Laguira Coffee;

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100 " Tenn. White " Whisky;
100 " Ky. D D " 50 bbis Smith's Old Re100 packages Old Rye Whis- serve Whisky;
ky; 2 puncheons of Irish and Scotch Whisky. BRANDIES, WINES, &c. 10 quarter casks A Seig- 10 casks Madeira Wine;

nette's Branky; 10 " pale Sherry Wine;
10 quarter casks Otard, 25 " Old Port "
Duprey & Co's Brandy, 5 " Sweet Malaga "
20 qr casks Rochelle Bran- 10 " Dry " " dy;
10 qr casks United Pro- 50 baskets Champagn
prietor's Brandy;
25 boxes Claret; 10 qr casks Chandry 25 boxes Charet;
100 pks American Brandy; 25 pks Lemon Cordial;
100 " Ginger " 25 " Mint "
50 " Cherry " 60 boxes Bitters;
6 " Blackberry " 25 pks Holland Ging 25 " Raspberry " 10 casks Rum;

TOBACCO AND CIGARS. 300 bexes Virginia Tobacco-various brands; 25 kegs A J Smith's Pancake Tobacco; 000 Superior Havana Cigars—various brands, 000 German 50,000 Superior Havana Cigars—various b 100,000 "German "" 50,000 "Domestic ""

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