DAILY NASHVILLE PATRIOT.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY, AND WEEKLY, BY A. S. CAMP & CO., NO. 16 DEADERICK STREET.

VOL. XXII. NASHVILLE, TENN. THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1861 NEW SERIES—NO. 1833

Nashville Patriot.

TERMS:

Daily, per annum.....$8 00
Tri-weekly, per annum.....5 00
Weekly, per annum.....2 00
One Weekly for two years, or two Weeklies for one year, in advance.....5 00

When the Daily, Tri-Weekly or Weekly is to be discontinued (paid in advance at the time subscribed for) the subscriber must order, otherwise it will be continued, at our option, until paid for and stopped. If not paid, it must be paid at the time of discontinuance or at our option If the party is good, it will be sent until paid.

Remittances by mail, in "registered" letters, at our risk.

Steam Press Printing Concern!

A. S. CAMP & CO., Proprietors,
No. 16 Deaderick Street,
Is Published Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly.

TERMS.—Daily.....$8 per annum.
Tri-Weekly.....$5 per annum.
Weekly.....$3 per annum.

By the purchase of the printing establishment of the *News*, and recent additions of new materials from the foundries, the JOB OFFICE of the PATRIOT has been made the largest and most complete in the South-West. It is also supplied with the most competent workmen. Steam has been applied to our presses, which are of the best kinds. We are prepared to print, in the highest style of the art, plain, in colors, or bronze,

POSTERS,	HANDBILLS,
PROGRAMMES,	BILLS LADING,
SHOW CARDS,	SHOW BILLS,
BILL HEADS,	BALL TICKETS,
RAILROAD WORK,	STEAMBOAT WORK,
DRAY TICKETS,	DIPLOMAS,

And, indeed, everything from the smallest Tip to the mammoth Poster, or the least Pamphlet to the largest o

The large circulation of the PATRIOT, greatly augmented by the addition thereto of the subscription lists of *News*, renders it an excellent advertising medium. None better in the city.

☞ We solicit orders, at our office, No. 16 DEADERICK STREET.

A. S. CAMP & CO.

oly28-tf

RATES OF ADVERTISING

(TEN LINES OR LESS TO CONSTITUTE A SQUARE.)

One Square	1 day	$1 00	each additional insertion			$	50
"	"	1 week	3 00	each additional square			50
"	"	2 "	4 50	"	"	"	2 00
"	"	1 month	6 00	"	"	"	3 00
"	"	2 "	9 00	"	"	"	4 50
"	"	3 "	12 00	"	"	"	5 00
"	"	5 "	18 00	"	"	"	8 00
"	"	12 "	25 00	"	"	"	10 00

RENEWABLE AT PLEASURE.

One square, one year, $30—each additional square $10

Written notice must be given to take out and stop advertisements of yearly advertisers before the year expires, otherwise we shall charge till done.

No contract of yearly advertisements will be discontinued without previous notice to us, nor will any charge be made for less than one year at the yearly rates.

☞ Advertisers exceeding the space contracted for will be charged for the excess.☜

OILS! OILS!! OILS!!!

METCALFE BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 25 BROAD STREET,

NASHVILLE, TENN.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN

COAL OILS,

PARAFFINE BURNING OIL,
CARBON BURNING OIL,
COTTON SPINDLE OIL,
ENGINE OIL,
CAR AXLE OIL
MACHINERY OIL,
RUDE, Prepared and Refined,
PETROLEUM OILS,
CAR AND WAGON GREASE.

PARAFFINE WAX CANDLES;

ALSO

Exclusively at Wholesale

EAGLE MILL COTTON YARN,
COTTON ROPE,
OSNABURGS AND SHEETINGS,
COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES.

We refer by permission to
GEN. G. P. SMITH, President Bank of Tennessee.
JOHN A. FISHER, Cashier Bank of Tennessee.
Also to the following Wholesale Merchants in this city:
Messrs. MORRIS & STRATTON,
" STRATTON & SEYMOUR,
" GARDNER & CO.,
" FALL & CUNNINGHAM

TERMS CASH.

March1-1y

Premium Harness.

C. L. HOWERTON,

No's. 9 and 10 Public Square, Nashville,

Harness Manufacturer.

COACH and Buggy Harness of every style and quality kept constantly on hand and manufactured to order. Also, Buggy Collars, Kip and Hog Skin Collars Bridles, Halters, and all other articles made by Harness Manufacturers—all of the best material and the finest workmanship, all of which will be sold as cheap as can be bought anywhere in the United States.

To C. L. HOWERTON'S Harness has been awarded the *Highest Premium* at the Tennessee State Fair, the Kentucky State Fair at Bowling Green, at the Limestone County Fair, Alabama; Agricultural Society at Athens, &c. nov13-tf

Flouring Mill for Rent.

THE City Flouring Mill, situated on the Cumberland River, just below the city, is offered for rent the remainder of the present year, with the privilege of next year Apply to TURNER S. FOSTER, Cherry street, or JAMES CORBITT, at the Mill.

aug25

JO. EDWARDS, F. B. HARRIS, E. P. EDWARDS.

EDWARDS, HARRIS & CO

Successors to Edwards, Gilkerson & Co.,

Wholesale Grocers,

Fowarding and Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN

Brandies, Wines, Tobaccos, Cigars, &c., &c.

CORNER CHURCH AND COLLEGE STREETS,

Nashville, Tenn,

WE ARE IN RECEIPT OF A LARGE AND WELL selected stock of Groceries, Tobaccos, Liquors, &c., comprised in part as follows, to which we respectfully invite the attention of the Trade.

SUGAR, MOLASSES AND SYRUP.

75 hhds Louisiana Sugar; 25 " Clarified " 50 bbls Lovering's powdered Sugar; 50 bbls Coffee; 20 boxes D R Loaf Sugar; 100 bbls Plantation Molasses; 50 half bbls Refined Molasses; 100 half bbls Plantation Molasses; 50 packages St. Louis Golden Syrup; 50 bbls Refined Molasses; 50 pks New Orleans Golden Syrup; 50 bbls Lovering's D R Crushed Sugar;

COFFEE.

100 bags Baltimore Rio Coffee; 50 bags Old Gol Java Coffee; 100 bags New Orleans Rio Coffee; 50 bags Laguira Coffee;

WHISKY.

100 bbls Rectified Whisky; 100 " Tenn. White " 100 " Ky. D D " 100 packages Old Rye Whisky; 50 bbls Robertson county Whisky; 50 bbls Smith's Old Reserve Whisky; 2 puncheons of Irish and Scotch Whisky.

BRANDIES, WINES, &c.

10 quarter casks A Seignette's Branky; 10 quarter casks Otard, Dupuey & Co's Brandy, 20 qr casks Rochelle Brandy; 10 qr casks United Propriator's Brandy; 100 pks American Brandy; 100 " Ginger " 50 " Cherry " 5 " Blackberry " 25 " Raspberry " 10 casks Madeira Wine; 10 " pale Sherry Wine 25 " Old Port " 5 " Sweet Malaga " 10 " Dry " " 50 pks Ginger Wine; 50 baskets Champagne; 25 boxes Claret; 25 pks Lemon Cordial; 25 " Mint " 50 boxes Bitters; 25 pks Holland Gin 10 casks Rum;

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

300 boxes Virginia Tobacco—various brands; 500 " Kentucky " " " " 25 kegs A J Smith's Pancake Tobacco; 50,000 Superior Havana Cigars—various brands, 100,000 " German " " " 50,000 " Domestic " " "

CANDLES AND SOAP.

400 boxes Star Candles; 200 bbl " " " 150 qr " " " 50 boxes Stearine Candles; 50 " Tallow " 150 boxes Soap, various kinds.

FLOUR.

100 bbls extra Family Flour
100 " " Superfine "
100 bags Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour.

SUNDRIES.

1000 sacks fine aupc coarse Salt; 500 bbls Kanawha Salt; 1000 kegs Nails and Spikes, 500 boxes Glass Ware; 500 Reels Cotton Rope; 100 casks Soda; 1000 pounds Bar Lead, 500 bags Shot, assorted sizes; 100 dozen Fresh Cove Oysters; 25 cases Sardines, ½ and ¼ boxes; 50 bxs Lemon Syrup; 150 pks Raisins; 100 " Mackerel, 25 chests Green and Black Teas; 100 dozen Buckets; 50 nest Tubs; 25 sacks S S Almonds; 50 bbls Pecans and Filberts; 10 bbls English Walnuts; 100 dozen Broom; 100 doz Zinc Wash Boards 500 reams Wrapping Paper; 50 bags Pepper; 25 " Allspice; 50 bxs Ground Mustard 50 " Fire Cracker 8; 50 bbls Cider Vinegar; 50 bbls XX Ale;

With a variety of other articles.

jan11-tf EDWARDS, HARRIS & CO.

REMOVAL.

Howe Sewing Machine Office,
Removed to
34 UNION STREET.

First Floor, recently occupied by J. C. Harvey & Co.

In calling the attention of our numerous patrons and the public to our removal to more accessible quarters, we deem it unnecessary to refer to the merits of the Howe Machine, as their good qualities are already "household words."

A full stock of Silk, Spool Cotton, and Machine Findings always on hand. CONE BROS., Agents, 34 Union Street, jan17-tf Nashville, Tenn.

De Forest, Armstrong & Co.,
DRY GOODS MERCHANTS,
75, 77, 79, 81, 83 and 85 Duane St., N. Y.

WOULD notify the Trade that they are opening Weekly, in new and beautiful patterns,

The Wamsutta Prints,
ALSO
The Amoskeag,

A New Print, which excels every Print in the Country for perfection of execution and design in full Madder Colors. Our Prints are cheaper than any in the market and meeting with extensive sale.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.
nov24-deowly

ANDREW WIND'S
ADVERTISING AGENCY,

133 Nassau st., next door to the Nassau Bank, N. Y., is the Agent for the NASHVILLE PATRIOT, and the best circulating Journals in the United States, Canadas and West Indies.

He is authorized to receive advertisements for us at our *published rates.*

CLARK, GREGORY & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS OF
CLARK & FULLER'S
AMBROSIAL OIL,

To whom all orders must be addressed.
Agency of all the Standard Patent Medicines
Ladies' Oil Toilet Cream, Cocoanut Walnut Candy.

DEPOT,
College Street, Opposite Newnan House.
Nashville, Tenn.

mar22-tf

DR. R. THOMPSON,
No. 59 Cherry Street,

HAS on hand VACCINE MATTER, which he has proved to be genuine. Persons wishing Vaccination can find him at his office every afternoon, between 3 and 4 o'clock. feb15-tf

Brogans.

NEGRO Brogans, Double and Single Sole, Kip and Grain Leather Boots. A fresh supply cheap for cash by JOHN RAMAGE,
nov23-tf 42 College street.

A SAFE AND SPEEDY REMEDY.

VELPEAU'S COMPOUND CUBEBS AND COPAIVA PILLS, FOR THE CURE OF GONNORRHŒA, GLEET FLUOR ALBUS, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, &c.

Price Fifty Cents a Bottle,
Containing Fifty Pills

These Pills are highly recommended by the principal physicians of Europe and America.

Orders from the trade and others solicited, and reliance may be placed on having punctual attention from

J. W. Fenchtwanger, Sole Agent,
42 Cedar Street,
P. O. Box 3616, NEW YORK
mar21—d6m

For Sale.

THAT comfortable dwelling, No. 165 South Summer street, formerly the residence of Russell Houston, Esq.

Also, No. 15 North Summer street, the present residence of Jas. Correy, Esq. Apply to
J. KIRKMAN, President,
aug1-tf Union Bank of Tenn.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Sick Headache.
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels,—removing *Costiveness.*

For *Literary Men, Students,* Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits,* they are valuable as a *Laxative,* improving the *appetite,* giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the *nervous* system or from a deranged state of the *stomach.*

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicine

A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of

PRICE 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
48 Cedar street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF

SPALDING'S
CEPHALIC PILLS

WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM

HEADACHE,

THAT A

SPEEDY AND SURE CURE

IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these Testimonials were unsolicited by Mr. SPALDING, *they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.*

MASONVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1861.

MR. SPALDING.
Sir:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and *I like them so well* that I want you to send me two dollars worth more.

Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I from you. Send the Pills by mail, and oblige your ob't servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

MR. SPALDING. HAVERFORD, PA., Feb. 6, 1861.
Sir:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, *I have received a great deal of benefit from them.*
Yours, respectfully,
MARY ANN STOIKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., PA., January 18, 1861.
H. C. SPALDING.
Sir:
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JNO. B. SIMONS.
P. S.—*I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.*

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 15, 1861.
HENRY C. SPALDING, Esq.
Please find enclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. *They are truly the best I have ever tried.*
Direct A. STOVER, P. M.
Belle Vernon, Wyandot Co., O.

BEVERLY, Mass, Dec. 11, 1860.
H. C. SPALDING, Esq.
I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send to me
One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache, (usually lasting two days,) *was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills,* which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B WILKES.

REYNOLD BURG, FRANKLIN CO., OHIO, January 9, 1861.
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar st., N. Y.
Dear Sir.
Inclosed find twenty-five cents, (25,) for which send box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Fuller, Reynoldsburg, Franklin Co., Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instanter. Truly yours, WM. C. FULLER

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1861.
MR. SPALDING.
Sir:
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the Cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and *they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.*
Please send by return mail Direct to
A. R. WHEELER,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz: Cure of headache in all its forms

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases, with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn.
If you are, or have been troubled with the headache, send for a box, (Cephalic Pills,) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

From the Western R. R. Gazette, Chicago, Ill
We heartily endorse Mr. Spalding, and his unrivalled Cephalic Pills.

From the Kanawha Valley Star, Kanawha, Va.
We are sure that persons suffering with the head ache, who try them, will stick to them.

From the Southern Path Finder, New Orleans, La.
Try them! you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefits that no other medicine can produce.

From the St. Louis Democrat.
The immense demand for the article (Cephalic Pills) is rapidly increasing.

From the Gazette, Davenport, Iowa.
Mr. Spalding would not connect his name with an article he did not know to possess real merit.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The testimony in their favor is strong, from the most respectable quarters.

From the Daily News, Newport, R. I.
Cephalic Pills are taking the place of all kinds.

From the Commercial Bulletin, Boston, Mass.
Said to be very efficacious for the headache.

From the Commercial, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Suffering humanity can now be relieved.

☞ A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually.☜

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES!
ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

☞ "A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."☜

As accidents will happen even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N. B.—A Brush accompanies each Bottle. Price, 25 cents. Address,

HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 CEDAR STEET. NEW-YORK.

CAUTION.

As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public, imitations of my PREPARED GLUE, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name

☞ SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE,☜

is on the outside wrapper; all others are swindlin counter feits. feb 7, 1861

B. B. CONNOR & BRO,

No. 5 College Street,

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

Commission Merchants

Orders filled at the Lowest Cash Price.

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO

CONSIGNMENTS.

PRODUCE

We are daily receiving and will sell for the lowest Cash Price,

Hay, Corn,
Oats, Bran,
Shorts, Flour,
Meal, Onions,
Potatoes, Apples,
Bacon, Lard,

And all other kinds of Produce and Seeds

April 7—1ydw

HOWE SEWING MACHINES,
At Greatly Reduced Prices.

THESE Machines gather and sew on the Band at the same time; Sew every variety of fabric, and are undoubtedly the best and simplest Machines in the market. CONE BROS., Agents.
mar15—tf 34 Union street.

MACHINE SILK,

A full assortment, at 25 cents per Spool.
CONE BROS., Agents,
mar15-tf 34 Union street.

SMALL POX!

FRESH and Reliable Vaccine Matter for sale by WM. J. SMITH,
mar19—dtf. Cor. Church and Vine Streets

M. C. BRUCE,
Auction & Commission Merchant,
Corner Cedar and Cherry sts.,
Nashville, Tenn.,

RESPECTFULLY solicits consignments of Merchandise of all classes. Satisfaction given to consignees and purchasers as nearly as possible. Consignees of goods to this market will find my auction sooms well fitted up, and the goods will be sold without delay and the money paid over forthwith.

N. B.—No goods bought or sold on my own account. Charges reasonable and liberal advances made on consignments. mar25

Virginia and Tennessee
CHEWING TOBACCO.

I HAVE a large stock of the above on sale at low figures, either by the

Lot or Single Package.

J. W. LANGLEY,
aug 8 44, Union street.

Dividend Notice.

OFFICE N. & C. R. R. CO., Nashville, Oct. 4.

The Board of Directors of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Company, have this day declared a Dividend of Six Per Cent. on the Stock of the Company out of the profits of the last 12 months, payable on and after this date at the office of the Treasurer of the Company, in Nashville.

Stockholders desiring to collect their dividend through a third party can do so by sending a written order and stating the number of shares owned.
W. A. GLEAVES, Treasurer.
oct6-dawlm

REMOVAL
AND
NEW PURCHASE.

I HAVE purchased of W. W Finn his stock of Wall Paper, &c., and am removing my stock of Looking Glasses, Gilt Frames, Venetian Blinds, Window Shades, Artist Materials, &c., &c., to his (W. W. Finn's) old Stand, 28 Public Square, corner Deaderick street, where I shall be glad to see my friends and Patrons.
W. FREEMAN.
July 24, '61-tf CAS B. G:

[From the Missouri Democrat of the 9th.]

GRAND RECEPTION OF FREMONT.

20,000 People Assembled to Do Him Honor.

Unbounded Enthusiasm—Magnificent Torch-light Procession—Persecution Rebuked—The Address of the Committee, and Gen. Fremont's Reply.

The reception of Gen. Fremont, last evening, was one of the most imposing and enthusiastic demonstrations that has ever taken place in the city of St. Louis. All classes and conditions of people participated in it—the ladies turning out by thousands. The circumstances preceding and accompanying the event may be briefly stated as follows:

The persecution and misrepresentation of Fremont by persons high in the confidence of the country and interested in his downfall, led at last to his removal from the Western Department, just as he was face to face with the rebel foe, and able almost beyond a doubt to achieve a glorious victory over them. This, when the circumstances of his appointment, and the manner in which the army had been raised and equipped, and the general untoward surroundings of the department were considered, seemed a great injustice to him. Besides, he had endeared himself to the loyal citizens of his department by his vigor and the directness with which he dealt with traitors. His proclamation went home to the hearts of the people. As he was to arrive last evening, on his way to Washington City, it was resolved to give him such a reception as was worthy the man and the occasion. Accordingly, Thursday evening, meetings were held at several of the public halls to appoint a reception committee, and to arrange all necessary preliminaries. These meetings also adopted an address and resolutions to be presented to the General The different delegations, or organizations, were to meet at Soulard Market, Washington Hall, Sturgeon Market and Guerdemann's, and proceed from there at seven o'clock, in torch-light procession, to General Fremont's heardquarters, where the committee were to present the address and resolutions.

The special train, having the General and escort aboard, was expected to arrive between five and six o'clock. Before that time a large crowd had collected about the Pacific railroad depot. After waiting about an hour it was ascertained that the party would disembark at the Fourteenth street depot, and the crowd hurried up to that place.

A body of cavalry were drawn up in the street to the south of the depot, and an open barouche, drawn by two black horses, stood in readiness to convey the General to headquarters. The crowd had increased much in size, and the depot and adjacent streets were crammed and crowded with men, women and children. Another delay of an hour occurred, in which each one enjoyed himself pretty much as he pleased. There was merriment and good humor on all hands. At last the train made its appearance, and from that time till the General took his seat in the barouche, there was a continued cheering and waving of hats and handkerchiefs and other manifestations of enthusiasm and welcome. The crowd was so dense and the pressure so great to get nearer, that it was some time before a movement could be made. At last the cavalry pressed the crowd apart, and the carriage moved off amid a great outburst of cheers. It passed up Fourteenth street and down Chouteau avenue to headquarters, followed by the crowd, which came blundering along as fast as the dense dust and pale moonlight would admit of.

General Fremont left Springfield Monday morning, escorted by fifty-two Delaware Indians, Holman's battallion of sharp-shooters, and the remnant of the body guard.—He came through to Sedalia, a distance of one hundred and twenty miles, by Thursday noon. The march was characterized by nothing unusual, except it be a war dance by the Delawares, at camp Fall-leaf, so named in honor of the chief of the band.—These Delawares refused to serve any longer, as Fremont was going away. They left escort at Sedalia, and went out to Kansas City. At Sedalia there was a delay, and the train did not start till 3 A. M. yesterday. All the way down to the city, at every station, the train was saluted with cannon or flying banners. Much more enthusiasm was manifested than when the General went West. The body guard consists of 180 men, some twenty of whom having lost their horses in the battle, are dismounted. Holman's sharp-shooters, 160 men; the remainder of Capt. Naughton's company, 27 men, and about 340 horses, come down in the train; also, Major White and all the General's staff, except Cols. Hudson, Shanks and Lovejoy.

At headquarters a dense crowd awaited him, and the cheers and shouts of welcome which greeted him showed plainly that there was both soul and sentiment in the occasion. The General made his way through the crowd into his residence, where he was warmly received by his family and a circle of devoted friends. For about an hour he remained inside his dwelling, meanwhile the crowd gathering in such numbers as to entirely block up the avenue for squares each way, and filling the cross streets near headquarters. It is impossible to give a correct estimate of the crowd present. Several persons put it as high as forty thousand, but we are satisfied it would reach twenty thousand. The enthusiasm was unbounded. The bands of music played stirring national airs, rockets went up, and the shouts of the multitude for "General Fremont" rent the air in unbroken volumes of cheering. About 8 o'clock the torch-light procession, moving down Sixth street, made its grand entrance into Chouteau avenue, and such was the density of the crowd that it was at least a full hour in passing headquarters. Gen. Fremont's appearance upon the steps of his residence at this point of the proceedings, was the signal for tumultuous applause, which was kept up for nearly half an hour, the crowd surging to and fro like the waves of the ocean. Here the citizens' committee of reception was announced, and with great difficulty made its way into the building.

The General received the committee in the magnificent reception room of Headquarters, and forming round him in a sort of semi-circle, the chairman welcomed him again to St. Louis in the following neat and pertinent address, and read to him the annexed resolutions which were passed by the citizens' mass meeting. The General received the address and resolutions in his usually modest manner, and from his reply which followed, it was evident he felt seriously the peculiar embarrassment and significance of the occasion. It is quite impossible to do justice to this most brilliant and popular ovation, in a hurried report.—Suffice it to say, that it was generally interpreted to be a withering rebuke to the course which has been pursued towards one of our favorite Generals. But though the enthusiasm was unbounded, and the sympathy of the multitude was with him whose premature return from the pursuit of the enemy of our country had called them out in this magnificent demonstration, still they did not forget our country, but sent up prayers and shouts to heaven for its unity and happy deliverance from its present troubles:

GENERAL: We are instructed by the citizens of St. Louis to welcome you to our city, and perform the duty imposed upon us with feelings of sorrow and pleasure. While we deeply regret the occasion of your presence among us, we rejoice in the unmistakable manifestations of the unflagging sympathy of the people.

They have witnessed with astonishment and indignation the event, unprecedented in history, of your removal from the command while in active pursuit of the enemy, and on the very eve of reaping the fruits of your incessant and successful labors. The true causes which led to your recall are understood and appreciated—you have risen too fast in popular favor. The policy announced in your prolamation, although hailed by the people as a political necessity, furnished your ambitious rivals and enemies with a welcome weapon for your intended destruction.

The harbingers of truth will ever be crucified by the Pharisees.

We cannot be deceived by shallow and flimsy pretexts, by unfounded and slanderous reports. We entertain no doubt of your ability to speedily confoud and silence your traducers.

The day of reckoning is not far distant, and the people will take care that the schemes of your opponents shall in the end be signally defeated. As loyal citizens we follow your example in yielding due obedience to the edicts of the powers that be.—With you we join in the hope that the enthusiasm with which you have imbued the army created by and devoted to you, may lead them to victory, even in the absence of their legitimate leader.

Should we meet with reverses no fault can be charged upon you; should victory perch upon our banners, the wreath of triumph will be placed on your brow by the verdict of the country.

Permit us to assure you that when the smoke of battle shall have passed away, and peace shall be restored to us, an appeal to the people from the action of its servants, will triumphantly sustain you.

In pursuance of our instructions, we take pleasure in presenting to you a copy of resolutions unanimously adopted by the citizens of St. Louis, in mass meeting assembled:

"1. That we recognize in John C. Fremont the embodiment of our patriotic feeling and political faith.

"2. That, notwithstanding many paralyzing circumstances, he has performed his arduous and responsible duties with all possible energy and honesty.

"3. That we admire his impartiality and sagacity in selecting his military counsellors, without national prejudices, from among such men as he considered true and worthy of his confidence.

"4. That we will stand by him as long as he shall prove true to himself.

"5. That while we submit to the action of the Government, as behooves loyal citizens, we regret to be deprived in the present moment of his services in conquering the rebel enemy, and believe we recognize in this event a wise Providence, which may have reserved him for a still wider sphere of action in future times."

At the conclusion of the reading, General Fremont responded. He spoke in a clear, low tone, but not without feeling, as follows:

"Gentlemen, I wish to say to you, that your kind and affectionate—I may even say affectionate—reception of me has moved my heart. It cheers me, and strengthens my confidence—my confidence, already somewhat wavering—in our Republican institutions. I felt all day, as we passed through the country—I feel emphatically to-night—that the faithful servant of the people, honestly laboring in the public cause, will not be allowed to suffer undeserved, and I feel stronger.

"Since I left you, a few weeks ago, many accusations have been raised on my defenseless head—defenseless, because my face was turned to the public enemy. What I hear and see to-night, the address you have read to me, and the approving multitude below, show me that I was not wrong in leaving my defence with you. In regard to the baser charges made against me, I will say nothing now, you do not require it, and to speak of them would jar upon the generous feelings with which you came here to-night. Others have been already answered by my brave soldiers at Springfield, and others of gross incompetency, and a weak and aimless administration. To all of these I will adopt your address, and the shouts of the grand multitude assembled below, is my answer.

"And for all this, gentlemen, to you and to them, I renew my thanks with all my heart, which to-night is roused to full sensibility by the hearty and unqualified expression of your confidence and approbation, so valuable to me in my actual position. I shall soon have occasion—for I shall *make* occasion—to answer all these charges more definitely. Until then, I will rely upon this evening for my defence."

Exchange of Prisoners.

Col. Forney, writing from Washington, on the 6th, says:

Gen. McClellan heartily approves the proposition for an exchange of prisoners. This has been his sentiment from the start, and I believe a majority of the Cabinet have always taken the same side. Gen. McClellan's views are sustained by his confidential friend, the distinguished ex-Attorney General, Edwin H. Stanton, who, notwithstanding his connection with the Buchanan Administration, now maintains, as during his association with that Administration, the most decided and uncompromising Union doctrines. He declares that "the principle of an exchange of prisoners is demanded by the highest considerations of policy and humanity." I have, therefore, no doubt that some arrangement will be made in a very short time, by which our absent and beloved fellow-citizens in the Southern prisons may be restored to their families and friends.—The reasons for refusing such an arrangement have passed away The highest considerations require that the health and lives of our captured fellow soldiers should alone be taken into view. Etiquette and diplomatic forms have too long impeded the consummation of this important arrangement.

☞ The Great Eastern Steamer, instead of going to Liverpool, has gone to Milford, to undergo the repairs rendered necessary by her last untoward trip to the West. At Milford a gridiron in existence on which she can be placed for examination, and where her paddle wheels can be fixed. A close examination of the ship has resulted in the discovery that she has received more external injuries than was first known. In addition to the breaking of the rudder post, it has been found that the stern part of the ship has given way. This is a mass of iron, weighing upwards of six tons. The paddle wheels will require to be reconstructed. The cost of repairing the damages externally and internally will, it is estimated, be about £10,000.

Gen. Scott's Speech in New York.

Gen. Scott replied to the remarks of the President of the Chamber of Commerce in New York, as follows:

The language of praise is sweet when it comes from high sources of intelligence and moral worth; and sweet, also, is the consciousness of having labored hard through a long life to merit it. The measure (he added) was full and overflowing. The great calamity which has befallen the country—the rebellion—had found him advanced far in life; and the labors, responsibilities and anxieties which it had thrown upon him, had broken him down. He was now but a wreck. If the calamity had occurred three or four years before, it would have found him vigorous, and in a condition to do some service in meeting it; and he would have met it, he flattered himself, successfully.

Although he was *hors du combat*, yet he was happy to say—and his opinion on this subject must be of some value—that he had left on the field a large and patriotic army, in which were many of the best citizens of the country, the best of officers and men, commanded by Generals of great merit—Generals capable of maintaining and achieving victory. On the field were young and vigorous men, competent to perform all the duties which the country requires of them.—Major-General McClellan, a man of scientific attainments and genius, and of respectable experience; Major-General Halleck, another officer of experience, science and discretion, who would meet all tee expected tions of his Government and country, and many Brigadiers and Colonels of great worth.

He (General Scott) did not, therefore, despair of the Union; he was even confident of the success of our cause, within a limited time, and hoped that the coming spring would find the rebellion suppressed. In a short time more he hoped that another union of fraternity would be re-established so firmly as to endure forever. The Union had commanded all his affections. The Union was his country and he knew no other. To the United States only he owed allegiance, and meant to die in that allegiance.

General Scott then remarked that he was about to leave this city and the country for a limited time, in order to repair his physical condition. He had had a very bad turn this morning—a dizziness in the head, like vertigo; but hoped, before he embarked, to get rid of that infirmity in the head, and he did not doubt he would find some celebrity who might treat successfully that complaint, and that he might soon enjoy the pleasures of locomotion. Then he should return to the city which had been his delightful home for so many months in each year for about forty years.

He would return again to the bosom of that society which had always treated him with so much personal kindness and consideration, and very happy should he be in such return; and he trusted that happiness would come in six or seven months, when he might again see the city of New York. In conclusion, the General thanked the committee for the complimentary resolutions with which they had presented him.

The committee then retired.

In reply to Judge Pierpont, of the Union Defence Committee, Gen. Scott said:

"Gentlemen of the Union Defence Committee: I am in a poor condition to meet you on this great occasion. I am at this moment laboring under much dizziness. I would wish to rise to the height of the present moment, but my physical ability will cause me utterly to fail in my wishes. I feel that I am greatly honored—honored by those to whom honor is due. I feel that I am not only in the bosom of my countrymen—of my fellow-citizens of the town in which I have lived more or less for the past forty odd years—but I feel I am in the bosom of my friends. Oh! for one moment of brightness, that I might do justice to my feelings—some small justice to the dignity and weight of this company.

"I go, gentleman, across the ocean for a short period, and for a special purpose—for the chance of getting rid of this dizziness, which perplexes me almost every moment—and in the hope of finding some relief for the infirmities I have labored under for many years, and which have been greatly increased by the unceasing labors of the last ten or eleven months.

"It is my expectation to return again to that country to which I am like yourselves nobly devoted All that country—I mean the Union—commenced with the good old thirteen States I hope it will soon be made up again to its thirty-four. Although I have been compelled to retire from the field, I have the consolation to be able to assure you that the command of the army is in competent hands; my opinion on the subject may have some weight with you.

"I leave in the field generals of great ability—Major Generals McClellan and Halleck—of a high order of intellect, of scientific attainments, of much ability in military affairs, and of excellent judgment and discretion,

Heenan and Mace to Fight in Canada.

The London *Sporting Life*, a paper that seems to enjoy the confidence of Mace, states that it is thought that Mace will shortly bind himself in money to fight Heenan in Canada. The following is the article in print:

We believe from what has come to our knowledge within the last few hours, that there is a great probability of Mace having a "turn up" with Heenan. The English Champion has within the last few days thrown out a hint or two which would lead to the inference that when certain matters are matured, he will finally accept the Benicia Boy's challenge, and bind himself in money to fight in Canada. In the event of a match upon such terms being accepted, it may be as well to state, nothing will be done without the most substantial guarantees from Heenan and his friends.

Negotiations are now on foot to back Mace against John C. Heenan if the Benicia Boy declines to leave America, and meet the Champion on his native soil. There is no doubt that the money (to any amount) will be forthcoming, should the American not feel inclined to cross the Atlantic.

The removal of Gen. Fremont and the advancement of Gen. Hunter, is looked upon with much complacency by the regular officers of the army. The regulars are excessively clannish, and Fremont was not a favorite with them because he was not of them.—*Cincinnati Com.*

Gen. HUNTER is said to have declined to pursue the policy which Fremont had adopted with the enemy at Springfield. It seems to have been Fremont's intention to go ahead and drive the enemy into Arkansas. Gen. Hunter stops and waits for transportation—and he may writ just as long as he pleases. He never will have enough transportation. No regular officer has had transportation enough since the war commenced. No one is likely to get enough.—*Cincinnati Com.*