

It would be the denial of a Federal right—that is a right belonging to the citizen as a citizen of the United States.

The N. Y. Legislature has seen fit to say that the franchise of voting shall be limited to the male sex. Not only does this section mean that the right of male inhabitants to vote was the especial object of its protection.

CHARLESTON S. C. JULY 5, 1873

Union.

The old axiom that "in union there is strength," is one of the most truthful and unerring of any extant. In throwing the mind's eye along the anterior line of the historic page, we find indubitable evidence to sustain it.

have some grave grievances to protect ourselves against and, if possible, have redressed. Foremost among them, and one which should mantle the cheeks of our State and local school boards—

City and County.

We have engaged, J. Hammond Fordham, Esq., a very clever young student at law, as weekly reporter, to collect local matters for the RECORD.

The RECORD will be found at the counter of Righter's News Bazar Hasel street; Doscher's News Rooms, corner of Hasel and Meeting streets; Hammond's foot of Broad street; at the Up-Town News Rooms, and all the News Rooms in the city.

It will be delivered to subscribers at five (5) cents a week. Carriers wanted for all the wards in the city.

POSTAL DELIVERY.

The new postal delivery regulation went into effect, on the 1st. And it will no doubt prove itself a success, as it will save time to the business men of the city. The routes are as follows:

- Route No. 1.—All that portion of the city lying south of Broad street, including the south side of Broad street from Cooper to Ashley River. Carrier, S. M. Clement.

The following should be borne in mind: The carriers are positively forbidden to deliver matter to any other than the place designated on the letter, and under no circumstances, to deliver mail matter to any person on the street, though he may be known to them to be the party to whom the letter is directed.

Captain P. E. MILLER, of the Comet Light Infantry, was buried Wednesday afternoon. His remains were followed by the First Regiment N. G. Comet Fire Company, the Union League, and Union Lodge, No. 1 A. Y. M. to

the Mission Presbyterian Church, where the ceremonies were performed, by Rev. E. J. Adams, and from thence to its last resting place.

At the anniversary meeting of the Leaders Union No. 2. A. M. E. Church, held on the 30th June, the following officers were elected to serve the ensuing year:

James S. Morrison, President. Samuel Jervey, Vice-president. Isaac R. Morgan, Secretary. Caesar Garrett, Treasurer.

TO COLORED SODDIERS.

CHARLESTON S. C., June 24th 1873.—The following information, in answer to communications on the subject, is published for the benefit of those persons interested:

Those who have made application to the Government for Bounty money, or any portion of it that may be claimed to be due them, may obtain information as to their case by writing to E. B. French, Esq., Second Auditor Treasury Department, Washington District of Columbia.

NOTICE.—The Consecration of the A. M. E. Church, at Ashepoo, will take place, the second Sabbath in July 1873.

The following Ministers will be present—Rev. R. H. Cam, Rev. Wm. M. Thomas, Rev. B. H. Williams, Rev. E. M. Gibson, Rev. Wm. T. Sutcliff.



LITERARY

LITERARY CONTRIBUTOR TO THE RECORD.

- Prof. George B. Vashon, A. M. Hon. J. J. Wright, LL. D. F. L. Cardozo. H. M. Turner, LL. D. Prof. T. H. Jackson, B. D. Rev. R. T. Mortimer, W. Whipper, Esq., Col. E. W. M. Mackey, P. H. Clark, B. E. Roberts, Col. T. J. Minton, R. T. Greener, Esq., Prof. S. J. Neall, Hon. R. B. Elliott, Dr. Joseph Wilson, Rev. J. T. Ford, Dr. R. B. Hewitt, Mrs. S. E. Woodson Early, S. Stanley Woodward, F. E. Watkins Harper, S. Paul Vashon, Miss Fanny Jackson, Mrs. Sarah E. Douglass, Miss Ada Renton, Jennie Weston, E. Emmet Hunter, Jennie Lynch,

- Anna P. Smith, Mrs. L. H. Williams, M. A. Shadd Carey, L. Stanton Day, Rev. Eunels J. Adams, B. J. Roberts, Simeon Baird, W. A. Patton, Prof. J. Mercer Langston, M. A. A. T. Augusta, M. D. Rev. T. G. Steward, W. J. Wilson, Esq., W. A. Warren, Esq., E. B. Seabrook, Hon. Macon B. Allen, W. H. Day, A. M., A. Sumner, M. A., W. C. Nell, Esq., Prof. W. H. Croghan, J. B. Reeve, A. M. D. D., C. H. Thompson, A. M. D. D., Hon. J. C. Gibbs, A. M., Mrs. Mary F. Weston Farham, Rev. A. N. Freeman, Rev. L. P. Perry, Malliston Madison Clark, A. M. D. D.

POETRY.

ASKING AND GIVING.

"PLEASE, dear papa," cried our Harry, "Get a rocking-horse for me! One as large as 'Bonnie Bessie' That Kris Kringle gave to Lee!"

Harry comes with flying footsteps, Stops in wonder and surprise— Seeing—not a horse on rockers, Thing of wood with sightless eyes— But a real, live Shetland pony, Bridle, whip, and saddle too!

Then a shout, both loud and gleeful, Bursts from Harry's rosy lips: "O papa! How can I thank you? May I have his name 'Eclipse'?"

Thus, I think, our Heavenly Father, Seeing, where our hearts is blind, When some good our faiths are craving, Seeking long we cannot find, But withholds the longed-for blessing, Leaves our want unsatisfied, That He may bestow upon us Better gifts than those denied.

Miscellaneous.

THE BUTCHER, WEST.

of Dover, Delaware, though acquitted by the Kent County jury of his "peers" (?) has been condemned by the verdict of the universal world, always excepting Kent County, Delaware.

In fact, to speak correctly, Kent County, in which is the Capital of the State, has always practically belonged to a foreign jurisdiction, in its rules, conduct, and enactments.

When the enactments of Delaware, enlighten d and Christian Delaware, arrested a colored man if he went near a political meeting, even if it were necessary to go through the out-of-doors meeting to buy a loaf of bread for his suffering family, the enactments were enforced only in Kent County. Mr. Nathaniel Brinkley, one of our subscribers, and one of the best but deeply wronged citizens of Delaware, was arrested at Camden, in Kent Co., because he went to the store to purchase necessaries for his family, when an out-of-doors political meeting was being held,

and Lawyer Fisher (now Judge Fisher of Washington,) being District Attorney, was obliged by Delaware enactment, to prosecute Brinkley, although Fisher was one of the speakers on the occasion.

Such a County, where enactments (not law) such as this were enforced, might very properly decide that to invite a colored man to a private place and knock that colored man on the head behind his ears, was self-defense—that for a white man to cut off a colored man's hands and his nose, was "self-defense,"—that for a white man to carefully and deliberately skin a colored man, and then carry the skin and other cut off portions around to find a place to bury them from the sight of man, was "self-defense"—that the whole devilish pre-arrangement to do this very deed, and to obtain \$25 000 insurance on his own worthless life—when it would be supposed that West was the mutilated man was "self-defense."

It is a law of God and of Nature, that unless men and communities repent of their crimes, their moral perceptions become blunted, and they go from bad to worse. Just so, Kent County Delaware.

For one hundred years, the Religion taught has been one of hatred to the colored man. The law administered, has been to imbrute the colored man. The bloody mobs at Camden and Dover, Del., at the beginning of the Rebellion were only the result of the cruelties of Religion, Law and Society during the seventy years preceding. The colored men were driven from their hard-earned homes; were attacked at night as the victims of quiet sleeping; were attacked with fire arms, and their harmless lives put in jeopardy.

The National Law and the National Soldiers came in to preserve the peace, and Delaware ever since, has been only held down, in the interest of Law and Order. What Delaware dare not do against the National forces, she dares try to do through her mean and dastardly State Government. Today, the "Black Laws" of Delaware are not repealed. They lie on the Statute Book of the State to-day, no able in their cruelty and baseness. Delaware has not even repealed them in form. And Kent Co., with its few good men looking towards the sun, is looking back to see that time again roll around, when "the earth was without form and void, and darkness was upon the face of the deep." Hence, no repeal of the "Black Laws," hence no school law, and no schools for colored children, and very little for white ones; hence, the murders prior to Turner's by West, where the murderers went unwhipt of justice through a "West" jury—or were pardoned and the punishment remitted by the interposition of a gentlemanly (to white people) and tender hearted Governor.

This West outrage in all its phases—attack, murder, mutilation, skinning, arrest feigned insanity, self-defense plea, jury verdict, and all, is therefore only the outgrowth of that devilish hate and satanic spirit which has been nursed by the County, and, in some sense, by the State, in the years gone by. They sowed the wind—they are now reaping the whirlwind. But it will not stop there. This 'West' acquitted, other 'Wests' will rise up to seek other and (as the world estimates) more valuable lives, until each man shall become his own law and its administrator, and blood which will be demanded will be given, jury or no jury.

The decisions of the Courts of Delaware are already brought into ridicule; colored men and white men, too, feel that justice cannot be had—and while we are no alarmist, we shudder to think of the results likely to arise from this concatenation of crime, which has again found protection and justification in the three infamous decision of the West jury.

Best and Oldest Family Medicine.

Sanford's Liver Invigorator—a purely Vegetable Cathartic and Tonic—for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Debility, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Acidity, and all derangements of Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Ask your Druggist for it. Before imitations.

\$7200 Each Week

Agent wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. Address: J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

The Republic Of Liberia.

Captain R. W. Schufeldt, commanding United States steamship Plymouth, reports to the Navy Department his visit to the Republic of Liberia, in which he says:

There has been no American man of war here since 1868; our arrival therefore, was both unexpected and gratifying. The Liberians are essentially American in feeling, yet they find themselves at present being gradually shut in and circumscribed by the ever increasing extension of British power upon this coast, and they feel themselves growing years by year, more helplessly within the control of British capital, nothing add more to the strength and well-being of this American-African Republic than the establishment of steam communication between it and the mother country; a connection thus sustained would have an important bearing upon our political and commercial necessities, and create the one thing needful to the progress of this country; for I am fully convinced that immigration, with a moderate amount of capital, is all that is now required to place Liberia upon a permanent footing and to insure an increasing prosperity.

This young nation, weak by virtue of its birth and inheritance, is essentially an American outpost upon the frontiers of barbarism, and it deserves on this account the fostering care of the American people. It is struggling against a thousand adverse circumstances—ignorance and poverty within, heathenism from without—and yet it appears to receive from us but little private sympathy, and no public aid.

Liberia seems at present politically quiet. President Roberts, whose term of office will expire in May next, has been nominated, and will probably be re-elected. I am informed that the people of Liberia are returning their attention to agriculture, with good results. The fertility of the soil is beyond question. An exploring party, conducted by the President himself, through Bassa country has just returned to Monrovia, and reports favorably of the large mineral resources of that district.

Education is in rather a languishing condition for the want of means, but there is good reason to believe that there is an increasing desire on the part of the abolitionists to acquire knowledge and to advance towards civilization.

After an interval of twenty six years since I first visited Monrovia, I do not find as much progress as I hoped for, but there are no evidences of retrogression.

President Roberts entertained the officers of the Plymouth and myself. Two of the ex residents and the members of the Cabinet were present at the dinner given to us by Mr. and Mrs. Roberts.—Hist.

An advancing Danger.

It must now be admitted that a disease resembling malignant cholera has been for some time steadily spreading northward and eastward from New Orleans. Its ravages in that city were serious, both Nashville and Memphis have been alarming, the disease showing the fatality if not all the symptoms of the dreaded Asiatic type. The malady—for it cannot yet with truth be called an epidemic—has more recently reached Cincinnati and Washington, and it is reasonable to infer that it will appear in cities still further east which present favorable conditions for its propagation. The existence of this disease, and the danger that it may become an epidemic are not denied by the best-informed physicians generally. In some of the places where it has appeared, but