From the Charleston Courier.

Extortionists.

Speculators and monopolists are driving their nefarious trade in the necessaries of life with increased earnestness, zeal and boldness. Entreaties, protestations, warnings, curses have alike and altogether failed to restrain and stop them in their wicked course. Their mean natures are completely under the control of avarice, and encouraged by the forbearance and patience of our people they are pursuing their schemes for gain, with an ardor and constancy which, if employed for the welfare of their country, would be followed by the happiest results.

The men who are thus preying upon the vitals of our bleeding country are by age exempt from active military service, and shielding themselves of this immunity so favorable to their sordid and craven hearts, they devote all their energies and experiences and business qualifications to the work of making money. They are intent upon accomplishing this single purpose. They are exercised only in framing schemes for the increase of their substance. While the great bulk of the people are laboring industriously and heartily in the cause of independence; while our women are wearing out their strength in attendance upon our noble soldiers who are suffering from disease, and administering with diligence and pleasure to those who are enduring the discomforts and hardships of the camp and the field; while all who set a proper estimate upon the blessings, in defence of which we are battling and suffering, are watching eagerly the course of events, and consider all other interests inferior to those threatened by our lively and blood-thirsty foe, these slaves of greed are only concerned about the success of their speculations, and all indifferent to the nobleness of our cause, and the thickening dangers, are laboring day and night in adding to their piles of gold.

Our soldiers in the ranks are performing grievous labors, suffering numerous and heavy evils, exposing their lives to the shafts of disease and the missiles of the foe, for the miserable pittance of eleven dollars a month. They are defending property, land, home, honor, everything that makes life worth having, and while thus nobly enduring and doing, their meagre wages are stolen by the ravening wolves, and their loved ones at home are obliged to attat themselves in the necessaries of life, because of the disgraceful exactions of opulent speculators and monopolists. Not content with staying at home, with experiencing none of the evils and calamities produced by this unnatural war, these execrable creatures appropriate the earnings of the very men whose valor and nobility of soul afford them the opportunity of making money, and burden the wives of these gallant men with a crushing weight of anxiety and woe.

In ordinary times he who takes advantage of one's necessities, though the strait to which the needy is reduced, be caused by improvidence and extravagance, is accounted disreputable; and the usurious money changer in all civilized countries is unfit to associate with the honest tradesman whose business is conducted on principles of honor and justice. How much blacker the crime, and how much more deserving of scorn and detestation are these sharpers, who, in time of war, when their country is beleagured by a crafty, cruel and powerful enemy, and is straining every muscle to drive back and punish the swarming hordes, in the gratification of their insatiable greed of gain, are increasing the difficulties of that stupendous struggle, enriching themselves at the expense of an impovished country, and turning blood, and tears and groans into money? Such creatures are a blot upon humanity, an offence to God and man. No matter what their name and social position, how fair their character, how profuse in their professions of patriotism, these base minded men should be marked and visited with universal scorn and execration.

By adroit management and mutual understanding these extortioners succeed in realizing enormous profits by the sale of articles that comfort and life make absolutely necessary. They are speculating largely upon all kinds of provisions, playing cunningly into one another's hand The success with which they are pursuing their wicked commerce is felt by the nation from one end to the other. These indispensable articles have made fearful strides. They have cleared ten or twenty cents at a single pound. Immense profits are made in the passage from the hands of one extortioner into the hands of another. They are banded together in this infamous work, and are enabled, by their combinations, to compass their selfish ends.

How much farther will these Shylocks go? When will they stop? How long do we intend to bear the evils inflicted upon us by those human cormorants? Is it not high time for the military to put forth the arm of its power? Is not some action imperatively demanded? The prices of articles of prime necessity have been regulated in New Orleans and Richmond. Such a course is loudly called for by the suffering community in Charleston, and we trust that measures will be adopted right early for the correction of these crying evils.

NEWS FROM THE NORTH.—The Northern papers bring us the first three "General War Orders" of President Lincoln, who as was mentioned in our paper of yesterday, has just assumed the command *de facto* as well as *de jure* of the Yankee army and navy. By these orders it will be seen that Gen. McClellan's command is now confined to the "Department of the Potomac," or the region lying between the Potomac river and the Blue Ridge mountains; that Gen. Halleck is to have the supreme command of the "Department of the Missouri," embracing all of the United States forces West of a north and south line to be drawn "indefinitely" through Knoxville, Tennessee; and that a new "Mountain Department," to include the whole "rebellious territory" between the departments of Generals Halleck and McClellan, is to be intrusted to the management of that precious knave, "Major General" John Charles Fremont.

Greenville.

The editor of the Asheville (N. C.) *News* has recently paid a flying visit to this place and says, on his return, of the town:

"Greenville, we must not forget to say is a charming place. We shall, if we live, certainly travel in that direction again. In fact we were pleased with everybody and everything. It is a nice place, filled with nice people."

The Carolina Spartan.

SPARTANBURG:

Thursday, April 10, 1862.

RECRUITING.

First Lieutenant WM. H. TRIMMIER is now in Spartanburg, fully authorized to recruit for Captain JOHN EARLE BOMAR'S Company, Company C, of the Holcombe Legion, for the war. The usual Bounty, (Fifty Dollars) will be paid. Additional information may be had on application to him, or J. M. BOMAR, Esq., at Spartanburg Court House.

NOTICE.

All Guardians, Trustees, &c., must make their returns by the 15th. All that fail to make their returns will be ruled according to law.

T. STOBO FARROW, o. s. d.

April 10 5 1t

Religious Notice.

We are requested to state that a public prayer meeting will be held in the Methodist Church, in this place on every Wednesday at 12 o'clock M. commencing on the 9th instant.

Street Tax.

The attention of the community is called to the advertisement in this paper in regard to Town Tax, a sufficient time has been allowded by the indulgent Council, to pay, since the 1st of March last an now they give still farther time, and any failing to do *their duty* must not complain being double taxed.

Lieut. C. E. Fleming.

This gentlemen is again in our midst, to obtain Volunteers for the formation of an Artillery Company, to go into immediate service He is authorized by the Secretary of War of the Confederate States, to form such a company, and respectfully solicts all partial to that arm of the service to unite with him, The usual bounty will be paid to each Volunteer upon his enlistment. He has succeeded, we understand, in getting the names of twenty five or more responsible and intelligent men. With such a nucleous, he surely cannot fail, living as he does in our midst, and known as he is, to the entire community, as a gentleman and officer. Twelve months experience in the army of the Potomac has given him the reputation of being one of the best and most efficient drill officers in the Infantry service. The company, if formed, will be attached to the "Hampton Legion" in Virginia, and supplied by English guns of the first order. To such as prefer service in the Old Dominion, we would appeal, in behalf of Lt. Fleming, at Spartanburg Court House, where he may be found until the 15th instant. He hopes to be able to report to Col. Hampton a list that will entitle him to a position in an organization rendered illustrious in the past.

Lieut Witherspoon.

Among the various recruiting officers of the State who have warmly appealed to the old "Iron District," for a contribution to the "Regular Army" of the State, is the gentleman above named, a native of South Carolina. He has been with us for several days, and so far has succeeded in procuring several names. To each recruit he pays a bounty of sixty dollars cash. If personal appearance and affability were guarantees of success, he, above all others would excel in strengthening this brach of military service. Devoted to this peculiar corps, he is unceasing in his efforts, to augment its value and explain its details, and operations: The "Regulars" are regarded by all as the basis, the substratum of military governments. Upon them the commanding officer, in times of danger, looks for steadiness of deportment and directness of action. Others may vacillate, but the "regulars never, is a recognized truth among all masters of the science military. Hence Scotts partiality to this potent arm in time of battle. The drill instruction and discipline which they undergo, is so thorough that it amounts to an education, the results of which tell with terrible havoc upon the battle field. If there is one arm of the public service more efficient and potential than another, it is certainly that of the regulars. If then, there are any who desire to connect themselves with this fixed organization in our Confederacy, no better opportunity than the present will be afforded. With the Confederacy as the theatre of war, our rights, independence, honor and political integrity at state, who will hesitate? To the advertisement of Lieut. Witherspoon, we would, therefore, respectfully direct attention and urge all inclined to join him, to do so, at once, as his stay will be short.

From Col. Elford's Regiment.

The Greenville *Enterprise* learns that Col Elford's Regiment is at present enjoying very good health, nearly all who were sick with the measles and mumps having recovered, and that almost twice the number of men are to be seen on dress parade than were able for duty a month ago. They have moved down the country five miles, on the Teogado river.

Tribute of Respect.

CAMP GREGG, near COMBAHEE FERRY, April 2, 1862.

At a meeting of the Pacolet Volunteers, 13th Regiment, held on the 1st Inst, Capt. Compton being called to the chair, and Sergeant W. D. O'Shields being requested to act as Secretary, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas an all-wise God, has in his infinite wisdom, visited our Company with the afflicting hand of death, and removed from its official ranks our highly appreciated and esteemed Lieut. W. H. Caldwell, who died of Typhoid Fever, at White Hall Hospital on the 16th ultimo; and while we are called upon by the endearing ties of social affection to pay him our tribute of respect, we feel that one has been severed from us in whom were happily blended the estimable qualities of a gentleman, with those of the patriotic Soldier One, who by his affable manners and gentle manly demeanor, elicited the universal respect of his Company, and the highest regard of all who knew him; Therefore

Resolved, That while we have to bow with humble submission to the inscrutable doings of Him, who ruleth all things for good, we also unfeignedly lament the death of our worthy comrade, and feel that we have lost one, who would have defended valiantly those sacred rights, bequeathed to us by our noble ancestors.

Resolved, That we do earnestly sympathize with the parents and relatives of the deceased, in this, their hour of sad affliction.

Resolved, That the foregoing preamble and resolutions be published in the *Carolina Spartan*, and a copy of the same be sent to Mrs. Caldwell, the mother of deceased.

W. P. COMPTON, Chairman.

W. D. O'SHIELDS, Secretary.

The Charleston *Courier* gives the ladies in the vicinity of Nazareth, in this District, credit for $75, for the Gunboat Enterprise.

Speculation and Extortion.

These words head an article or two in our late exchanges, written with a force and pungency that certainly cannot be read without being felt. To this class we would say, refer to the *Courier* and other Metropolitan papers, if you desire to see yourselves mirrored, truthfully and hideously. The very name suggests odium, their practices, infamy and reproach.

Against the manufactures of cloth and cotton we have heard denunciations loud and Tartarean, yet, in our very midst, we are examples of extortion practised by men, extravagant in their excess and open mouthed in their condemnations of speculators. Are there characters so faithfully portrayed as the Extortioners and Speculators referred to, among us. Have we, in our Town, any who are speculating, on the necessaries of life? Is there a purchase made in our town, by any of our citizens, directly or indirectly, for wheat, flour, corn, bacon or other essentials of human existence, upon their own account? Are they buying upon their own capital, or have they money furnished them by gentlemen who have come here for a season, and who feel disposed to make expenses during their sojourn? Do they condemn speculators and extortioners, and, at the same time, aid a class that smells disgusting in their nostrils, by raising the price of mercenary articles?

We are astonished, surprised, and mortified to see that men, who have professed a warm and liberal patriotism and especially, a generous heart to the wives and children of soldier's engaged in buying provisions, absolutely necessary for their support, for the small per cent the capitalist gives them. We are fearful, if called upon, that we should be able to indigitate just such a class in our midst. If so, what can we, or those who assail them, say in their behalf? Can we trust him who damns his neighbor for extortion, and, at the same time, elevates himself to a position of pecuniary independence by the use of other men's money for a part of the profits? Let such philanthropists hide their heads, and cease the wagging of their tongues against the manufacturers who sell cloth, iron, or nails for what they regard as above their value! The man who cherishes the spirit of speculation, by purchase and resale of the absolute necessaries of life, for a per centage, is worse, in our judgment, than he, or those, who manufacture and sell, openly, at exhorbitant prices. *He is worse than the distiller*—more reprehensible than the heartless manufacturer, a fitter subject for the curses and withering scan and contempt of the mother, child, and friend of the soldier, than the cold and heartless speculator.

The 5th Regiment, S. C. V.

We are gratified to learn that six Companies of this Regiment have been formed into a Battalion and chosen officers. Col. Jenkins has been elected Lieutenant Colonel, and Capt. Joseph Walker, of the Spartan Rifles, Major It is pleasing to Major Walker's friends to learn that his merits as an officer have met with so distinguished an appreciation. The confident hope is expressed by those familiar with this Regiment, that the residuary Companies will, if they have not re-enlisted, and re-unite with the Battalion, thus changing it into a Regimental organization.

A New Governor.

The New York Herald says that in case of the subjugation of South Carolina, she will be declared a Territory, and that Charles Sumner is the most prominent candidate for Governor. For Mississippi, John P. Hale is the prominent candidate. We have heard of these gentlemen before.

The Holcombe Legion.

This magnificent Legion have had a slight foretaste of the feelings of the battle field. They have not "snuffed the battle on the breeze," but face to face have met the foe in conflict. Although the engagement was not a very sanguinary one, yet, several of the Vandals were made to bite the dust by the unerring aim of our marksmen. When we consider, that upon Edisto Island there were assembled at the time, an invading army, numbering eight thousand or more, while, our forces were not more than one third—that the enemy was embanked and well protected—that the march against him was attended with thick perils and difficulties, that the assult had to be made in an open field, we think the affair deserves to be characterized as a gallant one and reflects upon the soldierly qualities of our men the highest credit. The number of prisoners taken, we believe, were about eighteen. Upon their persons were found letters, grave, gay, and ludicrous, and some that contained lucid descriptions of the tophography, climate and productions of the Country From the *Courier* we extract a portion of an editorial relating to the extent of Gen. Evans' command and the engagement referred to.

"Gen. Evans' command extends from Rantowle's to the Ashepoo River, embracing John's and Wadmalaw Islands, (where there are also Hospitals for the sick). He is fully sensible that he holds the key of Charleston, and will do *tout son possible* to strengthen his position, and make of Adams' Run another Thermopylæ, himself being its Leonidas, before Charleston shall be taken or invested by land.

I have been kindly favored, by the General, with the perusal of Colonel P. F. Stevens and Major Palmer's reports of the late successful exploits of the Holcombe Legion, under their field officers, Col. P. F. Stevens, Lieutenant-Colonel Shingler and Majors Palmer and Garlington, and portions of Colonel Nelson's and Major Moore's commands and a detachment of the Washington Artillery, under Lieutenant Jamer Salvo, resulting in the killing, wounding and capturing of twenty-one of the enemy, A Lieutenant Colonel is believed to have been among the slain. Major Palmer's report does ample justice to his junior Major, (the Hon. A. G. Garlington) as well for his wife council as his gallantry and efficiency in action, and to Messrs. Edw. and Henry Seabrook, for their services as guides and as soldiers, and to Rev. John D. McOllough and Mr. Irwin for brave and efficient aid. The report is a lucid and manly statement of the gallant achievement. It fell to Major P's lot to bag the enemy."

The same Editor in a visit to the hospitals records an interview with some of the wounded, among whom, was Ransom Henderson of this District. Of him he says:

"In the same hospital was Ransom Henderson a Spartanburg volunteer, with a slight wound in the arm, in fine spirits, and ready with the *extracted ball*, (which was taken by Dr. G. from his (Dr G's) pocket and shown us,) to re-load his rifle and crack away with it at the enemy on the first opportunity. Gallant fellow! we wish him a speedy change to carry out his brave resolution. The Hospital is much in need of clothing, and the attention of the benevolent and liberal is called to the fact."

The price of Cotton is lower than it has been for some time, and the price of factory labor is also low.

Why is it, therefore, that some of the makers of yarn and cloth are charging exorbitant prices to the mothers, wives and sisters of our brave soldiers in the field?

[Correspondence New Orleans Picayune.

CONFEDERATE VICTORY!

Death of Gen. A. S. Johnston!

MOBILE, April 7.—The *Advertiser & Register* has a special despatch, dated Corinth, April 6, afternoon," which says: The battle continues fiercely and furious, the enemy stubbornly resisting their fate, while the Southerners continue to press upon them with resistless determination, slowly but surely forcing them back. Our loss is heavy. Our men are in good spirits and thoroughly warmed up to the work in hand. All ght well; but the Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana troops displayed splendid gallantry. The First Alabama covered themselves with glory. This regiment captured two batteries. The 21st Louisiana Regiment also took a battery. Gen. Bushrod Johnston, one of the Fort Donelson prisoners, but who escaped, is wounded.

LATER.—The enemy are in full retreat, and the Confederates are in hot pursuit. I write from the enemy's camp, and on Federal paper. A large number of Federal prisoners have already been taken. We expect to capture the greater part of the Federal army. We are driving them back on the river, and shall kill or capture the entire army. The battle is still raging with terrible fury. We have captured Gen. Prentiss and a large number of officers. Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston fell at half-past two o'clock. His leg was torn by a shell, and a minie ball struck him in the body. He died gallantly and steadily leading our victorious troops at the head of the army. Gen. Beauregard now commands the army. He says it is a second Manassas fight. Gen. Buell was not in time to take part in the action. Gen. Gratten was in command of the Federal forces.

CORINTH, April 6.—A great battle commenced at daylight this morning. The Yankees were driven back two miles. Our victorious columns are still advancing. The First Louisiana have taken a Federal battery, and several others have been captured Gen. Gladden has lost an arm. Col Williams, of Memphis, was killed. Gen. Prentiss has been captured. He says they had 35,000 men in the field They had eighteen batteries engaged, and were mostly captured. Gen. Buell had a portion of his forces at Duck River. We have the enemy's camp, all their ammunition and stores. The battle was very severe The loss is heavy on both sides. The fighting is still going on. Gen. Polk is in advance, and fighting.

Generals Prentiss, Grant, Sherman, McClernand, Wallace and Smith, commanded the Federals. Gen. Smith was sick. Two thousand prisoners were taken, and sent to our rear. It is reported here that our forces are fighting Buell to-day. Clark and Col. Brown, of Mississippi, and Col. Richard Lee, are wounded. The Federals were driven to the river, and are attempting to cross on transports. Many prisoners are still being brought in.

RICHMOND, April 7.—The following official despatch was received here this morning:

To S. Cooper, adjutant-General:

BATTLE OF SHILOH, April 6.—We this morning attacked the enemy in a strong position in front of Pittsburg, and, after a severe battle of ten hours, thanks be to the Almighty, gained a complete victory, driving the enemy from every position. The loss on both sides is heavy, including the loss of our Commander-in-Chief, Gen. A. S. Johnston, who fell while gallantly leading his troops into the thickest of the fight.

(Signed) G. T. BEAUREGARD, General Commanding.

We can learn nothing definite of Price's battle in Missouri, although it is sufficiently apparent that he has fought. Gen. Pike, with his Indian warriors were in it, and done their duty nobly.

From Virginia.

RICHMOND, April 5.—A letter to the *Enquirer* says that Col. Ashby was fighting the enemy all day Wednesday, in Shenandoah County—first in the streets of Woodstock, and then in Edingborough. He had lost seven men. The enemy is advancing.

RICHMOND, April 6.—Reports of fighting near Yorktown have been current all day. It is reported and generally credited that the enemy attacked our lines at half-past 10, aided by gun boats. The fighting continued till 12 o'clock, when the enemy ceased firing. Our troops maintained their position

Reports are current that the Virginia went out to day, and demolished several transports.

Captain Morgan and Gen. Buell.

Before leaving Tuscumbia, I learned the particulars of an interview between the celebrated Capt. John Morgan and the Federal Gen Buell at Nashville, which is worthy of record as a part of the history of the times. The exploits of Capt. Morgan are more like the romantic and daring feats of the days of knighthood and chivalry than anything else we can compare them to.

It seems that Capt. Morgan, having learned that Gen. Buell had determined to hang four of his men as outlaws, who had been taken prisoners in his memorable scout of March 8, he proceeded with a flag of truce and ten of his men to Nashville. On his way he met Gen. Mitchell with a large force of the enemy's cavalry, to whom he made his object known. Mitchell said he was just going out to search for Morgan, and regretted to meet with him under the protection of a flag of truce. Morgan, with a meaning look not to be misunderstood, assured the Federal General that no one more than himself shared his regret and his disappointment, and hoped that an opportunity would soon offer of meeting him under more favorable circumstances. Mitchell then gave Morgan an escort, and accompanied him to Buell's quarters. Buell was greatly surprised at meeting with the bold partisan face to face, and, evincing no little uneasiness, asked to what circumstances he was indebted for the honor of this visit.

Morgan replied that his errand was a christian one; that he had been informed that General Buell had threatened to hang four of his men, who had been taken prisoners, as outlaws, in violation of the rules of war and civilization; that he had thirty-six Federal prisoners in his possession, and that if such was Buell's determination, he should retaliate by hanging nine Federals for every one of his men.

Buell disclaimed any such intention, and said he should never violate the usage of civilized warfare.

Morgan then proposed an exchange of the thirty six Federal prisoners for his four men, saying that the difference in numbers was but a fair valuation of the services of his brave troopers.

Buell replied that he was compelled to decline the offer, as he could not negotiate with an officer inferior to him in rank.

"That is unfortunate, sir," replied Morgan, "as the objection could not hold good in any other sense;" and the interview then terminated. It was after this that Morgan learned that one of his men, named Love, had been shot after he was taken prisoner.

I have also been put in possession of the particulars of another most gallant affair which occurred on the 10th inst., and of which no mention has yet been made. On that day, Lieut. Basile Duke, the adjutant and brother-in-law of Captain Morgan, and equally as brave and daring, proceeded with eighteen men to within three and a half miles of Nashville and half a mile of Gen. McCook's camp, where, concealing themselves, they dismounted, leaving the horses in charge of three of their men, while the lift en took position off from the turnpike, and succeeded in killing twenty-three of the enemy's advance guard, among whom were three lieutenants and one captain Three of our men being cut off from returning to their horses, were forced to cross the enemy's lines by an old field, and passed within thirty steps of their pickets, who saw them from the pike, and who allowed them to go by, supposing that there was a large force and that they would capture the whole command. The three men, by making a circuit of half a mile, regained their horses in safety and the whole command escaped without the loss of a man.

[Correspondence New Orleans Picayune.

No Licenses to Foreigners.

A law was passed by both branches of the Virginia Legislature on Monday, prohibiting the issue of licenses to sell any kind of merchandize to any other foreign citizens, than those who are naturalized. This is a measure long since necessary. There are numbers of the foreign born population in active business all over the State, who upon a call for Militia, have thrown themselves upon the protection of foreign powers epresented by consuls in the Confederacy. This law, passed with so much unanimity by the Legislature, will bring these gentlemen to a realization of the truth of an old saw, "it is a bad rule that won't work both ways."—*Richmond Enquirer.*

We notice in the Greenville *Enterprise* the death of Lt. W. F. Prince, a gallant and meritorious officer in the Brooks Troop, Hampton Legion. He died in Virginia.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER, APRIL 4, 1862.

THE following preamble and resolutions, adopted by the Governor and Council, have been ordered to be published:

Whereas information has reached the Governor and Council that sundry small vessels have, from time to time, carried from the port of Charleston cargoes of cotton, which the Governor and Council have reason to believe have found their way to the enemy, and which certainly have not brought back return cargoes of arms, munitions or army supplies; therefore, be it

Resolved, That during the continuance of the present blockade the exportation of cotton from any port in South Carolina is hereby prohibited, unless by the express permission of the Confederate or State authorities.

Resolved, That an agent, resident in the city of Charleston, be appointed, who shall be authorized to grant permission for the exportation of cotton on the terms hereinafter prescribed, to wit: Affidavit shall be made that no part of the cotton exported shall, with the consent or connivance of the exporter, find its way into the possession of the enemy; and bond, with good surety, shall be given that the amount of the nett proceeds of the sale of such cotton shall be brought back into the Confederate States in arms, munitions of war or army supplies, unless prevented by successful interposition of the enemy.

Extract from the minutes of April 4

By order of the Governor and Council.

F. J. MOSES, jr., Secretary.

April 10 5 1t

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER, APRIL 4, 1862.

THE following preamble and resolutions of the Governor and Council have been ordered for publication:

Whereas it has been represented to the Governor and Council that persons in this State, representing themselves as agents of the Government for the purchase of provisions, have bought considerable supplies from the patriotic and unsuspecting citizens of this State, and turned them over to the Government at large profits; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the Governor and Council, That hereafter any person falsely representing himself as agent of the Confederate or State Government for the purchase of supplies or provisions, who shall actually purchase as such agent, shall be liable to arrest as a disloyal and disaffected person, and committed to jail by the Chief of Justice and Police, on proper information being given to him of the fact.

Resolved further, That any person who has heretofore or may hereafter purchase provisions and supplies, representing himself as agent of the Government, who shall demand or receive from the Government or others a higher price therefor than the actual cost and expenses thereof, shall be liable to like arrest and imprisonment, and all provisions so purchased shall be seized and turned over to the Government at a reasonable price therefor.

Extract from the minutes of April 4.

April 10 5 1t

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER, APRIL 4, 1862.

THE following letter of resignation, and the resolutions adopted by the Governor and Council in reply thereto, have been ordered to be published:

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Columbia, S. C. April 3, 1862.

To His Excellency the Governor and Council.

GENTLEMEN: Having accepted the commission of Brigadier-General in the Confederate service, I have the honor herewith to resign my commission as Adjutant and Inspector General, with which I was invested by the General Assemoly of the State.

In taking leave, officially, permit me to express my thanks for many acts of kindness and the uniform courtesy which has always been extended to me by each member of your honorable body. With the kindest regards and best wishes for your success in the great work before us, I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. R. GIST,
Brigadier-General C. S. A.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL CAMBER, APRIL 3, 1862.

Resolved, That the Governor and Council accept the resignation tendered by General S. R. Gist as Adjutant and Inspector-General of this State, and request that he will act as Adjutant and Inspector-General until he shall receive orders from the Confederate authorities, or until the Governor and Council shall appoint his successor.

Resolved, That the Governor and Council sincerely reciprocate the kind feelings expressed in the letter of General Gist, and express their regret at being compelled to separate from him.

By order of the Governor and Council.

F. J. MOSES, jr., Secretary.

April 10 5 1t

NOTICE.

HAVING been appointed by the Legislature as one of the Commissioners to make provisions for the destitute families of Soldier's in the service, I hereby give notice that I will be in the Village on every Saturday at Hardy, Agnew & Co. Persons applying for relief will bring certificates from some reliable person.

march 5—82—tf A. J. DANIEL

$25 REWARD.

RUN away from the Subscriber some time in September last, his negro boy JACK, Aged about twenty-five years, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a brown complexion. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of said boy to his owner, or lodged at the jail of Spartanburg that he may be obtained.

A. BOLTSHOUSER.

April 10 5 tf

TOWN TAX.

At a meeting of the Council held on the 5th instant is was unanimously.

Resolved, That all persons liable to road duty and failing to pay Three Dollars commutation tax by the 15th instant will be required to work twelve days, or pay the sum of six dollars.

April 10 5 tf

COOK WANTED.

WANTED to Hire at the Female College, a good BREAD COOK

A. BETHUNE, Steward.

mar 27 3 tf.

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE and LOT in the town of Spartanburg, can be bought on reasonable terms.

Call on C. J. ELFORD, esq., or W. T. FARROW, Agent.

mar 27 3 4t

MATTRESSES.

ANY one in need of MATTRESSES, will do well to call upon

MR. J. W. HARDY.

mar 20 2 tf

DENTAL NOTICE.

MY Office is over Bobo, Edwards, and Carlisle's Law Office. Terms Cash.

mar 13—1-1y C. LEE, D. D. S.

AUCTION!

THE Subscriber will sell at AUCTION on the 10th day of April next, their entire **Stock of Merchandize,** consisting of Various classes of goods. Persons in want of goods will do well to attend said Sale.

J. P. MACUMSON & BRO.

April 4 4 2t

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between SULLIVAN, ELFORD & WINSMITH, is dissolved by the withdrawal of J. C. WINSMITH, Esq. The business of the Firm will be settled by J. M. ELFORD, Esq.

MARBLE YARD NOTICE.

PERSONS wishing to purchase MARBLE for their deceased Friends and Relatives can do so, by applying to Mr. WM HUNTER, our authorized agent.

HARE & PALMER.

April 3 4 tf

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

SPARTANBURG DISTRICT.

Citation for Letters of Administration by Jno. Earle Bomar, esq., Ordinary.

WHEREAS BRANSON HALL has filed his petition in my office, praying that Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of HIRAM HALL, late of the District aforesaid, deceased, should be granted to him.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear in the Court of Ordinary, for said District, to be holden at Spartanburg C. H., on Monday, the 14th April next, to show cause, if any why said Administration should not be granted.

J. EARLE BOMAR, o. s. d.

March 31 4 2t

TAXES.

I EXPECT to attend at Spartanburg C. H., to collect TAXES, Salesday in April, Thursday, the 10th day of April Thursday 24th day of April, and Saleday the May, at which time the TAX BOOKS must close, and all those who fail to make their returns and pay their Taxes, on or before said Saleday in May, may expect to settle with the Sheriff, on Double as well as single Tax Executions. I will attend at the Village on Friday, the 25th day of April, to receive the returns and Taxes of the Village.

R. C. POOLE, T. C.

April 3 4 tf

THE THOROUGH-BRED HORSE.

THICKETY,

WILL stand the present season, commencing the 1st of APRIL, inst., and ending the 1st JULY, at HIS OWN STABLE, near Limestone Springs. Mares entrusted to the care of the undersigned will be well cared for, and fed at the low rate of forty cents per day.

He will be let to mares at Twenty Dollars the insurance, payable the first of December If a mare is parted with, the money will be demanded. I will not be responsible for any accidents or escapes that may occur. Fifty cents to the Groom.

DESCRIPTION.

THICKETY is 12 years old this spring, full sixteen hands high, a rich brown dappled bay, the most beautiful color imaginable, with an uncommonly fine set of legs, and muscles in abundance.

WYATT LIPSCOMB.

April 3 4 2m

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER GEN'L, CHARLESTON, February 17, 1862.

I HEREBY certify, that JOS. M. ELFORD, Agent of the MERCHANTS INSURANCE COMPANY, of Richmond, Va., incorporated by the State of Virginia; has complied with the conditions and requisitions of the Act of the General Assembly, entitled, "An act to regulate the Agencies of Insurance Companies not incorporated in the State of South Carolina," and I hereby License the said JOS. M. ELFORD, Agent, as aforesaid, to take risks and transact all business of Insurance, in this State, for, and in behalf of said Company. This License to continue until the filing of next Semi Annual Statement.

W. LAVAL,
Comptroller General.

mar 20 2 tf

RECRUITS WANTED.

$60 Bounty!

THE undersigned now stationed at FORT MOULTRIE, will pay $60 cash Bounty money for accepted Recruits. $25 commutation for clothing, transportation &c., furnished free. Apply at Recruiting Office, at Spartanburg C. H.

Five dollars will be paid to any man bringing in acceptable recruits. Apply to

Lieut B. J. WITHERSPOON.

March 27 3 1t

ESTRAY.

ESTRAYED from the premises of the Subscriber, near Reidville, on or about the 10th instant, a small BAY HORSE MULE, any one taking up the same, or any information in regard to the same, will be most thankfully received by the owner at Reidville, Spartanburg Dist., S. C., and expenses paid.

JAMES WILSON.

mar 27 3 2t

T. G. P. VERNON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL PRACTICE in the Western Circuit OFFICE—West corner of Col. W. W HARRIS' brick building, over the store of Camp & Cannon, and opposite the Palmett House. April 12 8 1y

J. E. Goodlett

HAS JUST RECEIVED for the Spring Trade, a large and well selected stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Glass, Sash, Putty, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Castor Oil,

ALSO, a lot of

GARDEN SEEDS.

March 6—tf

D. L. & L. Twitty

HAVE just received, along with their usual stock of Goods, a large lot of

Red Paint,
Madder,
Logwood,
Fine,
Needles,
Copperas,
Salts,
Fine, Combs, &c.

Spartanburg, S. C., January 1, 1862.

A LIST OF LETTERS

NOW remaining in the Post Office if not taken out before 1st July next, will be sent to the Department as dead Letters.

H. M. Anderson, 2 A. Alexander.

Miss M. Bishop, John S. Bishop, Adelia Bishop, A. M Bishop, Ballenger Mrs. Mary Bettis, Brewton, Blackwell Mrs. E. Belcher, Mrs. Polly Belcher, 2

Mrs. Mary Ann Cooper, Mrs. Bell Coleman, J. Crews, Martha G. Caldwell, 2

Joseph David, John Devine, 2

L. Ellis, Z. H. Ezell, 2

J. S. Farrow, Amanda Farrow, Dr. C. C. Fleming, D. D. Finley, Bicam Foster, Mrs. E. J. Foster, 2

Miss Milbery Gossett, J. W. C. Gossett, William Goings, R. A. Golightly, Miss Mary Gilbert, Mrs. N. C. Gray.

Mrs. S. F. Haynes, J. L. McB. William Johnson.

J. W. Lowe, David Lanier, William Lee, D. D. Lewis, John Lyons, Daniel Logan.

Miss. E Motte, Wm. P. Miller, Major Robt. Murray, William McBerley.

Miss. Louisa Neighbors.

Jas. L. Owens

Kent Joseph Parker, P. Pollard, John H. Price, J. J Pardue, Miss. S. K. Patterson, Wm. Mc. D. Palmer.

Miss. Marthu Roberts, Wm. Roberson, Mrs. Sarah Reid.

Reuben Seay, S. Stevens, James Sprouse, A. M. Speights, Mrs. Harriet Smith, Miss Margaret Stevenson, D. L. Stillwell, Calvin Sellars, Mrs. H. J. Smith, W. J. Stevens, W. G. Shackelford, 2 Mrs. Mary Smith, Charlotte Shands.

Alex. Thomas, Capt. Tucker, (dropped) Lieut. C. S. Thompson, Miss. M. D. Thompson.

Mrs. H. M. Willard, Mrs. J. J. Wood, Mrs. Shadie Wood, Allfred H. Wood, S. J. Wood, Miss. Mary Walker, Etta Waters, J. B. Williamson, W. H. Whitner.

J. A. LEE, P. M.

April 3 4 2t

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

SPARTANBURG DISTRICT.

In the Court of Ordinary.

Edmund Blanton, Applicant,

vs.

Nancy Blanton, John Blanton, et. al. Deft's.

Petition for sale of Real Estate.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that John Blanton, Joseph Blanton, G. W. Boyles, and wife, Elizabeth Boyles, Berry H. Blanton, heirs of Martha Daniel, deceased, Charles H Blanton, and Jefferson Brock, and wife, Amy Brock, defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State. It is therefore ordered that they do appear and object to the division or sale of the real estate of Lewis Blanton, deceased, on or before the 13th day of June next, or there consent to the same will be entered of record.

Given under my hand and seal of office, March 12, 1862.

JNO. EARLE BOMAR, o. s. d.

April 3 4 8m

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

SPARTANBURG DISTRICT.

William Allen, Ex or Applicant, vs Dr. Benjamin Wofford, Jeremiah Wofford, et al. Defendants,

Petition to prove will of Nelly Wofford, deceased, is due and solemn form of law.

IT APPEARING TO MY SATISFACTION, that the heirs of James Wofford, deceased, names not known, Jeremiah Wofford, the heirs of Nathaniel Wofford, deceased names not known, Jesse Wofford, and the heirs of J. S. Wofford, deceased, namely, Lewis Miles Wofford, and Isaac Ford and wife, Sarah Ann Ford defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State. It is therefore ordered that they be and appear at the court of Ordinary, to be holden for Spartanburg District, at Spartanburg Court House, on the 12th day of June next, to show cause, if any they can, why a paper purporting to be the last will and testament of Nelly Wofford, deceased, should not be admitted to probate in due and solemn form of law.

Given under my hand and seal of office, this 12th day of March, A. D., 1862.

JNO. EARLE BOMAR, o. s. d.

March 20 2 3m

MILLINERY.

MRS. MASTERMAN

Church Street, opposite General Edwards'

MRS. MASTERMAN has on hand a good supply of GOODS in her line. You may expect to find them of *SUPERIOR QUALITY*. She solicits the continued support of her friends.

Mrs. M. is also Agent for her sisters, the Misses M. & A. ASHTON, of 72, Market-street, Charleston, **MANUFACTURERS OF WIGS** of every style and variety, and **FANCY HAIR WORKERS** in all its branches.

Orders will be punctually attended to. Have a great many specimens on hand.

June 13 1y

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, respectfully tenders his services as a PRACTICING PHYSICIAN, to the citizens of the Town and vicinity.

HE may be found at all times at the residence of Mrs. C. F. CAMP, on Main-street when not engaged Professionally.

Feb 6—1862—tf W. R. DEAN.

Notice.

ALL Persons are hereby notified not