

Gazette of the United States

AND
EVENING ADVERTISER.

[No. 40 of Vol. V.]

TUESDAY, January 28, 1794.

[Whole No. 498.]

Just published,
THE

United States Register, For the Year 1794.

Containing,

A CALENDAR, with the necessary tables fitted for the latitude of the principal towns in the United States; situation, extent, population and GOVERNMENT U. S.

SUPREME EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATURE, JUDICIARY,
List of Counsellors admitted to practise in the Supreme Court.
Do. of Automics, Do.
EXECUTIVE BRANCHES,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Ministers and Consuls of the United States in foreign nations.
Do. of foreign nations resident in the United States.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY,
Principals and Clerks of the respective offices,
Commissioners of Loans,
Officers of the Customs, with their respective districts and ports,
Officers of the Excise, with their respective districts and surveys,
List of dutiable articles, &c.
Abstract from the revenue laws,
Statement of the public debt,
— of Light-houses,
— of appropriations for the support of Government.

DEPARTMENT OF WAR,
Secretary's office,
Accountants,
Monthly pay, &c. of the army.

MINT ESTABLISHMENT,
Officers,
Abstract from the laws relating to coinage.
POST OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT,
Officers,
Abstract from the law establishing the office
List of post towns, with their respective distances as established by the Post-Master General.

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE of the principal towns in the United States and their vicinity.

BANKS,
United States,
North America,
State banks with their capitals.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS,
American Philosophical Society, &c.
American Academy of Arts and Sciences.
NATIONAL MANUFACTORY at Passacony, N. J.

SESSIONS OF THE COURTS of the United States.

WESTERN TERRITORY.
STATE GOVERNMENTS.
Abstract from the constitution of each state
Principal officers, executive, legislative and judiciary.

Militia,
Officers of the Banks, capitals, dates of incorporation, periods of limitation, extent of property, &c.
Universities, Colleges and Academies,
Societies, scientific, humane, political &c.
Exhibiting in as general and comprehensive a view as possible the internal police, the state of literature, arts, commerce, and society, in the several States.

Price 50 cents.

Printed by Stewart and Cochran, No. 34, South Second street, and John M'Culloch, No. 1, north Third street, and sold by them and the booksellers. Jan. 27. d6t

Excellent CLARET,

In hogheads and in casks of 50 bottles each.
ALSO,
A few casks Champagne Wine;
MADEIRA,

In pipes, hogheads and quarter casks,
FOR SALE BY
JOHN VAUGHAN,
No. 111, South Front-street. d1f
Jan. 2, 1794.

NORRIS-COURT,

Back of the New Library, between Chestnut and Walnut-Streets.

George Rutter,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues carrying on the business of

Sign and Fire-Bucket Painting,
Likewise, **JAPANNED PLATES,**
for doors or window-shutters, done in the most elegant manner, and with dispatch.
Orders from the country will be thankfully received, and duly attended to.

December 30. d1f

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of **GEORGE WIBLE**, late of the city of Philadelphia, baker, are requested to bring in their accounts, properly authenticated; and those who are indebted, are desired to make immediate payment.

HENRY REES, Administrator.
January 13. 2aw3w.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Virginia, Northumberland County, Dec. 28, 1793.

FOR SALE,

A Valuable Tract of LAND.

in this county, containing about eight hundred acres, one fourth of which is low grounds, of excellent quality; the other three-fourths is high land, well covered with oak, hickory and chestnut.

The situation is pleasant and healthy, on Yeocum co river, about three miles from the Potomack. There is on it a two story brick dwelling-house, with four rooms and a passage on each floor, exclusive of closets; a good kitchen, and other necessary out-houses. It has orchards of apple and peach trees, and is well watered by many delightful springs. The terms may be known on application to the Honorable **JOHN HEATH**, in Philadelphia, or to the subscriber, living on the premises.

Jan. 10. d1f **JOHN GORDON.**

Sixty Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from on board the Brig Polly, lying at Marcus Hook Piers, on Sunday the 19th inst. an Apprentice Lad, named **JOHN COLLINGS**; 14 years of age, about 4 feet 10 inches high, a little pitted with the small-pox, had on when he went away, a red round about jacket, blue trowsers, a round fur hat, black handkerchief, new shoes with square plated buckles. Whoever apprehends the said Lad, so that his master may get him again, shall be entitled to the above reward.

Captain WILLIAM PAUL,
Northern Liberties.

N. B. All Masters of vessels are forbid carrying him off, or any person harboring said boy, as they may expect to be dealt with according to law.

Jan. 25. d1f

TO BE SOLD, A large elegant House, and Lot of Ground.

In an eligible situation,—also a Country Seat within 6 miles of the City, with 9 acres of land, or 42 acres of land and meadow, the House is not exceeded by many in the vicinity of the city, in size or convenience.

For terms apply to the printer.
January 23. m&th—tr

Insurance Company.

Philadelphia, January 6, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given to the members of the Insurance Company of North-America, that the Directors have declared a dividend (for the last six months) of **SIX PER CENT**, on the amount of the first and second instalments; and of one per cent per month on the sums paid in anticipation of the third instalment, calculating from the first day of the month following that, in which those payments were made. The dividend will be paid to the Stockholders, or their representatives, at the company's office, No. 119 South Front-street, at any time after the 13th inst.

By order of the Directors.
EBENEZER HAZARD, Secretary.
Jan. 9. w&f. m.

Treasury Department,

NOTICE is hereby given, that proposals will be received at the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury, until the 6th of February next inclusive, for the supply of all Rations which may be required during the present year, at the several places of rendezvous hereafter mentioned, for the Recruiting Service, viz.

At New-Brunswick, in New-Jersey;
At Philadelphia, }
At Lancaster, } in Pennsylvania.
At Reading, }

The rations to be furnished are to consist of the following articles, viz.
One pound of bread or flour,
One pound of beef, or $\frac{3}{4}$ of a pound of pork,
Half a jill of rum, brandy or whisky,
One quart of salt
Two quarts of vinegar } per 100 rations.
Two pounds of soap
One pound of candles }

Jan. 9. 1aw16f.

Bank of the United States.

January 6th, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be paid at the Bank, after the sixteenth instant, to the Stockholders or their representatives, duly authorized fifteen dollars and fifty cents for each share, being the dividend declared for the last six months.

By Order,
JOHN KEAN, Cashier.
3w

ROBERT CAMPBELL,

No. 54, South Second-street,

Second door below the corner of Chestnut-street,

HAS IMPORTED,

By the late arrivals from Britain and Ireland,

A large and general Assortment of

New Books and Stationary,

which will be disposed of on the lowest terms.

Dec. 23. m&w&f

Peale's Museum,

HAS Lately received a number of articles; among which are the following: That remarkable bird called the Cut-water, or leaf-branch-bill; The Avocette, commonly called the Shoe-maker, because of its bill resembling a crooked awl—The Long-legs, commonly called the Black-bet, having perhaps the longest legs, in proportion to the size of the bird, of any of the feathered tribe—The Storm-finch, commonly called mother Cary's chicken—The Seawallow, and various Gulls; besides a variety of Cranes, Curlews, Snipes, &c.

The skull of a Whale and one of its Vertebrae.
An Indian hatchet made of chrysolite: It is curious that those uninformed wild people, having very little knowledge of the arts, and being ignorant even of the existence of iron and steel, should be able to form such hard substances into fanciful forms as this, and other Indian manufactures now in the Museum.

A lignified Quince: The specimen shows what a remarkable effect a dry warm situation has on fruit. It is now about 8 years since it was gathered; and it was a real quince, now become wood, at least in appearance.

Presented by Mrs. Manion of Charlestown, S. C.—a tool used by the Ojibwas in making their bark cloth, by pounding the bark on this instrument of wood, it produces the ribs which resemble threads: the perfectly straight and round lines made in this extreme hard wood, by men without the use of iron, are curious & wonderful.

Also, a rope made of grass, part of the rigging of a vessel of Kamikaska.

Presented by Dr. Hall, of Lewis-town, a Squib in spirits: when this fish was found, a number of stones were appended to strings or ligaments that projected from the front of its head, which occupied a conjecture, as it is not furnished with sufficient fins to resist the violence of the tide and currents, that it fastened with these ligaments on whatever it found at the bottom; so that the stones answered the purpose of anchors and the ligaments of a glutinous sticky nature, that of cables. Some of the stones are in the same phial.

A collection of Minerals and other Fossils, are now displayed in drawers covered with glass and in a mode which will secure them from derangement. To each specimen are affixed references to a book of descriptions. This management of specimens of the Fossil kingdom, renders this part of the Museum very convenient and satisfactory, and great attention is paid to the systematical order of them, and in making the necessary essays of each: Also in giving in a concise manner, the various uses they are applied to; thereby rendering them the more interesting to the public.

A Living Elk, of 2 years old, is just received. By the account which Mr. Buffon gives of the Elk, it appears that he was not acquainted with this American animal; he particularly omits all notice of the curious apertures adjoining the eyes of this Elk.

Complaints having been made that the Southern subscribers for this Gazette do not receive it, till the intelligence has been anticipated by papers previously received by other persons; they are informed that the regulations at the Post-Office in this city require that Printers should deposit their papers there, the day preceding the departure of the mail; newspapers being, on account of their bulk, sent by the stages, which set off several hours before the mail is closed, occasions this arrangement, for the winter.

Persons at a distance who wish to receive this Gazette, are informed that the terms of subscription cannot be dispensed with.—One half of the subscription money, for the half-weekly paper lately printed and circulated by the Editor to all parts of the Union, is yet due, either from the subscribers, or collectors—and as the publication of a daily paper is attended with a heavy expense—however solicitous the Printer may be to disseminate intelligence, it will appear, that persisting in his former plan of sending his Gazette to every person who writes for it, without securing the subscriptions will prove ruinous in the extreme.

The Editor most earnestly requests those who are indebted for his late publication, to make immediate payment—particularly those who have received the arrears from subscribers.—Some will recollect that repeated assurances on this point, have not been realized.

The Subscriptions for this Paper are rapidly increasing. Upwards of Five Hundred are struck off daily.

Advertising favors from the friends and patrons of the Publication, are respectfully solicited.

Foreign Intelligence, By late Arrivals at New-York,

CONTINUED.

VIENNA, October 30.

Our army employed in the campaign against the French, is composed of 263,000 men which leaves in the hereditary dominions of the Emperor, but about 50,000 regular troops; but we understand that the frontier troops of Hungary, and Transylvania are forming considerable bodies; about 27,000 quintals weight of cloathing for our army upon the Rhine, has been sent thither from the 1st. of Sept. to the 20th. of October last.

It is the general wish here, that the war may be discontinued, as the people are beginning to murmur aloud at the consequence, which have already resulted from the present hostilities.

LONDON, November 14.

The American Funds have risen considerably in value, since their Government has declared its determination to observe a strict neutrality.

A French ship of the line of 80 guns, two frigates and a corvette, besides several sail of merchant ships, which are riding in the port of Tunis, are expected to be soon taken by our Fleet in the Mediterranean.

A detachment of ships of the line from Lord Hood's Fleet, consisting of the Courageux and Alcide of 74 and the Arden of 64 guns each, have bombarded a Fort at St. Florentz, in the island of Corsica.

The result of this attack is as yet unknown. Seven or eight men were killed on board the Arden, one on board the Courageux, and her first lieutenant, Mr. Shiels, who was killed by a shot from the Fort.

November 16.

The fate of Madame Elizabeth of France, we fearfully apprehend, is approaching to a speedy decision. She has already been denounced in the Jacobin Club; a symptom which has hitherto, in almost every instance, proved fatal. The principal charges against her are, that she accompanied her brother in his flight to Varennes, and that she gave her advice and sanction to a counter-Revolutionary proceeding.

Among the leading men of the Revolution has been frequently pointed out as a man who has been a faction, and used to be admitted to his nocturnal parties at Monceaux and Reincy.

That matchless monster Egalite, is now no more. This wretch, tho' with a heart the worst that ever man was cursed with, possessed the most boundless ambition, but had not a mind capable of carrying into effect any brilliant plan to arrive at his object. He never once acted ingenuously, but through the means of various docile instruments, he aspired to the Throne, while he affected to embrace the principles of Democracy. The Guillotine has so far done justice, and the Convention, by seizing on his extensive domains, will find a valuable source to prosecute the war. His rental before the Revolution, amounted to 150,000l. sterl. per annum.

Egalite has left behind him, four children, three sons and a daughter. The eldest is the Duc de Chartre, escaped with Dumourier; the other two sons, whose titles were the Duc de Montpensier, and Count de Beaujolais, are prisoners, having been arrested with the other members of the Bourbon family. Mademoiselle D'Orleans, is with Madam Genlis, the wife of Sillery, now in Switzerland. What connection there was between Orleans and Sillery does not appear, any more than their guilt; it is only remarkable, that on the trial of Sillery, his being the confidant of Orleans, was mentioned as his chief crime; as on the trial of the latter, the chief imputation was, his being the friend of Sillery! This action and reaction of imputed criminality, is not the least curious circumstance that distinguishes the jurisprudence of the new tribunal.

INDIA.

By the Danesbourg, who left the Malabar coast early in May, we learn, that the Maharratta pirates have, among other depredations, near Bombay, taken five English trading merchantmen.

They had the audacity to attack the Surat Castle, a very large ship, but were beaten off, after having dangerously wounded her Captain whose name is Lowry.

One French vessel has fallen a prey to these desperadoes.

Admiral Cornwallis, in the Minerva, was expected on the Bombay coast, when little doubt was entertained that his exertions would soon put a stop to the hitherto too successful ravages of these lawless people.

The Dutch were straining every nerve at the Cape, in July, in fortifying the place, and preparing for defence, particularly at False Bay.