

Stock. Let the public, which has been men abused in classes, see how ill the slander applies to each individual.

CRITO.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 18.

London papers of the 19th March, contain letters from Lord Hood, Capt. Linzee and Young, and General Dundas, which give an account of the operations of the British fleet and army at Corfica; from which it appears that on the 19th Feb. the English took possession of the empty town of St. Florenzo—the whole of the garrison having gone off two days before towards Bastia.—Lord Hood had in his division of the fleet, 2200 of the Toulouze. The fleet suffered much from several storms on its way from the Islands of Hieres; and in attacking the Tower in Mortella Bay, the Juno and Fortitude, suffered greatly from the red hot shot of the French—and made no impression on the Tower after two hours and an half cannonading it—at length some hot shot from the ships setting fire to the bastion which defended the works, they surrendered.—There were 33 men in the Tower, only two of which were wounded, and those mortally.

The Fortitude had her mainmast much wounded, many of her shrouds cut away, three of her lower deck guns dismounted, several hot shot in her hull; a great many men blown up by the explosion of powder in a box, struck by an hot shot, she was on fire by another hot shot lodged in her side—the fire was however extinguished, without material damage—besides which, she had 6 men killed and 56 wounded.—The land forces it appears suffered greatly but no details appear—the operations have so far succeeded that according to General Dundas's letter, "they have secured the possession of Mortella Bay."

Says a Correspondent,

What is become of our boasted superiority over the British nation, created by the dependence of their islands on us for supplies;—What is become of all our vapouring and threatening? How are we to starve the islands by withholding our provisions, if high prices in the West Indies, the inconvenience of an embargo, or the wants of an Ally compel us to take it off, at the time when it began to operate? Will not the same circumstances always occasion a revocation of every future embargo? Shall we not be laughed at for want of firmness and stability? Does not our conduct resemble that of a weak hearted father taking off a blister from his sick child, the moment it begins to smart, though necessary for his recovery?

Proposals are published in the Courier Francois, for printing in French by subscription, Dr. Moore's Journal, during a residence in France from August to December 1792.

To be translated by J. E. G. M. de la Grange, inhabitant of St. Domingo, and lawyer to the Superior Council of Cape-Francois.

Yesterday a motion was made by Mr. Blount and laid on the table, in substance as follows:

That all intercourse be stopped between the United States and the British West India islands, Nova Scotia, and Canada, till compensation be made for the late depredations on our commerce.

Yesterday, Mr. Goodhue in his place informed the House of Representatives that he had received from the town of Boston, their sentiments upon the Embargo in their corporate capacity, and as it contained general information, not addressed to Congress, he begged leave to read it; upon leave being granted, he read as follows:

At a legal and very numerous meeting of the freeholders, and other inhabitants of the town of Boston, at Faneuil Hall, on Monday the 12th day of May 1794.

Resolved, as the sense of the inhabitants of this town, that the general embargo, imposed by the legislature of the United States, on the navigation and commerce within the same, is a measure founded in the highest policy and wisdom. Passed by a very great majority.

Resolved, that the inhabitants of the town of Boston will cordially acquiesce in the continuance of the embargo, until, in the opinion of Congress the objects contemplated by that measure shall be fully accomplished. Passed unanimously.

Attested,
WILLIAM COOPER, town clerk.

Died at Boston, Mrs. Jane Mecom, widow—the only sister of the late Dr. Franklin, in the 83d year of her age.

A paper published at Newbury Port, about 20 miles from Portsmouth, of the 10th instant, says, By an arrival at Portsmouth on Wednesday, in 44 days from Dartmouth, Eng. we have certain accounts that Guernsey and Jersey, are taken by the French—the French privateers were cruising in

the English channel, and all the British cruizers in port.

From the Columbia (S. C.) Gazette. Extract of a letter from Fayetteville, dated April 12.

"Last week, a person by the name of John Y. Thompson, was taken up and committed to jail in this place, for having attempted to pass counterfeit notes of the Bank of North America, and of the Bank of the United States; he had in his possession to the amount of about 50,000 dollars, and a 200 dollar note of the Bank of Maryland. There was another of the name of Dixon, (who was tried at Charleston, by the name of Davis) but who made his escape, and has, it is supposed, gone towards your town."

THEATRE.

OBSERVER No. XV.

MR. FENNO,

THE Observer again solicits your indulgence, for a small portion of your paper, as a vehicle of his sentiments to the public: his long silence, may not want apology so much as his former observations, yet the relation of one fact is due to the performers at the New Theatre; ill health forms the only excuse for the Observer, that he has not continued his remarks upon the performances, performers, &c.—The Observer has attended and been amused, and while he was amused has generally found cause of approbation; and the players may be assured they shall have, as he thinks they deserve his feeble efforts exerted to rescue them from any unjust censure or awkward criticisms, as well as his hints of friendship to assist in the correction of any mistake which may occur in the course of their exhibitions. Some publications in your paper should have been noticed before this time, but for the same cause; as they were aimed or meant to be aimed at the Observer, or his former publications.

Mrs. Marshall, whose particular merits the Observer promised to discuss, will excuse a further delay, until better health and more leisure enable him to do justice to a favorite character.

The Spanish Minister, his amiable bride and bride maids, occupied a conspicuous place in the Theatre some evenings ago, and among the general attraction of notice, the Observer paid them a portion of his attention—A reflection forced itself upon his mind that the conduct of those ladies, thus distinguished, form an important lesson to all, and especially to the Fair who attended the Theatre.—Were you aware, my amiable and beautiful friends, that your examples were actually fascinating to your sex? and did you then reflect that propriety and the dignity of virtue called upon you, in a language persuasive as the eloquence of a seraph, to behave with the utmost caution?

"Go to my lady's chamber," says Hamlet upon viewing the skull of Yorick, "and tell her if the paint an inch thick, yet to this complexion she must come at last; make her laugh at that."

Let reflexion call up this idea to your minds; and that propriety of manners and even religion itself, depend in a great measure upon example: and then examine your own hearts as to some part of your demeanour that evening. A hint is sufficient to the ingenuous mind; you possess almost all that good sense and virtue requires in woman: would you be sorry to improve? The Observer is confident you would all be rejoiced, at the circumstance of being able to improve; he knows you to be amiable beautiful & virtuous, but wishes you to realize these two maxims, know thyself, and reverence thyself.—The first applies to mankind generally, the last in a more appropriate sense to your sex. May 15th, 1794.

By this Day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, May 15.
ARRIVED.

Ship Congress, Loring, Hare, Ferrers, Patsey, ———,	Charleston Liverpool do.	both 53 days.
Brig Union, Reymouth, Sloop Atmy, Proby,	Liverpool Edenton	

The ship Minerva, Gilchrist, is arrived at Amsterdam, in 34 days, with the loss of a cable and anchor.

Ship Grace, Armour, was to sail from Amsterdam the 20th of March for this port.

Capt. Bunker, of the sloop Sally, from Turks-Island, spoke the ship Citizen, from Havana to Baltimore; who has on board Capt. Peck, of sloop Wealthy and Molly. Capt. Peck, was captured and carried into Havannah, and had his vessel and cargo condemned.

The ship Camilla, Boice, of Philadelphia, was to sail from St. Eustatia, about the 25th of April, for Philadelphia.

Forty-one passengers came in the Hare, among whom are, the Rev. Mr. Hobrow, and family, Rev. Mr. Liverpool, and Wife, Mr. Bennet and family.

Last evening arrived here, an English Letter of Marque of 16 guns.

Capt. Ferrers, spoke 3 days after leaving Liverpool, off Scilly, the French Frigate THAMES, the captain of which informed him, that he had been out 27

days, and had taken FORTY-SEVEN PRIZES.

Yesterday afternoon a small schooner, a tender to the French ships in this harbor, was overlet in the North River, between Governor and Gibbet Island, by a sudden gust of wind, and all on board perished, except one man who was picked up by a sloop coming in. The schooner sank in about 12 fathom water.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

MADRID, Jan. 29.

General Caro has sent an express to our Court to demand a speedy reinforcement for his army, as the forces of the enemy augment daily. Letters from Biscay state, that the French have erected batteries on the heights which command Fontarabie, and threaten to bombard it. The same accounts add, that the enemy, having made a very impetuous attack on our forces, succeeded in carrying a battery of 11 twenty-four pounders, which was placed on the banks of a river opposite Irum. It is for this reason, that the above-mentioned reinforcements have been requested.

On the 1st of next month notes will be put in circulation to the amount of 17,000,000 piastres.

BREST, Feb. 28.

All our Squadron has orders to prepare for sailing. Two divisions are already gone; the first commanded by Captain Thevenard, jun. consisting of two sail of the line, two frigates, and two sloops;—the second under Capt. Dore, consisting of six ships of the line, four frigates, and three sloops. The rest of the Squadron only waits for a fair wind. Jean Bon St. Andre is to embark on board the Admiral's ship.

NATIONAL CONVENTION.

18 Ventose, March 8.

An address was presented from the Popular Society of Alencon, demanding the detestation of all the priests, till there should be peace.

Page and Brule, entrusted with powers from the Noble Colonies of St. Domingo, have been put under arrest, by order of the Committee of General Safety.

Citizens from Nantz presented a list of their fellow-citizens imprisoned for false patriots. They obtained leave that two deputies from the Mountain should examine into the conduct of their persecutors.

The Sitting terminated by a code of Custom Laws to be added to the Navigation Act.

Duquesnoy—Out of the four treacherous Generals of the army of the North—three have been condemned to suffer death by the Revolutionary Tribunal.—Richardot, the fourth, died in prison the day which preceded his intended trial. I move that his property be confiscated for the benefit of the Republic.

This motion was rendered general, and referred to the Committee of Legislation.

Loys announced, that 800 boat loads of corn had arrived at Marceilles, from Genoa.

Jollet appeared at the bar, and said, that his arrest had been procured by a cabal of rich Colonists, who opposed, with all their might, the execution of the beneficent decree which restores Liberty to the Blacks. After some debate, the Convention decreed that all the Colonists who composed the club of Massiac and the Colonies, and the Colonial Assembly, and the Assembly of St. Mark, should be arrested, and seals put upon their papers.

A letter from Dun-libre (Dunkirk) announced the arrival of a Danish ship with 700 raziers of corn.—"I move," said Breard, "that no such dispatches be made public in future, because it is impolitic to make known to the enemy the nature and extent of our resources."—Decreed.

The National Agent in the district of Beauvais, announced that the property of the ci-devant prince of Conde, was selling at three times the valuation.

The Popular Society of Tours prayed the Convention to grant no truce to aristocrats, peace to slaves, or quarter to tyrants.

LONDON, March 19.

The duke of Brunswick arrived at Ber-

lin on the 28th of February. He lives in the king's house.

The volunteer battalions formed for the defence of the Brigau country, already amount to 24,000 men, full of ardor to meet the enemy, and pretty well disciplined.

The committee appointed to bring in a bill, pursuant to the report of the committee of the whole on the ways and means, brought in a report this day, the same was twice read—amended in committee of the whole—reported to the House, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow.

The bill providing for the interest due on the state balances, as reported by the Commissioners for settling the accounts between the United and Individual states, was read the third time in the House of Representatives and passed this day.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED.

Brig Salome, Watfon,	Days
Sloop Friendship, M'Meriar,	Port a Paix 15
Polly, Tully,	Virginia 5

CLEARED.

Brig Constant, Miles,	Washington
Schr. Pricilla, Hollett,	Norfolk
Two Friends, Price,	N. York
Sloop George, Butler,	Norfolk
Harmony, Ellwood,	Alexandria
Tryal, Briggs,	Newbern
The ship Dispatch, from Calcutta, is arrived at Fort Mifflin.	

Captain Stites, of the snow Boston, from the West-Indies, was boarded by the British frigate Magician, who examined his papers, & politely dismissed him. Capt. Stites on the 23d April, fell in with the Dragon privateer of Kingdon, who sent his boat on board, and after examining his papers, gave him no farther interruption.

JAMAICA RUM,

LANDING at Hamilton's wharf, above the Drawbridge, out of the ship BACCHUS, Capt. VANNEMAN, from JAMAICA.

FOR SALE BY
PETER BLIGHT.

M. y 16

NEW THEATRE.

THIS EVENING,
May 16.

Will be performed,

A COMIC OPERA, called the

Maid of the Mill.

Lord Aimworth,	Mr. Marshall
Sir Harry Sycamore,	Mr. Bates
Mervin,	Mr. Cleveland
Fairfield,	Mr. Whitlock
Giles,	Mr. Darley
Ralph,	Mr. Wignell
L. dy Sycamore,	Mrs. Shaw
Theodosia,	Miss Willems
Patty,	Mrs. Warrell
Fanny,	Mrs. Oldmixon

Being her second appearance in America.

Gypsies,	Mr. Warrell, Mr. Blissett,
	Mr. Darley, jun. Mr.
	De Moulis, Mr. Lee, Mr.
	Bafon, Master Warrell,
	Master T. Warrell, Mrs.
	Cleveland, Mrs. Rowson
	Mrs. De Marque, Mrs.
	Finch, Miss Rowson &
	Miss Oldfield.

With new Scenery designed and executed by Mr. Milbourne.

End of the Opera, a new Comic Pastoral Ballet, composed by Mr. Francis, called

L'Amour trouve les Moyens;

O R,

THE FRUITLESS PRECAUTION

By Mons. Bellona, (being his first appearance in America,) Mr. Blissett, Mr. Darley, jun. Master T. Warrell, Mr. Francis, Mrs. De Marque, and Madame Gardie.

To which will be added, A Dramatic Entertainment, in one act, never performed here, called

Quality Binding;

O R,

A Quarter of an Hour before Dinner.

Mr. Level,	Mr. Green
Col. Modish,	Mr. Harwood
Lord Simper,	Mr. Moreton
Sir William Wealthy,	Mr. Francis
Mr. Plainwell,	Mr. Bates
John,	Mr. Blissett
William,	Mr. Darley jun.
Mrs. Level,	Mrs. Francis

Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to send their servants to keep places, at half an hour past 5 o'clock, and to order them to withdraw, as soon as the company are seated as they cannot on any account be permitted to remain in the boxes, nor any places kept after the first act.