

RAYNER TAYLOR,

MUSIC PROFESSOR,

No. 96, NORTH-SIXTH STREET.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Scholars, that he has re-commenced his attendance after the summer vacation; and, as usual, teaches Ladies Singing and the Piano Forte. Sept. 3.

WANTED,

For any term from one to four years,

A HOUSE, pleasantly situated in any of the principal Avenues within the pavement, and not very distant from the State-House, capable of accommodating a small family; the house must have stables and coach-house, and would be required to be ready by the first week in November next—Enquire of the printer. Sept. 14.

THE PUBLIC

IS hereby cautioned not to trust any person or persons on my account, under any pretext whatever, as I shall not pay such debts as may have been, or hereafter may be contracted without my knowledge. THOMAS HOGGARD. Sept. 13.

FOR SALE.

A PLANTATION,

ABOUT 12 miles from this City, situate in Abington Township, Montgomery-County; containing 70 acres, a new stone house, two stories high, 3 rooms on a floor, five places in each, a stone kitchen and stone spring house, over an excellent spring of water, a barn, stables, sheds, barracks, &c. A large apple orchard, and a variety of other fruit, about 12 acres of good meadow well watered, and wood sufficient for fire, and fencing the place. Possession may be had the 1st of April next. Property in this city will be taken in exchange, or MORRIS and NICHOLSON'S Notes in payment. Enquire at No. 37, Arch-Street. Philadelphia, September 13, 1796.

To be sold,

A PLANTATION, in the town of Woodbury, county of Gloucester, and state of New-Jersey, containing about one hundred and fifty acres; a suitable proportion of which is woodland and improved meadow. A good house, with a barn, corn-cribs and carriage-house, and very natural to the production of Red Clover. On said plantation there is a genteel two-story brick house, with four rooms on a floor, and a good dry cellar under the whole; together with a barn, corn-cribs and carriage-house. The garden is large, and contains a good collection of the best kinds of grafted and inoculated fruit trees; the orchard consists of about three hundred grafted apple-trees. Any person inclined to purchase said premises, may be informed of the terms by applying to ANDREW HUNTER. July 29.

No. 139.

District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the nineteenth Day of July in the twenty-first Year of the Independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said District hath deposited in this Office the Title of a Book the Right whereof he claims as Proprietor in the words following to wit: "Selectæ e veteri Testamento Historiæ et selectæ Passages from the old Testament. To which is added an alphabetical Vocabulary or Dictionary of the words contained in this Book wherein the Primitives of compound and derivative words are minutely traced and the Irregularities of anomalous Nouns and Verbs are particularly mentioned—For the use of those who are entering on the Study of the Greek and Latin Languages." "Quo citius, quo facilius, eo melius." By James Hardie A. M. Teacher of the Greek and Latin Languages. in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intitled, "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning by securing the Copies of Maps Charts and Books to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies during the times therein mentioned." Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

No. 140.

District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the 19th day of July in the twenty-first year of the independence of the United States of America, Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit: "Unitarianism explained and defended in a discourse delivered in the church of the Universalists at Philadelphia 1796. By Joseph Priestley, L.L.D. F.R.S. &c. That they might know thee the only true God and Jesus Christ whom thou hast sent. John XVII. 3. To us there is but one God the Father of whom are all things. 1 Cor. VIII. 6. By evil report and good report as deceivers and yet true. 2 Cor. VI. 8. in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intitled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned." Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

No. 141.

District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the 19th Day of July in the twenty-first year of the independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit: "Discourses relating to the evidences of revealed religion delivered in the church of the Universalists at Philadelphia 1796 and published at the request of many of the hearers. By Joseph Priestley L.L.D. F.R.S. &c. &c. Be ready always to give an answer to every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you. 1 Pet. III. 15." in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intitled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned." Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

No. 142.

District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the nineteenth day of July in the twenty-first year of the independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit: "Considerations on the doctrine of Phlogiston and the decomposition of Water—By Joseph Priestley, L.L.D. F.R.S. &c. &c. Qualem commendat etiam atque etiam aspicit." "Horace." in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intitled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of Maps Charts and Books to the authors and proprietors of such Copies during the times therein mentioned." Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

PROVIDENCE, September 10.

On Wednesday last was celebrated, the anniversary commencement of Rhode-Island college. The processional train was formed as usual, and at ten o'clock, A. M. proceeded to the Baptist meeting-house. The exercises of the day were introduced by a prayer, delivered by the President. The performances of the forenoon were, 1. An oration on the drama, with the salutatory addresses—by Benjamin B. Simons. 2. An intermediate oration, on the importation of foreign luxuries—by Abraham Blanding. 3. An intermediate oration, on the importance of the knowledge of civil rights—by Nathan Whiting.

MUSIC.

4. 2d dispute, on the policy of establishing a uniform system of education throughout the United States—between Horace Senter, Joseph Holmes, and Asa Kimball. 5. An oration against religious establishments—by John Holmes. 6. An oration, on the manifestation of Deity in his works—by John M. Roberts. MUSIC. 7. Astronomy burlesqued, a conference—between Abraham Blanding and Nathan Whiting. 8. An oration, on the necessity of subjecting the passions to reasons—by David Crane. 9. An intermediate oration, on attachment to particular systems of religious opinions—by Asa Aldis.

The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on the following young gentlemen, Alumni of this College: Asa Aldis, Abraham Blanding, Bezer Bryant, Tristram Burges, Oliver Cobb, David Crane, John Holmes, Joseph Holmes, Philip Hayward, Asa Kimball, David King, John M. Roberts, Horace Senter, Benjamin R. Simons, Ben-Shurtleff, Ignatius Tomlin, and Nathan Whiting. The degree of Master of Arts was conferred on the following gentlemen, Alumni of this College: James Caldwell, Gilbert Deane, Thomas L. Malley, William King, Eli Smith, Lemuel Wadsworth, Haliah Weston and Abram Cummings.

The honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred on the following gentlemen: Rev. Laurence Butterworth, Rev. James Bicheno, and Rev. Andrew Fuller, of Great-Britain; and on Foster Swift, Esq. of Taunton, Massachusetts.

AFTERNOON.

MUSIC.

1. An intermediate oration, on individual and national greatness—by Philip Hayward. 2. 1st dispute, on this question, Whether christianity has augmented the temporal happiness of man?—between Benjamin Shurtleff, Oliver Cobb, Bezer Bryant. 3. A dialogue—between David King, John M. Roberts, and John Holmes. MUSIC. 4. A dissertation in favour of female education—by David King. 5. An oration, "pleading the cause of man," together with the valedictory addresses—by Tristram Burges. An address was then delivered to the graduates by the President. The day was closed with Prayer by the Rev. Dr. Stillman.

At the annual meeting of the corporation, on the 8th instant, John Brown, Esq. resigned the office of Treasurer to the College, the duties of which, during a period of 21 years, he had uniformly discharged with reputation to himself and advantage to the seminary; for which the corporation voted him their acknowledgments, and unanimously elected Mr. Nicholas Brown his successor in that office.

SPRINGFIELD (Mass.) Sept. 13.

ANTICIPATED NEWS!

By a gentleman from the western district, on whole information we can rely, the votes of all the towns for a Representative in Congress, in the place of Mr. Sedgwick appointed Senator, are for the several candidates in the aggregate, as follows, viz.

Hon. T. J. SKINNER, Esq. 1,329
Ephraim Williams, Esq. 1,399
Scattering votes 55

So that if due return be made to the Secretary's office, Mr. Williams will be elected by a majority of fifteen votes.

The campaign has been very warm; and FEDERALISM the rallying point;—even the enemies of Mr. Williams, in electioneering, from policy, were compelled to borrow its virtues—they strained every nerve to keep up its appearance. Should the above statement prove not quite so accurate, as it is believed to be, and there should be no choice—on another trial, there cannot a doubt be admitted of Mr. Williams' election.

COMMUNICATION.

THE Legislature of Massachusetts has at last granted a turnpike on the great road in this country. The example is valuable, because it will hasten the decline of the prejudices against this much-needed improvement. In a country of farmers, it is their great interest to have good markets; and what avails a good market if you cannot go to it with your produce, or not without losing your money? Bad roads are a tax on the farmers of the world kind, for they operate to discourage, and of course to prevent the productions of the earth. In this way, they are heavier and more oppressive on this state than the war tax of 1781.

Highway taxes are no trifles. In some towns, they affect large sums yearly, which probably is many cases are equal to an eighth, perhaps a sixth of the cost of a turnpike—and yet when the money is worked out, a passenger would be puzzled to know that any thing had been done. This is paying dear for good roads without having them. If at last we buy wit, it will be a good penny worth.

BOSTON, September 10.

FEDERAL AFFAIRS.

From the great number of Candidates it is probable there will not be a choice of all the Federal

Representatives of New-Hampshire, at the first trial. The towns we have heard from, give

Mr. Jeremiah Smith, 536
Abiel Foster, 615
William Gordon, 405
Nath'l. Rogers, 273
Hon. W. Langdon, 314
Thomas Cogswell, 276
John Clley, 170
Nathaniel Peabody, 294

The four first compose with others, who have many votes, the federal ticket.

Christopher Champlin, Esq. is elected in Rhode-Island. He is a firm federalist.

The Hon. Mr. Elmley, is appointed Chief-Judge of Canada.

A London paper says, Sir William Geary, in gaining his election, has lost his estate.—It is computed that he expended upwards of 20,000l. in the contest. To answer the demands of which the estates of the late Admiral Geary, are advertised to be sold.

FOR THE CENTINEL.

Mr. Ruffell,

IT should seem, that the disorganizers of the United States, are the only villains of their country to be found. In every other part of the world the American character and government, are spoken of in terms of the highest respect by all the liberal and enlightened. In France not a breath of obloquy is vented—in Holland, and in short, every place I have heard from, we are not only mentioned with praise, but they appear happy in our prosperity. A circumstance, though in itself apparently trifling, will convey the sense those who direct affairs in Holland, have of the Executive of the United States:—One of the new Dutch ships of the line, has lately been named Washington—an honor not conferred on any of the sages and patriots in their own Revolution. We also see, in a Gazette Nationale, which I send you, the account of the celebration of the anniversary of the French Republic, and of the brilliant entertainment given by Noel, the Minister of the French Republic, at the Hague; in which the following toast was given:—"The United States of America—May a robust and numerous population, flourishing commerce, profound security, and unalterable tranquility, be the result of their union; and may a happy alliance with the French and Batavian republics, founded on a strict regard to their interests and principles, render common to the three nations the means of their respective prosperity." Or giving this toast, Citizen Dumas, Charge d'affaires of the United States, a respectable old man, replied to it with the liveliest sensibility.

PATRIOTISM.

PITTSBURGH, September 10.

Died, in Cañonsburgh, on the 28th of August, JOHN OLIPHANT, A. B. lately from Philadelphia, on a tour through the western country.—This young gentleman was the son of the late Mr. William Oliphant, teacher in the university of Pennsylvania.—Of a fair and amiable character,—liberally educated, and promised fair to be a very valuable member of society. He was seized with a violent dysentery and nervous fever, which in two weeks put a period to his days in the 21st year of his age.

WASHINGTON (Penn.) Sept. 6.

On Sunday evening last, Mary Stewart, a little girl of nine or ten years old, was found murdered in the house of her step father, James Ridgway, on Cross creek, in this county.—It seems the deceased was left in charge of the house, while the rest of the family were at meeting; and in their absence some person committed the above horrid murder, by dashing the child's brains out with an axe, and afterwards robbed the house of a sum of money amounting to near 100 dollars, together with several other articles. A man calling himself sometimes James Stewart, & at other times Brown, who was seen loitering about the neighbourhood a few days before, is strongly suspected. Several persons are in pursuit of him, and it is hoped he will be shortly apprehended; and if guilty meet that punishment which the perpetrator of so horrid a crime richly deserves.

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

NEW-YORK, September 16.

LATEST ENGLISH ACCOUNTS.

By a gentleman who came passenger in the Jenny, from London, we have received London papers to the 28th July. Among the most important articles are the official accounts of the advances of the French armies to, and the capture of the city of Frankfurt, which we have this day given at large. Other articles begin to speak more confidently of a negotiation for peace having taken place with the Emperor; those under the Vienna head particularly, although we do not find any official or positive data on which the circumstance is founded. On the subject, however, a letter from a gentleman at Deal to his friend in this city, dated 26th July, and received by the Jenny, has the following remarks: "I have just landed at this place from Havre. There is positive news that the Emperor has acceded to the terms proposed by the French, and that peace will shortly take place."

We had on Wednesday afternoon a severe though beneficial storm of rain, thunder and lightning, which lasted until midnight. Our streets have been drenched and cleansed by the torrents of rain, and the atmosphere purified by the thunder and lightning. The house of Mr. Joseph Bufwell, in Water-street, near the Fly market was struck, the roof perforated and the top of the chimney injured. In the night, a public house, joining the balloon house, was struck, but not much injured as we learn; the balloon house, and the balloon itself, it is said, were blown away by the gull.

A barn at Bushwick on Long-Island, was burned by lightning yesterday evening.

At the celebration of the fête in honor of American Liberty, by the citizens of the United States in Paris, on the 4th of July last, a cover was laid

and a place reserved which every guest enjoyed with feelings of admiration and regret. Upon the cover was fixed a paper with this inscription: "General La Fayette, Commander of the American Light Infantry."

Mr. Gore the American Commissioner in England was presented to the king on the 13th July, by Mr. Placquoey, the American Minister.

Died, on the 13th inst. much lamented by his numerous friends and acquaintance, Mr. SAMUEL P. LORD, Merchant, of this city.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

By the Jenny, Captain Chauncey, arrived yesterday in 42 days from London.

FRANCE.

COUNCIL OF ANCIENTS.

Sitting of July 8.

The Council had been in a general committee from 12 o'clock. At two, the sitting became public, when the President announced that the Council were to proceed to the appel nominal, for the purpose of voting by private ballot on the impeachment of Drouet.

All the members appeared in costume. The individual called upon was not permitted to approach the bureau to deposit his vote, until the member who preceded him had returned to his place. Two Secretaries, placed one on each side of the President, assisted in inspecting the urn where the suffrages were deposited. One of the Secretaries afterwards received the bulletins regularly from the President, after he had read the contents, and exhibited them to the view of the Council. The most profound silence prevailed during the sitting. The members who did not answer to their names on the first call, were called again.

On calling up the votes there appeared,
Present 199 — Absent 51
For the impeachment 140
Against it 58

Majority 82

The Council then declared, that there were grounds of accusation against Drouet, Representative of the people, and accordingly assigned him to the High Court of Justice, for trial.

The Council referred to the committees a variety of resolutions which had been received from the Council of Five Hundred.

PARIS, July 20.

We may expect important and speedy changes in the politics of Europe. It is certain that the government of England refused to pay the Emperor, for two reasons: the first is, that money is very difficult to be found; the second is, that the government would risk the losing of it, because the Emperor would only be enabled by it to conclude a separate peace, which the French armies are negotiating with great activity. Every thing announces that a separate peace with the Emperor is not far off. We are assured that the Marquis de Gallo has made some propositions on the subject at Basle; that the Austrian minister and Bartenheim begin to visit each other; that the latter has required from the Austrian minister the arrest of the ci-devant Marquis de Potterat, who had made several journeys to Switzerland and Vienna.

On the other hand the Empress of Russia is not herself sufficiently sure of the support of Austria so terribly weakened by the war; nor of the assistance of England, who is herself negotiating, and who, if she does not conclude a separate peace, may have to resist all the efforts of the French and Dutch Republics, assisted perhaps by Spain.

The Empress appears in consequence to have abandoned her projects against Turkey. She is offering an alliance with Turkey at the moment in which her troops marched, and were about to attack the Ottoman Power. She confines herself to conquests in Persia, and round the Caspian Sea. She labors to surround the Turks by degrees, and then she will be able to attack them without danger.

(L'Esclair.)

The elections began to day in Paris for the formation of the Municipalities. Hitherto only Bureaux have been formed. Every thing is tranquil.

July 21.

We see with regret that the Primary Assemblies are not very numerously attended; they are, however very tranquil, and occupied alone in the object for which they were convoked.

From Isbruck we learn, that general Wurmer is arrived at Roveredo.

The camp that was in the plain of Grenelle has been removed to Vincennes.

A private letter from General Molins, dated Strasbourg, announces that the Prince of Wurtemberg has sent two ministers to General Moreau, to treat for an armistice; that as his commissioners had not returned, and might have been taken by the Austrians; he sent two more commissioners to Basle; that the latter, on their arrival at Basle having heard of the successes of the French, and fearing that they should arrive too late to save their master's territories, went directly to Strasburg, and from thence to head-quarters to treat with the commander in chief.

(Tableau de la France.)

The assemblages continue in the Thuilleries; Legendre occasionally walks there—but is not seen in the group.

ARMY of the SAMBRE and MEUSE.

Official Details.

From the army of the Sambre and Meuse, to the Executive Directory.

Head Quarters at Bonas, 26th Messidor, July 14.

"Citizens Directors,
"In my communication of the 21st Messidor, I had the honour to acquaint you, that the army under my command had passed the Eahn. I have now to present you with a detail of their operations up to this day.

"On the 21st, the left wing under general Kleber, crossed the Lahn in three divisions. The left wing, commanded by general Leclerc, effected a passage near Gießen; the centre division, under the