Evening Telegraph

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2 1864.

SPIRIT OF THE NEW YORK PRESS.

Leading Editorials from the New York Papers This Morning.

McCLELLAN'S FRIENDS.

From the Tribune.

The rioters who held our city in siege during three days of July, 1863—who burned the Colored Orphan Asylum nursing two or three hundred helpless and indefensive children into the street—who, in gangs of one to three hundred, hunted simple negro boys and women through the streets, maiming, robbing, and killing as many as they could of them—are hot all for McClellan. They paused in their devilish work, and went around to his house to cheer for him. That portion of the gang who mobbed, sacked, and set on fire the *Tribune* office were constantly shouting for McClellan.

Their ringleader, while among his confidential cronies he proclaimed himself for Jeff. Davis, and boasted that we should soon see General Lee marching up Broadway at the head of a triumphant, invincible army of Confederates, yet in public cheered and exhorted others to cheer for McClellan. Five hundred dollars reward to whoever will show us a Black Republican" was chalked on the opposite fence almost simultaneously with the burning out of the young orphans. All who participated in those cowardly, ruffianly, murderous riots are now shouting themselves hoarse over the nomination of McClellan.

There are in this city thousands of Southern refugees as well as citizens of long standing who do not affect to disguise their intense and unqualified sympathy with the Slaveholders' Rebellion. Many of them affect to regard the triumph of the Republicans as the real revolt, and esteem the Southern resistance thereto legitimate and proper. One of the Roman Catholic journals, for example, habitually speaks of the President of the United States as "Old Abe," while it carefully styles the chief of the Rebels "President Davis." Every one who thus regards the Government and the Rebellion through inverted glasses is a zealous supporter of McClellan.

For instance, the name of Henry Grinnell has repeatedly appeared in the Richmond journals as that of a thorough sympathizer with "the South" in her struggle against "Abolition despotism." Mr. Grinnell's name naturally appears on the list of Vice Presidents of the McClellan ratification meeting. Mr. Richard Lathers wrote a letter, late in 1860, intimating that he was ready to fight for his native South Carolina whenever she should call him to the field. Mr. Lathers has since had General McClellan as a guest at his country residence, and his name also appears on the list of Vice Presidents of the McClellan ratifying meeting in the Park.

Missouri is to-day a Radical Emancipation State; yet her vote is likely to be lost because of the wrongs perpetrated on her loyal people under the Schofield rule, which have driven thousands of her best voters into the support of General Fremont. Unless that feud can be virtually closed, we are likely to lose the State. But by what vote? By the votes of tens of thousands who have personally served in the Rebel armies—who fought with Sterling Price when General Lyon was killed at Wilson's creek—who helped besiege and capture Colonel Mulligan at Lexington—who were chased almost out of Missouri by Fremont—who were defeated by Curtis in the three days' fight at Pea Ridge—and who, skulking back to their old homes along the Missouri, have been "bushwhacking" and operating as guerillas—that is, robbers, ravishers, and murderers—ever since. One of these villains, who used to lie in wait by the side of a road along which furloughed Union soldiers traveled northward from our armies in Arkansas, boasted that he had thus killed thirty of them, man by man, without risking his own life. The votes of these, cast in solid phalanx, elected the "conservative" Judges last Fall; the votes of these, if it is carried at all, are now to carry the State for McClellan.

Unionists of every State! we cannot afford to let the country fall into the hands of these miscreants! Let us do all that men can do to defeat them!

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR.

From the Times.

We suppose that every man and woman in the land knows that the armies of the Union which are actively engaged in their heroic efforts to crush out this Southern Rebellion, are greatly in need of reinforcement. Lieutenant-General Grant himself has but recently declared that "if he had now but a hundred thousand fresh men he could, in fifty days, do up all the fighting that needs to be done during the war." "This," wrote our Washington correspondent the other day, "is no shallow hearsay; it is the authentic declaration of the high name given; and the sentiment is affirmed by every military man I have lately met."

Think of this, ye who long for peace! Think of it, ye who desire a restored Union! Think of it, brave young men, and all who are patriots or lovers of American liberty! And do not only think of it, but take such *action* as the thought and the circumstances require. If this generation are worthy of the glorious Union which their fathers formed and the freedom which their fathers fought for, let them now, in the moment of the Union's greatest need, in the day of freedom's peril, prove it by the course they adopt.

Grant says "but a hundred thousand fresh men." What is this to the twenty-two millions of the North? To this great populous Empire State of New York it is less than twenty thousand men. Had we the right spirit, this city alone ought to put that force in the field in a week.

In fifty days we may have peace. This is no flippant prophecy; but it is the asseveration of a man who, more than any other, knows the whole military power of this Rebellion—who has fought its greatest armies in Tennessee, in Mississippi, in Georgia, and in Virginia—who has confronted its greatest leaders, assailed and captured its strongest positions, and routed on a dozen fields its largest armies.

"In fifty days!"—before the mellow sun of the coming October passes away; before the frosts of winter are upon us—he "can do up all the fighting that needs to be done during the war," if we will but give him the reinforcements which we can so easily furnish. Will the country respond? Will you do your duty in the crisis, O patriotic reader?

Military Tit-for-Tat.

A great many crocodile tears have been shed by the Copperhead papers over the destruction of Mr. Boteler's house by the Federal troops. A correspondent of the New York *Times* reminds them that the example of the destruction of property, in Virginia, was not set upon our side. He describes the raid made upon the property of Mr. Stroher, familiar to many of our readers as "Porte Crayon," and a loyal man. "Early in January, 1862, a body of Confederate troops made a sudden dash upon the Springs. There was, I think, no resistance. Unmindful of how the 'Eurathian conqueror bade spare the house of Pindarus,' these troops cut in pieces the paintings of 'Porte Crayon,' and burned his cottage. They took possession of the hotel in which the elder Strother lay upon a sick bed. They used his furniture for firewood, although there was surrounded by forests, and finally went off after plundering the place. The old man, noted for a generation for his noble character, died a week after in his wasted and outraged home. I shall not imitate your example by picking up from the filthy gutter of the Southern press vile epithets to designate the commander of the Confederate forces. They were led by Thomas J. Jackson, for whom you claim the character of a Christian hero. With him, a volunteer aid, came Charles J. Faulkner, who had, a few months before, been United States Minister to France. Which do you think was the greater outrage, the breaking of the window panes of Lower Brandon, or the mutilating the pictures of 'Porte Crayon's' cottage?"

Important from Sherman.

The Chicago *Journal* of Tuesday evening says:—"A gentleman who left General Sherman's headquarters near Atlanta on last Thursday night informs us that the whole army was to move early next morning, and that he has no doubt Atlanta will be in our possession within a fortnight. Our supply trains, by railroad, already run within three miles of the city. We may soon hear of very vigorous operations."

—The Shetland codfishery will be a failure this season.

—The International Congress for the Promotion of Social Science, which held its session at Ghent in 1863, has decided to meet at Amsterdam this year in September. The king has placed the royal palace of that city at the disposal of the Congress for its sitting.

—The Sultan, in a case in which the chief of a Christian village, near Yanina, had been unjustly condemned to death for taking a part in a murderous affray with another village, has granted a concession unprecedented in the Turkish criminal law—that of a new trial. The man was acquitted on the second trial.

—At Turin the people are clamoring for cheap excursion trains to Genoa and the sea-side, as is the case between London and Brighton. But the Secretary-General of the State railways looks upon the scheme as a dangerous innovation, and will not consent to it.

—An international cricket match took place lately at Homburg, and resulted in a brilliant victory for the Eleven of France, who vanquished their antagonists in a single innings. The Eleven of Germany scored forty-eight the first innings and twenty-five the second. The Eleven of France scored one hundred and fifteen, thus winning at once by forty-two.

—For the amusement of the King of Spain on his visit to the French court, there will be a grand *fete* in Versailles, at which all the ladies and gentlemen are to appear in the costume of Louis XIV's period. A play of Molière's is likewise to be performed on a scale of unprecedented grandeur. *Psyche* is said to be the performance chosen, because of the opportunity it affords for gorgeous dressing. The play is the combined work of Corneille and Molière, and being quite out of the range of the genius of either, is a most pompous and wearisome production.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE BRIGGS OIL Company, No. 147 S. FOURTH Street, Philadelphia, September 1, 1864.—The Board of Directors have this day declared the third monthly dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable on the 8th inst.

The Transfer Books will be closed after the 4th inst. and reopened on the 8th. A. F. SABINE,
President.
se2-6t

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—OFFICE OF the Schuylkill and Oil Creek Company, No. 524 WALNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA, August 29, 1864.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a second monthly dividend of one per cent. (ten cents per share) on the Capital Stock, payable at their Office on and after TUESDAY, September 6th, free of State tax.

Transfer Books will be closed on WEDNESDAY, August 31st, at 3 P. M., for five days.

se2 2t L. J. DEMUTH, Secretary.

HEADQUARTERS PENNSYLVANIA Militia, Harrisburg, August 30, 1864.—General Orders, No. 1.—In conformity with the provisions of the acts of Assembly of the 22d and 25th of August, 1864, and the act to which they are supplements, it is ordered:—

1. That the militia of the corps of fifteen regiments, to be called the "Pennsylvania State Guard," provided for in said acts, be forthwith commenced.

2. As the first portion of that corps, three regiments of infantry, two squadrons of cavalry, and four batteries of field artillery, shall be recruited without delay. These regiments, squadrons, and batteries, it is intended, shall be composed of volunteers, to wit: of veteran soldiers and able-bodied persons between the ages of eighteen and fifty, giving the preference to those who are not subject to draft under the laws of the United States.

3. The force, thus to be raised, will be commanded by company officers elected by the men, and who have been in the service of the United States, and been honorably discharged therefrom.

The field and general officers will be appointed by the Governor and are now called into the service of the State. The force will be used only for the defense of the State it will, while in service, be clothed equipped, armed, subsisted, disciplined, and paid as provided for by law for similar troops in the service of the United States.

4. Persons qualified by service for the position of company officers in this corps will, on application to the State Inspector General at Harrisburg, receive authority to recruit companies and squads, and, if afterwards elected as company officers, will be commissioned accordingly.

5. The said corps shall be enlisted in the service of the State for three years, unless sooner discharged, and shall be liable to be called into the service of the State at such times as the Governor may deem their services necessary.

6. A Camp of Rendezvous will be established at Harrisburg, under the charge of competent military and medical officers, and transportation for troops thereto will be furnished to persons recruiting companies and squads of not less than eight men, on application to Colonel M. S. Quay, Harrisburg, Chief of Transportation and Telegraph Department.

7. Should the regiments, squadrons, and batteries, specially herein provided for, not be recruited within thirty days, the deficiency will be supplied by draft.

8. Brigadier-General Lemuel Todd, State Inspector-General, is charged with the execution of this order, and all the details under it.

By order of A. G. CURTIN,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.
A. L. RUSSELL, Adjutant-General, Penna. se1-tf

THE TREASURER OF THE FUND to relieve the distressed people of Chambersburg has received the following amounts since his last report, August 26, 1864:—

Amount previously reported	$21,355 75
John W. Forney	250 00
Wm. Hall	50 00
Mrs. Charles C. Stratton	10 00
James B. Campbell & Co.	50 00
E. ——, per Lloyd F. Smith	2 50
L. ——, per Lloyd F. Smith	50 00
John Gibson, Son & Co.	100 00
Marshall Hill	25 00
W. Danley, Esq., for Twelfth Baptist Church	5 00
Wm. H. Rushhurst	100 00
Miss C. M. Bobbin	100 00
John Bohlen	100 00
Alex. Whilldin & Sons	100 00
Tredick, Stokes & Co.	100 00
Wm. L. Fetter, per T. W. M.	10 00
Erskine Hazard	100 00
Per T. W. Markley, as follows:—	
Peter Wright & Sons	100 00
Billings, Roop & Co.	150 00
Lewis, Bros. & Co.	100 00
Mellor, Bains & Mellor	100 00
Cash	100 00
S. R. Taggart	50 00
F. C. Pratt & Bro.	50 00
Wilcox, Bros. & Co.	50 00
Wolgamuth, Raleigh & Co.	50 00
Welsh & Lankenau	50 00
H. Dubring & Co.	50 00
W. A. Drown & Co.	50 00
Charles A. Vezin & Co.	50 00
Bates & Crates	50 00
Grundy, Brother & Co.	30 00
Saimer & Test	20 00
F. S. Hovey & Co.	20 00
Roberts, Warford & Goldsmith	20 00
Abram H. Derrickson	20 00
Brooke & Fuller	20 00
Cash	20 00
M. M. Marple	20 00
Williams & Cooper	20 00
Musselman & Kirk	20 00
Hemick & Leavitt	20 00
Boyd & Stroud	25 00
Wahl, Brothers & Co.	25 00
Shaw & Wenwag	25 00
L. M. Hess & Co.	20 00
F. Patterson & Co.	20 00
R. N. Lee & Co.	20 00
Cash	10 00
Keyser & Brother	10 00
S. R. Watkins, Jr.	10 00
J. P. Wooderward	10 00
Feustman & Kaufman	10 00
Husch & Geratey	10 00
Muslin & Bennett	10 00
H. Guterman & Brother	10 00
J. & A. Kemper	10 00
Cash	10 00
J. & S.	10 00
L. & F.	10 00
Cash	10 00
S. B.	10 00
John Cochran	10 00
M. Biedenbach	5 00
Charles H. Meyer	5 00
S. Siedenbach	5 00
Hirsh & Brother	5 00
Joe Fussell	5 00
J. Levy	5 00
Per Edwin Kirkpatrick, as follows:—	
Cash, W. S.	10 00
Alexander Peterson	20 00
J. B. Roberts	10 00
Beeson Crawford	10 00
C. B. Williams	20 00
R. C. Harrison & Son	5 00
Sandalls & Petersons	5 00
Per W. B. Mosely, as follows:—	
Nickerson, Harris & Mosely	50 00
Foster & Bennett	50 00
A. A. Sherraway & Co.	50 00
Monroe & Smalts	25 00
O. S. Claflin and E. F. Tarbridge	25 00
B. K. & Co.	10 00
W. W. Pratt & Co.	25 00
Robert R. Levick & Co.	20 00
E. S. Reeve	10 00
W. T. Dennesses	10 00
Per E. A. Hendry, as follows:—	
Cash	10 00
J. B. H.	20 00
E. A. H.	20 00
S. Frank	10 00
Per H. Allen Moore:—	
J. & M. Saunders	50 00
W. M. Shemeldine	25 00
Cash, I. W.	10 00
Cash	10 00
L. Dickerson & Co.	10 00
C. Reinert	10 00
Cash	1 00
Total	$24,551 25

EDMUND A. SOUDER, Treasurer.
sep1 2t DO 78 Street wharf.

OFFICE OF THE UNION PASSENger Railway Company.

PHILADELPHIA, August 22, 1864.

The third instalment of five dollars on each share of the stock of the Union Passenger Railway Company will be due and payable at the office of the Company, No. 410 WALNUT Street, on September 5, 1864.

By order of the Board of Directors.

W. H. KEMBLE,
Treasurer.
au22-12t*

THE UNDERSIGNED, A COMmittee appointed by the Bounty Fund Convention of the several Wards for the purpose of recruiting for the benefit of deficient Wards, in anticipation of the coming draft, impressed with the importance of the subject, desire their fellow-citizens to unite with them in an effort to fill the city's quota by obtaining volunteer recruits.

To do this before the 5th of September will require the most earnest and vigorous exertions, and the Committee appeal to the patriotic and public-spirited to aid them in by their influence and by contributions of the necessary means to offer inducements equal to those offered by other communities. The Committee have appointed a sufficient number of recruiting lieutenants in various quarters of the city, and all recruits obtained will be distributed pro rata among the Wards, and, of course, will benefit most largely those that are most deficient.

By united and continued effort the committee hope, if not to avoid the draft altogether, at least to reduce it to insignificant proportions.

The whole number required to free the city from the draft was, on the 1st of August, about nine thousand. From this number is to be deducted those who have been recruited since that date; and such credits as the city may be entitled to, from persons enlisting in the navy from the city, and who have not been credited to us; also, from persons enlisting in the navy from the State at large, and not credited to any particular district, of which the city will have her proportion.

Efforts are being made to ascertain these credits. The committee also expect to obtain recruits from veterans re-enlisting, from the Southern States now occupied by our forces, and from other quarters. They do not deem it impossible, therefore, by proper exertions, to fill the city's quota.

Money is necessary, and can only be obtained by the voluntary subscriptions of citizens. Such subscriptions may be sent to the addresses of any members of the committee, as below given, or to the headquarters of the committee, No. 142 S. FOURTH Street.

JAMES L. CLAGHORN,
No. 307 CHURCH Alley.
JAMES H. ORNE,
No. 626 CHESNUT Street.
A. H. FRANCISCUS,
No. 513 MARKET Street.
JOSHUA SPERING,
No. 142 S. FOURTH Street.
WM. M. UHLER,
FALLS OF SCHUYLKILL.
N. B. BROWNE,
No. 113 S. FIFTH Street.
JOHN W. FRAZIER,
No. 949 S. SIXTH Street.
au22-tf

DEAFNESS, NOISES IN THE HEAD, THROAT DISEASES, CATARRH.

Those who suffer from these maladies have now the very best opportunity for finding relief. The aparatus constructed by Dr. VON MOSCHISKER is undoubtedly the most perfectly effective agent ever used for reaching the seat of the disease to which it is directed, and eradicating it with wonderful rapidity. The application is painless. Office, No. 1027 WALNUT Street.

TESTIMONIALS.

To the Deaf.—Dr Von Moschisker, Aurist, No. 1027 Walnut street, operated most successfully on my ears, restoring me to perfect hearing. I suffered from what the physicians called a thickening of the drum of the ear.

WILLIAM CRANE, Builder,
Residence, No. 1913 S. Second street.

Philadelphia, August 1, 1864.

Philadelphia, 25th June, 1861.—This is to certify, that for four years I was troubled with an offensive discharge, accompanied with deafness. I have been treated by numerous physicians without receiving any benefit. Some months ago I applied to Dr. Von Moschisker, who has accomplished a perfect cure.

JOSEPH SHOEMAKER,
Of the firm of Shoemaker & Tisdal, Merchants,
No. 246 N. Broad street.

Private residence, No. 722 Green street.

EYE.—Dr VON MOSCHISKER can be consulted on all maladies of the Eye. The SURGICAL operations to restore SIGHT skillfully performed.

Office, No. 1027 WALNUT Street.

Where hundreds of similar testimonials as the above can be examined. au6-tf

DEAFNESS AND BLINDNESS.—J. Isaacs, M. D., Professor of the Eye and Ear, treats all diseases appertaining to the above-named members with the utmost success. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his Office, No. 511 PINE Street. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination. Office hours from 8 to 11 A. M. 2 to 7 P. M. No. 511 PINE Street. ja7-3m

WANTS.

WANTED TO RENT.—A FURNISHED House by a private family. Address J. G. D., Post Office, Box 2985. au25-tf

TEAMSTERS WANTED.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 24, 1864.

Wanted, at once, FIVE HUNDRED (500) to ONE THOUSAND (1000) TEAMSTERS, each capable of driving with single line, and managing six mule teams.

To such who are competent to perform the duty, the pay per month will be thirty-five ($35) dollars, with one ration per day, and hospital privileges, including the best medical attendance when sick.

Men experienced as Wagon Masters will receive such positions, upon bringing to this point twenty five (25) good Teamsters.

Apply to Captain CHAS. H. TOMPKINS, A. Q. M., U. S. A., corner of TWENTY-SECOND and G Streets, Washington, D. C.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster,
au19-2tt Depot of Washington.

CITY POINT, Va.,
August 7, 1864.

OFFICE DEPOT OF REPAIRS,
ARMIES OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND.

WANTED,

300 Teamsters,
50 Wheelwrights,
50 Blacksmiths, and
20 Carriage Trimmers.

Who will receive the highest rates of Government pay rations, and medical attendance.

Transportation furnished by applying at

No. 221 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

E. J. STRANG,
Cap'ain, A. Q. M.
JAMES M. KELLY,
au16-1m Quartermaster's Agent.

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

FOR SALE.—$50,000 WORTH IN GOOD Houses, large and small, on terms to suit purchasers, either with or without incumbrance, for cash and good trade. Inquire of, from 10 to 12 o'clock A. M., THOS. M. FLOWMAN, No. 297 S. FOURTH Street.

EDUCATIONAL.

FRIENDS' ACADEMY FOR BOYS, REAR of No. 84 N. ELEVENTH Street, reopens on the 5th inst. $15 per term of 22 weeks. All denominations admitted. [se1-1m*] W. WHITALL.

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COURTLAND SAUNDERS' INSTITUTE,
Thirty-ninth and Market Streets,
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au27-1m PROFESSOR E. D. SAUNDERS, D. D.

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THE NEW MUSICAL CARDS

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"Admirably adapted for teaching Musical Time."—Illustrated London News.

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MRS. M. A. BINDER'S
TEMPLE FASHION,
NO. 1023, CHESNUT STREET.

Grand Opening, September 1. Paris, London, and New York Fashions. Just received, life size Paper Models of all the reliable and latest Paris designs, for Ladies and Children's Dress, arranged and elegantly trimmed, so as to present the most perfect resemblance to the original articles.

Patterns of Promenade, Evening, Home, Bridal, and Fancy Dresses; also, Cloaks, Mantles, Waists, Jackets, Sleeves, Aprons, Sacks, Capes, Robe de Chambre, Under Garments, &c., and every style of garment adapted to Boys, Misses, and Infants, that has any claim for either novelty or utility, all accurately reproduced in Tissue Paper as soon as they are offered either in Paris or London. Dress and Cloak making in all its branches, and a perfect fit warranted. Cutting and Basting, French Flinting and Goffering, Mme. Demorest's Skirts, Pads, Shields, French Corsets, Hooks, Eyes, Coarts, and Quarterly Mirror of Fashion. au31-w6m1m

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ORIENTAL DETERSIVE SOAP.

This favorite Soap is now over seven years in use by at least

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It is made upon entirely new principles, of perfectly pure materials, and always in the same way. It does away with the use of a Wash-board, and will wash twice as much clothes with two-thirds less labor than any other Soap made in the United States.

ITS GREAT POPULARITY

Has induced several brainless soap-makers to imitate it in appearance only, and, by offering great inducements to unprincipled dealers, put their spurious article on the market on the past reputation acquired by our Detersive.

Those desiring to purchase our Soap should examine and see that

OUR NAME AND TRADE-MARK

Is stamped upon EVERY POUND of the Soap before they take it.

VAN HAGEN & McKEONE,
au29-1m PHILADELPHIA.

DIAMONDS.

Persons having Diamonds or other Precious Stones to dispose of will do well by calling on

LEWIS LADOMUS & CO.,
Diamond Dealers and Jewelers
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Who will give the highest cash price. au16-1m

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOCK ESTABLISHMENT,
S. E. corner SECOND and CHESNUT Streets, Philad'a.
AGENCY FOR THE PATENT
EQUALIZING THIRTY-DAY CLOCKS,
A very desirable article for Churches, Hotels, Banks, Counting-House, Parlors, &c.
Also, MANUFACTURER OF FINE GOLD FRES.
CLOCKS REPAIRED AND WARRANTED.
Ja18-1y Clock Trimmings of every description.

WM. A. GRAY, N. E. CORNER OF SIXTH and MINOR Streets, buys Diamonds, Watches, Gold, Silver, and Loan Tickets.
THOSE IN WANT OF MONEY
CALL.
All business confidential. au19-3m

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ADDRESS, S. E. COHEN,
au11-1m PUBLISHER.

MRS. JOSEPH HUFTY DESIRES TO INform her friends that she has removed from No. 407 CHESNUT Street to No. 28 S. FOURTH Street.

CHASE & HUFTY'S NEW BLANK BOOKS and Stationery, No. 22 S. FOURTH Street, Opened To-Day.

GENUINE ARNOLD'S WRITING FLUID and Copying Ink, direct from London at
CHASE & HUFTY'S
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No. 22 S. FOURTH Street.

ON THE BLOCKADE-RUNNER "PRINcess Alice," was captured an invoice of the World's Fair Prize Cap Paper, a portion of which is for sale at
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GOLD PENS AND PENCILS TO SUIT ALL preferences, and warranted for one year, can be had at
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LINENS, AND
WHITE GOODS.

LARGE AND HANDSOME STOCK OF DRESS GOODS.

FULL LINE OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

BALMORALS,

INCLUDING au30-2m

BRUNER'S AND OTHER MAKES.

RUN NO RISK!!!—

We refund the money, if desired, for every lot of Shirts which fail in any respect.

FINE SHIRTS,
CUT LENGTHWISE OF MUSLIN.

Made of New York Mills Muslin, and very fine Linen Bosoms. Only $4·75. Usual price $6·00.

Williamsville Mills Muslin, and fine Linen Bosoms, Only $4·50. Usual price $5·50.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

SMITH & JACOBS,
my3-6m No. 1226 CHESNUT Street.

1034 CHESNUT STREET.

The attention of LADIES VISITING THE CITY, or those about LEAVING it for "Watering Place," or "Country," is respectfully invited to the extensive stock of WHITE GOODS suitable for SUMMER WEAR, for WHITE BODIES, MORNING WRAPPERS, &c.

An extensive assortment is offered in Lace and Worked Edgings and Insertings, Veils, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Sleeves, and in plain and fancy "Tarlatans," and Figured White Goods AT PRICES MUCH BELOW THEIR PRESENT RETAIL VALUE.

100 Printed Linen Cambric Dresses.
100 pieces Ruffled, Tucked, and Striped Muslins.

E. M. NEEDLES.

1034 CHESNUT STREET.

1034 CHESNUT STREET. 1034 CHESNUT STREET.

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628
Manufactory, No. 628 ARCH Street,
Above Sixth street,
Philadelphia.
Wholesale and Retail.

The most complete assortment of Ladies, Misses', and Children's Hoop Skirts in the city, in every respect first-class, which for style, finish, durability, and cheapness, have no equal in the market.

Skirts made to order, altered, and repaired.
fe4-1y WM. T. HOPKINS.

COFFEE AND RASPBERRY.—ALEX. MILLER & CO., Proprietors of the Old Government PARLOR COFFEE, have Removed their place of business from No. 218 N. Second street to No. 203 ARCH Street, where they are prepared to fill all orders at the shortest notice which the public may favor them with. Their Coffee is, as usual, the best in the market. They also have the best

RASPBERRY SYRUP

that is manufactured in the city. All at lowest prices, considering the high prices of material.

Please give them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Do not forget the Number,
au18-1m No. 203 ARCH Street.

CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS AND Window Shades, from New York Auction sales, (slightly wet.)—Magnificent Brussels, ¾ wide, $1·25, $1·37½, $1·50 and $1·75; Imitation Brussels, (painted,) ¾ wide, 70, 80 and 90 cents; 5-4, 6-4 and 12-4 at proportionate prices; Imperial Carpets, $1·37 to $1·75 per yard; Ingrains, from 50 cents to $1·12½; Venetian, Rag, and Hemp, from 37½ to 75 cents per yard; Mattings, the largest assortment ever offered in Philadelphia, from 37½ to 75 cents a yard, at the New York Auction Sales Depot, (formerly Stathlow's,) No. 147 S. SECOND Street, first door above Walnut, opposite Corn Exchange.
17-3m

COUSTY'S TEA WAREHOUSE.—ESTAblished in 1800.—Importer and Dealer in
Fine Teas, Wines, and Liquors,
Choice Havana Cigars.
Cross & Blackwell's Pickles and Sauces
English and Scotch Ale and Porter,
Canned Meats, Fruits, Soup, &c. &c.
Navy Messes put up with care.
At No. 118 S. SECOND Street.
ja26 1y JOSHUA H. COUSTY.

JOHN CRUMP,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
No. 315 LODGE STREET.
A large force of building mechanics of all branches always on hand. ap4-w6m1m

UNITED STATES POSTAGE STAMPS.

POSTAGE STAMPS FOR SALE.

A DISCOUNT OF TWO PER CENT. ON ALL SUMS OF $20 AND UPWARDS.

At the Principal Depot for the sale of Internal Revenue Stamps,

No. 104 CHESNUT Street, and
au19 No. 113 S. FIFTH Street, Philadelphia.

THE NEW TAX BILL
AND
REVENUE STAMP LAW.

Copies of the New Tax Bill and Revenue Stamp Law, for sale wholesale and retail; and Revenue Stamps of all descriptions constantly on hand, at the following rates of discount:—

On orders of $50, two per cent. discount.
" " $100, three " "
" " 300, four " "

At the Principal Depot for the Sale of Internal Revenue Stamps, No. 104 CHESNUT Street, and No. 113 S. FIFTH Street. Full descriptions of the Stamp Law in pamphlet form. jy28-tf

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
AUGUST 24, 1864.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF THREE YEARS SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES DATED OCTOBER 1, 1861.

Holders of Seven-Thirty Notes, dated October 1, 1861, are hereby notified that they may be presented immediately, in any amount, to be exchanged for Six Per Cent. Bonds falling due after June 30, 1881.

The interest on the Seven-Thirty Notes will be settled up to date of maturity, October 1, and the Six Per Cent. Bonds will bear full coupons from July 1.

The adjustment of interest will be made by deducting from the amount of interest found to be due on the Seven-Thirty Notes up to October 1, the interest accrued on the Six Per Cent. Bonds from July 1 to October 1; the balance will be transmitted by the Treasurer's gold draft immediately upon settlement.

The following regulations in relation to endorsements must be carefully observed:—

Where notes transmitted for settlement were issued payable to order, and are held and transmitted by the original owners, they must be endorsed by them, "Pay to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," and bonds will issue in their name.

Where notes payable to order are held by other parties than the original owners, the notes must have the endorsement of the original owners, and also be endorsed by the present owners, "Pay to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption."

For notes issued in blank, endorsed "Pay to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," bonds will be issued to the parties transmitting them, and in such manner as they may direct.

When notes are endorsed or transmitted by an attorney, administrator, executor, or other agent, they must be accompanied by a duly certified copy or certificate of the authority under which he acts; and in all cases by a letter stating the kind (registered or coupon) and the denomination of the Six Per Cent. Bonds wanted in exchange.

When Registered Bonds are ordered, parties should state at which of the following places they wish the interest paid, viz.: New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, New Orleans, Chicago, St. Louis, or Cincinnati.

W. P. FESSENDEN,
Secretary of the Treasury.

UNITED STATES

7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder, at maturity, into six per cent. gold-bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1000, and $5000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in United States Notes considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it cannot pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in Government securities or in notes or bonds payable in Government paper.

CONVERTIBLE INTO A SIX PER CENT. 5-20 GOLD BOND.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. United States Stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

ITS EXEMPTION FROM STATE OR MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation*. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the Government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

By all National Banks which are depositaries of public money; and [au29-tf

ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS A