Evening Telegraph

A DAILY AFTERNOON NEWSPAPER.

OFFICE No. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

Price THREE CENTS PER COPY, or EIGHTEEN CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier, and mailed to Subscribers out of the City at NINE DOLLARS PER ANNUM; ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS FOR TWO MONTHS, invariably in advance for the period ordered.

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. A liberal arrangement made for extended insertions.

To Correspondents.

No notice can be taken of Anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee for his good faith. We cannot undertake to return rejected Communications.

To Advertisers.

Owing to the great increase in the Circulation of THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, compelling us to go to press at an early hour, we urgently request that Advertisements may be handed in as soon as 10 o'clock, if possible, to secure them an insertion in all of our editions.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1864.

SHALL WE STOP THE WAR AND TREAT FOR PEACE?

The Democrats talk very confidently of electing General McCLELLAN President of the United States. But, if our armies shall go on from this time until November next, winning such glorious victories as FARRAGUT and SHERMAN have lately achieved, the hopes of McCLELLAN's election will melt away like the mists of the morning before the rising sun. The only even plausible pretext which the Democratic leaders have yet urged, or can possibly urge, for a change of Administration in the midst of the war is, that a different policy from that heretofore pursued towards the Rebellion would end it at once, or put it down more effectually and speedily. And if the people could be persuaded that by retiring Mr. LINCOLN, and placing McCLELLAN or some other person in his place, the war could be honorably and satisfactorily terminated within a short time, it is not improbable that they would be likely to try the experiment. But they would not consent to such a change unless they had some reasonable assurance that they would thereby improve the condition of the country, and increase the chances of its early restoration to unity and peace on acceptable terms.

But all such arguments must fail to impress the people now; because, in the presence of such grand and decisive successes as our brave troops are gaining over the Rebels, it would be the sheerest madness to arrest their course by offering to suspend hostilities and treat with Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS and his confederates in treason, for a peace based on compromise.

It is quite manifest to the most incredulous observer of affairs, that the operations of FARRAGUT at Mobile and SHERMAN at Atlanta have dealt the Rebellion such stunning blows as have broken its strength beyond reparation, and that the same patient and obstinate perseverance which has crowned the campaign in Georgia with such brilliant success, must eventually, and perhaps very soon, reward the indomitable tenacity and masterly strategy of GRANT in his purpose to capture the Rebel capital.

With such inspiriting prospects before them, why should the people of the North consent to arrest the victorious career of our arms? Are they likely, we would ask, at the very moment when the valor of our brave and devoted soldiers is accomplishing the most important results which have occurred since the beginning of the war, to abandon the army, and seek a truce with treason and rebellion, by a degrading supplication for compromise and conciliation? Are they so weak, so foolish, so cowardly, as to negotiate with the Rebels for peace, just when the national armies are conquering a peace after nearly four years of struggle and suffering, and a fearful expenditure of treasure and blood?

We cannot and will not believe that the people of the North will act so unwisely and improvidently, as well as pusillanimously. Even if a desire to hasten peace, on tolerable conditions, should, under any circumstances, be permitted to prevail, as a motive for changing the Administration of the Government and placing new men in power at so critical a juncture as the present, would it not be absurd to make a change now? The Rebellion is evidently on its last legs. The power and resources of the insurgents are almost entirely exhausted. Their best armies are being whipped in their strongest positions. Why, then, should we give up the contest, and tamely sue for terms in the very hour of final and complete triumph over the enemy? Such an act of folly and imbecility would cover the nation with everlasting disgrace.

And does not every man of ordinary sense be he of one political party or another, see that the shortest road to an honorable and permanent peace now, is by fighting the Rebels until they are forced, by exhaustion, to lay down their arms, rather than by giving them time and opportunity for recovering their shattered strength? But this latter policy is precisely what the Democratic party proposes. They have declared, recently, at Chicago, that hostilities must cease, and a convention of all the States be called to discuss the question of pacification. Beside the fact that such a convention of the States is legally and otherwise impracticable, we have no assurance that the convention, if once assembled, would agree on any such terms of settlement as the Northern people could possibly assent to. But if that were not so; if it were even probable or certain that a satisfactory peace could be made in the manner suggested; is it not quite as probable, in view of our recent military successes, that a safe, discreet, and honorable peace can be reached sooner by prosecuting the war right on to the end, than by suddenly stopping hostilities, giving up all we have won in nearly four years of strife, and granting an armistice that may result in nothing but a building up of the Rebellion for four more years of disastrous conflict? Let the people, then, reflect on the choice that is offered them. If those who have thus far conducted the war are not disturbed, they will end it speedily by arms. If McCLELLAN is elected, we shall have an empty and protracted truce, followed by several years more of strife and bloodshed. Between such alternatives who will hesitate?

PUBLIC SPIRIT.

Among the many things which seem what they are not, there is perhaps nothing more deceptive than that which passes current for public spirit. We hear of men who are prolific in this twin virtue to patriotism, who bustle about among the editors, the capitalists, the politicians, and prominent men in large cities, and manifest great interest and anxiety for the success of this or that public undertaking. They are prepared to prove, by means of documents and calculations already prepared in their pockets, that the project, no matter how vast, is perfectly feasible; that all that is wanting is a little more "public spirit," meaning, more men like themselves; and then they modestly aver their own want of power, not being influential, or among the large property-holders, and of course they have no personal interest in the matter. These public-spirited men may thus set in motion an enterprise, perchance bringing a new coal to market, or starting a much-needed passenger railway line, a new ferry-boat, or an insurance company; and it is not until the concern is fairly about going into operation in such cases that the thought is spontaneously suggested of making the man of public spirit the president or secretary, with a handsome salary, much below his great claims upon the stockholders. This is a most unexpected return for his disinterested efforts and public spirit!

And thus it is in making new laws, or opening new streets, for beautifying the city and increasing the convenience of the residents in neglected districts. The "public spirit" of Mr. Go-ahead has shown itself busy with members of the Legislature, or with members of Councils. Editors of newspapers even have been handsomely treated, and the law or ordinance goes into effect; when, lo! behold! by some strange accident, almost providential, the property of the public-spirited man has quadrupled in value by the sudden improvement of a neighborhood.

But, in sober earnest, may we inquire, what is it that constitutes a man of public spirit, and have we many such among us? These may be questions more easily asked than answered. We have heard wise, wealthy, and prudent men, whose whole lives are examples worthy of imitation, condemned for their want of "public spirit," and when we examine impartially the meaning of the complaints, we find it only amounts to this—the plausible scheme of Mr. Burstup and company, fearless speculators, has been disapproved of, or interest in it declined, by the gentleman applied to, and hence he has "no public spirit."

Public spirit should be a disinterested spirit—a desire for public, not private, benefit; and when efforts are made to accomplish a general good, irrespective of individual advantage, or at a sacrifice of personal convenience, then we may safely recognize the existence of true "public spirit."

NEWS FROM FLORIDA.

Union Reverse at Gainsville—Colonel Harris' Command Worsted—Full Details of the Affair.

From the Palmetto Herald, September 1.

The late news from the district of Florida is not of an encouraging nature. One of the columns sent out by General Hatch on a raid, encountered a superior force of the enemy, under Major Dickinson, a Rebel partisan commander of no small shrewdness and skill, had a sharp fight, and were pretty well used up, with a loss in men and material and one gun. The details of this disastrous affair are these:—

One column, consisting of one hundred and thirty-eight men of the 75th Ohio, ninety of the 4th Massachusetts Cavalry, and ten men of Captain Hanner's Light Battery, of the 3d Rhode Island Artillery, with a howitzer, all under the command of Colonel Harris, of the 75th Ohio, moved from Trail Ridge, on the Cedar Keys and Fernandina railroad, some fifteen miles from Baldwin, towards Gainsville, for the purpose of gathering contrabands, cattle, cotton, and supplies, and also for a reconnoissance. Their progress was comparatively rapid and was uninterrupted for awhile. They occupied Starke, a small station on the railroad, without opposition, and captured some cars there, with produce and quartermaster's stores on board. The cars and such of the merchandise and stores as could not be removed were destroyed.

After this work was well and thoroughly completed, the command pushed on to within ten miles of Gainsville, where it bivouacked for the night. At daylight the column was again put in motion, and advanced on Gainsville. A small force of Rebel cavalry were encountered at about 10 o'clock, just outside of the town. These were driven in by our skirmishers, and our forces entered the town. The command there halted their horses, and probably scattered about the town somewhat, when the enemy, under Major Dickinson, between six and seven hundred strong, consisting of his cavalry command, and the militia of the country, collected together on the news of the movements of our forces, with three pieces of artillery, began the attack, while our men were not in the best position for defense.

The attack was unexpected and threw our forces into confusion, and after a sharp and well contested fight, the ammunition becoming exhausted, the men were ordered to cut their way through, and escape as best they might. A dash was made and a portion of the command succeeded in effecting their escape, but a number were captured, with the piece of artillery, a 12-pounder howitzer, with horses, caisson, and everything complete; three wagons loaded with various articles, and a number of horses. Quite a number of our men were killed, and three officers were wounded and fell into the hands of the enemy. A number of officers are missing. Colonel Harris effected his escape, but Lieutenant-Colonel Morgan and Major Fox have not been heard from, although it is known that they are not or were not in the hands of the enemy.

Those who escaped struck into the swamp and came into Magnolia, and others are coming in daily. Our loss will probably foot up a little over a hundred. Under the head of missing in the following list of casualties, are enumerated many who have subsequently come in, which considerably reduces the aggregate:—

CASUALTIES IN GAINSVILLE AFFAIR—SEVENTY-FIFTH OHIO MOUNTED INFANTRY.

Commissioned officers wounded	4
Commissioned officers missing	8
Enlisted men killed	3
Enlisted men wounded	14
Enlisted men missing	89

FOURTH MASSACHUSETTS CAVALRY, COS. B AND D.

Commissioned officers missing	2
Enlisted men killed	2
Enlisted men wounded	13
Enlisted men missing	42
Total	174

All but three of the wounded men were left in the hands of the enemy.

It will be observed that the Rebels claim to have captured between 140 and 150 prisoners, in their account, which we publish below. It is thought to be somewhat exaggerated.

We hope to be able to present a full list of those lost in the affair in our next issue. It has not as yet come to hand.

The other column, under Colonel Nobles, did not meet the enemy's force, and came back with about seventy-five contrabands and a few horses and mules.

REBEL ACCOUNT.

From the Columbian Extra, August 18.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF FLORIDA, LAKE CITY, August 18, 1864.—Captain Dickinson reports by courier, who arrived last night, as follows:—"I have the honor to report that I had an engagement to-day with the cavalry force of the enemy at this place (Gainsville), and by Divine aid the victory was decisive and complete. It lasted about two hours—one hundred and forty or one hundred and fifty prisoners captured, and will be forwarded this afternoon. Amongst them were one captain, two lieutenants, and one surgeon; several killed and wounded. Our loss is slight; one killed and five wounded. A 12-pound howitzer was captured, with horses and fixtures complete; a fine piece. About one hundred negroes were recaptured, with three of the enemy's wagons, a considerable number of horses, and other things. They numbered three hundred and forty two, and were of the 75th Ohio Reziment, Colonel Harris, commanding, and 4th Massachusetts. This party left Baldwin by Trail Ridge, and passed between Wald and Orange Springs. They pillaged and thieved everything as they went, stripping the houses. Captain Dickinson reports that his officers and men behaved with great gallantry.

S. A. MONRO, Captain and A. A. G.

Another "Female Gentleman."

A correspondent writes:—

"Miss Sallie M. Monroe, of New Berlin, Chenango county, New York, a practising physician of the hydropathic school, has permanently adopted the masculine attire—not merely bloomers—but the veritable dress of a gentleman, from hat to boots. So, the *ultima thule* of the dress reform has been reached at last! Miss Monroe, who makes a fine looking cavalier, either on horseback or on foot, usually wears a blue coat and buff waistcoat, with plain flat gilt buttons, blue trousers, boots and hat, all good cut. She is a young lady of irreproachable character, skilful in her profession, brave, energetic, ambitious, and eminently self-reliant. She wears the masculine in preference to the feminine dress, because she conceives the former to be better adapted to the active duties of her profession."

—The Rossini Theatre at Madrid was inaugurated a short time ago. It consists of a light open arena upon an island in the middle of the Promenade, called "Campos Elisios," and is surrounded by a magnificent park. A bridge and gondolas carry the spectators to this youngest temple of Thalia.

NATCHEZ RACES.

The *fall* races prematurely opened on the starting ground, (corner of Commerce and Franklin streets), near Perrin's fruit stand, last Friday afternoon, without previous announcement.

The competitors consisted chiefly of youngish colored volunteers. After considerable *nigging* and false starts from the "dead-line," scratches mostly were made between a chunkey "Double-Smut," and cream-colored "Long-shanks." The "scrouging" was heavy; but by the time Pearl street corner ("coming out place," was reached, Double-Smut was "no whar."

A variety of impromptu "goes" were then made by inferior "animals." In fact, few, if any, "thorough breds" were visible. Several fist fights and "bendigos" followed with the usual chaff, and there is no knowing what else had happened if spectators had not been favored with *stretch* like (Rollo's)

—"Inhaled Ids
Had a good ride,
And lost his pride."—

Something ahead of Cowper's famous Gilpin—(Jock of Islington)—by "a citizen
Of credit and renown."

Howbeit, as the racing "gin out" (several of the foot "cuffs" being "dead-blowed" with heeling it for the "fer corner"), it so chanced that Mynheer Schnickelfritzer's black breeding sow, fresh from a fragrant gutter up-street, *greasefully* waddled to rear of that suif-burnt "krowd," all ripe for rascality. In a twinkling, Piggy's caudle app-*end*-age was grabbed by a juvenile Scip (heigh-ho) Africanus! And, from grip, optically spanning the space 'twixt head and tail, he leaped on his *Pig*-asus (Irish classic for Pegasus—Jupiter's "winged horse") and

"To horse, my brave boys, and away!"

This was the even-season's "handicap,"—a stern reality, *breathing* with excitement.

What with the thumps and screeching of some fifteen or twenty noisy negro brats, several small white "fellers," a brace of dogs, shouts of armed men and passers-by, the result may be imagined.

Away went nigger, neck or naught,
Away went boys and pig,
Who little wot of being "rid"
In such a style by "nig."

In the words of an old racer, it was the "worstest kind of a scrub," and only a "quarter race," (such as Pharsalia or Metarie never had); but as a little four year old said: "Oh, my! though, wasn't it fun!"

Heavy as "Bacon's Works" may be, no bacon (with his "back up,") worked harder than piggy in question, towards the far corner.

It was a regular "sweep sticks," swiped and lathered as piggy was, nigger on back, over the gravel frantically "pegging away," with the motley troop in hot pursuit. Obstinacy, however, enters into the porcine nature, and that it was which abruptly ended the contest—though hog distanced, *fat*-igued, hooted, huffed, tail-pinned, and exacerbated beyond all swinish endurance by the descendants upon Ham—at last "trew to natur," porky stopped short in his "hogs head"-long career, and presto! little nigger was "no whar."

Two ebony shin-shanks twinkled in the air, as twilight "twithered" on the dusky "ground and lofty tumbling." While—like a second-hand cracked bomboonic, on a quarter charge of powder from a short-stock gun—old sonsy lambered on, leaving "little nig" with his nose in the mud. Night dropped its Natchez curtain on that sable scene.

"The dogs did bark, the children screamed,
Up flew the windows all;
And every soul cried out, well done!
As loud as he could bawl."

—*Natchez Courier, 2d.*

—France and Switzerland have entered into a treaty of national copyright.

—Hermann Mevius, one of the most promising of the Dusseldorf young painters, expired suddenly about the middle of July last.

—The London *Orchestra* objects to spoken dialogue in English opera—as for instance in the *Bohemian Girl* and *Maritana*—because it has a burlesque tendency, used in conjunction with sung dialogue; because it destroys the consecutiveness and oneness of the musical score, and because it is embarrassing to the artists, who have to alter the voice rapidly from the enunciation of the highest and most elaborate vocal passages to the discharge of its ordinary function.

Married.

BATES—LEWIS.—On the 31st day of January, 1864, by the Rev. George Shinn, Lieutenant ROBERT F. BATES to Miss LAURA J. LEWIS, both of Philadelphia, Pa.

HEBERTON—ADAMS.—By the Rev. John Chambers, GEORGE HEBERTON and EMMA ADAMS.

KEEN—SUDLER.—On the 2d instant, at the parsonage of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, No. 523 Catharine street, by Rev. S. W. Thomas, Mr. WILLIAM H. KEEN to Miss MARTHA A. SUDLER.

Died.

ABBOTT.—On Sixth-day evening, 9th month 2d, ELIZABETH W. ABBOTT, aged 51 years, widow of the late George Abbott, and youngest daughter of Joshua Longstreth.

Her relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father, at Barclay Hall, on Turner's Lane, on Third-day afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Interment at Laurel Hill.

BREED.—On the 5th instant, ELIZA H. BREED, widow of Samuel D. Breed.

Due notice will be given of the funeral.

CAMPBELL.—On Wednesday, August 24th, 1864, at her late residence in Doylestown, Pa., Mrs. DEBORAH H. relict of the late Stephen B. Campbell, formerly of Philadelphia, in the 44th year of her age.

HARBERT.—On Monday, the 5th instant, MARTHA, relict of the late Isaac Harbert, in the 91st year of her age.

Her relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, Henry D. Stever, Germantown, on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

HEALD.—At Frankford, on the 24 inst., J. C. HEALD, in the 43d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also Lodge No. 9, A. Y. M. and the Masonic Lodge of Frankford, are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Main street, below Green, Frankford, on Wednesday, the 7th instant, at 2 o'clock.

HERON.—On the evening of the 3d instant, EMMA CLOVER, wife of the late Thomas Heron.

Her relatives and friends, and the members of Southwark Union, No. 11, of the U. O. of B. and S., are invited to attend her funeral, from her sister's residence, No. 1917 Locust street, South Camden, at 2 o'clock, on Wednesday, 7th instant. Interment at Church on Fourth street, below German, Philadelphia.

KAY.—On the evening of the 4th instant, of typhoid fever, ISAAC KAY, in the 37th year of his age, only son of William E. and Henrietta Kay.

His relatives and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his father, on Timber Creek, near Westville, N. J., on Fourth day, 7th instant, at 10 A. M.

McNEILLE.—On the 4th instant, PERRY R., son of Hannah and the late Perry R. McNeille, aged 18 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his mother's residence, No. 2224 Mount Vernon street, on Wednesday, 7th instant, at 10 o'clock. To proceed to Laurel Hill.

ORR.—On the evening of the 3d instant, ROBERT ORR, in the 80th year of his age.

His relatives and friends, also the congregation of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 1204 Locust street to leave the house at 3 o'clock precisely, on Wednesday afternoon, the 7th instant. Funeral services at the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, Broad street, below Spruce street, at half-past 3 o'clock prec sely. Interment at the Woodlands Cemetery.

ONIMUS.—Fell asleep in Jesus on the 4th instant, GEORGE R. ONIMUS, aged 44 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the Washington Hose Company, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 615 N. Fifteenth street, below Coates, on Thursday afternoon September 8th, at 2 o'clock. To proceed to Mount Moriah Cemetery.

QUICKSALL.—Near Baltimore, Md., on the evening of Sunday, September, 4th, 1864, ELLINOR S., wife of T. M. Quicksall.

Her relatives and those of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, September 7th, at 10 A. M., from the residence of her husband, No. 2045 Chestnut street.

NINTH WARD.

ONCE MORE TO THE RESCUE!

An adjourned Meeting of the Citizens of the

NINTH WARD

INTERESTED IN AND LIABLE TO DRAFT,

Will be held at the

NATIONAL HALL,

MARKET STREET, ABOVE TWELFTH,

On THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Sept. 6, 1864, at 8 o'clock.

Are you liable to draft? If so, come promptly. Have you a friend liable to draft? If so, come, and bring your friend with you. Come prepared to subscribe liberally. Don't wait for collectors to call on you. By order of the Ninth Ward Bounty Committee:

DANIEL STEINMETZ, President.

EDWARD H. OGDEN, DAVID BAILEY, } Secretaries. 1t

BOYS' CLOTHING.

F. A. HOYT & BROTHER,

HAVE ON HAND

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

READY-MADE FINE CLOTHING

FOR

BOYS.

S. W. Cor. TENTH and CHESNUT Sts.,

se6-tuths ASSEMBLY BUILDING.

ESTATE OF ELIZA HOWARD BURD, deceased.

The Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court for the City and County of Philadelphia to audit, settle, and adjust the second and final account of Rev. H. W. DUCACHET, D.D., ELI K. PRICE, JOSEPH B. TOWNSEND, and EDWARD SHIPPEN, Esquires, Executors of the last will and testament of ELIZA HOWARD BURD, deceased, and to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountants, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on WEDNESDAY, September 14, 1864, at 12 o'clock A. M., at his office, No. 717 WALNUT Street, in the City of Philadelphia.

JOHN CLAYTON, se3-stuth3t Auditor.

I. E. WALRAVEN,

SUCCESSOR TO W. H. CARTE,

MASONIC HALL,

No. 719 CHESNUT Street.

WINDOW SHADES,

CURTAINS,

AND

MOSQUITO NETTINGS.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

A Neglected Cold may Cause Months of suffering, and often ends at last in Consumption, Bronchitis, or other Pulmonary Affection. When neglect is attended by results so dangerous, what can justify the careless indifference of "waiting for a cold to get well itself?" If those who are now troubled with Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, &c., would surely avoid the dreadful sufferings of the consumptive, let them take at once Dr D. JAYNE'S Expectorant, a remedy whose efficacy has been established for thirty years.

Prepared only by

DR. D. JAYNE & SON,

No. 242 Chestnut street.

The Florence

THE FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE,
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Electricity.—

All Acute and Chronic Diseases cured by means of the different modifications of Electricity, at the

ELECTRICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 1220 WALNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

PROF. C. H. BOLLES

Will commence,

OCTOBER 4, 1864,

A course of Lectures and full instruction for applying Galvanism, Magnetism, and other modifications of Electricity as a reliable therapeutic agent for the cure of Acute and Chronic Diseases.

AT THE INSTITUTION,

No. 1220 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Medical men and others desiring to attend the course are requested to make application early.

Fine Havana Cigars—

MESSRS. DAVIS & RICHARDS, ARCH AND TENTH, have just received a new importation of HAVANA CIGARS, of the choicest brands.

E. G. Whitman & Co.,

Manufacturers of New and Delicious Confections, Almond Paste, Chocolate Caramels, Creams La Mode de Paris, exquisitely flavored. Roasted Jordan Almonds, &c., &c No. 316 Chesnut street, below Fourth.

Steck & Co.'s Pianos.—

STECK & CO.'S MASON & HAMLIN'S PIANOS.

CABINET ORGANS. PIANOS,

STECK & CO.'S J. E. GOULD, Seventh and Chesnut streets.

OIL STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION, By GEORGE J. BOYD, Broker, au28-2m No. 18 S. THIRD Street.

U. S. NEW 7-30 LOAN. Subscriptions received, and the Notes furnished free of all charges, by GEORGE J. BOYD, Banker, au25-2m at No. 18 S. THIRD Street.

MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT LOANED upon Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Plate, Clothing, &c., at JONES & CO.'S OLD ESTABLISHED LOAN OFFICE, Corner of THIRD and GASKILL Streets, Below Lombard.

N. B.—DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, GUNS, &c., for sale at REMARKABLY LOW PRICES. se6-3m

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APpointed agents to receive subscriptions for the stock of the BRILLIANT OIL COMPANY. Par value of shares ten dollars. Two dollars per share at the time of subscription.

As soon as this Company is organized it will receive a net income of $200 per day, which amount is now realized by the present owner of the property.

For further particulars and pamphlets apply to

C. D. INVILLIERS, N. E. corner THIRD and DOCK Sts.
RICHARDS, WESCOTT & CO., se1-6t No. 17 S. THIRD Street.

REMOVAL.

J. MEIER & BROTHER,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Have removed from No. 125 N. Second street to the S. E. corner of SECOND and ARCH streets, where they have on hand a good stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS. au30-1m

Also, a splendid assortment of ready-made CLOTHING.

REMOVAL.—THOMAS M. PLOWMAN, Carpenter and Builder, has removed his shop from No. 22 Strawberry street to No. 702 CARTER Street, adjoining the old Post Office Building. Having increased facilities for carrying on the business extensively, he hopes to receive a share of public patronage. jel7

LIGHT-HOUSE COTTAGE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., NEAREST HOUSE TO THE BEACH. This well-known house is now open for the reception of Boarders. Bathing never was better. au2-1m J. WOOTTON, Proprietor.

FOR NEW ORLEANS, LA., VIA NEW YORK. The Ocean Steam Navigation Company's SPLENDID NEW STEAMSHIP "NORTH AMERICA," (1605 tons burden), CHARLES P. MARSHMAN, commander, is now receiving freight, and will sail as above on WEDNESDAY, September 7, at 9 A. M. No freight received, or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing. For freight or passage apply to A. HERON, JR. & CO., se3-3t No. 126 N. DELAWARE AVENUE.

PAINTING!—PAINTING!! No. 47 S. THIRD STREET, ABOVE CHESNUT, PHILADELPHIA. FAHY & BROTHER, House, Sign, and Ornamental Painters. Graining, Glazing, Gilding on Glass, Kalsomining, Paper Varnishing, &c. ap16-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

POSTPONEMENT!!! ON ACCOUNT OF THE WEATHER. THE GATHERING OF THE CLANS Will be POSTPONED until WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7 THE SIXTH ANNUAL GAMES Of the CALEDONIAN CLUB OF PHILADELPHIA, Will be celebrated at WASHINGTON RETREAT, On WEDNESDAY, September 7, 1864. ALL TICKETS ARE GOOD FOR THAT DAY. Cars leave Thirteenth and Cadowhill streets, at 8½, 10, 11¾, 1, 2½ and 4 o'clock. EXCURSION TICKETS, 50 CENTS. Beck's celebrated Brass and String Band has been engaged for the occasion. The members will meet in the Club Room on Monday, September 5, at 7½ o'clock. By order of the Chief. DUNCAN WRIGHT, Secretary. WILLIAM SMITH, Treasurer. se5-3t

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH ST. THEATRE.—GLORIOUS SUCCESS! FIRST COMEDY WEEK. THIRD NIGHT OF MRS. JOHN DREW. THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, September 6, 1864, SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER. Mrs Hardcastle, Mrs. John Drew. Young Marlow, Mr James Carden. After which, THE POST OF HONOR. Coles Yorke, Stuart Robson. Trudchen, Miss C. Jefferson. FRIDAY, BENEFIT OF MRS. DREW. Doors open at 7. Commence at quarter to 8. Box Office open from 10 to 2 o'clock.

GROVER'S NEW CHESNUT ST. THEATRE. THIS EVENING, The great romantic, musical, pantomimic, spectacular drama, ALADDIN, OR, THE WONDERFUL LAMP. THE LIVING FOUNTAIN OF COLORED WATERS. All the New and Magnificent Scenery, Elegant Properties, Wonderful Effects, Superb Costumes, Startling Transformations, Grand Choruses, Beautiful Music, Dances, Songs, &c., &c. Family Matinee, Saturday Afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Performance at 2½ o'clock. Admission 50 cents; Children, 25 cents.

F. & L. LADNER'S MILITARY HALL, No. 502 N. THIRD Street. Professor ENGELKE, the well known Maestro, is engaged at this popular place of resort, as the Director of a powerful Orchestra, and every evening choice selections of rare music are given to the audience gratuitously. au30-1tt

KENSINGTON HALL.—THIS POPULAR place of Entertainment, Nos. 1097 and 1099 GERMANTOWN Avenue and 101 N. SECOND street (established 30 years ago by Mr. John Lipe), has been enlarged and renovated, and now possesses attractions unexcelled by any other establishment of the kind in the city. A large and efficient Orchestra, under the direction of Prof. F. Losse, has been engaged, and a choice programme of Vocal and Instrumental Music will be produced each evening, free of expense to the audience. The Concert Room is large, airy, and commodious, the refreshments superior, and the attendants polite and accommodating. au29-1m HENRY HORNUNG, Proprietor.

FREE CONCERT SALOON. The subscriber has opened the large and commodious SALOON, with extensive SUMMER GARDEN, attached, N. E. CORNER OF FRANKLIN STREET AND GIRARD AVENUE, and has engaged a full Orchestra, under the leadership of PROFESSOR A. HENTZEL, who will nightly perform a choice programme of National and other airs. As a pleasant place to pass an evening free of charge, the proprietor is determined his establishment shall not be surpassed. au25-1m CHRISTIAN RENTSCHLER.

DELIGHTFUL EXCURSIONS ON THE RIVER SCHUYLKILL. The steamer GENERAL HOOKER, now running from Fairmount to the Falls of Schuylkill, will leave Fairmount as follows, viz:—

At 8·40 A. M.	At 12·40 P. M.
10·00 "	2·00 "
11·20 "	3·20 "

Fare.—15 cents to Falls of Schuylkill, 10 cents to Columbia Bridge, Belmont, and Laurel Hill. Boat leaves Falls of Schuylkill

At 9·20 A. M.	At 1·20 P. M.
10·40 "	2·40 "
12 M.	se5-3t

RETAIL DRY GOODS.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF SILKS, POPLINS, MERINOES, &c.

TWO CASES COLORED OTTOMAN SILKS.

NEW STYLE FANCY SILKS.

COLORED CORDED SILKS.

SPLENDID QUALITY PLAIN SILKS.

RICH MOIRE ANTIQUES.

VERY HEAVY BLACK SILKS,

BLACK SILKS OF ALL KINDS.

One case of Plaid Irish Poplins, $3·50.
One case of Plain Irish Poplins, $3·50.
One case of magnificent quality French Poplins.
One case of splendid quality German Poplins.
One case of Bast De Laines, magnificent Plaids.
One case of new style Corded Poplins.
One case of new style Stripe Poplins.
One case of plain All-wool Poplins.
Two cases of All-wool Plaids.
One case of Merino Plaids.
Five cases of Merinoes.
One case of Figured Reps.

MAGNIFICENT ROBES DE CHAMBRE.

The above all to be opened THIS MORNING, and for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at a small advance over Cost.

EDWIN HALL & CO., se6-1stm 3t No. 26 S. SECOND STREET.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE. 300 BALES AND 61 BAGS COTTON. SAMUEL C. COOK, AUCTIONEER. By virtue of a writ of sale, by the Hon. John Cadwalader, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at No. 144 N. FRONT STREET, BELOW RACE, On MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1864, AT 12 O'CLOCK, 300 Bales and 61 Bags Cotton, Being Cargo of vessel unknown. Catalogues now ready. WILLIAM MILLWARD, se6-5t U. S. MARSHAL, E. D. of PENN'A.

EXTRA LARGE NEW HERRING. 100 barrels prime large new shore Herring. Now landing from the steamer "Saxon." 952 barrels same. To arrive by the schooner "M. M. Freeman," And for sale by KENNEDY, STAIRS & CO., 1t* No. 130 and 132 N. WHARVES.

NEW NO. 1 MACKEREL. 500 barrels, 500 halves, 500 quarters, 1000 kits new No. 1 Mackerel. Now landing from steamer "Saxon," and schooners "Clara," and "Abbot Lawrence." For sale by KENNEDY, STAIRS & CO., 1t* No. 130 and 132 N. WHARVES.

WAR CLAIMS, BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, PAY, and all description of claims against the United States Government adjusted and collected. PRIZE MONEY—We have a full list of prizes now payable, and the money can be collected at once. Apply or write to GEORGE CRAGG & BROTHER, Army and Navy Claim Agents, au17-1m* No. 402 WALNUT Street.

NEW BOOKS AT REDUCED PRICES!

DOWN IN TENNESSEE, by Knox	$1·25
SCHONBERG COTTA FAMILY	1·50
EARLY DAWN, by same author	1·50
ENOCH ARDEN, by Tennyson	1·00
QUEEN, a very interesting novel	1·25
JOHN GUILDERSTRING'S WIFE	1·25
NOT DEAD YET, by Jeaffreson	1·00
DRAMATIS PERSONÆ, by Browning	1·25
LES MISERABLES, complete	80

All the 50 cent Novels for 40 cents.
" 75 " " 60 "
" 87½ " " 70 "
" $1·00 " " 80 "

PITCHER'S Cheap Book, Album, Picture and Frame Store, au1-3t No. 808 CHESNUT Street.

MADAME DEMOREST'S FASHION BOOK, FALL NUMBER JUST RECEIVED BY G. W. PITCHER, au5-3t No. 808 CHESNUT Street.

"CAMPAIGN DIAL." The DAILY issue of this paper will commence on THURSDAY NEXT, 8th INST. Woman's service will be performed in the loyal cause of LINCOLN & JOHNSON. Subscriptions for the entire campaign, or any portion of it, will be $2·00. Single Copies, 5 Cents. Back numbers cannot be supplied, hence the necessity of subscribing at once. S. F. COHEN, Publisher, OFFICE, No. 108 S. THIRD STREET, se2-6t Third Floor.

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