Evening Telegraph

A DAILY AFTERNOON NEWSPAPER.

OFFICE No. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

Price Three Cents Per Copy, or Eighteen Cents Per Week, payable to the Carrier, and mailed to Subscribers out of the City at Nine Dollars Per Annum; One Dollar and Fifty Cents for Two Months, invariably in advance for the period ordered.

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. A liberal arrangement made for extensive insertions.

To Correspondents.

No notice can be taken of Anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee for his good faith. We cannot undertake to return rejected Communications.

To Advertisers.

Owing to the great increase in the Circulation of The Evening Telegraph, compelling us to go to press at an early hour, we respectfully request that advertisements may be handed in as soon as 10 o'clock, if possible, to secure them an insertion in all of our editions

MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1864.

THE IMPENDING CRISIS.

The history of the national arms during the last few months is a history of uninterrupted success. The enemy have been defeated everywhere, with serious loss of men and material. The drain on his resources in these late reverses must have proved disastrous in the extreme, and the fact of his failing strength is signally manifested in the unusual feebleness with which the assaults of the Federal columns are met and resisted.

Hood has been driven from his powerfully intrenched position at Atlanta, and has since made no attempt to recover it. He probably feels the utter desperation of his situation, and prudently abstains from renewing a contest in which he has been fairly overcome, and probably completely disabled and demoralized. The State of Georgia, in the meanwhile, appears to have lost both faith and heart in the Rebellion; and if report from that quarter is to be believed, her authorities and people are anxious to get out of the scrape as speedily as possible. Her proposition, however, to secede from the seceders, and set up for herself as an independent commonwealth, is simply preposterous, since it requests the National Government to concede to one State a right which it denies to several collectively. The only possible way in which Georgia can extricate herself from her complicity in the Rebellion is to lay down her arms unconditionally, and petition to be readmitted into the Union. There is no middle course for her to pursue, and the sooner she makes up her mind to that, the sooner she will escape a worse fate than she has yet suffered.

The coils of an inevitable doom are also fast closing around Richmond. SHERIDAN'S victorious army has pushed the routed and flying forces of EARLY almost to the very gates of the Rebel capital, and GRANT is driving, right and left, over all impediments and opposition, smack up to the very innermost defenses of that devoted citadel. Every hour's news is now pregnant with momentous tidings; and the public hope, standing a-tiptoe for the crowning triumph of the war, expects with every successive despatch to learn that the central stronghold of treason has fallen before the power and persistence of our arms, and that JEFFERSON DAVIS and his Cabinet are seeking precipitate escape from the just retribution due their enormous crimes.

With Richmond taken, the "Old Dominion" will be relieved from the horrible suffering and desolation to which it has so long been subjected, as the main theatre of a strife which was initiated on her soil by men who were traitors alike to her peace and integrity, and the peace and unity of the nation. Well may her sorely afflicted people rejoice at their deliverance. As Virginia, the mother of statesmen and patriots, should have been the last State in the Union to depart from the Federal fold, so should she be the first of her "erring sisters" to come voluntarily back to it. She had little to gain and very much to lose by her participation in the Rebellion, and those who seduced her from her allegiance have made her pay dearly for her apostasy.

The war, however, may go on even after Richmond falls. We must not flatter ourselves with the idea that the life of the Rebel cause is bound up in the fate of that city, and that the conquest of one is the conquest of the other. But we will make no mistake in assuming that the loss of the Confederate capital will prove, morally and physically, a fatal blow to the insurgents; and that while they may, in very desperation, make further resistance to the decisive discomfiture that must ultimately overtake them, their subsequent efforts will be but the weak and convulsive struggles of a malignant pride, which will, while it may, postpone a doom which it knows and feels is inevitable. Hence, in rejoicing over victories won and impending, let us not relax our efforts, but press on with ever-increasing vigor and resolution to the glorious consummation that awaits the national cause.

THE QUESTION OF TOIL.

Thinking men of all nations and political creeds will agree that in the natural progress of events, the resources of every portion of this varied world will be cultivated and developed. However we may differ in regard to systems to be pursued for this end, we are confident that in the recognized march of mankind it must ultimately be achieved. The violent enthusiast or the ambitious partisan may be permitted to thunder in favor of this method or the other; and one country, wise in its own conceit, may be allowed the poor pleasure of denouncing another for its adoption of peculiar institutions.

But those who desire to be correct rather than glitteringly superficial, in their philosophy of our race and the development of the world's treasures, should calmly survey things as they are, and from the signs of the times endeavor to discover the solution of the mighty problem. In our judgment, much of the momentous secret is wrapped up in the much agitated question of labor; for it is admitted that it is only by the vigorous arm, guided by the skillful brain, that the hills can be plundered of their golden wealth, the forests rendered tributary to our wants and luxuries, and the yellow harvests of the plain gathered for our granaries.

There are abundant evidences in the present state of affairs in both hemispheres, that a grand crisis in the history of mankind rapidly approaches. The great commercial nations, who have carried civilization to the highest point, and developed their resources with a marvellous science and energy—who have sent their trading vessels to nearly every accessible portion of the globe, have at length come into collision with those semi-barbarous people who have hitherto excluded themselves from intimate intercourse with the rest of their fellow-creatures—with others who have lived in lands teeming with wealth, in the most savage condition known to us, without attempting to make use of the [illegible] the bounty of Heaven has sowed [illegible] them—and with others content to [illegible] lives in dreamy indolence and [illegible]ving their wants with the spontaneous yielding of a prolific soil, while they have at their hands the material for magnificent empires. The barriers of China and Japan have been compelled to give way before the energy and enterprise of the Anglo-Saxon race.

In Australia, in the rich islands of the Eastern Archipelago, and almost throughout the long secluded islands of Oceanica, the same power has met in conflict with barbarous tribes of men. Old Africa, the quarter portion of which has for centuries been a *terra incognita* to civilized nations, has been penetrated far towards its central regions; and here also we find a collision between the enlightened and the barbarous, the strong and the weak, gradually developing itself.

In our own hemisphere the same influences are at work, the great agent of progress being the young, but energetic and enterprising Republic of the United States. In some of the richest and most valuable portions of the continent, hitherto permitted to remain in the hands of nations and tribes utterly incapable of accomplishing their development, we have already felt the shock of a conflict. As to the result, there can be no doubt. The ignorant, indolent, and barbarous must succumb; and then will arise the question with these conquering powers of the North, with what system of labor shall these vast, and beautiful, and wealthy regions, which lie chiefly under the burning sun of the Tropics, be cultivated, and rendered fit haunts for civilization and subservient to the interests of the world's commerce?

FOREIGN JOTTINGS.

—Prince Humbert, of Italy, is now in England. During his stay he resides with the Marquis d'Azeglio, the Italian minister in London.

—According to official documents there were, last year, 13,147 assaults on women committed in England and Wales, for which the parties were charged before the magistrates.

—The journals of Moravia state that the Government of that province has decided that widows who pay taxes have a right to vote in municipal elections.

—Lord de Grey has issued advertisements requesting gunmakers to communicate with him on the best means of converting the Enfield into a breech-loader, the expense not to exceed £1 a gun.

—An important musical festival has recently taken place at Antwerp. The programme included selections of both modern and classical music, and some new works by Belgian composers.

—A new operetta by Balfe, called *The Sleeping Queen*, has been produced in London. The music includes a very pretty serenade, "The Noontide Dream," and an admired trio and quartet.

—A letter from Vienna announces the betrothal of the Princess Sophia, the only unmarried daughter of the King of Saxony, to the Duke Charles Theodore, the brother of the Empress Elizabeth of Austria.

—The submarine cable between Otranto and Valona has been completed. The previous attempt in February last was unsuccessful, on account of severe gales, which drove the vessel out of her course, and caused the end of the cable to be lost.

—Count Moritz Dietrichstein has lately died in his ninetieth year. He was a native of Vienna, and has been head of the Austrian imperial theatres and opera-houses. In his younger days he was a music pupil of the Abbe Vogler, the Master of Meyerbeer and Von Weber.

—The new hospital alluded to in the previous paragraph will be erected a little north of the Cathedral of Notre Dame, and will contain eight hundred beds, arranged in wards accommodating each thirty-six beds. The whole cost for ground and building will be something over sixteen millions of francs.

—A young lady was bathing lately at Tynemouth, England, and persisted in venturing out too far. She would not regard the remonstrances of the keeper of the bathing machine, who finally, to save her life, rode out in the water on horseback, and pursuing the lady, threatened to horsewhip her unless she returned at once. She beat a retreat, and declared she would never again patronize this zealous keeper of bathing machines.

—M. de Persigny lately made a speech at the Conseils Generaux of France, in which he told his astounded hearers that Napoleon III was the founder of political liberty in France, that the political institutions of England were not adapted for France, as authority and liberty could not there be entrusted to a class, and that before the liberty of the press could be a benefit, "a new, vigorous, and independent generation must arise to replace minds enervated by revolutions."

—Scurvy is still a prevalent disease among British sailors. In the Royal navy it may be said to be extinct, but in the merchant service many owners are too mean to allow a sufficiency either of lime-juice or vegetables, and "of the men received into the Sailors' Home, London, about half are suffering from scurvy, and of these perhaps a twentieth part are seriously diseased." The Liverpool ships are peculiarly afflicted with this disease.

—An official report on the cottage dietaries of Great Britain states that a man wants on an average 28,600 grains of carbon and 1330 grains of nitrogen per diem. Only one class of operatives get enough nitrogen, and as to carbon, a fifth of all agricultural laborers have too little, while it is probable that among the women the proportion is much greater. In Berkshire, Somersetshire, and Oxfordshire, the people have not enough of either kind. Yet the lords of the land on which these people live are the richest and happiest class which ever existed in history, most of them having incomes of over $50,000 a year.

—The Emperor of the French recently caused the works on the new opera-house to be suspended in favor of those on a new hospital. The storekeepers in the vicinity of the half-built opera house have offered to advance the money necessary for the prompt finishing of the latter edifice, leaving its reimbursement to the convenience of the Government. They declared that their commerce will be ruined if the works are not carried on. The Emperor, however, did not give a favorable reply, deeming it beneath the dignity of the State to accept offers of money from private individuals.

—The authorized capital of all the railways in England, Scotland, and Ireland, up to December 31st last, amounts to the sum of £474,999,445; and of this total as much as £404,215,802 has actually been paid up as capital, inclusive of debenture loans outstanding at that date. That is to say, in less than thirty years a sum very nearly equal to one-half of the national debt of England has been invested in that country in earthworks, rails, rolling-stock, and the other constituent elements of the vast aggregate known as railway property. The average net profit of the British railways is only four per cent.

—The Paris *Revue des Deux Mondes* says that an English missionary in Madagascar talks as follows in his efforts to discredit the French missionaries: —"My good friends," said he lately to his Madagascan hearers, "properly speaking, there are only two religions—the English and the French. But, you will say, which is the best? The English one—and for a very simple reason—because Jesus Christ was born in England. There He lived, there He preached, and founded His Church. Many times the French wanted to get Him among them; but He never would go to Paris, preferring to stay in London. Now you know why our religion is the best."

—Organists receive more appreciative attention abroad than here. In the largest church in Newcastle, England, the great east window is a "memorial" erected to the memory of a deceased organist; and lately a Miss Burgiss, organist of St. John's, Eton, for thirteen years, was presented by the Choral Association with a silver cream jug on the occasion of her marriage. Miss Burgiss was also presented with testimonials by several members of the congregation of St. John's. The band of the Windsor volunteers serenaded on the eve of the wedding, and her brother, Mr. F. Burgiss, was appointed organist of St. John's in her stead.

Married.

JONES—GLASCO.—September 29th, 1864, by Rev. D. L. Patterson, at the parsonage of Siloam M. E. Church, No. 1305 Marlboro street, Mr. THOMAS C. JONES to Miss EMILY R. GLASCO, both of Wilmington, Del.

Died.

GLADING.—On the 30th ult., GEORGE GLADING, in the 81st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 425 Vine street, on Wednesday afternoon, 5th inst., at 2 o'clock.

BUHN.—On the 2d inst., GEORGE BUHN, M. D., A. A. Surgeon Camp William Penn, in the 35th year of his age.

MORRIS.—October 1st, WILLIE R., youngest son of William E. and Mary N. Morris

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at 4 o'clock, Tuesday afternoon, October 4th, at the corner of Main street and Walnut lane, Germantown. Interment to be in the grounds of St. Luke's Church, Germantown.

SIMPSON.—Suddenly, on the evening of the 1st inst., of apoplexy, THOMAS F. SIMPSON.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 1120 Germantown avenue, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

WRIGHT.—October 1st, Miss MARY JANE WRIGHT, only daughter of the late Hugh and Mary Jane Wright, in the 23d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her uncle, W. Fassnicht, No. 1120 Germantown avenue, above Second street, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

I. B. WALRAVEN,

SUCCESSOR TO W. H. CARRYL,

MASONIC HALL,

No. 719 CHESNUT Street,

Has now Open his

FALL STOCK

OF

CURTAIN MATERIALS,

Consisting of

French Satins,
Rich Brocatelles,
Cretonne, Reversible,
Plain and Bordered Terry,
Union and All-Wool Damasks,
French Satin de Lisles,
English and German Damasks,
French Printed Lastings,
Cornice and Bands,

And every description of CURTAIN MATERIALS.

WINDOW SHADES

Of the newest Colors and Patterns.

LACE CURTAINS

One-third less than the present cost of Importation.

WALRAVEN'S (late CARRYL'S),

No. 719 CHESNUT STREET.

COURTNEY & WILLITTS,

Nos. 14 and 16 S. SEVENTH Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Manufacturers of

BEAUTIFUL

COTTAGE FURNITURE,

And the only reliable made in this city.

Also, Dining-room Furniture and Bedding, constantly on hand. 9-19-mths-2m

"THE EUREKA OIL COMPANY OF WEST VIRGINIA."

Capital, $1,000,000, divided into 100,000 shares at $10 per share. Subscription price, $1·50 per share

This Company own a tract of the most valuable land and leases in the Kanawha Valley, situate on Horse Neck and Campbell's Run branches of Bull creek, and within five miles of the Ohio river.

On Horse Neck the company own one well, which is now pumping twenty-three barrels of oil per day. This well is only three hundred and twenty-seven feet deep. The Superintendent is now preparing to bore to the depth of the other wells surrounding us, which are producing from one hundred to one hundred and sixty barrels of oil per day, when we are satisfied we can produce a like amount.

There is another well at Horse Neck, now bored two hundred and sixty-five feet, with about thirty feet of oil in the well. The land on which this well is located is on a perpetual lease. The Bull Creek Company own a one-third interest, our company have the balance of two-thirds. At Campbell's run, the company own in fee a tract of thirty-three acres, considered by geologists and mining engineers the best oil territory in the State. The great Tack well, flowing five hundred barrels, adjoins this property.

Books of subscription are now open at the Company's Office, Room No. 28, Merchants' Exchange.

A limited number of shares only will be sold.

JOHN J. KROMER, Treasurer.

From the "Pittsburg Daily Post" of September 9, 1864.

"OIL STRIKE.—The 'Wheeling Intelligencer' says:—We learn from a gentleman who arrived yesterday from Pleasant county that on Monday the Burton Oil Company struck a well on Horse Neck, in that county, which will yield a thousand barrels of oil per day. There is great excitement on the subject in that vicinity, and the oil fever is prevailing to a fearful extent."

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Raspberry Catawba Sparkling

WINE;

A MOST DELICIOUS DRINK.

TRY IT,

for sale by

DAVIS & RICHARDS,

ASCH AND NINTH STREETS.

Pianos! Pianos!

STEIN & CO'S — PIANOS.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS. MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS.

DECKER BROS — PIANOS.

J. E. GOULD,

Seventh and Chesnut streets.

EDUCATIONAL.

CRITTENDEN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, No. 637 CHESNUT Street, corner of Seventh. Established 1848. Incorporated 1855.

Young men prepared for the Counting-house and business life.

Thorough and practical instruction in

BOOK-KEEPING,

in all its branches, as practised by the best accountants and business men.

PENMANSHIP.

Plain and ornamental, is taught by one of the most competent of penmen.

Commercial Calculations,
Business Forms,
Commercial Law,
Detecting Counterfeit Notes, &c.

TELEGRAPHING,

By sound and on paper, taught in a thorough and practical manner by a long-experienced operator.

STUDENTS INSTRUCTED SEPARATELY,

And at any time.

Evening sessions after September 15th.

CATALOGUES,

Containing terms, students' names (471 last year), &c., furnished gratis on application.

S. H. CRITTENDEN & CO.

s9-1m No. 637 CHESNUT Street.

SIGNOR N. PERELLI

Having returned from Europe, has resumed his LESSONS IN SINGING,

s28-thstu1m No. 1228 CHESNUT STREET.

BALLAD SINGING.—MR. BISHOP WILL resume business OCTOBER 3, at No. 1602 FILBERT Street. 1t*

RUN NO RISK!!! RUN NO RISK!!!

We refund the money, if desired, for every lot of Shirts which fail in any respect.

FINE SHIRTS, FINE SHIRTS,

CUT UNIFORMLY OF MUSLIN.

Made of New York Mills Muslin, and very fine Linen Bosoms. Only $1·75. Usual price $2.

Williamsville Mills Muslin, and fine Linen Bosoms. Only $1·50. Usual price $2·00.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

SMITH & JAYNES,

s-2-6m No. 1228 CHESNUT Street.

628 HOOP SKIRTS 628

Manufactory, No. 628 ARCH Street,
Above Sixth street,
Philadelphia

Wholesale and Retail.

The most complete assortment of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Hoop Skirts in the city, in every respect first-class, which for style, finish, durability, and cheapness, have to equal in the market.

Skirts made to order, altered, and repaired.

f-4-1y WM. T. HOPKINS.

DEPOT FOR

UNITED STATES REVENUE

AND

POSTAGE STAMPS,

FOR THE MIDDLE AND WESTERN STATES,

No. 304 CHESNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

United States Postage Stamps sold wholesale and retail. Two per cent. discount allowed on all sales from Five to Twenty Dollars; Three per cent. on Twenty Dollars and upwards.

All orders should be sent to

JESPER HARDING,

Collector of First District,

9-14 No. 304 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

BRIDESBURG MACHINE WORKS,

OFFICE,

No. 65 N. FRONT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

We are prepared to fill orders to any extent for our well-known

MACHINERY FOR COTTON AND WOOLEN MILLS,

Including all recent improvements in Carding, Spinning, and Weaving.

We invite the attention of manufacturers to our extensive stock.

1-1y ALFRED JENKS & SON.

REMOVAL.—THOMAS M. PLOWMAN, Carpenter and Builder, has removed his shop from No. 22 Strawberry street to No. 222 CARTER Street, adjoining the old Post Office Building. Having increased facilities for carrying on the business extensively, he hopes to receive a share of public patronage. j27

CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS AND Window Shades, from New York Auction sales, (slightly wet, Stockinet Brussels, ¾ wide, $1·25, $1·37½, $1·50 and $1·75; Imitation Brussels, (painted,) ¾ wide, 70, 80 and 90 cents; 5-4, 9-4 and 12-4 at proportionate prices; Imperial Carpets, $1·37 to $1·75 per yard; Ingrain, from 50 cents to $1·12½; Venetian, Rag, and Hemp, from 37½ to 75 cents per yard; Mattings, the largest assortment ever offered in Philadelphia, from 37½ to 75 cents a yard, at the New York Auction Sales Depot, (formerly Stockhower's) No. 247 S. SECOND Street, first door above Walnut, opposite Corn Exchange. s28 1y*-3m

WINDOW SHADES

No. 723 CHESNUT STREET. NOTTINGHAM AND SWISS LACES, New Styles.

WINDOW SHADES, NEW STYLES, NEW COLORS, AT THE MANUFACTURERS. No. 723 CHESNUT STREET. KELTY, CARRINGTON & CO.

No. 723 CHESNUT STREET. PIANO COVERS, LARGEST STOCK IN THE CITY, AT LOW PRICES.

LACE CURTAINS

LADIES' FANCY FURS.

JOHN FAREIRA,

No. 718 ARCH STREET,

ABOVE SEVENTH,

AT HIS OLD ESTABLISHED STORE,

Importer and Manufacturer of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

FANCY FURS.

My assortment of FANCY FURS for Ladies and Children is now complete, embracing

EVERY VARIETY THAT WILL BE WORN DURING THE COMING SEASON.

Remember the name and number,

JOHN FAREIRA,

No. 718 ARCH STREET,

Above Seventh.

I HAVE NO PARTNER OR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN THE CITY. 9-26-6m

TEMPLE OF FASHION.

Small Profits. Quick Sales.

HATS AND CAPS. NEWEST STYLES.

Lowest Prices in the city.

BOURNE,

s29-6mw-3m No. 40 N. SIXTH STREET.

WANTS.

CITY POINT, VIRGINIA,

August 7, 1864.

OFFICE DEPOT OF REPAIRS, ARMIES OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND.

WANTED,

300 Teamsters,

50 Wheelwrights, and

50 Blacksmiths,

Who will receive the highest rates of Government pay, rations, and medical attendance.

Transportation furnished by applying at

No. 221 PENNSYLVANIA Avenue, Washington, D. C.

E. J. STRANG,

CAPTAIN, A. Q. M.

JAMES M. KELLY,

9-12 1m QUARTERMASTER'S AGENT.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON—

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, Nos. 501, 503, and 505 FOURTEENTH STREET, Near New York avenue. WASHINGTON, September 29, 1864.

CARPENTERS WANTED.—Wanted immediately, fifty good carpenters for Fort Lookout, Md. Wages $2·50 a month, and a ration. Each workman will bring his own kit of tools. Transportation will be furnished by the Government, for the workmen and their tools, from this city to Point Lookout.

JOHN A. EGBERT,

Colonel and Chief Quartermaster,

10-1-6t Depot of Washington.

TINNERS WANTED.—

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, DEPOT OF WASHINGTON, WASHINGTON, D. C., September 21, 1864.

WANTED, AT ONCE—At the Government Workshops, corner of NINETEENTH and FRANKLIN, TWENTY GOOD TINSMITHS, to men who understand the manufacture and repairing of Sheet-Iron Stoves.

Wages Seventy dollars per month, with a ration. Also, privilege of hospital when sick.

Application to be made to Captain JAMES M. MOORE, A. Q. M., U. S. A., No. 131 F Street.

D. H. RUCKER,

Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster,

9-23-10t Depot of Washington.

ESTATE OF ANDREW COMSTOCK, M. D., deceased.

Letters Testamentary upon the estate of ANDREW COMSTOCK, M. D., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, without delay, to J. SMITH HARRIS, Executor, No. 121 S. FOURTH Street. Or to his Attorney, DAVID M. HAMBLETON, No. 51 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia. 9-15-6t

DISSOLUTION.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of SAMUEL N. DAVIES & SON, is this day dissolved. The business will be settled by the undersigned, at No. 225 DOCK Street.

CHAS. E. DAVIES, Surviving Partner.

Philadelphia, September 30, 1864.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm of DAVIES BROTHERS, for the transaction of a general Banking and Brokerage Business, at No. 225 DOCK Street.

CHARLES E. DAVIES,

PETER A. DAVIES.

Philadelphia, October 1, 1864.

U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness, Quartermaster's Vouchers and Checks, and Government Securities generally, bought and sold. 10-1-1m

Reserve Paper and loans on Collaterals negotiated. Stocks and Loans bought and sold on Commission.

SHERMAN OIL COMPANY.—OFFICE No. 524 WALNUT STREET, Room No. 2.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000.

100,000 SHARES. $10 PAR VALUE.

This Company own, in fee simple, the Richardson Farm, containing one hundred and thirty-nine (139) acres on Oil Creek; also one-twenty-third of all the oil produced on the Titus lease on the Story Farm; one-third of all the oil produced on the Gillespie tract, Wild Cat Hollow; and the land interest in the Swamp Angel Well; and lease on the George Washington McClintock Farm.

The income of the Company is now about two hundred ($200) dollars per day, which will pay a good dividend on the subscription price, with a sure prospect of a large increase.

Subscription books are now open at the Office of the Company.

H. C. CORFIELD,

10-3-4t* Secretary.

OIL STOCKS

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,

By GEORGE J. BOYD,

Broker,

s28-2m No. 18 S. THIRD Street.

FURLOUGHS—FURLOUGHS.

FURLOUGHS—FURLOUGHS.

FURLOUGHS—FURLOUGHS.

Officers and soldiers visiting the city on furloughs, needing SWORDS AND OTHER MILITARY EQUIPMENTS, SWORDS AND OTHER MILITARY EQUIPMENTS,

Are invited to the extensive

MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT

MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT

OF

GEORGE W. SIMONS & BROTHER,

GEORGE W. SIMONS & BROTHER,

RANSOM STREET HALL,

RANSOM STREET HALL,

RANSOM Street, above Sixth Street.

PRESENTATION SWORDS

PRESENTATION SWORDS

Made to order at the shortest notice, which for richness and magnificence challenge competition, no other house in the country combining the MANUFACTURING JEWELER WITH THE PRACTICAL SWORD MAKER. s26

AMUSEMENTS.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH ST. THEATRE.

VESTVALI—DEL DEMONIO!

First Night of the great Lyric Artist,

VESTVALI,

MONDAY, AND EVERY EVENING,

With new Scenery, Costumes, &c.,

Being our Sensational Drama of

DEL DEMONIO.

ADELO.....VESTVALI.

"CYOUARE THE STAR" and "BRAVE MARIO."

For particulars of Scenery, Incidents, &c., see bills.

SEATS SECURED THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.

NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.—LEONARD GROVER & WILLIAM L. SINN, Lessees and Managers.

THIS (Monday) EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1864,

First appearance here of the

WARREN-DEMPSTER COMBINATION,

consisting of Mr. WARREN, Mr. THOS. BARRON, Miss JOSIE EVON, and Mrs. EMILY DEMPSTER.

They will appear this evening in TWO BRILLIANT COMEDIES, supported by the EXCELLENT STOCK COMPANY of this Theatre.

The performance will commence with the fine old standard Comedy, in five acts, entitled

LAW AND LOVE.

Doctor Longhaven.....Mr. Wm. Warren.
Jack Dowlas.....Mr. Chas. Barron.
Charles Honeyman.....Mr. Jos. Oakes.
Lady Dowlas.....Mrs. Emily Dempster.

After which the laughable farce of

DUNDREARY'S TRICKS.

Peter Dundreary (an old bachelor).....Wm. Warren.
Lucius.....Mr. Chas. Barron.
Mary Anne.....Miss Josie Evon.

Matinee Family Matinee SATURDAY AFTERNOON, October 8, when the SEA OF ICE, OR, A MOTHER'S PRAYER, will be presented by special request, at reduced prices.

CHESNUT STREET OPERA HOUSE.—No. 1:11 CHESNUT Street.

ALLISON & LINTON.....Proprietors.

MORAN'S MINSTRELS

in an elegant

MUSICAL PERFORMANCE

EVERY EVENING.

Commencing at 8 o'clock precisely.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Box Office open from 10 to 2. 10-1-6t

MUSICAL FUND HALL—

A CARD.—Owing to the great success of the two Concerts given by the Associated Artists of the Italian Opera, Comprising—

Mme. LORINI WHITING, Signor STEFANI,
Signor TESTA, Signor AMODIO,
Musical Director and Conductor.....Mr. S. SEBASTI

And in order to comply with the requests of several distinguished ladies and numerous citizens, the Manager has concluded to give a positively

THE LAST GRAND CONCERT

ON MONDAY EVENING, October 3, 1864,

When an entirely new and exceedingly brilliant programme will be performed.

Admission, 50 c. Reserved Seats, 50c. extra. Reserved seats can be obtained at J. E. GOULD'S Music Store, SEVENTH and CHESNUT streets, commencing Saturday, October 1, at 9 A. M.

Doors open at 7½. Concert commences at 8. 9-30-3t

CHRIST REJECTED,

The great and celebrated picture by West, the chef d'œuvre of the artist,

IS NOW ON EXHIBITION

AT THE ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS,

No. 1025 CHESNUT STREET,

In addition to the ESTIBIT, Art Collection of the Academy. Admittance, 25 cents; Season Tickets, 50 cents. 9-19 1m*

THE GRAND BILLIARD TOURNAMENT for the Championship of the State of Pennsylvania will commence at SANSOM STREET HALL, on MONDAY, October 3, 1864, and terminate MONDAY, October 10, 1864.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING EXHIBITIONS.

Play to commence at 2 P. M. and 8 P. M.

Each game is to be 500 points, Carroms.

PUSH SHOTS DEBARRED.

The following names are the Competitors for the Championship and Prizes:—E. H. Helms, E. J. Plunkett, H. W. Hewes, C. Bird, J. Palmer, J. W. Montgomery, R. T. Ryall, Victor Estephe, Messrs. Kavanagh, Phelan, Goldthwait, Foster, and other prominent players are expected to be present.

Single Admission, 50 cents.

Season Tickets secured seats, $3

To be had at the principal Billiard Rooms and Hotels.

R. T. RYALL, J. W. MONTGOMERY, and VICTOR ESTEPHE, Committee of Arrangements. 9-26-6t*

NOW READY,

COAL AT $7·50 PER TON

THE CONSUMERS' MUTUAL COAL COMPANY

Are Now Delivering Coal

from their Oakland Colliery, on the celebrated Skidmore and Mammoth Veins, at the following rates:—

To Subscribers, per ton.....$7·50
To Non-Subscribers, per ton.....12·00

Thus saving $4·50 per ton to Stockholders. Besides this saving, there will be a dividend annually on the stock, in all probability, of at least SIX DOLLARS PER SHARE, so that after the first year, Stockholders will not only get their Coal for nothing, but will also probably receive a small dividend on their Stock. The lease runs, at the present low royalty, for Sixteen Years. The ten dollars per share paid now is for the whole term of the lease.

The present capacity of the Mine is 50,000 tons per year, or one ton per share. This will soon be increased to 100,000 tons, which will give the Company 100,000 tons to sell to outsiders at the highest market prices, THE PROFITS FROM WHICH WILL BE DIVIDED AMONG THE STOCKHOLDERS.

Subscriptions to the Stock (which may still be made at $10 per share) will be received at the office of the Company, No. 5½ S. SIXTH Street, second story.

President,

JAMES LYND.

Directors,

JAMES LYND, No. 5½ S. Sixth street.
EDWARD E. JONES, No. 631 Arch street.
HENRY S. PAUL, No. 619 Walnut street.
P. F. CLAYTON, No. 135 N. Third street.
THOMAS B. GARSED, No. 106 Chesnut street. 10-1tf

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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Together with a full assortment of

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DOCK STREET WHARF,

PHILADELPHIA.

EDMUND A. SOUDER,
ARCHIBALD GETTY,
STEPHEN P. SOUDER,

9-24-tf

MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT LOANED upon Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Plate, Clothing, &c., at

JONES & CO'S

OLD ESTABLISHED LOAN OFFICE,

Corner of THIRD and GASKILL Streets,

Below Lombard.

N. B.—DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, GUNS &c., for sale at

REMARKABLY LOW PRICES. 8-6-3m

TO SHIP CAPTAINS AND OWNERS.—The undersigned having leased the KENSINGTON SCREW DOCK, begs to inform his friends and the patrons of the Dock, that he is prepared with increased facilities to accommodate those having vessels to be raised or repaired, and being a practical ship-carpenter and caulker, will give personal attention to all vessels entrusted to him for repairs.

Captains or Agents, Ship-Carpenters, and Mechanics having vessels to repair, are solicited to call.

Having the agency for the sale of "Waterproofs" Patent Metallic Composition," or Copper Paint, for the preservation of vessels' bottoms, for this city, I am prepared to furnish the same on favorable terms.

JOHN H. HAMMITT,

m11-tf Kensington Screw Dock,

Delaware avenue, above Laurel street.

PATENTED JULY 19, 1864.—JOSEPH MOTTET, Elève de Paris, French Steam Dyeing and Scouring on any kind of wearing apparel, for Ladies, Gents, and Children. Patent apparatus for stretching pants from one to five inches. No. 706 RACE Street, Branch, No. 209 S. NINTH Street, Philadelphia. s29-3m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GRAND GATHERING OF

PATRIOTS.

NO NORTH, NO SOUTH, ONE COUNTRY.

The Stars and Stripes for All the Land.

MAINE,
VERMONT,
MOBILE,
ATLANTA,
SHENANDOAH.

All friends of

LINCOLN AND JOHNSON;

All girls and Veterans who have fought for our

GLORIOUS UNION;

All who love and honor our

BRAVE SOLDIERS;

All who are determined that the

MAJORITY SHALL RULE;

All who would rejoicing at a honorable peace, with

GRANT,
SHERMAN,
SHERIDAN, and
FARRAGUT

As Peace Commissioners, all who hate

TRAISON,

And would

PUNISH TRAITORS;

All who rejoice when our Armies

ARE VICTORIOUS;

All who revere our

PATRIOTIC FOREFATHERS,

And still cherish their principles; all who are grateful for the blessings transmitted to us by the

HEROES OF '76;

All who would preserve these blessings for their children;

ALL AMERICANS, NATIVE AND ADOPTED,

Are requested to meet at

INDEPENDENCE SQUARE,

On SATURDAY EVENING, October 8, 1864,

To testify their devotion to the

CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION,

Which armed traitors in some States, and unarmed sympathizers in others, are trying to overthrow.

LET THE WHOLE PEOPLE COME,

And with united voices proclaim that, in spite of

SLAVEHOLDING NABOBS

AND

EUROPEAN DESPOTS,

Our Country shall forever remain a

FREE LAND FOR POSTERITY,

And a home for the

OPPRESSED OF ALL NATIONS.

God and Our Country—Freedom Forever.

A GRAND DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS

Will take place, on the adjournment of the Meeting,

IN THE SQUARE.

By order of the National Union City Executive Committee.

JOHN G. BUTLER,

10-3-6t CHAIRMAN COMMITTEE ON MEETINGS.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN INVINCIBLES, NATIONAL HALL, MARKET Street, below Thirteenth, October 1, 1864.

ORDER No. 3.

I. The Club will assemble at Headquarters on MONDAY EVENING, October 3, at 7 o'clock, fully equipped for Parade to attend a Flag Raising in the Twentieth Ward.

II. The Committee on Music will notify the Band to be in attendance.

By order of

CHARLES W. SMITH,

1t Chief Marshal.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE FIFTH WARD.—Fellow-citizens:—A meeting of the citizens of the Ward, without distinction of party, has framed the following ticket, which is now presented for your suffrages, with the confident belief that you will find it every way worthy of your support. It has been selected irrespective of party, and solely with an eye to fitness and qualifications, and therefore cannot be regarded in any sense as a partisan ticket. It has originated in a desire of men of all persuasions to prevent the election of ignorant, incompetent, and corrupt men to offices of honor and trust. The candidates here named are all persons of education, familiarity with local affairs and the modes of public business, and thoroughly honest and reliable. This character they have earned for themselves in